

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 17, 2017

Mr. Eric D. Smith Federal Registration Manager PBI/Gordon Corporation 1217 W. 12th St. Kansas City, MO 64101

Subject: Notification per PRN 98-10 – Adding marketing claims, updating warranty, reformatting

certain sections of label

Product Name: EH-1430 Herbicide EPA Registration Number: 2217-863 Application Date: February 17, 2017

Decision Number: 526939

Dear Mr. Smith:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you have any questions, you may contact Kathryn Montague at 703-305-1243 or via email at montague.kathryn@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kathryn Montague, Product Manager 23

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Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

NOTIFICATION

2217-863

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

05/17/2017

EH 1403 HERBICIDE

EPA Reg. No. 2217-863

Three sublabels represent the entire master label of EH 1403 Herbicide. Please refer to the appropriate section of the labeling as shown as follows:

Section
Sublabel 1: EPA-approved on 10/6/09
Sublabel 2: Directions for Use with non-cropland and addition of sod farms. EPA-approved on 10/6/09
Sublabel 3: Notification per PRN 2007-4
Appendix

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Document Control Information

MCPA, 2-ethylhexyl ester	31.55%
Mecoprop-p acid	
Dicamba acid	1.65%
Carfentrazone-ethyl	0.22%
INERT OTHER INGREDIENTS:	60.42%
TOTAL	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

- 1.80 lb 2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 20.23%.
- 0.55 lb (+)-R-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 6.16%.
- 0.15 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 1.65%.
- 0.02 lb Ethyl a,2-dichloro-5-[4(difluoromethyl)-4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl]-4-fluorobenzenepropanoate or 0.22%

TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

See attached booklet for complete [Precautionary Statements and] Directions for Use, including Storage and Disposal, and back panel for [complete Precautionary Statements, including] First Aid. OR See back panel for complete Precautionary Statements, including First Aid, and Directions for Use, including Storage and Disposal.

Net Contents: ____ EPA Est. No.



Company Name and Address:

PBI/Gordon Corporation 1217 West 12th Street Kansas City, Missouri 64101



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, or Viton ≥ 14 mils. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Protective eyewear (goggles or face shield),
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- · Shoes plus socks

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid	
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide may be toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates and aquatic plants. This pesticide may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

Sublabel 1

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PRECAUTIONS AND USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons and pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.
- Do not reenter or permit workers to reenter treated area until sprays have dried.
- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.
- Aerial application is prohibited.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.
- Do not apply this product to bentgrass greens, carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

EH 1403 Herbicide contains four active ingredients including carfentrazone-ethyl that broaden the spectrum of weed control.

EH 1403 Herbicide offers these advantages:

- Excellent postemergent activity with proven performance for broadleaf weed control in turfgrass.
- Superior cool weather performance.
- High selectivity (turfgrass safety) in established cool season turfgrass and warm season turfgrass.
- Rapid and effective weed control for common and troublesome weed species in turfgrass, e.g. spurge, pennywort (dollarweed), dandelion, and white clover.
- Injury symptoms can be noticed within hours of the application and plant death can occur within 7 to 14 days.

SPRAY PREPARATION:

EH 1403 Herbicide is an emulsifiable concentrate intended for dilution with water. In certain applications, liquid fertilizer may replace part of the water as a diluent.

Water as diluent:

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add EH 1403 Herbicide slowly with agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. To prevent separation of the emulsion, mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

This product forms an emulsion and can separate upon extended or prolonged standing. Re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture. Storage of the spray mixture beyond 72 hours is not recommended.

Do not use tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 5 or above pH 8. Buffer the spray solution to alter the pH range as appropriate.

Liquid fertilizers as diluents:

Use suitable sources and rates of fertilizer based upon local recommendations. Refer to the mixing directions on the labels of the liquid fertilizers (eg. UAN or urea solutions). Always perform a jar compatibility test before large scale mixing.

GROUND EQUIPMENT:

Power sprayers fitted with a boom or spray wand/gun may be used for broadcast applications and spot treatments. For best spray distribution and coverage, select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure accurate and uniform coverage. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips, and screens are suitable for broadcast applications.

Spray volumes of 3 to 175 gallons per acre with spray pressures adjusted to 20 to 40 psi are appropriate. Use higher spray volumes for dense weed populations.

Hand operated sprayers including backpack sprayers, compression sprayers, and knapsack sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas when power equipment is unavailable, uneconomical, or impractical.

This product may cause injury to susceptible/nontarget plants at the use site by contacting the foliage, stems, or roots. To prevent injury to susceptible crops and other desirable broadleaf plants including but not limited to cotton, legumes, tobacco, tomatoes, garden/vegetable crops, and ornamentals (flowers, trees, and shrubs) avoid contact with the spray solution, spray droplets, and spray mist (fine droplets). Do not apply when conditions are conducive to spray drift from the use site to untreated areas.

After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water, or an approved spray tank cleaner and rinse thoroughly before applying other pesticides.

Aerial application is prohibited.

WHERE TO USE:

EH 1403 Herbicide provides selective broadleaf control in warm season and cool season turfgrass in three (3) use sites.

- **Institutional sites** are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways, aprons, and roughs), and office buildings.
- **Ornamental sites** include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, and areas adjacent to athletic fields.
- Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.

Prohibitions:

- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.
- Aerial application is prohibited.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.
- Do not apply this product to bentgrass greens, carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

Turfgrass tolerance:

- The turfgrass tolerance to EH 1403 Herbicide may vary and temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur on certain varieties of hybrid bermudagrass.
- Environmental conditions and certain spray tank additives (eg. adjuvants, wetting agents, surfactants), liquid fertilizers, and tank mixtures containing other emulsifiable concentrates may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass.
- The user assumes the responsibility for any turf (plant) injury, damage, or other liability resulting from the use of this product on turf species not listed on this labeling.

These cool season and warm season turfgrass species may be treated:

Cool Season Turf

Kentucky bluegrass
Perennial ryegrass
Tall fescue
Red or fine leaf fescues
Mixtures of cool season species

Warm Season Turf

Common bermudagrass Hybrid bermudagrass Zoysiagrass

APPLICATION SCHEDULES:

Early postemergent applications of EH 1403 Herbicide are recommended for annual, biennial, and perennial weeds. Apply EH 1403 Herbicide to broadleaf weeds that are young and actively growing for the best results. EH 1403 Herbicide combines a contact herbicide with systemic herbicides and provides little or no residual activity at specified use rates.

EH 1403 Herbicide may be applied as a single broadcast application or as a split/sequential broadcast application in the spring, summer, or fall. Spring and fall treatments under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred to the summer treatments. Generally, summer broadcast applications to older, drought stressed weeds are less effective.

Sequential broadcast applications or follow-up applications as spot treatments at 30 days are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.

Spot treatments during the summer may be appropriate for sparse infestations, or as a follow-up treatment, or any time broadleaf weeds are susceptible. Apply on a spray-to-wet basis for the best results.

Extremes in environmental conditions, e.g. temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of EH 1403 Herbicide. Under warm moist conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. While under very dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought are less susceptible to EH 1403 Herbicide.

For newly seeded areas:

The application of EH 1403 Herbicide to grass seedlings is recommended after the second mowing.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

The application of EH 1403 Herbicide to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

For dormant turf:

Applications to dormant bermudagrass and dormant zoysiagrass are suggested.

