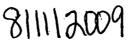
2217-927







U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460 EPA Reg. Number: Date of Issuance:

2217-927

AUG 11 2009

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

x RegistrationReregistration(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance: conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

EH-1470 Professional

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

PBI/Gordon Corporation

1217 West 12th Street

P.O. Box 014090

Kansas City, Missouri 64101-0090

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your products under FIFRA section 4.
- 2. Within one year from the date of this Notice, conduct one year studies for guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics) and submit the results in electronic and hard copy format. It is recommended that the observations be made at 3, 6, 9 and 12 month intervals.
 - 3. Make the following label changes:
 - a. Change the EPA Registration No. to 2217-927.

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

Joanne I. Miller Product Manager 23 Herbicide Branch AUG 1 1 2009

Registration Division (7505P)

page 2 EPA Reg. No. 2217-927

Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

EH-1470 PROFESSIONAL

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

AUG 1 1 2009

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

EPA Reg. No. 2217-YYY

2217-927

	GILLIAN TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		
2,4-D		0.675%
Dicamba		
Dithiopyr	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0.121%
Quinclorac		
OTHER INGREDIENTS:		
TOTAL		100.000%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

13.50 lbs 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per ton (CAS 1928-43-4)

1.20 lbs 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per ton (CAS 1918-00-9)

2.42 lbs dithiopyr per ton (CAS 97886-45-8)

6.92 lbs quinclorac per ton (CAS 84087-01-4)

Isomer Specific By AOAC Methods.

GUARANTEED FERTILIZER ANALYSIS	
Total Nitrogen (N)	x.x%
Available Phosphate (P2O5)	x.x%
Soluble Potash (K2O)	x.x%
Iron (Fe)	x.x%
Nutrient Sources: [Guaranteed analysis and nutrient sources to be supplied based on fertilizer a used by manufacturer.]	nalysis

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet



Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are natural rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:

- · long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- · shoes plus socks, and
- · chemical- resistant gloves.

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid				
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 			
If on skin or on clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For additional information in case of emergency, call toll free 1-877-800-5556.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide may be toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

These chemicals (2,4-D and dicamba) have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of these chemicals in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

General Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until dusts have settled.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed or for research purposes.
- EH 1470 Herbicide is not sold, distributed, or registered within the state of New York. Do not use in the state of New York.

Product Description

[Product name] is formulated [designed] to feed your lawn and control most annual grasses and broadleaf weeds commonly found in home lawns. The product contains a lawn fertilizer and four different herbicides.

- [The fertilizer contains slow release nutrients that may extend the availability for turfgrass uptake.]
- The four herbicides combine to kill many different kinds of weeds at different stages of development.
- Grass weeds: Preemergent control of crabgrass, foxtails, and other annual grass weeds. Postemergent control of crabgrass.
- Broadleaf weeds: Preemergent control of [chickweed, henbit, knotweed, shepherdspurse, spurge, woodsorel, and other] broadleaf weeds. Postemergent control of [over] [XXX] broadleaf weeds including dandelion, chickweed, thistle and clover. [A partial list of broadleaf weeds is presented on this label.]

Where To Use

[Product name] may be used on the following established turf species:

Established Cool Season Turfgrass: Kentucky bluegrass, rough bluegrass (*Poa trivialis*), perennial ryegrass, fine fescues, tall fescue, seashore paspalum

Established Warm Season Turfgrass: Bermudagrass, buffalograss, zoysiagrass

[Product name] may NOT be used on: annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*), bahiagrass, bentgrass, carpetgrass, centipedegrass, dichondra, St. Augustine. Do not use this product on turfgrass where desirable clovers are present.

[Product name] may be used on warm-season and cool-season turfgrass in 4 use sites.

- Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- **Ornamental sites** include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, areas adjacent to athletic fields and paved areas.
- Institutional sites are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways and roughs only), and office buildings.
- Non-cropland sites include highway rights-of-way (principal, interstate, county, private, and unpaved roads); roadsides, roadside ditches, road shoulders, road embankments, dividers and medians; municipal, state and federal lands; airports and military installations.

Guidelines to follow: The use of [product name] on lawns and ornamental turfgrasses that are not well established, or have been weakened by stress due to mechanical operations, chemical injury, disease, insects, pests, excessive temperatures, or lack of moisture may increase the chances for turfgrass injury. Allow turfgrass weakened by these stresses to recover before application of this product.

