UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



Best States Environmental Protection Office of Pesticide Programs

JUL 1 9 2007

James L. Kunstman, Ph.D. Director of Regulatory Services PBI/Gordon Corporation P.O. Box 014090 Kansas City, MO 64101

Subject:

Amendments

EPA Reg. No.: 2217-896 EH-1428 Herbicide

Dear Dr. Kunstman,

The Agency has received your application for an amendment, dated April 4, 2007.

Your request to add advisory statements regarding the sensitivity of Bermudagrass is acceptable. We also note the revisions to the Environmental Hazards and Directions for Use sections of the label, as well as revisions to the application rate description, which are in compliance with the 2,4-D Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED), and are acceptable. A modification under the Use Tips section, changing the rainproof [rain fast] statement to indicate that watering or rain 3 hours after application will not wash away effectiveness is also acceptable.

Optional Marketing Claims:

- 1. Remove the word "superior" from the "Superior Overnight Results" statement under the Speed section.
- 2. Remove the word "superior" from "Superior [cool][all] weather performance under the Weather section.

The six statements added to "Other" section of the marketing claims on this draft label are acceptable.

The label described above, submitted under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable, provided the above modifications are made. This labeling supersedes all previous accepted labeling for this product.

Please submit one (1) copy of the final printed label before the product is released for shipment. If you have any questions, please contact Kathryn Montague (703-305-1243 or montague,kathryn@epa.gov).

Joanne I Miller

Joanne I. Miller

Product Manager 23

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

EH-1437 Herbicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

2,4-D, dimethylamine salt	6.42%
Quinclorac	
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt	0.60%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	90.85%
TOTAL	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

0.456 lb. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 5.33%

0.182 lb. 3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinecarboxylic acid per gallon or 2.13%

0.043 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 0.50%

Isomer Specific by AOAC Method.

Note: If the design, format, or small size of the container labels makes it impractical to present the entire ingredient statement on the front panel, then add a referral statement and present this substatement on the back panel: "See back panel for substatement of ingredient statement".

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See back panel [inside booklet] for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid.

NET CONTENTS: (1 Pint, 1 Quart, 2 Quarts, and 1 Gallon)

AP xxxxxx EPA Reg. No. 2217-896 EPA EST NO: 2217-KS-1 MANUFACTURED BY:

An Employee-Owned Company
1217 West 12th Street
Kerness City, Missouri 64101

Telephone: 1-800-821-7925

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

JUL 19 2007 Under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Harmful if swallowed. When using this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, and rubber gloves.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

First Aid:

If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going ou may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.

Engineering Control Statements:

Containers over 1 gallon and less than 5 gallons: Persons engaged in open pouring of this product must also wear coveralls or a chemical resistant apron.

Containers of 5 gallons or more in capacity must also bear the following statement: A mechanical system (probe and pump) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark except as noted on appropriate labels. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark except as noted on appropriate labels. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application.

Do enter or allow people or pets on treated area until sprays has dried.

General Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application.
- Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING.

PRODUCT FACTS:

What It Does: Kills major broadleaf and troublesome grass weeds including dandelion, chickweed and clover as well as crabgrass and foxtail. (See inside for complete list)

Where to Use: Lawns: Kills the weeds not the lawn when used as directed. (icon weeds)

When to Use: Apply when daytime temperatures are below 90°F.

Questions & Comments: (icon phone) (icon computer)

Call 1-800-xxx-xxxx or Visit our Website at www.companyname.com

HOW IT WORKS:

EH-1437 Herbicide contains three proven weed killers that target lawn weeds and crabgrass. This herbicide enters the lawn weeds through their leaves and moves throughout the plant to provide control. And lawns listed on this label will not be harmed when used as directed.

WHERE TO USE:

EH-1437 Herbicide can be applied to residential lawns with the following turfgrass species:

Lawns To Be Treated:			
Cool Season Turfgrass Warm Season Turfgrass			
Kentucky bluegrass	Bermudagrass ¹ , common and hybrid		
Ryegrass, perennial and annual	Zoysiagrass		
Tall fescue	Buffalograss		
Mixtures of cool season grasses containing fine fescues (red, hard and chewings)			

¹Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85° F.