Prohibitions for application schedules:

Do not broadcast apply when air temperatures exceed 85°F; some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 85°F.

HOW MUCH TO USE: USE RATES AND SPRAY VOLUMES FOR TURFGRASS:

Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds beyond the appropriate growth stages.

Limitations on broadcast treatments for turfgrass on all use sites:

The maximum application rate is 6.67 pints of product per acre per application (1.5 lb MCPA ae, 0.46 lb MCPP-p ae, and 0.13 lb dicamba ae per acre per application). The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 13.34 pints of product per acre per year (3.0 lb MCPA ae, 0.92 lb MCPP-p ae, and 0.25 lb dicamba ae per acre per year), excluding spot treatments.

Use rates and spray volumes of EH 1403 Herbicide as broadcast treatments for use on turfgrass are presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1. USE RATES FOR ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURFGRASS.				
Species	Amount of Product	Spray Volume		
Cool Season Turf: Kentucky bluegrass Perennial ryegrass Tall fescue Red or fine leaf fescues Mixtures of cool season species	4 to 6.67 pints/acre (1.5 to 2.4 fl.oz./ 1,000 sq.ft.)	3 to 175 gal/acre (0.1 to 4.0 gal/ 1,000 sq.ft.)		
Warm Season Turf: Common bermudagrass Hybrid bermudagrass Zoysiagrass	2 to 5 pints/acre (0.75 to 1.8 fl.oz./ 1,000 sq.ft.)	3 to 175 gal/acre (0.1 to 4.0 gal/1,000 sq.ft.)		

SPOT TREATMENTS WITH HAND OPERATED SPRAYERS (INCLUDING BACKPACK SPRAYERS, COMPRESSION SPRAYERS, AND KNAPSACK SPRAYERS):

- For cool season turfgrass, mix 1.5 to 2.4 fl.oz. of EH 1403 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft. of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.
- For warm season turfgrass, mix 0.75 to 1.8 fl.oz. of EH 1403 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft. of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

Limitations on spot treatments for turfgrass on all use sites:

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq.ft. per acre. The maximum application rate is 2.4 fl.oz. per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (0.46 lb MCPP-p acid equivalent per acre). The maximum number of spot treatments is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications.

Ready-to-use hose-end sprayers supplied by Green Garden Products Company® and other suppliers. Dilution factor of 200:1 with a sprayer jar capacity of 8, 16, 24 and 32 fl.oz. This retail sprayer bottle will cover the approximate areas described below when this product is applied to established turfgrass. Over-application or rates above those specified on this label can cause turf injury.

Four Steps to Apply:

- 1. **Measure** the total (entire) lawn area to be sprayed. For rectangular areas, multiply the length by the width to obtain total square feet.
- 2. **TO BEGIN** spraying: Connect a garden hose to the hose-end sprayer. Make sure the control valve on the nozzle is in the OFF position. Turn on water at faucet. Point (Aim) nozzle toward lawn and turn the control valve to the ON position. Water will automatically mix with the product. Spray evenly over the measured area.
- 3. **SPRAY:** Spray evenly over the measured area. Walk at a steady pace. The xx fl.oz. container will treat xxxx sq.ft. of [(cool season)] turfgrass [or xxxx sq.ft. (warm season) turfgrass].
- 4. Optional text: Refer to the view strip [graduated scale] on the side of the container to guide coverage.
- 5. **To STOP** spraying: Turn control valve to the OFF position. Turn off water at faucet. To relieve (discharge) pressure, turn control valve to ON position and wait until water stops spraying before removing sprayer from hose.

Chart 1: Approximate treated areas in sq.ft. for four sizes of retail containers.				
Lawns	8.0 fl.oz.	1.0 pt. (16 fl.oz.)	24 fl.oz.	32 fl.oz.
	sprayer jar or	sprayer jar or	sprayer jar or	sprayer jar or
	retail container	retail container	retail container	retail container
Kentucky bluegrass, Perennial ryegrass, Tall fescue, Red or fine leaf fescues and mixtures of cool season species	3,333 to 5,333	6,666 to 10,666	9,999 to 15,999	13,333 to 21,333
	sq.ft.	sq.ft.	sq.ft.	sq.ft.
Common bermudagrass, Hybrid bermudagrass and Zoysiagrass	4,444 to 10,667 sq.ft.	8,888 to 21,333 sq.ft.	13,333 to 32,000 sq.ft.	17,778 to 42,667 sq.ft.

CULTURAL TIPS FOR IMPROVED CONTROL:

Irrigation:

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation. Do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 24 hours after application.

Mowing:

• Delay moving 1 to 2 days before and after the application of this product.

Reseeding interval:

• Treated areas may be reseeded 2 weeks after application.

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

EH 1403 Herbicide will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds and will control or suppress other broadleaf weeds that are susceptible to MCPA.

BROADLEAF WEEDS				
Aster, white heath & white	Dock	Lespedeza, common	Redweed	
prairie	Dogfennel	Mallow, common	Red sorrel (*sheep sorrel)	
Bedstraw	English daisy	Matchweed	Shepherd's purse	
Beggarweed, creeping	False dandelion (*spotted	Mouseear chickweed	Spotted spurge	
Bindweed	catsear & common catsear)	Old world diamond flower	Spurge, prostrate	
Black medic	Field bindweed	Oxalis (*yellow woodsorrel	Thistle	
Broadleaf plantain	(*morningglory & creeping	& creeping woodsorrel)	Veronica (*corn speedwell)	
Buckhorn plantain	jenny)	Parsley-piert	Virginia buttonweed	
Bull thistle	Field oxeye-daisy	Pennsylvania smartweed	White clover (*Dutch clover,	
Burclover	(*creeping oxeye)	Pennywort (*dollarweed)	honeysuckle clover, white	
Burdock, common	Filaree, whitestem &	Pepperweed	trefoil, & purplewort)	
Buttercup, creeping	redstem	Pigweed	Wild carrot	
Carpetweed	Florida pusley	Pineappleweed	Wild garlic	

BROADLEAF WEEDS Chickweed, common Ground ivy **Plantain** Wild geranium Chicory Groundsel Poison ivy Wild lettuce Wild mustard **Cinquefoil Hawkweed** Poison oak Prostrate knotweed Clover Healall Wild onion Compassplant Henbit (*knotweed) Wild strawberry Curly dock Innocence (Blue-eyed **Puncturevine** Wild violet **Dandelion** Mary) Purple cudweed **Yarrow Davflower Lambsquarters Purslane** Yellow rocket awn burweed **Deadnettle** Ragweed