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Annual Grass Weeds:			
Annual bluegrass (Poa	Barnyardgrass*	Foxtail (green, yellow, giant)	Goosegrass*
annua)	Crabgrass (smooth,		(crowfootgrass)
Annual ryegrass	southern, large)		
A partial listing of estab	li shed broadleaf weeds: [s	ee appendix for complete list or in	clude here] .
Bedstraw	Curly dock	Mustard	Red sorrel
Beggarticks	Daisy, oxeye	Narrowleaf plantain	Redroot pigweed
Black medic	Dandelion •	Oxalis	Sheep sorrel
Broadleaf plantain	Dichondra	Parsley-piert	Shepherdspurse
Buckhorn plantain	False dandelion	Pearlwort	Slender plantain
Burclover	Ground ivy	Pennycress	Smooth dock
Burdock	Healall	Pepperweed	Smooth pigweed
Carpetweed	Henbit	Pigweed	Spurge
Chickweed, common	Knotweed	Plantain	Thistle •
Chickweed, mouseear	Lambsquarters	Poison ivy	Woodsorrel
Chicory	Lespedeza	Poison oak	Yarrow
Clover, hop	Mallow	Pokeweed	and other broadleaf
Clover, strawberry	Matchweed	Purslane, common	weeds
Clover, white	Morningglory	Ragweed	

When To Apply

This product may be applied as a single application or as split applications in the spring, early summer, or fall.

For annual grasses such as crabgrass (smooth, southern and large) and foxtail (green, yellow, and giant): Apply in the spring and early summer. For best results, apply this product from 2 weeks before weed germination until the weed is 4 inches tall. For dense populations, make a second application no sooner than 30 days after the first application.

For broadleaf weed control: Spring applications: for [choose weeds from broadleaf weed list]. Fall applications: for [choose weeds from broadleaf weed list]. For best results, apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture and favorable temperatures (50° to 80°F).

How To Apply

- This product needs to stick to the leaves of broadleaf weeds and should be applied when the grass is wet from dew or rain.
- Poor results will occur if applied to dry lawns. When dry conditions exist, irrigate [or water] the turfgrass 24 hours before application.
- For best results, irrigate after the application. However do not irrigate [or water] sooner than 24 hours after application.
- Apply this product when the wind is calm.
- Do not spread granules onto flowers, vegetables, and ornamental shrubbery.
- Turf species listed on this label can be seeded, sodded, sprigged, or plugged into the treated areas 4 weeks after the application of this product.
- When treating newly planted areas, wait approximately 6 weeks after seedling emergence before applying this product.
- Delay mowing 2 days before and until 3 days after the application of this product. Additional stress from low mowing heights may increase the possibility of turf injury.
- Clippings from the first three mowings should be left on the treated area. Do not use clippings from the treated areas as mulch or compost around flowers, ornamentals, trees, or in vegetable gardens.

How Much To Use

Use a drop or rotary spreader designed to apply granular fertilizers. Avoid skips or excessive overlaps as poor weed control or turfgrass injury may result.

Apply 2.4 to 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application to established turfgrass.

[For products using the 4.5 lb/1000 sq.ft. rate:] The maximum broadcast application rate is 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application [1.32 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.12 lb dicamba ae, 0.24 lb dithiopyr, and 0.68 lb quinclorac per acre per application]. The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum annual (seasonal) rate is 9 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. [2.64 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.24 lb dicamba ae, 0.47 lb dithiopyr, and 1.36 lb quinclorac per acre].

[For products using the 3.6 lb/1000 sq.ft. rate:] The maximum broadcast application rate is 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application [1.06 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.10 lb dicamba ae, 0.19 lb dithiopyr, and 0.54 lb quinclorac per acre per application]. The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum annual (seasonal) rate is 7.2 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. [2.12 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.20 lb dicamba ae, 0.38 lb dithiopyr, and 1.08 lb quinclorac per acre].

[For products using the 2.4 lb/1000 sq.ft. rate:] The maximum broadcast application rate is 2.4 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application [0.71 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.06 lb dicamba ae, 0.13 lb dithiopyr, and 0..6 lb quinclorac per acre per application]. The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum annual (seasonal) rate is 4.8 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. [1.41 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.13 lb dicamba ae, 0.25 lb dithiopyr, and 0.72 lb quinclorac per acre].

SUGGESTED SPREADER SETTINGS

[Note to reader: A listing of spreaders and suggested settings for the application rate of 2.4 to 4.5 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft. will be presented on the container labels.]

The above spreader settings are approximate. The age and condition of spreader, speed of operation and evenness of terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage.