DO NOT apply EH-1437 Herbicide to the following:
Bahiagrass
Bentgrass, colonial and creeping
Carpetgrass
Centipedegrass
Dichondra
Gardens including vegetables, fruit trees, vines and berries
Ornamental plants (flowers, trees, groundcovers, landscape beds and shrubs)
Seashore paspalum
St. Augustinegrass
Turfgrass species that are not listed on this label.

GRASS AND BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

GRASS WEEDS				
Crabgrass, large and smooth	Foxtail, green, yellow and giant	Signalgrass, broadleaf		
	BROADLEAF			
Annual yellow sweetclover	Cockle	Musk thistle	Spiny amaranth	
Aster	Cocklebur	Mustard	Spiny cocklebur	
Austrian fieldcress	Common mullein	Narrowleaf plantain	Spiny sowthistle	
Bedstraw	Creeping Jenny (Creeping Charlie)		Spotted catsear	
Beggarticks	Cudweed	Nettle	Spotted spurge	
Betony, Florida	Curly dock	Orange hawkweed	Spurweed	
Bindweed, field	Daisy, English	Oriental cocklebur	Stinging nettle	
Bird vetch	Daisy fleabane	Oxalis	Strawberry, India mock	
Bitter wintercress	Daisy, oxeye	Parsley-piert	Tall nettle	
Bittercress, hairy	Dandelion	Parsnip	Tall vervain	
Bitterweed	Dichondra	Pearlwort	Tansy ragwort	
Black-eyed Susan	Dogbane	Pennycress	Tansy mustard	
Black medic	Dogfennel	Pennywort	Tanweed	
Black mustard	Dollarweed	Peppergrass	Thistle	
Blackseed plantain	Elderberry	Pepperweed	Trailing crownvetch	
Blessed thistle	False dandelion	Pigweed	Tumble mustard	
Bloodflower milkweed	Falseflax	Pineywoods bedstraw	Tumble pigweed	
Blue lettuce	False sunflower	Plains coreopsis (tickseed)	Velvetleaf	
Blue vervain	Fiddleneck	Plantain	Venice mallow	
Bracted plantain	Florida pusley	Poison ivy	Virginia buttonweed	
Brassbuttons	Frenchweed	Poison oak	Virginia creeper	
Bristly oxtongue	Galinsoga	Pokeweed	Virginia pepperweed	
Broadleaf dock	Goathead	Poorjoe	Water pennywort	
Broadleaf plantain	Goldenrod	Prairie sunflower	Wavyleaf bullthistle	
Broomweed	Ground ivy	Prickly lettuce	Western clematis	
Buckhorn	Gumweed	Prickly sida	Western salsify	
Buckhorn plantain	Hairy fleabane	Prostrate knotweed	White mustard	
Bulbous buttercup	Hawkweed	Prostrate pigweed	Wild aster	
Bull thistle	Healall	Prostrate spurge	Wild buckwheat	
Bullnettle	Heartleaf drymary	Prostrate vervain	Wild carrot	
Burclover	Heathaster	Puncturevine	Wild four-o'clock	
Burdock	Hedge bindweed	Purslane, common	Wild garlic	
Burning nettle	Hedge mustard	Ragweed	Wild geranium	
Burweed	Hemp	Red sorrel	Wild lettuce	
Buttercup	Henbit	Redroot pigweed	Wild marigold	
Buttonweed	Hoary cress	Redstem filaree	Wild mustard	
Canada thistle	Hoary plantain	Rough cinquefoil	Wild onion	
Carolina geranium	Hoary vervain	Rough fleabane	Wild parsnip	
Carpetweed	Horsenettle	Russian pigweed	Wild radish	
Catchweed bedstraw	Jimsonweed	Russian thistle	Wild rape	
Catnip	Knawel	Scarlet pimpernel	Wild strawberry	
Catsear	Knotweed	Scotch thistle	Wild sweet potato	
Chickweed, common	Kochia	Sheep sorrel	Wild vetch	
Chickweed, mouseear	Lambsquarters	Shepherdspurse	Wild violet	
Chicory	Lespedeza	Slender plantain	Woodsorrel	
Cinquefoil	Mallow	Smallflower galinsoga	Woolly croton	
Clover, crimson	Matchweed	Smooth dock	Woolly morningglory	
Clover, hop	Mexicanweed	Smooth pigweed	Woolly plantain	
Clover, red	Milk vetch	Sorrel	Wormseed	
Clover, strawberry	Morningglory	Sowthistle	Yarrow	
Clover, sweet	Mouseear hawkweed	Spanishneedles	Yellow rocket	
Clover, white	Mugwort	Speedwell	Yellowflower pepperweed	
•	-	•	and other broadleaf weeds	