*Synonyms

BROADLEAF WEEDS [221] Annual yellow Common mullein Mugwort Sowthistle sweetclover Compassplant Musk thistle Spanish needles Creeping Jenny (Creeping Mustard Speedwell Spiny Aster Austrian fieldcress Charlie) Narrowleaf plantain amaranth Cudweed Narrowleaf vetch Spiny cocklebur **Bedstraw Beggarticks** Curly dock Nettle Spiny sowthistle Beggarweed, creeping Old world diamond flower Daisy, English Spotted catsear Betony, Florida Daisy fleabane Orange hawkweed Spotted spurge Bindweed, field Daisy, oxeye Oriental cocklebur Spurweed Bird vetch **Dandelion Oxalis** Stinging nettle Parsley-piert Dayflower Strawberry, India mock Bitter wintercress Deadnettle **Parsnip** Bittercress, hairy Tall nettle **Bitterweed** Dichondra **Pearlwort** Tall vervain Black-eyed Susan Dogbane Pennsylvania smartweed Tansy ragwort Tansy mustard Black medic Dogfennel **Pennycress** Black mustard **Dollarweed Pennywort** Tanweed **Thistle** Blackseed plantain **Elderberry Peppergrass** False dandelion Trailing crownvetch Blessed thistle **Pepperweed** Bloodflower milkweed **Falseflax Piaweed** Tumble mustard False sunflower Pineapple weed Tumble pigweed Blue lettuce Blue vervain **Fiddleneck** Pineywoods bedstraw Velvetleaf **Bracted plantain** Florida pusley Plains coreopsis Venice mallow **Brassbuttons Frenchweed** (tickseed) Virginia buttonweed **Plantain Bristly oxtongue** Galinsoga Virginia creeper **Broadleaf dock** Goathead Poison ivy Virginia pepperweed Poison oak Water pennywort Broadleaf plantain Goldenrod Pokeweed **Broomweed** Ground ivv Wavyleaf bullthistle Groundsel **Poorjoe** Western clematis Buckhorn **Buckhorn plantain** Gumweed Prairie sunflower Western salsify Hairy fleabane **Prickly lettuce** White mustard **Bull thistle** Whitestem filaree **Bullnettle** Hawkweed Prickly sida Prostrate knotweed Wild aster Burclover Healall Wild buckwheat **Burdock** Heartleaf drymary Prostrate pigweed **Burning nettle Heathaster** Prostrate spurge Wild carrot Hedge bindweed Wild four-o'clock Burweed Prostrate vervain Buttercup, bulbous Hedge mustard **Puncturevine** Wild garlic Wild geranium Buttercup, creeping Hemp Purple cudweed Wild lettuce **Buttonweed Henbit** Purslane, common Hoary cress Wild marigold Canada thistle Ragweed Hoary plantain Carolina geranium Wild mustard Red sorrel Carpetweed Hoary vervain Redroot pigweed Wild onion Catchweed bedstraw Horsenettle Redstem filaree Wild parsnip Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary) Catnip Redweed Wild radish Catsear **Jimsonweed** Rough cinquefoil Wild rape Chickweed, common Knawel Rough fleabane Wild strawberry Russian pigweed Chickweed, mouseear Knotweed Wild sweet potato Chicory Kochia Russian thistle Wild vetch Cinquefoil Lambsquarters Scarlet pimpernel Wild violet

BROADLEAF WEEDS [221]			
Clover, crimson	Lawn burweed	Scotch thistle	Woodsorrel
Clover, hop	Lespedeza	Sheep sorrel	Woolly croton
Clover, red	Mallow	Shepherdspurse	Woolly morningglory
Clover, strawberry	Matchweed	Slender plantain	Woolly plantain
Clover, sweet	Mexicanweed	Smallflower galinsoga	Wormseed
Clover, white	Milk vetch	Smooth dock	Yarrow
Cockle	Morningglory	Smooth pigweed	Yellow rocket

Sorrel

Yellowflower pepperweed

(Note to Reviewer: The weeds list above is a combination of the previously approved weeds lists from the sublabel and appendix)

Spray Drift Management:

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Cocklebur

Apply only when the wind speed is 2 to 10 mph at the application site. Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph.

Additional requirements for ground boom application: Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Mouseear hawkweed

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

[For Plastic Containers – Nonrefillable with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:] CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing

nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY STATEMENT cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

Sublabel 2: Directions for Use with non-cropland and addition of sod farms.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170.

This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants,
- chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposures, and
- protective eyewear.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Reentry Statement: Do not reenter or permit workers to reenter area until sprays have dried.

PRECAUTIONS AND USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons and pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.
- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.
- Aerial application is prohibited.
- Do not apply this product to bentgrass greens, St. Augustinegrass, carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

EH 1403 Herbicide contains four active ingredients including carfentrazone-ethyl that broaden the spectrum of weed control.

EH 1403 Herbicide offers these advantages:

- Excellent postemergent activity with proven performance for broadleaf weed control in turfgrass.
- Superior cool weather performance.
- High selectivity (turfgrass safety) in established cool season turfgrass and warm season turfgrass.
- Rapid and effective weed control for common and troublesome weed species in turfgrass, e.g. spurge, pennywort (dollarweed), dandelion, and white clover.
- Injury symptoms can be noticed within hours of the application and plant death can occur within 7 to 14 days.

SPRAY PREPARATION:

EH 1403 Herbicide is an emulsifiable concentrate intended for dilution with water. In certain applications, liquid fertilizer may replace part of the water in the mixture.

Mixing with Water:

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add EH 1403 Herbicide slowly with agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. To prevent separation of the emulsion, mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

This product forms an emulsion and can separate upon extended or prolonged standing. Re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture. Storage of the spray mixture beyond 72 hours is not recommended.

Do not use tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 5 or above pH 8. Buffer the spray solution to alter the pH range as appropriate.

Mixing with Liquid Fertilizers:

Use suitable sources and rates of fertilizer based upon local recommendations. Refer to the mixing directions on the labels of the liquid fertilizers (eg. UAN or urea solutions). Always perform a jar compatibility test before large scale mixing.

GROUND EQUIPMENT:

Power sprayers fitted with a boom or spray wand/gun may be used for broadcast applications and spot treatments. For best spray distribution and coverage, select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure accurate and uniform coverage. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips, and screens are suitable for broadcast applications.

Spray volumes of 3 to 175 gallons per acre with spray pressures adjusted to 20 to 40 psi are appropriate. Use higher spray volumes for dense weed populations.

Hand operated sprayers including backpack sprayers, compression sprayers, and knapsack sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas when power equipment is unavailable, uneconomical, or impractical.

Hand-held Techniques:

Wands fitted with fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Flat-fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motions result in uneven coverage.

This product may cause injury to susceptible/nontarget plants at the use site by contacting the foliage, stems, or roots. To prevent injury to susceptible crops and other desirable broadleaf plants including but not limited to cotton, legumes, tobacco, tomatoes, garden/vegetable crops, and ornamentals (flowers, trees, and shrubs) avoid contact with the spray solution, spray droplets, and spray mist (fine droplets). Do not apply when conditions are conducive to spray drift from the use site to untreated areas.

After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water, or an approved spray tank cleaner and rinse thoroughly before applying other pesticides.

WHERE TO USE:

EH 1403 Herbicide provides selective broadleaf control in warm season and cool season turfgrass in five (5) use sites.

- Institutional sites are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways, aprons, and roughs), and office buildings.
- **Ornamental sites** include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, and areas adjacent to athletic fields.
- Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- **Non-cropland sites:** Highway rights-of-way (principal, interstate, county, private, and unpaved roads): Roadsides, roadside ditches, road shoulders, road embankments, dividers, and medians. Municipal, state and federal lands: Airports and military installations).
- Agricultural site: Commercial sod production.