CALIBRATION INSTRUCTIONS [examples]:

- For 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 220 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 220 square feet.
- For 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 275 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 275 square feet.
- For 2.4 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 420 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 420 square feet.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep in original container in a cool, dry area, away from extreme heat and

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. To avoid wastes, use the entire contents in this bag by application according to the label instructions. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container (baq). Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

APPENDIX

- 1. Statements which may appear on different label components depending on packaging configuration.
 - · See next panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid
 - Net Weight
 - EPA Est. No.
- 2. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:
 - Use [Apply] where [anytime] weeds are actively growing.
 - Use [Apply] anytime [when] crabgrass [weed] seeds are germinating.
 - Prevents [Stops] crabgrass and certain broadleaf weeds [weed seed] [from germinating] [for up to XXX monthsl
 - Kills [Controls] existing crabgrass and prevents crabgrass seed germination
 - Prevents [crabgrass] [weed seed germination] [and] kills existing weeds, [and feeds your lawn] in one step
 - Apply Spring and Fall
 - · Controls [kills] desired weed species [from attached listing may be inserted here] and other grass and broadleaf weeds [and many other listed broadleaf weeds].
 - Controls major [listed] weeds [as listed] for XX [weeks] [months]

- [Complete] [Total] weed control for XX [weeks] [months]
- Eliminates lawn weeds as listed pre and post emergent control of [crabgrass] [grassy and broadleaf weeds]
- Control of grass and broadleaf weeds [as listed]!
- 3 in 1: Prevents crabgrass, kills existing grass and broadleaf weeds and fertilizes [in one step]
- Kills [Controls] over XXX grass and broadleaf weeds
- · Kills the weeds present in your lawn & prevents more from growing
- · Kills two types of weeds with one product
- · Kills all major weeds [as listed]
- · Kills and prevents major lawn weeds
- · Kills and prevents dandelion, clover and crabgrass!
- · Kills existing weeds & prevents new ones from growing
- · Kills dandelion, crabgrass and more
- Season long feeding! [up to 5 months]
- · Feeds your lawn with timed-released nitrogen for extended greening
- High-Performance fertilizer contains 5% iron for deep greening.
- Contains 5% iron [for deep greening.]
- Long lasting- feeds up to 5 months.
- · Greens Quickly and feeds up to 5 months
- · Greens Quickly and Feeds longer.
- Time-release nitrogen feeds and enriches the soil resulting in a thick, green, strong lawn.
- Contains Composite Timed-Released (CTR)** Nitrogen for Extended Feeding.
- Northern and Southern Grasses, Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia, Bermuda, Perennial Ryegrass
- Treats Northern and Southern Grasses
- Kills [Over] [XXX] [+] Weeds [Weed Types], Even [Including] the Roots.
- Especially effective on hard-to-kill weeds
- · Kills broadleaf weeds in lawns
- Kills major broadleaf weeds, even the roots. And [brand name] is formulated to kill only the weeds, not the lawn. Use as directed to kill major broadleaf weeds in your lawn.
- · Kills dandelion and many other broadleaf weeds.
- Use on Lawns to Kill the Toughest Weeds like Clover and dandelion.
- · Tough weed killer
- Kills [Destroys] [even] the tough[est] [hard-to-kill] broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Kills [major] broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Provides broadleaf control
- Controls [Kills] clover, dandelion, plantain, chickweed and [other broadleaf,weeds] [others as listed]
- · Clobbers clover
- · Kills the root
- · Kills weed roots!
- · Kills tough lawn weeds
- Consistently fast on: tough weeds like clover, plantain, ground ivy and spurge [various other weeds listed]
- For home lawn care
- · For a beautiful lawn
- Kills the weeds, not the lawn
- Kills weeds, not lawn grasses
- Kills [down to] the root, [not the lawn]
- · For use on lawns
- Targets weeds, leaves [grasses][the lawn] unharmed
- Controls Dandelion, White Clover, Plantain, Chickweed, Spurge and Many Other Listed Weeds
- Greens in 72 Hours & Promotes Thick, Green Growth
- Contains Composite Timed-Release (CTR) Nitrogen for Extended Feeding!
- Kills Weeds While Feeding Your Lawn

