

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505C)
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number: 2217-871

Date of Issuance:

NOV 1 9 2004

Term of Issuance: Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product: EH 1409 Herbicide

X Registration
Reregistration
Tunder FIFRA: as amended

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

PBI/Gordon Corporation 1217 West 12th Street P.O. Box 014090

Kansas City, MO 64101-0090

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit/cite all data required for the registration/ reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 4.
- 2. Make the following label changes listed below before you release the product for shipment:
 - a. Add the phrase, "EPA Reg. No. 2217-871".

Signature of Approving Official:

[5]

Date:

NOV 1 9 2004

Joanne I. Miller, Product Manager 23 Herbicide Branch, Registration Division

EPA Form 8570-6

Continued from first page.

- 3. Submit within 10 months of the date of this registration notice, the following data; GLN 830-1800 Enforcement Analytical Method, 830-6317 Storage Stability and 830-6320 Corrosion Characteristics.
- 4. Submit one (1) copy of the revised final printed label before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Joanne I. Miller Product Manager 23 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosures: Stamped copy of label

EH 1409 HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:		•			
2,4-D, 2-ethylhexyl ester				4	25.75%
ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: 2,4-D, 2-ethylhexyl ester Mecoprop-p acid			· · · · · · ·	• *	5.34%
Carfentrazone-ethyl					
INERT INGREDIENTS:				• •	68,30%
Т	'OTAL			• •	i 00.00)%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

1.34 lbs. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 17.08%.

0.42 lb. (+)-R-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 5.34%.

0.04 lb. Ethyl α ,2-dichloro-5-[4(difluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-**ACCEPTED** fluorobenzenepropanote or 0.52%

Contains petroleum distillate

Isomer Specific by AOAC Methods.

with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

NOV 1 9 2004 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenucide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

2217-871

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

First Aid

If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product for treatment.	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going
NOTE TO PHYS	SICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

See side panels for additional Precautionary Statements

NET CONTENTS: 1, 2.5, 30, or 55 U.S. GALLONS

AP EPA File Symbol No. 2217-xxx EPA Est. No. 2217-KS-1 MANUFACTURED BY:



Telephone: 1-800-821-7925

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

NON-WPS USES:

Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) – in general, only agricultural-plant uses are covered by the WPS – must wear the following:

 When mixing, loading or applying this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

Personal Hygiene Statement For Non-WPS Uses: After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

Engineering Control Statements For Non-WPS Uses:

Containers over 1 gallon and less than 5 gallons: Persons engaged in open pouring of this product must also wear coveralls or a chemical resistant apron.

Containers of 5 gallons or more: Do not open-pour from this container. A mechanical system (such as probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

WPS USES:

Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any uses covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) – in general agricultural-plant uses are covered – must wear the following:

- · long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or Viton gloves.
- shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. After each day of use, clothing or PPE must not be reused until it has been cleaned.

Engineering Control Statements For WPS Uses:

Containers over 1 gallon and less than 5 gallons: Mixers and loaders who do not use a mechanical system (probe and pump) to transfer the contents of this container must wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE.

Containers of 5 or more gallons: Do not open-pour product from this container. A mechanical system (such as a probe and pump or spigot) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal. If the mechanical system is used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

- ♦ Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the foilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Carfentrazone is very toxic to algae and moderately toxic to fish. This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater. When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D and MCPP-p have been associated with mixing, loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D and MCPP-p pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170.

This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

- · coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or Viton gloves.
- · shoes plus socks.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Reentry Statement: Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

EH 1409 Herbicide contains three active ingredients including carfentrazone-ethyl that broaden the spectrum of weed control. Carfentrazone-ethyl is in the aryl triazolinone family and inhibits protoporphyrinogen oxidase (Protox), a pivotal enzyme in chlorophyll production.

EH 1409 Herbicide offers these advantages:

- Excellent postemergent activity with proven performance for broadleaf weed control in turfgrass.
- Superior cool weather performance.
- High selectivity (turfgrass safety) in established cool season turfgrass and warm season turfgrass.
- Good toxicological, environmental, and ecological properties compared to the standards.
- Carfentrazone-ethyl combinations provide effective weed control for common and troublesome weed species in turfgrass, e.g. spurge, pennywort (dollarweed), dandelion, and white clover.
- The speed of action (rate of phytotoxicity) and the early injury symptoms are unique features of carfentrazone-ethyl combinations. Generally, plant death can occur within 7 14 days.

SPRAY PREPARATION AND TANK MIXTURES:

EH 1409 Herbicide is an emulsifiable concentrate intended for dilution with water. In certain applications, liquid fertilizer may replace part of the water as a diluent.

Water as diluent:

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add EH 1409 Herbicide slowly with agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. To prevent separation of the emulsion, mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

This product forms an emulsion and can separate upon extended or prolonged standing. Re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture. Storage of the spray mixture beyond 72 hours is not recommended.

Do not use tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 5 or above pH 8. Buffer the spray solution to alter the pH range as appropriate.