Prohibitions:

- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.
- Aerial application is prohibited.
- Do not apply this product to bentgrass greens, St. Augustinegrass, carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

Turfgrass tolerance:

- The turfgrass tolerance to EH 1403 Herbicide may vary and temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur on certain varieties of hybrid bermudagrass.
- Environmental conditions and certain spray tank additives (eg. adjuvants, wetting agents, surfactants), liquid fertilizers, and tank mixtures containing other emulsifiable concentrates may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass.
- The user assumes the responsibility for any turf (plant) injury, damage, or other liability resulting from the use of this product on turf species not listed on this labeling.

These cool season and warm season turfgrass species may be treated:

Cool Season Turf: Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, red or fine fescues, mixtures of cool season species.

Warm Season Turf: Common bermudagrass, hybrid bermudagrass, zoysiagrass.

APPLICATION SCHEDULES:

Early postemergent applications of EH 1403 Herbicide are recommended for annual, biennial, and perennial weeds. Apply EH 1403 Herbicide to broadleaf weeds that are young and actively growing for the best results. EH 1403 Herbicide combines a contact herbicide with systemic herbicides and provides little or no residual activity at specified use rates.

EH 1403 Herbicide may be applied as a single broadcast application or as a split/sequential broadcast application in the spring, summer, or fall. Spring and fall treatments under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred to the summer treatments. Generally, summer broadcast applications to older, drought stressed weeds are less effective.

Sequential broadcast applications or follow-up applications as spot treatments at 30 days are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions. Spot treatments during the summer may be appropriate for sparse infestations, or as a follow-up treatment, or any time broadleaf weeds are susceptible. Apply on a spray-to-wet basis for the best results.

Extremes in environmental conditions, e.g. temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of EH 1403 Herbicide. Under warm moist conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. While under very dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought are less susceptible to EH 1403 Herbicide.

For newly seeded areas:

The application of EH 1403 Herbicide to grass seedlings is recommended after the second mowing.

Reseeding Interval:

Treated areas may be reseeded 2 weeks after the application.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

The application of EH 1403 Herbicide to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

For dormant turf:

Applications to dormant bermudagrass and dormant zoysiagrass are suggested.

Prohibitions for application schedules:

Do not broadcast apply when air temperatures exceed 85°F; some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 85°F.

HOW MUCH TO USE: USE RATES AND SPRAY VOLUMES FOR TURFGRASS:

Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds beyond the appropriate growth stages.

Use rates and spray volumes of EH 1403 Herbicide as broadcast treatments for use on turfgrass are presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1. USE RATES FOR ORNAMENTAL LAWNS, TURFGRASS, and NONCROPLAND RIGHTS-OF-WAY.				
Species	Amount of Product	Spray Volume		
Cool-Season Turf: Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, red or fine leaf fescues, mixtures of cool-season species.	3.5 to 4.5 pints/acre (1.3 to 1.65 fl.oz./1,000 sq.ft.)	3 to 175 gallons/acre (0.1 to 4.0 gal/1,000 sq.ft.)		
Warm-Season Turf: Common bermudagrass, hybrid bermudagrass, zoysiagrass.	2.0 to 4.0 pints/acre (0.75 to 1.5 fl.oz./1,000 sq.ft.)	3 to 175 gallons/acre (0.1 to 4.0 gal/1,000 sq.ft.)		

Limitations on broadcast treatments for turfgrass on all use sites:

The maximum application rate is 6.67 pints of product per acre per application (1.5 lb MCPA ae, 0.46 lb MCPP-p ae, and 0.13 lb dicamba ae per acre per application). The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 13.34 pints of product per acre per year (3.0 lb MCPA ae, 0.92 lb MCPP-p ae, and 0.25 lb dicamba ae per acre per year), excluding spot treatments.

Turfgrass tolerance:

- The turfgrass tolerance to EH 1403 Herbicide may vary and temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur on certain varieties of hybrid bermudagrass.
- Environmental conditions and certain spray tank additives (e.g., adjuvants, wetting agents, surfactants), liquid fertilizers, and tank mixtures containing other emulsifiable concentrates may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass.
- The user assumes the responsibility for any turf (plant) injury, damage, or other liability resulting from the use of this product on turf species not listed on the labeling.

For Dormant Turf:

Applications to dormant bermudagrass and zoysiagrass are suggested.

SPOT TREATMENTS WITH HAND OPERATED SPRAYERS (INCLUDING BACKPACK SPRAYERS, COMPRESSION SPRAYERS, AND KNAPSACK SPRAYERS):

- For cool season turfgrass, mix 1.5 to 2.4 fl.oz. of EH 1403 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft. of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.
- For warm season turfgrass, mix 0.75 to 1.8 fl.oz. of EH 1403 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft. of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.
- Non-cropland Rights-of-Way (Spot Treatment) Do not apply more than 3.0 lb acid equivalent MCPA per acre per year, or 1.67 gal of product per acre per year.

Limitations on spot treatments for turfgrass on all use sites:

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq.ft. per acre. The maximum application rate is 2.4 fl.oz. per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (0.46 lb MCPP-p acid equivalent per acre). The maximum number of spot treatments is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications.

Hand-held Techniques:

Wands fitted with fan nozzle tips may be used with the appropriate technique. Flat-fan nozzles should not be waved in a back-and-forth motion, or in a side-to-side motion, or in a swinging arm motion. Instead, the nozzle should be held stationary at the proper height. Side-to-side motions result in uneven coverage.

CULTURAL TIPS FOR IMPROVED CONTROL:

Irrigation:

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation.
- Rainfast period: Rainfall or irrigation occurring within three (3) hours after application of this product may reduce the effectiveness.

Mowing:

• Delay mowing 1 to 2 days before and after the application of this product.

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

EH 1403 Herbicide will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds and will control or suppress other broadleaf weeds that are susceptible to MCPA.

BROADLEAF WEEDS			
Annual fleabane	Dock	Knotweed	Shepherd's purse

BROADLEAF WEEDS Aster, white heath & white **Dogfennel** Spotted spurge **Lambsquarters** prairie Dovefoot geranium Lawn burweed Spurge Star of Bethlehem **Bedstraw English daisy** Lespedeza, common False dandelion (*spotted Beggarticks Mallow, common Sunflower Beggarweed, creeping catsear & common catsear) **Matchweed** Thistle Velvetleaf (*buttonweed) Bindweed Field bindweed Mouseear chickweed Birdsfoot trefoil (*morningglory & creeping **Mustard** Venice mallow Veronica (*corn speedwell) Black medic jenny) Nettle Broadleaf plantain Old world diamond flower Field madder Virginia buttonweed Oxalis (*yellow woodsorrel Buckhorn plantain Field oxeye-daisy Virginia creeper **Bull thistle** (*creeping oxeye) & creeping woodsorrel) Western salsify Parsley-piert White clover (*Dutch clover, **Burclover** Field pennycress Burdock, common Filaree, whitestem & Pennsylvania smartweed honeysuckle clover, white Buttercup, creeping redstem Pennywort (*dollarweed) trefoil, & purplewort) Florida pusley Carolina geranium **Pepperweed** Wild carrot **Pigweed** Carpetweed Ground ivy Wild garlic Chickweed, common Groundsel **Pineappleweed** Wild geranium Chicory Hairy bittercress **Plantain** Wild lettuce **Cinquefoil Hawkweed** Poison ivv Wild mustard Healall Clover Poison oak Wild onion Cocklebur **Henbit Puncturevine** Wild strawberry Horsenettle Purple cudweed Wild violet Common mullein Compassplant **Purslane Yarrow** Horseweed Innocence (Blue-eyed Curly dock Ragweed Yellow rocket Mary) **Dandelion** Redweed and many other broadleaf **Dayflower** Jimsonweed Red sorrel (*sheep sorrel) weeds Deadnettle **Kochia** Roundleaf greenbriar *Synonyms