- Encourages Quick Greening & Provides Extended Nitrogen Feeding up to 2 Months
- Especially Effective on Hard-to-Kill Weeds
- Kills major broadleaf weeds including roots. And (brand name) is formulated to kill only the weeds, not the lawn. Use as directed to kill major broadleaf weeds in your lawn.
- For use on: Kentucky bluegrass, fescue spp., perennial ryegrass, common bermudagrass, zoysiagrass, hybrid bermudagrass
- [brand name] Turf Note Control Those Pesky Weeds
 - o Many broadleaf weeds [chickweed, henbit] germinate in the fall but are not visible in your lawn until spring. Applying (product name) in the fall can provide effective results. If needed, you can make a follow-up application in the spring.
- Project Guide For a thicker, greener, more beautiful lawn, follow (Product Program). It's easy to
 follow and can be started at anytime by simply applying the product that corresponds with the current
 season!
- (Product Name) is specially formulated to complement the phosphorus already present in some soils and give your turf the additional primary nutrients needed for a good turf feeding. A soil test can help you determine if your soil has an adequate supply of phosphorus and if this is the best product for your soil type. Proper watering and mowing practices along with regular feedings will help promote a beautiful green lawn.
- Prevents Crabgrass and Fertilizes
- Weed 'N Feed Plus Crabgrass Preventer
- One application does it all crabgrass, dandelion, viney weeds, even clover.
- [brand name] PROJECT GUIDE
 - 3 Simple Steps to a Lush, Green Lawn
 - SELECT THE RIGHT FERTILIZER
 [product name] are specifically formulated to provide both a quick and long lasting feeding.

One application provides the lawn nutrients needed to grow thick and green. It is formulated with 5% iron for deep greening and coated nitrogen for an exteded, even feeding.

- 2. CONTROL UNSIGHTLY LAWN NUISANCES [product name], such as XXX deliver the same superior greening results while controlling unsightly lawn nuissances such as weeds and insects. Vigoro Super Green combination products are not available in all areas.
- FERTILIZE REGULARLY
 Track your fertilizer applications on a calender and apply a [product name] fertilizer to your lawn every 4 to 6 months. Regular feeding is a key step to a heathly, thick and green lawn-all season long!

Why [product name]?

When it comes to your lawn, we know what matters -- lush, green grass all season long. With 5% iron and a high level of controlled release nitrogen, [product name] premium lawn fertilizers provide your lawn with the deepest and longest greening on the market. Sta-Green Ultra fertilizers, performance you can trust, guaranteed.

3. Trademark acknowledgement statements:

- DIMENSION® is a registered trademark of Dow AgroSciences, L.L.C.
- TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION.

4. Fertilizer Labeling Requirements in States:

- Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: http://www.aapfco.org/metals.htm.
- Typically a lawn will utilize 1 to 4 pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet per growing season.
 When used as directed this product will supplement your regular fertilizer program by providing _____
 pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet. Consult your local Extension office for questions regarding a fertilizer program suitable to your geographical region.
- If the use rate applies less than 1 pound nitrogen per 1,000 sq.ft. per application, the following statement may appear: Supplemental applications of lawn fertilizer are needed to achieve a minimum of 1 pound nitrogen per 1,000 sq.ft.

Fertilizer Grades:

• Fertilizer grades with nutrient contents expressed as the percentages of N, P2O5, and K2O include the following:

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18-0-6	22-4-11	25-4-8	28-0-3	1
19-6-8	23-3-7	26-3-6	29-3-4	
22-3-3	24-4-8	26-4-4	30-3-3	
22-3-6	25-3-3	26-4-6	30-4-4	
22-3-17				

