



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (H7505C) 401 "M" St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

<u>x</u> Registration

Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

EPA Reg. Number:

Date of Issuance:

DEC

7 2005

Term of Issuance:

2217-895

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

EH-1413 Professional

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

PBI/Gordon Corporation

1217 West 12th Street

P.O. Box 014090

Kansas City, Missouri 64101-0090

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

Submit/cite all data required for the registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

vanne J. Miller

- Make the following label changes:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 2217-895.

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

DEC 7 2005

EPA Form 8570-6

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EPA Reg. No. 2217-895

- 3. Submit the results of a one-year study for guideliines 830.6317 and 830.6320 within 18 months of the date of this registration notice.
- 4. Submit group A product chemistry data within one year of this registration notice.
- 5. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Joanne I. Miller Product Manger (23) Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

EH-1413 PROFESSIONAL

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling, and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

2,4-D, 2-ethylhexyl ester	69.02%
MCPP-p acid	10.41%
Dicamba acid.	4.40%
Sulfentrazone	2.04%
INERT INGREDIENTS	14.13%
TOTAL	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

4.46 lb. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 45.78%

1.01 lb. (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 10.41%

0.43 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 4.40%

0.20 lb. N-[2,4-dichloro-5-[4-(difluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl]phenyl]methanesulfonamide per gallon or 2.04%

Isomer Specific by AOAC Methods.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER—PELIGRO

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find some one to explain it to you in detail.)

See side panels for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid.

NET CONTENTS: 1.0 and 2.5 GALLONS

EPA File Symbol No. 2217-xxx EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1 MANUFACTURED BY:

An Employee-Owned Company 1217 West 12th Street Kenase City, Masoun 64101

Telephone: 1-800-821-7925

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Ented:
DEC 7 2005

Under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide, and Rodenticide Aci as amended, for the posticide registered under EPA Reg. No

2217-895



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if swallowed. Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, chemical-resistant gloves, and protective eyewear.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: • Long-sleeved shirt and long pants • Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, or viton • Shoes plus socks • Protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements for WPS Uses:

Containers over 1 gallon and less than 5 gallons in capacity: Mixers and loaders who do not use a mechanical system (probe and pump) to transfer the contents of this container must wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE.

Containers of 5 gallons or more in capacity: Do not open-pour from this container. A mechanical system (such as a probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a nonrefillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal. If the mechanical system is used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS:

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

First Aid

If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
If on skin:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
treatment. You	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice. SICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.	

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater.

When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as MCPP-p and 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling MCPP-p and 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: • Coveralls • Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, or viton • Shoes plus socks • Protective eyewear.

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NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment area until spray has dried.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

EH-1413 Professional contains four active ingredients including sulfentrazone that broaden the spectrum of weed control. These combined herbicides provide limited residual activity at recommended use rates. Sulfentrazone is in the aryl triazolinone family and inhibits protoporphyrinogen oxidase (Protox), a pivotal enzyme in chlorophyll production. Without this key enzyme, a build-up of peroxide-like compounds occurs, thus causing the plant cell membranes of weeds to rupture.

EH-1413 Professional offers these advantages:

- Excellent postemergent activity with proven performance for broadleaf weed control in turfgrass.
- This product exhibits improved cool-weather performance compared to standard "3-way amines".
- High selectivity (turfgrass safety) in established cool-season turfgrass and warm-season turfgrass.
- Sulfentrazone combinations provide rapid and effective weed control for common and troublesome (tough) weed species in turfgrass, including: dandelion, spurge, white clover and dollarweed (pennywort).
- The speed of action and the early weed injury symptoms are features of sulfentrazone combinations compared to standard "3-way amines". Often, the weed injury symptoms can be noticed within hours of the application and plant death can occur within 10—14 days.
- This product is generally rainfast in as little as 3 hours.

SPRAY PREPARATION AND TANK MIXTURES:

Water as diluent:

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add EH-1413 Professional slowly with agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. Mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

When this product is left standing for extended periods of time, re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

Do not use tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 5 or above pH 8. Buffer the spray solution to alter the pH range as appropriate.

Liquid fertilizers as diluents:

In certain applications, liquid fertilizer may replace part of the water as a diluent. Liquid fertilizers used as diluents can cause yellowing and /or burning of the turfgrass (phytotoxicity).

PREMIX: Always premix EH-1413 Professional with water before adding to fluid fertilizers. For liquid nitrogen solutions such as U.A.N. or urea solutions, use a premix of 1 part of this product with 4 parts of water or use a premix with a 1:4 ratio of product to water

Use suitable sources and rates of fertilizer based upon local recommendations. Refer to the mixing directions on the labels of the liquid fertilizers.

