

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (H7505C) 401 "M" St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20460 EPA Reg. Number: 2217-874

MAY 2 4 2005

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

EH-1411 Herbicide

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

x Registration
Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

PBI/Gordon Corporation

1217 West 12th St.

P.O. Box 014090

Kansas City, Missouri 64101-0090

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit/cite all data required for the registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
 - 2. Make the following label changes:
- a. Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 2217-874."
- 3. Revise the "Note to Physician" to read as follows: "May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains petroleum distillate."

Signature of Approving Official:

Joanne J. Miller

MAY 2 4 2005

EPA Form 8570-6

- 4. Submit the results of one year storage stability (830.6317) and corrosion characteristics (830.6320) studies to the Agency on completion. The study must be conducted under warehouse conditions using commercial container. The observations must be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, and 12 months intervals.
 - 5. Submit two copies of the revised final printed label for the record.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Joanne I. Miller Product Manger (23) Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

EH-1411 HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
2,4-D, 2-ethylhexyl ester	23.22%
2,4-DP-p, 2-ethylhexyl ester	11.27%
Dicamba acid	2.71%
Carfentrazone-ethyl	0.50%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	62.30%
TOTAL.	100 00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

1.24 lbs. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 15.40%.

0.62 lb. (+)-R-2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 7.63%.

0.22 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 2.71%.

0.04 lb. Ethyl α,2-dichloro-5-[4(difluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl]-4-fluorobenzenepropanote or 0.50%

Isomer Specific by AOAC Methods.

TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

First Aid

If swallowed:	 Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give <i>any</i> liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf on skin or clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going ou may also contact 1-800-xxx-xxxx for emergency medical treatment information.
NOTE TO PHYS	SICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

See side panels for additional Precautionary Statements

NET CONTENTS: 1, 2.5, 30, or 55 U.S. GALLONS

AP----

(EPA File Symbol No. 2217-xxx) EPA Est. No. 2217-KS-1 MANUFACTURED BY:

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pbi/gondon
Conponation
An Employee-Owned Company
1217 Was 12th Streat
Kansas City. Missoun 64101

Telephone: 1-800-821-7925

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

MAY 2 4 2005 Under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

2217-874



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on a EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

NON-WPS USES:

Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) – in general, only agricultural-plant uses are covered by the WPS – must wear the following:

 When mixing, loading or applying this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

Personal Hygiene Statement For Non-WPS Uses: After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

Engineering Control Statements For Non-WPS Uses:

Containers over 1 gallon and less than 5 gallons: Persons engaged in open pouring of this product must also wear coveralls or a chemical resistant apron.

Containers of 5 gallons or more: Do not open-pour from this container. A mechanical system (such as probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

WPS USES:

Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any uses covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) – in general agricultural-plant uses are covered – must wear the following:

- · long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or Viton gloves.
- shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. After each day of use, clothing or PPE must not be reused until it has been cleaned.

Engineering Control Statements For WPS Uses:

Containers over 1 gallon and less than 5 gallons: Mixers and loaders who do not use a mechanical system (probe and pump) to transfer the contents of this container must wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE.

Containers of 5 or more gallons: Do not open-pour product from this container. A mechanical system (such as a probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal. If the mechanical system is used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- ♦ Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Carfentrazone is very toxic to algae and moderately toxic to fish. This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater. When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D and 2.4DP-p have been associated with mixing, loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D and 2,4DP-p pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170.

This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

- coveralls
- chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or Viton gloves.
- · shoes plus socks.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Reentry Statement: Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

EH-1411 Herbicide contains four active ingredients including carfentrazone-ethyl that broaden the spectrum of weed control. Carfentrazone-ethyl is in the aryl triazolinone family and inhibits protoporphyrinogen oxidase (Protox), a pivotal enzyme in chlorophyll production. Without this key enzyme, a build-up of peroxide occurs, thus causing the weed plant cells to rupture (explode).