WHEN TO USE:

Apply this product when weeds are small and actively growing.

Weed species	Season	Timing	Maximum number of applications ¹	Application interval, days	Comments
Crabgrass (large and smooth):	Spring	From crabgrass emergence until the crabgrass is 3- 4 inches in height	2	14	Re-treat at the same rate at 14 days later for dense populations or for continued crabgrass emergence.
Foxtail (green, giant and yellow):	Spring and early summer	During the early growth stages or when foxtail is 1-4 inches in height.	2	14	Re-treat at the same rate at 14 days later for dense populations.
Broadleaf signalgrass	Spring and early summer	During the early growth stages or during the 3-7 leaf stage.	2	14	Re-treat at the same rate at 14 days later if needed.
Dandelion, plantain, buttercup, speedwell, knotweed and other listed broadleaf weeds	Spring	When broadleaf weeds are small and actively growing.	2		Apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture.
Henbit, chickweed, white clover, ground ivy, lawn burweed and other listed broadleaf weeds	Fall	When broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing	2		Apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture

^t The maximum application rate to turf is 1.0 pound of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application per site. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year. The maximum seasonal rate is 2.0 pounds of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre excluding spot treatments.

¹The maximum application rate is 6.4 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (1.0 lb 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application).

The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year.

The maximum seasonal rate is 12.8 fl. oz. of product per 1, 000 sq.ft. (2.0 lbs 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre), excluding spot treatments.

HOW MUCH TO USE:

I. Entire Lawn Treatments With DIAL TYPE HOSE-END SPRAYERS

Three Easy Steps To Mix And Apply:

1. FILL

- Determine (Measure) the *total* lawn area to be sprayed. For rectangular areas, multiply the length by the width to obtain *total* square feet.
- The application rate for this product is 6.4 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 sq. ft. of lawn. Add an adequate amount of herbicide to the spray bottle to treat the *total* lawn area, or add 6.4 fl. oz. of product for every 1,000 sq.ft. of lawn area. Over-application or rates above those recommended on this label can cause turf injury.
- · Do not add water to the sprayer jar.

2. SET THE DIAL

For hose-end sprayers: Set the dial to the rate per gallon and keep the dial set to this setting while spraying.

The dial setting or rate per gallon for this product is 2.5 oz. of product per gallon of water.

Types of hose-end sprayers	Dial setting
Ortho [®] Dial'N Spray [®] Hose-End Sprayer	2½ oz.
Hudson® Hose End Liquid Concentrate Sprayer	2.5 fl. oz.
Gilmour® Dial-A-Mix® Lawn and Garden Sprayer	

3. SPRAY— Apply evenly over the lawn.

II. Entire Lawn Treatments With READY-TO-USE HOSE-END SPRAYERS:

This product may be packaged as a ready-to-use product with no mixing. The retail plastic container is fitted with a sprayer body that delivers spray droplets at a fixed rate.