JAR TEST: Always perform a jar test for compatibility before large scale mixing. The jar test can be conducted by mixing all components in a small container in proportionate quantities. If the mixture separates after standing and can be mixed readily by shaking, then the mixture can be used and applied with spray equipment providing continuous agitation. If large flakes, sludge, gels or other precipitates form, or if a separate oily layer or oil globules appear, then the herbicide and the liquid fertilizer should not be prepared as a tank mixture.

Adjuvants and spray additives:

Adjuvants (such as surfactants, spreaders, spreader-stickers, spray thickeners, foaming agents, activators, detergents, and drift reducing agents) combined with this product can damage the leaf tissue of turfgrass. If any discoloration or cosmetic effects are objectionable or would be unacceptable, then adjuvant(s) combined with EH-1413 Professional would not be recommended. Do not use adjuvants and spray additive tank-mix combinations, unless your experience indicates that the tank mixture will not result in turf injury.

TANK MIXTURES

This product may be applied as a tank mixture if the companion product is EPA –registered for the same application schedule (timing) and the same application method. Read and follow the labeling of each companion product used for Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use and state restrictions. Observe the most restrictive of the labeling limitations and precautions of all products used in mixtures. No label dosage should be exceeded. This product cannot be tank-mixed with any product containing a prohibition for tank mixtures.

JAR TEST: Always perform a jar test for compatibility of the products used in tank mixtures before large scale mixing.

GROUND EQUIPMENT:

Spray distribution: The accuracy and uniformity of the herbicide distribution is the sole responsibility of the applicator. Power sprayers fitted with a boom or spray wand/gun may be used for broadcast applications and spot treatments. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips, and screens are suitable for broadcast applications.

For best spray distribution and coverage, select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure accurate and uniform coverage. Avoid overlaps of spray patterns that result in higher application rates and that may cause turf injury.

Spray volumes of 20-220 gallons per acre with spray pressures adjusted to between 20-40 psi. Use higher spray volumes for dense weed populations (up to 220 gallons per acre or 5 gallons per 1,000 square feet).

- Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.
- Over-application or rates above those specified on this label can cause turf injury.
- Hand-held technique: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Flat fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motion results in uneven coverage.

Hand-operated sprayers including backpack sprayers, compression sprayers, and knapsack sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas when power equipment is unavailable, uneconomical, or impractical.

This product may cause injury to susceptible/non-target plants at the use site by contacting the foliage, stems, or roots. To prevent injury to susceptible crops and other desirable broadleaf plants including but not limited to cotton, legumes, tobacco, tomatoes, grapes, garden/vegetable crops, and ornamentals (flowers, trees, and shrubs) avoid contact with the spray solution, spray droplets, and spray mist (fine droplets). Applications are recommended only when there is no potential hazard from spray drift during dormant and active growth periods. Do not apply when conditions are conducive to spray drift from the use site to untreated areas, desirable broadleaf plants or susceptible crops (food, feed or forage).

After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water, or an approved spray tank cleaner and rinse thoroughly before applying other pesticides.

WHERE TO USE:

This product provides selective broadleaf control in warm-season and cool-season turfgrass in four (4) use sites.

- Institutional sites are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public
 or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums,
 libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways, aprons, and roughs), and office buildings.
- Ornamental sites include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, areas adjacent to athletic fields and paved areas.
- Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life
 including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing
 homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- Agricultural site: Commercial sod production

Prohibitions of Sites:

- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.

Turfgrass tolerance:

- The turfgrass tolerance to this product may vary and temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur on certain varieties of hybrid bermudagrass. Adverse environmental conditions may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass. Do not apply this product to stressed turf.
- Certain spray tank additives (adjuvants, wetting agents, surfactants), liquid fertilizers, and tank
 mixtures containing emulsifiable concentrates may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass. Do not use
 adjuvants and spray additive tank-mix combinations, unless your experience indicates that the tank
 mixture will not result in turf injury.

Prohibitions:

- Do not apply this product to creeping bentgrass, greens or tees, St. Augustinegrass, carpetgrass, centipedegrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not broadcast apply this product when temperatures are above 85°F; some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 85°F.
- To avoid turf injury, use only on turfgrass that is reasonably free of stress from diseases, insects, excess heat or cold, drought or excess rainfall/irrigation, shaded areas, low soil pH, nematodes, improper mowing or improper applications of fertilizer and pesticides. Injury can occur if this product is applied under any of these or other stress conditions. Under any of these stress conditions, any turf damage caused by the use of this product is beyond the control of PBI/Gordon Corporation and all risk is assumed by the buyer and/or user.