BROADLEAF WEEDS [221]			
Annual yellow	Common mullein	Mugwort	Sowthistle
sweetclover	Compassplant	Musk thistle	Spanish needles
Aster	Creeping Jenny (Creeping	Mustard	Speedwell Spiny
Austrian fieldcress	Charlie)	Narrowleaf plantain	amaranth
Bedstraw	Cudweed	Narrowleaf vetch	Spiny cocklebur
Beggarticks	Curly dock	Nettle	Spiny sowthistle
Beggarweed, creeping	Daisy, English	Old world diamond flower	Spotted catsear
Betony, Florida	Daisy fleabane	Orange hawkweed	Spotted spurge
Bindweed, field	Daisy, oxeye	Oriental cocklebur	Spurweed
Bird vetch	Dandelion	Oxalis	Stinging nettle
Bitter wintercress	Dayflower	Parsley-piert	Strawberry, India mock
Bittercress, hairy	Deadnettle	Parsnip	Tall nettle
Bitterweed	Dichondra	Pearlwort	Tall vervain
Black-eyed Susan	Dogbane	Pennsylvania smartweed	Tansy ragwort
Black medic	Dogfennel	Pennycress	Tansy mustard
Black mustard	Dollarweed	Pennywort	Tanweed
Blackseed plantain	Elderberry	Peppergrass	Thistle
Blessed thistle	False dandelion	Pepperweed	Trailing crownvetch
Bloodflower milkweed	Falseflax	Pigweed	Tumble mustard
Blue lettuce	False sunflower	Pineapple weed	Tumble pigweed
Blue vervain	Fiddleneck	Pineywoods bedstraw	Velvetleaf
Bracted plantain	Florida pusley	Plains coreopsis	Venice mallow
Brassbuttons	Frenchweed	(tickseed)	Virginia buttonweed
Bristly oxtongue	Galinsoga	Plantain	Virginia creeper
Broadleaf dock	Goathead	Poison ivy	Virginia pepperweed
Broadleaf plantain	Goldenrod	Poison oak	Water pennywort
Broomweed	Ground ivy	Pokeweed	Wavyleaf bullthistle
Buckhorn	Groundsel	Poorjoe	Western clematis
Buckhorn plantain	Gumweed	Prairie sunflower	Western salsify

BROADLEAF WEEDS [221]			
Bull thistle	Hairy fleabane	Prickly lettuce	White mustard
Bullnettle	Hawkweed	Prickly sida	Whitestem filaree
Burclover	Healall	Prostrate knotweed	Wild aster
Burdock	Heartleaf drymary	Prostrate pigweed	Wild buckwheat
Burning nettle	Heathaster	Prostrate spurge	Wild carrot
Burweed	Hedge bindweed	Prostrate vervain	Wild four-o'clock
Buttercup, bulbous	Hedge mustard	Puncturevine	Wild garlic
Buttercup, creeping	Hemp	Purple cudweed	Wild geranium
Buttonweed	Henbit	Purslane, common	Wild lettuce
Canada thistle	Hoary cress	Ragweed	Wild marigold
Carolina geranium	Hoary plantain	Red sorrel	Wild mustard
Carpetweed	Hoary vervain	Redroot pigweed	Wild onion
Catchweed bedstraw	Horsenettle	Redstem filaree	Wild parsnip
Catnip	Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary)	Redweed	Wild radish
<mark>Catsear</mark>	Jimsonweed Jimsonweed	Rough cinquefoil	Wild rape
Chickweed, common	Knawel	Rough fleabane	Wild strawberry
Chickweed, mouseear	Knotweed	Russian pigweed	Wild sweet potato
Chicory	Kochia	Russian thistle	Wild vetch
Cinquefoil Cinquefoil	Lambsquarters	Scarlet pimpernel	Wild violet
Clover, crimson	Lawn burweed	Scotch thistle	Woodsorrel
Clover, hop	Lespedeza	Sheep sorrel	Woolly croton
Clover, red	Mallow	Shepherdspurse	Woolly morningglory
Clover, strawberry	Matchweed	Slender plantain	Woolly plantain
Clover, sweet	Mexicanweed	Smallflower galinsoga	Wormseed
Clover, white	Milk vetch	Smooth dock	Yarrow
Cockle	Morningglory	Smooth pigweed	Yellow rocket
Cocklebur	Mouseear hawkweed	Sorrel	Yellowflower pepperwee

(Note to Reviewer: The weeds list above is a combination of the previously approved weeds lists from the sublabel and appendix)

Spray Drift Management:

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Apply only when the wind speed is 2 to 10 mph at the application site. Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph.

Additional requirements for ground boom application: Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

[For Plastic Containers – Nonrefillable with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:]

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

OR

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY STATEMENT cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

Sublabel 3

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PRECAUTIONS AND USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons and pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.
- Do not reenter or permit workers to reenter treated area until sprays have dried.
- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.
- Aerial application is prohibited.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.
- Do not apply this product to bentgrass greens, carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

EH 1403 Herbicide contains four active ingredients including carfentrazone-ethyl that broaden the spectrum of weed control.

EH 1403 Herbicide offers these advantages:

- Excellent postemergent activity with proven performance for broadleaf weed control in turfgrass.
- Superior cool weather performance.
- High selectivity (turfgrass safety) in established cool season turfgrass and warm season turfgrass.
- Rapid and effective weed control for common and troublesome weed species in turfgrass, e.g. spurge, pennywort (dollarweed), dandelion, and white clover.
- Injury symptoms can be noticed within hours of the application and plant death can occur within 7 to 14 days.

(Note to Supplemental Registrant: The Spray Preparation language can be omitted if not applicable to your sub registration (ie. Hose-end sprayers).

SPRAY PREPARATION:

EH 1403 Herbicide is an emulsifiable concentrate intended for dilution with water. In certain applications, liquid fertilizer may replace part of the water as a diluent.

Water as diluent:

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add EH 1403 Herbicide slowly with agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. To prevent separation of the emulsion, mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

This product forms an emulsion and can separate upon extended or prolonged standing. Re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture. Storage of the spray mixture beyond 72 hours is not recommended.

Do not use tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 5 or above pH 8. Buffer the spray solution to alter the pH range as appropriate.

Liquid fertilizers as diluents:

Use suitable sources and rates of fertilizer based upon local recommendations. Refer to the mixing directions on the labels of the liquid fertilizers (eg. UAN or urea solutions). Always perform a jar compatibility test before large scale mixing.

[Note to Supplemental Registrant: The Ground Equipment language can be omitted if not applicable to your sub registration (ie. Hose-end sprayers).]

GROUND EQUIPMENT:

Power sprayers fitted with a boom or spray wand/gun may be used for broadcast applications and spot treatments. For best spray distribution and coverage, select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure accurate and uniform coverage. Boom sprayers equipped with appropriate flat fan nozzles, tips, and screens are suitable for broadcast applications.

Spray volumes of 3 to 175 gallons per acre with spray pressures adjusted to 20 to 40 psi are appropriate. Use higher spray volumes for dense weed populations.