Broadleaf Weeds: [Controls][Kills][253][more than ###] weeds! (List of weeds may include the following):				
Amaranth, purple	Cupid shaving Brush	Mustard, ball	Speedwell, common	
Amaranth, slender	Cudweed	Mustard, black	Speedwell, corn	
Aster, heath	Daisy, English	Mustard, blue	Speedwell, ivyleaf	
Aster, white heath	Daisy, oxeye	Mustard, hedge	Speedwell, persian	
Aster, purple	Dandelion, common	Mustard, indian.	Speedwell, purslane	
Aster, white prairie	Dandelion, false	Mustard, tansy	Speedwell, slender	
Artichoke	Day flower	Mustard, tumble	Speedwell, snow	
Austrian fieldcress	Deadnettle	Mustard, white	Speedwell, thymeleaf	
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Dichondra	Mustard, wormseed	Spiny amaranth	
Bedstraw, smooth	Dock, broadleaf	Nettle, stinging (burning)	Spurge, spotted	
Bedstraw, Northern	Dock, curly	Nettle, tall	Spurge, prostrate	
Bedstraw, pineywoods	Dogbane	Nettle, wood	Spurweed	
Beggarticks, hairy	Dogfennel	Parsley-piert	Star of Bethlehem	
Betony, Florida	Dollarweed	Parsnip	Strawberry, India mock	
Bindweed, Field	(Pennywort)	Pearlwort	Tansy ragwort	
Bindweed, Hedge	Dove weed	Pennycress (frenchweed)	Tanweed	
Bitter Wintercress	Elderberry	Mugwort	Thistle, blessed	
Bittercress, hairy	Falseflax	Pepperweed, perennial	Thistle, bull	
Bitterweed	False sunflower	Pepperweed, virginia	Thistle, canada	
Black-eyed Susan	Fiddleneck	(Peppergrass)	Thistle, flodman (prairie)	
Black Medic	Filaree, redstem	Pigweed, prostate	Thistle, musk	
Blood flower milkweed	Filaree, whitestem	Pigweed, redroot	Thistle, platte	
Blue lettuce	Fleabane, daisy	Pigweed, russian	Thistle, plumeless	
Brassbuttons	(annual)	Pigweed, smooth	Thistle, russian	
Bristly oxtongue	Fleabane, rough	Pigweed, tumble	Thistle, scotch	
Broomweed	Galinsoga, hairy	Pineapple weed	Thistle, wavyleaf	
Buckhorn	Galinsoga, mallflower	Plains coreopsis (tickseed)	Thistle, yellow (horrible)	
Bullnettle	Goldenrod	Plantain, blackseed	Trailing crownvetch	
Burclover	Ground ivy	Plantain, bracted	Velvetleaf	
Burdock	Groundsel	Plantain, broadleaf	Vervain, blue	
Burweed, lawn (spurweed)	Gumweed	Plantain, buckhorn	Vervain, hoary	
Buttercup, bulbous	Hairy fleabane	Plantain, hoary	Vervain, prostrate	
Buttercup, creeping	Hawkweed, meadow	Plantain, narrowleaf	Vervain, tall	
Buttonweed, common	Hawkweed, mouseear	Plantain, slender	Vetch, bird	
(poorjoe)	Hawkweed, orange	Plantain, woolly	Vetch, hairy	
Buttonweed, virginia	Hawkweed, yellow	Poison ivy	Vetch, milk	
Carolina geranium (wild)	Healall	Poison oak	Vetch, narrowleaf	
Carpetweed	Heartleaf drymary	Pokeweed	Vetch, wild	
Catnip	Hemp	Prairie Sunflower	Virginia creeper	
Catsear, spotted (false	Henbit	Prickly lettuce (compass plant)	Western clematis	
dandelion)	Hoary cress	Prickly sida	Western salsify	
Chamber bitter	Horsenettle	Prostrate knotweed	Wild aster	
Chickweed, common	Horseweed	Puncturevine	Wild buckweat	
Chickweed, mouseear	Jimsonweed	Purslane, common	Wild carrot	
Chickweed, sticky	Johnny-Jumpup violet	Pusley, brazil	Wild four-o-clock	
Chicory	Knawel	Pusley, florida	Wild garlic	
Cinquefoil	Knotweed, prostrate	Pusley, large flower	Wild lettuce	
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Clover, crimson Clover, alyce	Kochia Lambsquarters	Ragweed, bur Ragweed, common	Wild marigold Wild mustard (yellow rocket)	

Broadleaf Weeds: [Controls][Kills][253][more than ###] weeds! (List of weeds may include the following):				
Clover, hop	Lespedeza	Ragweed, lancleaf	Wild onion	
Clover, rabbit foot	Mallow, alkali	Ragweed, western	Wild parsnip	
Clover, red	Mallow, bristly	Redstem filaree	Wild radish	
Clover, strawberry	Mallow, common	Rough cinquefoil	Wild rape	
Clover, yellow sweet	Mallow, dwarf	Scarlet pimpernel	Wild strawberry	
Clover, white sweet	Mallow, venice	Shepardspurse	Wild sweet potato	
Clover, white	Marcela	Smartweed, ladysthumb	Wild violet	
Cockle	Matchweed	Smartweed, pale	Woodsorrel, creeping	
Cocklebur	Mexicanweed	Smartweed, pennsylvania	Woodsorrel, violet	
Cocklebur, oriental	Moneywort	Smooth chaff-flower	Woodsorrel, yellow (Oxalis)	
Cocklebur, spiny	Morningglory, bigroot	Smoothdock	Woolly croton	
Common mullein	Morningglory, ivyleaf	Sorrel, red (sheep)	Wormseed	
Corn Spurry	Morningglory, mexican	Sowthistle, annual	Yarrow, common	
Creeping Beggarweed	Morningglory, red	Sowthistle, spiny	Yarrow, western	
Creeping Jenny (creeping	Morningglory, tall	Spanish needles	Yarrow, yellow	
charlie)	Morningglory, wolly	Speedwell, bi-lobed		

DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION

1. Unique Label Identifier: 002217-00YYY.20090116 proposed.doc

2. Reason for Issue: New Registration