APPLICATION SCHEDULES:

Apply this product to broadleaf weeds that are young and actively growing for the best results. Spring and fall treatments under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred to the summer treatments. Generally, summer broadcast applications to older, drought stressed weeds are less effective. Fall applications provide improved control for emerged winter annuals and perennials such as henbit, chickweed, clover and ground ivy.

Sequential broadcast applications or follow-up applications as spot treatments at a 2 - 6 week interval are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.

Spot treatments during the summer may be appropriate for sparse infestations, or as a follow-up treatment, or any time broadleaf weeds are actively growing.

Extremes in environmental conditions e.g. temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of this product. Under warm moist conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. While under very dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought are less susceptible to this product.

For newly seeded areas:

Delay application of this product to grass seedlings until after the second mowing.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

The application of this product to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

Reseeding Interval:

Treated areas may be reseeded 3 weeks after application.

HOW MUCH TO USE:





Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds hardened off or more mature.

The maximum application rate to turf is 1.1 pounds 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application per site. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.

TABLE 1. USE RATES FOR SOD FARMS, ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURFGRASS.

Cool-season turf		
	Rate	Spray Volume
Kentucky bluegrass, annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, red or fine leaf fescues	1¼ – 1½ Pints/Acre	20 – 220 Gallons/Acre
	(0.45 to 0.55 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.)	(0.5 to 5.0 Gallons/1,000 sq. ft.)
Mixtures of cool-season species in non-cropland areas established for roadside vegetation management or for low maintenance. (Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, smooth bromegrass & orchardgrass)		

Warm-season turf		
	Rate	Spray Volume
Hybrid bermudagrass, common bermudagrass, zoysiagrass, bahiagrass and buffalograss	1.0 – 1¼ Pints/Acre (0.35 to 0.45 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.)	20 220 Gallons/Acre (0.5 to 5.0 Gallons/1,000 sq. ft.)

Do not apply this product to warm-season turfgrass during spring green-up or in the fall during the transition period between active growth and dormancy.

Dormant turf: This product may be applied to fully dormant bermudagrass, fully dormant zoysiagrass, and fully dormant bahiagrass.

SPOT TREATMENT:

WITH HAND OPERATED SPRAYERS (INCLUDING BACKPACK SPRAYERS, COMPRESSION SPRAYERS, AND KNAPSACK SPRAYERS):



- Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are actively growing.
- · Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.
- Uniform applications are essential when using this product. Over-application or rates above those specified on this label including excessive overlaps of this product can cause turf injury.
- Hand-held techniques: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Flat fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motions result in uneven coverage.
- Follow-up applications as spot treatments at a 2-6 week interval are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.
- For cool-season turfgrass: Mix 0.45 0.55 fl. oz. of this product per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft of turfgrass. Do not apply this product to creeping bentgrass, greens or tees, St. Augustinegrass, carpetgrass, centipedegrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.
- For warm-season turfgrass: Mix 0.35 0.45 fl. oz. of this product per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft of turfgrass. Or, mix 3 -31/3 teaspoons of this product per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

CULTURAL TIPS:

Irrigation:

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Rainfast in as little as 3 hours. Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation.
- If possible, do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 3 to 6 hours after application.
- If dry conditions exist, a scheduled irrigation or watering 24 hours before and 24 hours after application is recommended.

Mowing:

Delay moving 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product.



BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

EH-1413 Professional will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds and will control or suppress broadleaf weeds that are susceptible to 2,4-D. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