For READY-TO-USE Hose End Sprayers:

 This retail sprayer bottle will cover the treated areas described below when this product is applied at 6.4 fl. oz.of product per 1,000 sq.ft. Over-application or rates above those recommended on this label can cause turf injury.

Approximate treated areas for four retail container sizes:

	Amount of product to treat approximate area, sq. ft.				
Species	Fl.oz./1,000 sq.ft.	1.0 pt. (16 fl.oz.) sprayer jar or retail container	1.0 qt. (32 fl.oz.) sprayer jar or retail container	2.0 qt. (64 fl.oz.) retail container	1 gallon (128 fl.oz.) retail container
Kentucky bluegrass Ryegrass, perennial and annual Tall fescue Mixtures of cool season species Bermudagrass ¹ common and hybrid Zoysiagrass and Buffalograss	6.4 fl. oz. /1,000 sq.ft.	2,500 sq. ft.	5,000 sq.ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	20,000 sq. ft.

¹Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85° F.

Instructions:

- Determine (Measure) the *total* lawn area to be sprayed. For rectangular areas, multiply the length by the width to obtain *total* square feet.
- **CONNECT**: Remove bottle cap and screw the spray nozzle onto the bottle. Attach [connect] garden hose to spray nozzle. Turn [rotate] the spray nozzle lever to the "OFF" position.
- SPRAY: Turn on water at faucet. Extend hose to the farthest area of lawn [turf] to be treated. To begin spraying, turn [rotate] the spray nozzle lever to the "SPRAY" position. The herbicide mixes automatically with the water. Walk at a steady pace while spraying evenly and working towards the faucet.

Refer to view strip [graduated scale] on side of container to guide coverage. This xx fl. oz. container will treat up to xxxx sq.ft. of turfgrass.

• **FINISH**: To stop spraying, turn [rotate] spray nozzle lever to the "OFF" position. Turn off water at faucet. To relieve pressure, turn [rotate] spray nozzle to the "ON" position and point sprayer away from any desirable plants before disconnecting the sprayer nozzle from the garden hose.

III. SPOT TREATMENTS WITH HAND-OPERATED SPRAYERS FOR SMALL AREAS OR INDIVIDUAL WEEDS:

For hand-operated sprayers (backpack, knapsack, tank-type or pump-up):

- Apply to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds during the early growth stages.
- Measure and mix the proper amount of product with water as described below. Mix 2.5 fl. oz.
 of product with 1 gallon of water to treat 400 sq.ft. of lawn. See below for additional spray
 preparations
- Spray evenly over the lawn. Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Over-application or rates above those recommended on this label can cause turf injury.

Amount of Product to Use, Fluid Ounces	Amount of Water in Sprayer, <i>Gallons</i>	Approximate Treated Area, Square feet
2.5 fl. oz.	1 gallon	400 sq ft
3.75 fl.oz.	1½ gallons	600 sq.ft.
5.0 fl. oz.	2 gallons	800 sq ft
7.5 fl. oz.	3 gallons	1,200 sq ft

Equal measures: 2.5 fl. oz. = 5 Tablespoons

1 cup = 8 fl. oz. =1/2 pint.

OR

Measure indicated amount of product and pour into tank. Dilute with water according to the following chart. Adjust the nozzle to deliver coarse spray droplets and treat the area indicated.

Amount of Product to Use, Fluid Ounces	Amount of Water in Sprayer, <i>Gallons</i>	Area To Treat, Square feet
2.5 fl. fl. oz.	1 gallon	400 sq. ft.
5 fl. fl. oz.	2 gallons	800 sq. ft.
7.5 fl. oz	3 gallons	1,200 sq. ft.

Equal measures: 2.5 fl. oz. = 5 Tablespoons

1 cup = 8 fl. oz. = 1/2 pint.