Liquid fertilizers as diluents:

Use suitable sources and rates of fertilizer based upon local recommendations. Refer to the mixing directions on the labels of the liquid fertilizers (eg. UAN or urea solutions). Always perform a jar compatibility test before large scale mixing.

GROUND EQUIPMENT:

Spray distribution: The accuracy and uniformity of the herbicide application is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Power sprayers fitted with a boom or spray wand/gun may be used for broadcast applications and spot treatments. For best spray distribution and coverage, select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure accurate and uniform coverage. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips, and screens are suitable for broadcast applications.

- Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.
- Over-application or rates above those recommended on this label can cause turf ir jury.
- Hand-held technique: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique.
 Flat fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motion results in uneven coverage.

Spray volumes of 20 - 175 gallons per acre with spray pressures adjusted to 20 - 40 psi are appropriate. Use higher spray volumes for dense weed populations.

Hand operated sprayers including backpack sprayers, compression sprayers, and knapsack sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas when power equipment is unavailable, uneconomical, or impractical.

This product may cause injury to susceptible/nontarget plants at the use site by contacting the foliage, stems, or roots. To prevent injury to susceptible crops and other desirable broadleaf plants including but not limited to cotton, legumes, tobacco, tomatoes, garden/vegetable crops, and ornamentals (flowers, trees, and shrubs) avoid contact with the spray solution, spray droplets, and spray mist (fine droplets). Applications are recommended only when there is no potential hazard from spray drift during dormant and active growth periods. Do not apply when conditions are conducive to spray drift from the use site to untreated areas.

After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water, or an approved spray tank cleaner and rinse thoroughly before applying other pesticides.

WHERE TO USE:

EH 1409 Herbicide provides selective broadleaf control in warm season and cool season turfgrass in five (5) use sites.

- Institutional sites are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or
 private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums,
 libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways, aprons, and roughs), and office buildings.
- Ornamental sites include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, and areas adjacent to athletic fields.
- Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- Agricultural site: Commercial sod production
- Noncropland Sites: Highway rights-of-way (principal, interstate, county, private, and unpaved roads):
 Roadsides, roadside ditches, road shoulders, road embankments, dividers, and medians. Municipal,
 state, and federal lands: Airports and military installations.

Prohibitions of Sites:

- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- · Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchhanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.

Turfgrass tolerance:

• The turfgrass tolerance to EH 1409 Herbicide may vary and temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur. Environmental conditions and certain spray tank additives (e.g. adjuvants, wetting agents, surfactants), liquid fertilizers, and tank mixtures containing other emulsifiable concentrates may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass.

Prohibitions:

• Do not apply this product to St. Augustinegrass, bentgrass greens, carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.

APPLICATION SCHEDULES:

Early postemergent applications of EH 1409 Herbicide are recommended for annual, biennial, and perennial weeds. Apply EH 1409 Herbicide to broadleaf weeds that are young and actively growing for the best results. EH 1409 Herbicide combines a contact herbicide with systemic herbicides and provides little or no residual activity at recommended use rates.

EH 1409 Herbicide may be applied as a single broadcast application or as a split/sequential broadcast applications in the spring, summer, or fall. Spring and fall treatments under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred to the summer treatments. Generally, summer broadcast applications to older, drought stressed weeds are less effective.

Sequential broadcast applications or follow-up applications as spot treatments at a 2 - 6 week interval are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.

Spot treatments during the summer may be appropriate for sparse infestations, or as a follow-up treatment anytime broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

Extremes in environmental conditions e.g. temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of EH 1409 Herbicide. Under warm moist conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. While under very dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought are less susceptible to EH 1409 Herbicide.

For newly seeded areas:

The application of EH 1409 Herbicide to grass seedlings is recommended after the second mowing.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

The application of EH 1409 Herbicide to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

For dormant turf:

This product may be applied to fully dormant bermudagrass, fully dormant zoysiagrass, and fully dormant bahiagrass.

Reseeding interval:

Treated areas may be reseeded 2 weeks after application.

Prohibitions for application schedules:

• Do not broadcast apply when air temperatures exceed 90°F; some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 90°F.

HOW MUCH TO USE—USE RATES AND SPRAY VOLUMES FOR TURFGRASS:

Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds beyond the appropriate growth stages.

The maximum application rate to turf is 1.0 pound 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application per site. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.

The maximum seasonal rate of carfentrazone-ethyl contained in this product with two (2) broadcast applications to turigrass is 0.06 pounds of carfentrazone-ethyl per acre per season. The retreatment interval for sequential broadcast applications of this product on turigrass is two (2) to six (6) weeks depending upon the growth stages of the target weeds.

Use rates and spray volumes of EH 1409 Herbicide as a broadcast treatment for use on turfgrass are presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1. RATE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SOD FARMS, ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURFGRASS.