Hand operated sprayers including backpack sprayers, compression sprayers, and knapsack sprayers are appropriate for small turfgrass areas when power equipment is unavailable, uneconomical, or impractical.

This product may cause injury to susceptible/nontarget plants at the use site by contacting the foliage, stems, or roots. To prevent injury to susceptible crops and other desirable broadleaf plants including but not limited to cotton, legumes, tobacco, tomatoes, garden/vegetable crops, and ornamentals (flowers, trees, and shrubs) avoid contact with the spray solution, spray droplets, and spray mist (fine droplets). Do not apply when conditions are conducive to spray drift from the use site to untreated areas.

After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water, or an approved spray tank cleaner and rinse thoroughly before applying other pesticides.

Aerial application is prohibited.

WHERE TO USE:

EH 1403 Herbicide provides selective broadleaf control in warm season and cool season turfgrass in three (3) use sites.

- **Institutional sites** are defined as turf areas around properties or facilities providing a service to public or private organizations including, but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, schools, museums, libraries, sport facilities, golf courses (fairways, aprons, and roughs), and office buildings.
- **Ornamental sites** include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, and areas adjacent to athletic fields.
- Residential/domestic sites are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including, but not limited to apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.

Prohibitions:

- Do not apply to any body of water such as lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays). Do not apply to any shorelines (noncropland sites adjacent to the edges of a body of water) for lakes, streams, rivers, ponds, reservoirs, or estuaries (salt water bays).
- Do not apply to wetlands (swamps, bogs, potholes, or marshes).
- Do not apply to agricultural irrigation water or on agricultural irrigation ditchbanks and canals.
- Do not apply to agricultural drainage water or on agricultural ditchbanks.
- Aerial application is prohibited.

- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.
- Do not apply this product to bentgrass greens, carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where
 desirable clovers are present.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

Turfgrass tolerance:

- The turfgrass tolerance to EH 1403 Herbicide may vary and temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur on certain varieties of hybrid bermudagrass and the listed warm season turf species.
- Do not apply this product to St. Augustinegrass during spring green-up which is the transition period between dormancy and active growth.
- Cultivars of St. Augustinegrass vary in tolerance to this product. Do not apply this product to 'Floratam' St. Augustinegrass..
- Environmental conditions and certain spray tank additives (eg. adjuvants, wetting agents, surfactants), liquid fertilizers, and tank mixtures containing other emulsifiable concentrates may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass.
- The user assumes the responsibility for any turf (plant) injury, damage, or other liability resulting from the use of this product on turf species not listed on this labeling.

These cool season and warm season turfgrass species may be treated:

Cool Season Turf

Kentucky bluegrass
Perennial ryegrass
Tall fescue
Red or fine leaf fescues
Mixtures of cool season species

Warm Season Turf

Bahiagrass
Buffalograss
Centipedegrass
Common bermudagrass
Hybrid bermudagrass
St. Augustinegrass (excluding 'Floratam')
Zoysiagrass

APPLICATION SCHEDULES:

Early postemergent applications of EH 1403 Herbicide are recommended for annual, biennial, and perennial weeds. Apply EH 1403 Herbicide to broadleaf weeds that are young and actively growing for the best results. EH 1403 Herbicide combines a contact herbicide with systemic herbicides and provides little or no residual activity at specified use rates.

EH 1403 Herbicide may be applied as a single broadcast application or as a split/sequential broadcast application in the spring, summer, or fall. Spring and fall treatments under adequate soil moisture conditions are preferred to the summer treatments. Generally, summer broadcast applications to older, drought stressed weeds are less effective.

Sequential broadcast applications or follow-up applications as spot treatments at 30 days are recommended for more mature weeds, for dense infestations, and for adverse environmental conditions.

Spot treatments during the summer may be appropriate for sparse infestations, or as a follow-up treatment, or any time broadleaf weeds are susceptible. Apply on a spray-to-wet basis for the best results.

Extremes in environmental conditions, e.g. temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of EH 1403 Herbicide. Under warm moist conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. While under very dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought are less susceptible to EH 1403 Herbicide.

For newly seeded areas:

The application of EH 1403 Herbicide to grass seedlings is recommended after the second mowing.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

The application of EH 1403 Herbicide to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

For dormant turf:

Applications to dormant bermudagrass and dormant zoysiagrass are suggested.

Prohibitions for application schedules:

Do not broadcast apply when air temperatures exceed 85°F; some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 85°F.

HOW MUCH TO USE: USE RATES AND SPRAY VOLUMES FOR TURFGRASS:

Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds beyond the appropriate growth stages.

Limitations on broadcast treatments for turfgrass on all use sites:

The maximum application rate is 6.67 pints of product per acre per application [1.5]. Ib MCPA ae, 0.46 lb MCPP-p ae, and 0.13 lb dicamba ae per acre per application]. The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 13.34 pints of product per acre per year [13.0] lb MCPA ae, 0.92 lb MCPP-p ae, and 0.25 lb dicamba ae per acre per year [14], excluding spot treatments.

Use rates and spray volumes of EH 1403 Herbicide as broadcast treatments for use on turfgrass are presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1. USE RATES FOR ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURFGRASS.				
Species	Amount of Product	Spray Volume		
Cool Season Turf: Kentucky bluegrass Perennial ryegrass Tall fescue Red or fine leaf fescues Mixtures of cool season species	4 to 6.67 pints/acre (1.5 to 2.4 fl.oz./ 1,000 sq.ft.)	3 to 175 gal/acre (0.1 to 4.0 gal/ 1,000 sq.ft.)		
Warm Season Turf: Common bermudagrass Hybrid bermudagrass Zoysiagrass	2 to 5 pints/acre (0.75 to 1.8 fl.oz./ 1,000 sq.ft.)	3 to 175 gal/acre (0.1 to 4.0 gal/1,000 sq.ft.)		
Bahiagrass, Buffalograss, Centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass (excluding 'Floratam')	2.0 to 3.0 Pints/Acre (0.75 to 1.1 fl.oz. per 1,000 sq.ft.)	3 to 175 gallons/acre (0.1 to 4.0 gal/1,000 sq.ft.)		

SPOT TREATMENTS WITH HAND OPERATED SPRAYERS (INCLUDING BACKPACK SPRAYERS, COMPRESSION SPRAYERS, AND KNAPSACK SPRAYERS):

• For cool season turfgrass, mix 1.5 to 2.4 fl.oz. of EH 1403 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft. of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

• For warm season turfgrass, mix 0.75 to 1.8 fl.oz. of EH 1403 Herbicide per one (1.0) gallon of water for treatment of approximately 1,000 sq.ft. of turfgrass. Apply any time the emerged broadleaf weeds are susceptible.

Limitations on spot treatments for turfgrass on all use sites:

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq.ft. per acre. The maximum application rate is 2.4 fl.oz. per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (0.46 lb MCPP-p acid equivalent per acre). The maximum number of spot treatments is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications.

Ready-to-use hose-end sprayers supplied by Green Garden Products Company® and other suppliers. Dilution factor of 200:1 with a sprayer jar capacity of 8, 16, 24 and 32 fl.oz. This retail sprayer bottle will cover the approximate areas described below when this product is applied to established turfgrass. Over-application or rates above those specified on this label can cause turf injury.