EH-1411 Herbicide offers these advantages:

- Excellent postemergent activity with proven performance for broadleaf weed control in turfgrass.
- Superior cool weather performance.
- High selectivity (turfgrass safety) in established cool season turfgrass and warm season turfgrass.
- Good toxicological, environmental, and ecological properties compared to the standards.
- Carfentrazone-ethyl combination provides rapid and effective weed control for common and troublesome weed species in turfgrass, e.g. spurge, pennywort (dollarweed), dandelion, and white clover.
- The speed of action (rate of phytotoxicity) and the early injury symptoms are unique features of carfentrazone-ethyl combinations. Generally, the injury symptoms can be noticed within hours of the application and plant death can occur within 7 14 days.

SPRAY PREPARATION AND TANK MIXTURES:

EH-1411 Herbicide is an emulsifiable concentrate intended for dilution with water. In certain applications, liquid fertilizer may replace part of the water as a diluent.

Water as diluent:

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add EH-1411 Herbicide slowly with agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. To prevent separation of the emulsion, mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

This product forms an emulsion and can separate upon extended or prolonged standing. Re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture. Storage of the spray mixture beyond 72 hours is not recommended.

Do not use tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 5 or above pH 8. Buffer the spray solution to alter the pH range as appropriate.

Liquid fertilizers as diluents:

Use suitable sources and rates of fertilizer based upon local recommendations. Refer to the mixing directions on the labels of the liquid fertilizers (e.g. UAN or urea solutions). Always perform a jar compatibility test before large scale mixing.

Adjuvants and spray additives:

Adjuvants include surfactants, spreaders, spreader-stickers, spray thickeners, foaming agents, activators, detergents, and spray drift reducing agents. All additives change the physical and biological properties of the spray solution.

Certain adjuvants combined with this product can damage the leaf tissue of turfgrass. If *any* discoloration or cosmetic effects are objectionable or would be unacceptable, then adjuvant(s) combined with EH-1411 Herbicide would not be recommended.

GROUND EQUIPMENT:

Spray distribution: The accuracy and uniformity of the herbicide application is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Power sprayers fitted with a boom or spray wand/gun may be used for broadcast applications and spot treatments. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips, and screens are suitable for broadcast applications. For best spray distribution and coverage, select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure accurate and uniform coverage.

Spray volumes of 20 - 220 gallons per acre with spray pressures adjusted to between 20 - 40 psi are appropriate. Use higher spray volumes for dense weed populations (up to 220 gallons per acre or 5 gallons per 1,000 sq. ft.).

- · Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.
- Over-application or rates above those recommended on this label can cause turf injury.
- Hand-held technique: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Flat fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Sideto-side motion results in uneven coverage.

Hand operated sprayers including backpack sprayers, compression sprayers, and knapsack sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas when power equipment is unavailable, uneconomical, or impractical.

This product may cause injury to susceptible/nontarget plants at the use site by contacting the foliage, stems, or roots. To prevent injury to susceptible crops and other desirable broadleaf plants including but not limited to cotton, legumes, tobacco, tomatoes, garden/vegetable crops, and ornamentals (flowers, trees, and shrubs) avoid contact with the spray solution, spray droplets, and spray mist (fine droplets). Applications are recommended only when there is no potential hazard from spray drift during dormant and active growth periods. Do not apply when conditions are conducive to spray drift from the use site to untreated areas.

After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water, or an approved spray tank cleaner and rinse thoroughly before applying other pesticides.

WHERE TO USE:

EH-1411 Herbicide provides selective broadleaf control in warm season and cool season turfgrass in five (5) use sites.

- Institutional sites are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways, aprons, and roughs), and office buildings.
- Ornamental sites include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, and areas adjacent to athletic fields.
- Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- · Agricultural site: Commercial sod production
- Noncropland Sites: Highway rights-of-way (principal, interstate, county, private, and unpaved roads): Roadsides, roadside ditches, road shoulders, road embankments, dividers, and medians. Municipal, state, and federal lands: Airports and military installations.

Prohibitions of Sites:

- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.

Turfgrass tolerance:

- The turfgrass tolerance to EH-1411 Herbicide may vary among turfgrass species and temporary phytotoxicity may occur in certain instances.
- Temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur on certain varieties (F1) hybrids of hybrid bermudagrass.
- Environmental conditions and certain spray tank additives (e.g. adjuvants, wetting agents, surfactants), liquid fertilizers, and tank mixtures containing other emulsifiable concentrates may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass.