	- BROADLEAF WEEDS -		
Aster, white heath & white	Field oxeye-daisy (*creeping	Poison ivy	
prairie	oxeye)	Poison oak	
Bedstraw	Filaree, whitestem & redstem	Prickly lettuce (*compass plant)	
Beggarweed, creeping	Florida betony	Puncturevine	
Bindweed	Florida pusley	Purple cudweed	
Black medic	Ground ivy	Purslane	
Broadleaf plantain	Groundsel	Ragweed	
Buckhorn plantain	Hawkweed	Redweed	
Bull thistle	Healall	Red sorrel (*sheep sorrei)	
Burdock, common	Henbit	Shepherdspurse	
Buttercup, creeping	Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary)	Spurge	
Carpetweed	Knotweed	Thistle	
Chickweed, common	Lambsquarters	Virginia buttonweed	
Chicory	Lawn burweed	White clover (*Dutch clover,	
Cinquefoil	Lespedeza, common	honeysuckle clover, white	
Clover	Mallow, common	trefoil, & purplewort)	
Curly dock	Matchweed	Wild carrot	
Dandelion	Mouseear chickweed	Wild garlic	
Dayflower	Nutsedge** (yellow)	Wild geranium	
Deadnettle	Old world diamond flower	Wild lettuce	
Dock	Oxalis (*yellow woodsorrel &	Wild mustard	
Dogfennel	creeping woodsorrel)	Wild onion	
Dollarweed (*pennywort)	Parsley-piert	Wild strawberry	
False dandelion (*spotted	Pennsylvania smartweed	Yarrow	
catsear & common catsear)	Pepperweed	Yellow rocket	
Field bindweed (*morningglory	Pigweed	and many more broadleaf	
& creeping jenny)	Pineappleweed	weeds	
	Plantain		

^{*}Synonyms

Tough weed control in industrial or low maintenance areas:

Mixed stands of Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, smooth bromegrass, orchardgrass and reed canarygrass may be treated.

Treatments of EH-1413 Professional may injure or kill legumes including clovers (sweet, yellow, red, crimson, alsike, hop, white), lespedezas, trefoils and vetches.

^{**}Suppression only when nutsedge is young and actively growing.



Weed Types	Troublesome weeds such as:	Amount of product, pints/acre ¹	When to Apply
Annual Broadleaf	ivyleaf morningglory, redroot pigweed, cocklebur, sunflower, velvetleaf (butterprint)	1.0 11/4 pints / acre	Spring or fall during active growth.
Biennial	Bull thistle, musk thistle, common burdock	1¼ - 1¾ pints / acre	Spring or fall during seedling to rosette stage.
Perennial	Burclover, Canada thistle, field bindweeds, English daisy, hoary cress (whitetop), <i>Veronica</i> (corn speedwell), wild violet.	1¼ - 1¾ pints / acre	Spring or fall during bud to bloom stage.

Footnote 1: Use the lower rate within the range specified for highly favorable plant growing conditions and when broadleaf weeds are less than 6 inches in height.

Use the higher rate within the range specified for tall vegetation, dense canopies, weeds beyond the suggested growth stage, or during adverse conditions.

Biennial and perennial weeds may require follow-up or sequential treatments.

The maximum application rate is 1.1 pounds 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application per site. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.

Spray volumes with ground equipment:

- For EH-1413 Professional alone, use a minimum spray volume of 10.0 gallons per acre (gpa).
- For tank mixtures of EH-1413 Professional, use a minimum spray volume of 20.0 gallons per acre or use the most restrictive of the labeling limitations of all products used in the tank mixture.

ADJUVANTS:

The addition of adjuvants (surfactants, spreaders, spreader-stickers, spray thickeners, foaming agents activators, detergents, and drift reducing agents,) is not necessary when using this product. If the foliar phytotoxicity (leaf burn and necrosis) occurs too quickly, then the translocation of EH-1413 Professional will not occur and the level of performance (control) may be reduced in perennial broadleaf weeds. Do not use adjuvants and spray additive tank-mix combinations, unless your experience indicates that the tank mixture will not result in turf injury.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: <u>For Metal Containers</u> Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

<u>For Plastic Containers</u> - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER.

IMPORTANT: Read this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer before buying or using this product. By opening arid using this product, buyer and all users agree to accept the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in their entirety and without exception. If the terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Damage to the treated article, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences can result from use of the product under abnormal conditions such as weather, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, etc. Such factors and conditions are beyond the control of the manufacturer, and BY PURCHASING AND USING THIS PRODUCT THE BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT AGREE TO ACCEPT ALL SUCH RISKS. Buyer and all users further agree to assume all risks of loss or damage from the use of the product in any manner that is not explicitly set forth in or that is inconsistent with label instructions, warnings and cautions.

The manufacturer warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described below.

THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.

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APPENDIX

- I. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:
 - Rainfast in as little as 3 hours
 - Rainfast [Rainproof] in 3 hours
 - [weed option] control in as little as one week
 - ◆ Proven performance
 - Consistently fast control on tough weeds like dandelion, spurge, clover, plantain, ground ivy and [various other listed weeds].
 - From the makers of Trimec® herbicides.
 - ◆ Trimec[®] is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.
 - ◆ For information call XXX-XXXX [contact <u>www.xxx-xxxx.com</u>]
 - ◆ ProForm[™] logo presented on the containers