CULTURAL TIPS AND NOTES:

When to Apply: Seeding:	For established lawns For newly seeded areas For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas	 Apply when daytime temperatures are below 90°F. Apply this product to newly seeded grasses when well-established (approximately 6 weeks after seedling emergence) or after the third mowing. Apply this product 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations. The treated area can be seeded at 4 weeks after the application of this product.
Irrigation:	Non-stressed turfgrass Stress from high temperatures, drought, insects or diseases.	 Adequate soil moisture and favorable growing conditions enhance the performance of this product. Avoid applications of this product when turfgrasses are under stress since injury may result. If dry conditions exist, schedule irrigations (watering) before and after the application. For best results, delay the irrigation until approximately 24 hours after application of this product.
Mowing:		 Delay mowing 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product. Do not use clippings from the treated areas as mulch or compost around flowers, ornamentals, trees, or in vegetable gardens.
Nontarget plants:		 Do not apply this product to food crops (gardens, fruits and vegetables), forage crops, or ornamental plants including flowers, trees, shrubs, hedges, woody ornamentals, groundcovers established in landscape plantings and other nontarget plants. Do not spray exposed roots of ornamentals and trees.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets. Avoid contamination of food or feedstuffs.

DISPOSAL:

If Empty—Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If Partly Filled—Call your local solid waste agency or toll free number (1-800-XXX-XXXX) for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

Ortho® Dial'N Spray® Hose-End Sprayer is a registered trademark of The ORTHO Group. Hudson® Hose End Liquid Concentrate Sprayer is a registered trademark of the H.D. Hudson Manufacturing Company.

Gilmour® Dial-A -Mix® Lawn and Garden Sprayer is a registered trademark of the Gilmour Manufacturing Company.

Trimec® is registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation

APPENDIX

- I. Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail containers of supplemental registrants.
- One quart covers up to 5,000 square feet.
- ♦ 1 quart treats [up to] 5,000 sq. ft.
- Keep from freezing.
- Controls crabgrass, dandelion, chickweed, knotweed, henbit, plantain, clover, spurge and many other broadleaf lawn weeds including those shown on the side panel.
- Kills even the tough weeds...roots and all!
- Controls even the tough weeds...roots and all!
- Kills the root.
- Water based.
- Won't harm lawn grass when used according to label directions.
- Kills lawn weeds plus crabgrass.
- ♦ Kills [Controls] 200+ broadleaf weeds.
- · Kills the weeds not the lawn
- Attach to [garden] hose and spray
- Simple to use
- ♦ Easy to use
- ♦ Easy to mix
- Proven performance
- For home lawn care
- Won't harm lawn grass when used as directed.
- Controls (Number) weeds!
- Mixes with Water Concentrate
- Kill crabgrass & [any listed weed(s)] too!
- ◆ CONTROLS

SENSITIVE WEEDS: Crabgrass, Bedstraw, Black Medic, Buckhorn, Chickweed, Clover, Dandelion, Knotweed, Lambsquarters, Peppergrass, Plantain, Purslane, Ragweed and Wild Lettuce.

HARD-TO-KILL WEEDS: Chicory, Creeping Charlie, Creeping Jenny, Dock, Ground Ivy, Heal-All. Lespedeza, Mallow, Morningglory, Oxalis, Pigweed, Poison Ivy, Poison Oak, Sheep Sorrel, Speedwell, Spurge, Wild Carrot, Wild Onion, Yarrow and other broadleaf weeds.

- Kills Lawn Weeds plus Crabgrass in One Step
- Kills Over 200 Lawn Weeds Plus Crabgrass in One Easy Step
- Kills Crabgrass plus Broadleaf Weeds
- Kills Listed Weeds
- Kills Hard-to-Control Weeds
- Systemic [Herbicide] [Activity]
- Kills Both Broadleaf and Grass Weeds
- Kills Dandelion, Crabgrass, Clover, plus 200 Other listed Weeds
- Three-in-One Product that Kills Crabgrass & Broadleaf Weeds
- Kills both Crabgrass & Broadleaf weeds
- Proprietary Formula that Kills Both Crabgrass and Broadleaf Weeds
- Effectively Kills Both Broadleaf and Certain Weed Grasses