These cool season turfgrass species may be treated:

- Kentucky bluegrass, annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, red or fine leaf fescues and
- Mixtures in noncropland areas established for aesthetic purposes, roadside vegetation, or for low maintenance areas, e.g. Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, smooth bromegrass, and orchardgrass.

These warm season turfgrass species may be treated:

Bahiagrass, buffalograss, common bermudagrass, hybrid bermudagrass and zoysiagrass.

Prohibitions:

- Do not apply this product to St. Augustinegrass, centipedegrass, carpetgrass, dichondra,
- Do not apply this product to creeping bentgrass, bentgrass greens or tees, colonial bentgrass, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not apply broadcast apply when air temperatures exceed 85°F; some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 85°F.

APPLICATION SCHEDULES:

Early postemergent applications of EH-1411 Herbicide are recommended for annual, biennial, and perennial weeds. Apply EH-1411 Herbicide to broadleaf weeds that are young and actively growing for the best results. EH-1411 Herbicide combines a contact herbicide with systemic herbicides and provides little or no residual activity at recommended use rates.

EH-1411 Herbicide may be applied as a single broadcast application or as a split/sequential broadcast applications in the spring, summer, or fall. Spring and fall treatments under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred to the summer treatments. Generally, summer broadcast applications to older, drought stressed weeds are less effective.

Sequential broadcast applications or follow-up applications as spot treatments at a 2 - 6 week interval are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.

Spot treatments during the summer may be appropriate for sparse infestations, or as a follow-up treatment anytime broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

Extremes in environmental conditions e.g. temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of EH-1411 Herbicide. Under warm moist conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. While under very dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought are less susceptible to EH-1411 Herbicide.

For newly seeded areas:

The application of EH-1411 Herbicide to grass seedlings is recommended after the second mowing.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

The application of EH-1411 Herbicide to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

For dormant turf:

This product may be applied to fully dormant bermudagrass, fully dormant buffalograss, fully dormant buffalograss, fully dormant Bahiagrass.

HOW MUCH TO USE: USE RATES AND SPRAY VOLUMES FOR TURFGRASS:

Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds beyond the appropriate growth stages.

The maximum application rate to turf is 0.7 pound 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application per site. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.

The maximum seasonal rate of carfentrazone-ethyl contained in this product with two (2) broadcast applications to turfgrass is 0.04 pounds of carfentrazone-ethyl per acre per season. The retreatment interval for sequential broadcast applications of this product on turfgrass is two (2) to six (6) weeks depending upon the growth stages of the target weeds.

Use rates and spray volumes of EH-1411 Herbicide as a broadcast treatment for use on turfgrass are presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1. RATE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SOD FARMS, ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURFGRASS.

Kentucky bluegrass, annual	Rate	Spray Volume
bluegrass, annual ryegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, red or fine leaf fescues, creeping and colonial bentgrass (excluding golf greens and tees),	3½ 4½ pints/acre	20220 gallons/acre
	072 472 pinto/doio	20 ELO GAMONO/AO/O
Mixtures of cool season species in noncropland areas established for roadside vegetation management or for low maintenance. (Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, smooth bromegrass & orchardgrass.	(1.30 to 1.7 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.)	(0.5 to 5.0 gallons/1,000 sq. ft.)
Warm-Season Turf		
Hybrid and common	Rate	Spray Volume
bermudagrass zoysiagrass, Bahiagrass, and buffalograss.	2.0—3.0 pints/acre	20—220 gallons/acre
	(0.75 to 1.1 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.)	(0.5 to 5.0 gallons/1,000 sq. ft.)
Do not apply this product during sprand dormancy.	ing green-up or in the fall during the	transition between active growth
Dormant turf Applications of this p	roduct to fully dormant bermudagras	ss. fully dormant buffalograss, fully

SPOT TREATMENTS

WITH HAND OPERATED SPRAYERS (INCLUDING BACKPACK SPRAYERS, COMPRESSION SPRAYERS, AND KNAPSACK SPRAYERS):

- Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are actively growing.
- Calibration and proper applications are essential when using this product.
- Uniform applications are essential when using this product. Over application or rates above those recommended on this labeling including overlaps of this product can cause turf injury.
- Hand-held technique: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate
 technique. Flat fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion,
 or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Sideto-side motion results in uneven coverage.