Four Steps to Apply:

- 6. **Measure** the total (entire) lawn area to be sprayed. For rectangular areas, multiply the length by the width to obtain total square feet.
- 7. **TO BEGIN** spraying: Connect a garden hose to the hose-end sprayer. Make sure the control valve on the nozzle is in the OFF position. Turn on water at faucet. Point (Aim) nozzle toward lawn and turn the control valve to the ON position. Water will automatically mix with the product. Spray evenly over the measured area.
- 8. **SPRAY:** Spray evenly over the measured area. Walk at a steady pace. The xx fl.oz. container will treat xxxx sq.ft. of [(cool season)] turfgrass [or xxxx sq.ft. (warm season) turfgrass].
- 9. Optional text: Refer to the view strip [graduated scale] on the side of the container to guide coverage.
- 10. **To STOP** spraying: Turn control valve to the OFF position. Turn off water at faucet. To relieve (discharge) pressure, turn control valve to ON position and wait until water stops spraying before removing sprayer from hose.

Chart 1: Approximate treated areas in sq.ft. for four sizes of retail containers.				
Lawns	8.0 fl.oz. sprayer jar or retail container	1.0 pt. (16 fl.oz.) sprayer jar or retail container	24 fl.oz. sprayer jar or retail container	32 fl.oz. sprayer jar or retail container
Kentucky bluegrass, Perennial ryegrass, Tall fescue, Red or fine leaf fescues and mixtures of cool season species	3,333 to 5,333 sq.ft.	6,666 to 10,666 sq.ft.	9,999 to 15,999 sq.ft.	13,333 to 21,333 sq.ft.
Common bermudagrass, Hybrid bermudagrass and Zoysiagrass	4,444 to 10,667 sq.ft.	8,888 to 21,333 sq.ft.	13,333 to 32,000 sq.ft.	17,778 to 42,667 sq.ft.
Bahiagrass, Buffalograss, Centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass (excluding 'Floratam')	7,260 to 10,890 sq.ft.	14,520 to 21,780 sq.ft.	21,780 to 32,670 sq.ft.	29,040 to 43,560 sq.ft.

CULTURAL TIPS FOR IMPROVED CONTROL:

Irrigation:

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation. Do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 24 hours after application.

Mowing:

• Delay moving 1 to 2 days before and after the application of this product.

Reseeding interval:

• Treated areas may be reseeded 2 weeks after application.

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

EH 1403 Herbicide will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds and will control or suppress other broadleaf weeds that are susceptible to MCPA.

BROADLEAF WEEDS			
Aster, white heath & white	Dock	Lespedeza, common	Redweed
prairie	Dogfennel	Mallow, common	Red sorrel (*sheep sorrel)
Bedstraw	English daisy	Matchweed	Shepherd's purse
Beggarweed, creeping	False dandelion (*spotted	Mouseear chickweed	Spotted spurge
Bindweed	catsear & common catsear)	Old world diamond flower	Spurge, prostrate
Black medic	Field bindweed	Oxalis (*yellow woodsorrel	Thistle
Broadleaf plantain	(*morningglory & creeping	& creeping woodsorrel)	Veronica (*corn speedwell)
Buckhorn plantain	jenny)	Parsley-piert	Virginia buttonweed
Bull thistle	Field oxeye-daisy	Pennsylvania smartweed	White clover (*Dutch clover,
Burclover	(*creeping oxeye)	Pennywort (*dollarweed)	honeysuckle clover, white
Burdock, common	Filaree, whitestem &	Pepperweed	trefoil, & purplewort)
Buttercup, creeping	redstem	Pigweed	Wild carrot
Carpetweed	Florida pusley	Pineappleweed	Wild garlic
Chickweed, common	Ground ivy	Plantain	Wild geranium
Chicory	Groundsel	Poison ivy	Wild lettuce
Cinquefoil	Hawkweed	Poison oak	Wild mustard
Clover	Healall	Prostrate knotweed	Wild onion
Compassplant	Henbit	(*knotweed)	Wild strawberry
Curly dock	Innocence (Blue-eyed	Puncturevine	Wild violet
Dandelion	Mary)	Purple cudweed	Yarrow
Dayflower	Lambsquarters	Purslane	Yellow rocket
Deadnettle	Lawn burweed	Ragweed	
*Synonyms			

BROADLEAF WEEDS [221]			
Annual yellow	Common mullein	Mugwort	Sowthistle
sweetclover	Compassplant	Musk thistle	Spanish needles
Aster	Creeping Jenny (Creeping	Mustard	Speedwell Spiny
Austrian fieldcress	Charlie)	Narrowleaf plantain	amaranth
Bedstraw	Cudweed	Narrowleaf vetch	Spiny cocklebur
Beggarticks Beggarticks	Curly dock	Nettle	Spiny sowthistle
Beggarweed, creeping	Daisy, English	Old world diamond flower	Spotted catsear
Betony, Florida	Daisy fleabane	Orange hawkweed	Spotted spurge
Bindweed, field	Daisy, oxeye	Oriental cocklebur	Spurweed
Bird vetch	Dandelion	Oxalis	Stinging nettle
Bitter wintercress	Dayflower	Parsley-piert	Strawberry, India mock
Bittercress, hairy	Deadnettle	Parsnip	Tall nettle
Bitterweed	Dichondra	Pearlwort	Tall vervain
Black-eyed Susan	Dogbane	Pennsylvania smartweed	Tansy ragwort
Black medic_	Dogfennel	Pennycress Pennycress	Tansy mustard
Black mustard	Dollarweed	Pennywort	Tanweed
Blackseed plantain	Elderberry	Peppergrass Peppergrass	Thistle
Blessed thistle	False dandelion	Pepperweed	Trailing crownvetch
Bloodflower milkweed	Falseflax	Pigweed	Tumble mustard
Blue lettuce	False sunflower	Pineapple weed	Tumble pigweed
Blue vervain	Fiddleneck	Pineywoods bedstraw	Velvetleaf
Bracted plantain	Florida pusley	Plains coreopsis	Venice mallow
Brassbuttons	Frenchweed	(tickseed)	Virginia buttonweed
Bristly oxtongue	Galinsoga	<u>Plantain</u>	Virginia creeper
Broadleaf dock	Goathead	Poison ivy	Virginia pepperweed