Species	Amount of Product	Spray Volume	Amount of Product	Spray Volume
	Pints/Acre	Gallons/Acre	fl. oz./1,000 sq.ft.	Gallons per 1,000 sq.ft
Cool Season Turf				
Kentucky bluegrass	4.0—5.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.5—4.0
Annual bluegrass	4.05.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.5—4.0
Annual ryegrass	4.05.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.5—4.0
Perennial ryegrass	4.05.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.5-4.0
Tall fescue	4.05.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.5—4.0
Red or fine leaf fescues	4.05.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.54.0
Creeping bentgrass (excluding greens)	4.0—5.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.5—4.0
Colonial bentgrass (excluding greens)	4.0—5.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.5-4.0
Mixtures of cool season species established for aesthetic purposes	4.0—5.5	20—175	1.52.0	0.5—4.0
Mixtures of cool season species in noncropland areas established for roadside vegetation management or for low maintenance. (Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, smooth bromegrass & orchardgrass)	4.0—5.5	20—175	1.5—2.0	0.5—4.0
Warm Season Turf				
Common bermudagrass	2.5—5.0	20—175	0.9—1.8	0.5—4.0
Hybrid bermudagrass	2.5-5.0	20—175	0.9—1.8	0.5—4.0
Zoysiagrass	2.5—5.0	20—175	0.9—1.8	0.5—4.0
Bahiagrass	2.5—5.0	20—175	0.9—1.8	0.5—4.0

NOTE: Maximum control of weeds will be obtained with early to mid-spring or mid to late fall applications. Higher rates, listed above, should be used in warmer temperatures (above 70°F).

SPOT TREATMENTS WITH HAND OPERATED SPRAYERS (INCLUDING BACKPACK SPRAYERS, COMPRESSION SPRAYERS, AND KNAPSACK SPRAYERS):

- Calibration and proper application are essential when using this product.
- Over-application or rates above those recommended on this label including excessive overlaps of this
 product can cause turf injury.
- Uniform applications are essential when using this product.
- Hand-held techniques: Wands fitted with flat fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Flat fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motions result in uneven coverage.
- For cool season turfgrass, mix 1.5 2.0 fl.oz. of EH 1409 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.
- For warm season turfgrass, mix 0.9 1.8 fl.oz. of EH 1409 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

EH 1409 Herbicide may be tank mixed with other herbicides EPA-registered for use on turfgrass to broaden the weed control spectrum compared to the products alone. These tank mixtures must be used according to the most restrictive label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rate should be exceeded. Follow the labeling of each companion product for precautionary statements, directions for use, dosage rates, and application schedules. Tank mixture recommendations are for use only in states where the companion products and application site are registered.

CULTURAL TIPS FOR IMPROVED CONTROL:

Irrigation:

- · Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation. Do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 24 hours after application

Mowing:

Delay moving 1 to 2 days before and after the application of this product.

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

EH 1409 Herbicide will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds and will control or suppress other broadleaf weeds that are susceptible to 2,4-D.

	- BROADLEAF WEEDS -			
Aster, white heath & white	Field oxeye-daisy (*creeping	Prostrate knotweed		
prairie	oxeye)	(*knotweed)		
Bedstraw	Filaree, whitestem & redstem	Puncturevine		
Beggarweed, creeping	Florida pusley	Purple cudweed		
Bindweed	Ground ivy	Purslane		
Black medic	Groundsel	Ragweed		
Broadleaf plantain	Hawkweed	Redweed		
Buckhorn plantain	Healall	Red sorrel (*sheep sorrel)		
Bull thistle	Henbit	Shepherdspurse		
Burclover	Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary)	Spotted spurge		
Burdock, common	Lambsquarters	Spurge		
Buttercup, creeping	Lawn burweed	Thistle		
Carpetweed	Lespedeza, common	Veronica (*corn speedwell)		
Chickweed, common	Mallow, common	Virginia buttonweed		
Chicory	Matchweed	White clover (*Dutch clover,		
Cinquefoil	Mouseear chickweed	honeysuckle clover, white		
Clover	Old world diamond flower	trefoil, & purplewort)		
Compassplant	Oxalis (*yellow woodsorrel &	Wild carrot		
Curly dock	creeping woodsorrel)	Wild garlic		
Dandelion	Parsley-piert	Wild geranium		
Dayflower	Pennsylvania smartweed	Wild lettuce		
Deadnettle	Pennywort (*dollarweed)	Wild mustard		
Dock	Pepperweed	Wild onion		
Dogfennel	Pigweed	Wild strawberry		
English daisy	Pineappleweed	Wild violet		
False dandelion (*spotted	Plantain	Yarrow		
catsear & common catsear)	Poison ivy	Yellow rocket		
Field bindweed (*morningglory	Poison oak	and many other broadleaf		
& creeping jenny)		weeds		

^{*}Synonyms

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

<u>For Metal Containers</u> - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

<u>For Plastic Containers</u> - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

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LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER.

The manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, by to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricaries, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

A Charles to the Control

APPENDIX

- I. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements brockures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials.:
 - Proven cool-weather performance
 - ♦ Consistently fast control on tough weeds like clover, plantain, ground ivy and spurge [various other listed weeds].
 - From the makers of Trimec® herbicides.
 - ◆ TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.
 - ◆ For information call XXX-XXXX [contact <u>www.xxx-xxxx.com</u>]