For cool season turfgrass, (Kentucky bluegrass, annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, red or fine leaf fescues, creeping and colonial bentgrass *excluding golf greens and tees*), Mix 1.3—1.7 fl. oz. of EH-1411 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq. ft of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

For warm season turfgrass (only bahiagrass, buffalograss, common bermudagrass, hybrid bermudagrass and zoysiagrass). Mix 0.75—1.1 fl. oz. of EH-1411 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq. ft of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

Tank mixtures: do not use tank mixture combinations unless your experience indicates that the tank
mixture is effective and will not result in turf injury. No label dosage rate should be exceeded. Follow
the labeling of each companion product for precautionary statements, directions for use, dosage rates,
and application schedules. Tank mixture recommendations are for use only in states where the
companion products and application sites are registered.

CULTURAL TIPS FOR IMPROVED CONTROL:

Irrigation:

- · Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Rainfast in 3 hours. Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation.
- If possible, do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 3 hours after application.
- If dry conditions exist, irrigation or watering 8 to 24 hours before application, and again 8 to 24 hours after application is recommended.

Mowing:

Delay moving for 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product.

Reseeding interval:

Treated areas may be reseeded 2 weeks after application.

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

EH-1411 Herbicide will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds and will control or suppress other broadleaf weeds that are susceptible to 2,4-D.

- BROADLEAF WEEDS -				
Aster, white heath & white prairie	Field bindweed (*morningglory & creeping jenny)	Poison ivy Poison oak		
Bedstraw	Field oxeye-daisy (*creeping	Puncturevine		
Beggarweed, creeping	oxeye)	Purple cudweed		
Bindweed	Filaree, whitestem & redstem	Purslane		
Black medic	Florida pusley	Ragweed		
Broadleaf plantain	Ground ivy	Redweed		
Buckhorn plantain	Groundsel	Red sorrel (*sheep sorrel)		
Bull thistle	Hawkweed	Shepherdspurse		
Burclover	Healall	Spotted spurge		
Burdock, common	Henbit	Spurge		
Buttercup, creeping	Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary)	Thistle		
Carpetweed	Knotweed	Veronica (*corn speedwell)		
Chickweed, common	Lambsquarters	Virginia buttonweed		
Chicory	Lawn burweed	White clover (*Dutch clover,		
Cinquefoil	Lespedeza, common	honeysuckle clover, white		
Clover	Mallow, common	trefoil, & purplewort)		
Compassplant	Matchweed	Wild carrot		
Curly dock	Mouseear chickweed	Wild garlic		
Dandelion	Old world diamond flower	Wild geranium		
Dayflower	Oxalis (*yellow woodsorrel &	Wild lettuce		
Deadnettle	creeping woodsorrel)	Wild mustard		
Dock	Parsley-piert	Wild onion		
Dogfennel	Pennsylvania smartweed	Wild strawberry		
Dollarweed (*pennywort)	Pepperweed	Wild violet		
English daisy	Pigweed	Yarrow		
False dandelion (*spotted	Pineappleweed	Yellow rocket		
catsear & common catsear)	Plantain	and many other broadleaf weeds.		

^{*}Synonyms

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

<u>For Metal Containers</u> - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

<u>For Plastic Containers</u> - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER.

The manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

APPENDIX

- I. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:
 - Rainfast in as little as 3 hours
 - Rainfast [Rainproof] in 3 hours
 - Spurge (or clover) control in as little as one week.
 - Proven performance.
 - ♦ Consistently fast control on tough weds like dandelion, spurge, clover, plantain, ground ivy and [various other listed weeds].
 - ◆ From the makers of Trimec[®] herbicides.
 - ◆ Trimec[®] is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.
 - ◆ For information call XXX-XXX-XXXX [contact <u>www.xxx-xxxx.com</u>]
 - ◆ ProForm[™] logo presented on the containers.