BROADLEAF WEEDS [2	221]		
Broadleaf plantain	Goldenrod	Poison oak	Water pennywort
Broomweed	Ground ivy	Pokeweed	Wavyleaf bullthistle
Buckhorn	Groundsel	Poorjoe	Western clematis
Buckhorn plantain	Gumweed	Prairie sunflower	Western salsify
Bull thistle	Hairy fleabane	Prickly lettuce	White mustard
Bullnettle	Hawkweed	Prickly sida	Whitestem filaree
Burclover	Healall	Prostrate knotweed	Wild aster
Burdock	Heartleaf drymary	Prostrate pigweed	Wild buckwheat
Burning nettle	Heathaster	Prostrate spurge	Wild carrot
Burweed	Hedge bindweed	Prostrate vervain	Wild four-o'clock
Buttercup, bulbous	Hedge mustard	Puncturevine	Wild garlic
Buttercup, creeping	Hemp	Purple cudweed	Wild geranium
Buttonweed	Henbit	Purslane, common	Wild lettuce
Canada thistle	Hoary cress	Ragweed	Wild marigold
Carolina geranium	Hoary plantain	Red sorrel	Wild mustard
Carpetweed	Hoary vervain	Redroot pigweed	Wild onion
Catchweed bedstraw	Horsenettle	Redstem filaree	Wild parsnip
Catnip	Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary)	Redweed	Wild radish
Catsear	Jimsonweed	Rough cinquefoil	Wild rape
Chickweed, common	Knawel	Rough fleabane	Wild strawberry
Chickweed, mouseear	Knotweed	Russian pigweed	Wild sweet potato
Chicory	Kochia	Russian thistle	Wild vetch
Cinquefoil	Lambsquarters	Scarlet pimpernel	Wild violet
Clover, crimson	Lawn burweed	Scotch thistle	Woodsorrel
Clover, hop	Lespedeza	Sheep sorrel	Woolly croton
Clover, red	Mallow	Shepherdspurse	Woolly morningglory
Clover, strawberry	Matchweed	Slender plantain	Woolly plantain
Clover, sweet	Mexicanweed	Smallflower galinsoga	Wormseed
Clover, white	Milk vetch	Smooth dock	Yarrow
Cockle	Morningglory	Smooth pigweed	Yellow rocket
Cocklebur	Mouseear hawkweed	Sorrel	Yellowflower pepperweed

(Note to Reviewer: The weeds list above is a combination of the previously approved weeds lists from the sublabel and appendix)

Spray Drift Management:

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Apply only when the wind speed is 2 to 10 mph at the application site. Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph.

Additional requirements for ground boom application: Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency or www.website.com for disposal instructions. Never place unused product

down any indoor or outdoor drain.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY STATEMENT cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

APPENDIX

1. Statements which may appear on different label components depending on packaging configuration.

- See next panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid
- Net Contents:
- EPA Est. No.

21. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:

Herbicide Benefit Claims:

- Visible results in just 24 hours
- · Clover control in as little as one week
- Kills 200+ broadleaf weeds
- Consistently fast control on tough weeds like clover, plantain, ground ivy and spurge [various other listed weeds].
- · Won't harm lawn grass when used as directed
- · See results in hours
- EH 1403 Herbicide will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds and will control or suppress other broadleaf weeds that are susceptible to MCPA [list presented below]
- Fast-acting cool-weather performance with visible effects within hours.

General Marketing Claims:

- Rainfast in as little as 3 hours
- Rainfast [Rainproof] in 3 hours
- Proven cool-weather performance
- For information call XXX-XXXX [contact www.xxx-xxxx.compbigordon.com]
- Covers up to 21,000 sq.ft. (Southern)
- Covers up to [10,500] sq.ft. [(Northern)]
- Covers up to XXX sq.ft.
- · Performs in both warm and cool weather
- For Northern and Southern grasses
- Reseed in 2 weeks
- High-selectivity (turfgrass safety) in established cool and warm-season turfgrass.
- Manufactured in the USA

BROADLEAF WEEDS			
Annual yellow	Cockle	Musk thistle	Spiny amaranth
sweetclover	Cocklebur	Mustard	Spiny cocklebur
Aster	Common mullein	Narrowleaf plantain	Spiny sowthistle
Austrian fieldcress	Creeping Jenny (Creeping	Narrowleaf vetch	Spotted catsear
Bedstraw	Charlie)	Nettle	Spotted spurge
Beggarticks	Cudweed	Orange hawkweed	Spurweed
Betony, Florida	Curly dock	Oriental cocklebur	Stinging nettle
Bindweed, field	Daisy, English	Oxalis	Strawberry, India mock
Bird vetch	Daisy fleabane	Parsley-piert	Tall nettle
Bitter wintercress	Daisy, oxeye	Parsnip _	Tall vervain
Bittercress, hairy	Dandelion	Pearlwort	Tansy ragwort
Bitterweed	Dichondra	Pennycress	Tansy mustard
Black-eyed Susan	Dogbane	Pennywort	Tanweed
Black medic	Dogfennel	Peppergrass	Thistle
Black mustard	Dollarweed	Pepperweed	Trailing crownvetch
Blackseed plantain	Elderberry	Pigweed	Tumble mustard
Blessed thistle	False dandelion	Pineywoods bedstraw	Tumble pigweed
Bloodflower milkweed	Falseflax	Plains coreopsis	Velvetleaf
Blue lettuce	False sunflower	(tickseed)	Venice mallow
Blue vervain	Fiddleneck	<u>Plantain</u>	Virginia buttonweed
Bracted plantain	Florida pusley	Poison ivy	Virginia creeper

BROADLEAF WEEDS			
Brassbuttons	Frenchweed	Poison oak	Virginia pepperweed
Bristly oxtongue	Galinsoga	Pokeweed	Water pennywort
Broadleaf dock	Goathead	Poorjoe	Wavyleaf bullthistle
Broadleaf plantain	Goldenrod	Prairie sunflower	Western clematis
Broomweed	Ground ivy	Prickly lettuce	Western salsify
Buckhorn	Gumweed	Prickly sida	White mustard
Buckhorn plantain	Hairy fleabane	Prostrate knotweed	Wild aster
Bulbous buttercup	Hawkweed	Prostrate pigweed	Wild buckwheat
Bull thistle	Healall	Prostrate spurge	Wild carrot
Bullnettle	Heartleaf drymary	Prostrate vervain	Wild four-o'clock
Burclover	Heathaster	Puncturevine	Wild garlic
Burdock	Hedge bindweed	Purslane, common	Wild geranium
Burning nettle	Hedge mustard	Ragweed	Wild lettuce
Burweed	Hemp	Red sorrel	Wild marigold
Buttercup	Henbit	Redroot pigweed	Wild mustard
Buttonweed	Hoary cress	Redstem filaree	Wild onion
Canada thistle	Hoary plantain	Rough cinquefoil	Wild parsnip
Carolina geranium	Hoary vervain	Rough fleabane	Wild radish
Carpetweed	Horsenettle	Russian pigweed	Wild rape
Catchweed bedstraw	Jimsonweed	Russian thistle	Wild strawberry
Catnip	Knawel	Scarlet pimpernel	Wild sweet potato
Catsear	Knotweed	Scotch thistle	Wild vetch
Chickweed, common	Kochia	Sheep sorrel	Woodsorrel
Chickweed, mouseear	Lambsquarters	Shepherdspurse	Woolly croton
Chicory	Lespedeza	Slender plantain	Woolly morningglory
Cinquefoil	Mallow	Smallflower galinsoga	Woolly plantain
Clover, crimson	<u>Matchweed</u>	Smooth dock	Wormseed
Clover, hop	Mexicanweed	Smooth pigweed	Yarrow
Clover, red	Milk vetch	Sorrel	Yellow rocket
Clover, strawberry	Morningglory	Sowthistle	Yellowflower pepperweed
Clover, sweet	Mouseear hawkweed	Spanishneedles	and other broadleaf
Clover, white	Mugwort	Speedwell	weeds

DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION

- 1. Unique Label Identifier: 002217-00863.20170217.notif-proposed-highlighted
- **2. Reason for Issue:** ad claims, alternate warranty statement, combine use restrictions, combine weeds lists, clarify optional language, formatting, minor corrections

Internal Usage Notes	
Sublabel 1. Associated Container Label: EH 1403 Herbicide	
Sublabel 2. Associated Container Label: Supplemental Distributors	
Sublabel 3. Associated Container Label: Supplemental Distributors	