

2217-751

3/20/2009

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**U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
AGENCY**
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number: 2217-751	Date of Issuance: 20 MAR 2009
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NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:
 _ Registration
X Reregistration
 (under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Name of Pesticide Product:
EH 951 Grass Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):
 PBI/Gordon Corporation
 1217 West 12th St.
 P.O. Box 014090
 Kansas City, MO 64101-0090

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is reregistered in accordance with FIFRA section 4(g)(2)(C) provided you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.
2. Submit one-year Storage Stability (830.6317) and Corrosion Characteristics (830.6320) studies in fulfillment of the PDCI by April 2010.
3. Make the following changes to the product label:
 - a. Revise the heading from "Inert Ingredients" to "Other Ingredients".
 - b. Revise the Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals statement as follows:
 - i) Change the text "Causes eye irritation." to "Causes moderate eye irritation."
 - ii) Remove the text "May cause allergic reactions."
 - iii) The texts "Harmful if absorbed through skin or inhaled." and "Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist." are optional and may be removed.

Continued on page 2

Signature of Approving Official:
 Joanne Miller
 Product Manager 23
 Herbicide Branch
 Registration Division (7505P)

Joanne J. Miller

Date:

20 MAR 2009

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- iv) Remove the text "Wear protective clothing, PVC gloves and apron, and full face shield when handling or mixing concentrate.", and replace with either "Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, and chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or viton." or add a PPE section directly above the First Aid box that reads
- "Applicators and other handlers must wear:
- Long-sleeved shirt,
 - Long pants,
 - Shoes and socks, and
 - Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or viton."
- v) Add the text "Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet."
- c. The First Aid statements for "If Swallowed" and "If Inhaled" are optional due to the acute toxicity review.
- d. It is suggested that the following User Safety Requirements statement be added.
"Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry."
- e. It is suggested that the following User Safety Recommendations statement be added, and preferably placed in a box.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

- f. It is suggested that the following Directions for Use statements be added.
"Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application."
- g. It is suggested that the following restriction be added to the label.
"Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried."
- h. Under Environmental Hazards, remove the phrase "For terrestrial uses", since it is only appropriate for direct aquatic applications.

- i. Under Directions for Use, clarify the product's usage by including directions on "Where to Use" and "When to Use".
- j. On page 2, revise the text to read "...when applied as ~~recommended~~ **directed** on this label."
- k. On page 3, revise the heading to read "Annual and Perennial Grass Control **Recommendations Directions**".
- l. Revise the Container Disposal statement as outlined in PR Notice 2007-4.
- m. Add the phrase "To the extent consistent with applicable law" directly in front of the warranty statement "The manufacturer neither makes nor intends any other express or implied warranties..."

The basic Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF) dated October 8, 2008 is acceptable and will supercede all previous basic and alternate CSFs.

A stamped copy of your label is enclosed for your records. Submit one (1) copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Enclosure

EH 951 GRASS HERBICIDE

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated

20 MAR 2009

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.

EPA Reg. No. 2217-751

2217-751

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Fluazifop-P-butyl: Butyl(R)-2-[4-[[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]oxy]phenoxy]propanoate.....

1.70%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

98.30%

TOTAL:

100.0%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

0.125 lbs. (+) isomer (fluazifop-P-butyl) per gallon.
Contains petroleum distillates.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS
AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

CAUTION: HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR INHALED. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTIONS. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wear protective clothing, PVC gloves and apron, and full face shield when handling or mixing concentrate. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.</p> <p>Note to Physician: Contains petroleum distillates—vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.</p>	

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses, or lawns and grounds.

GENERAL INFORMATION FOR ORNAMENTALS, TREES, SHRUBS, AND GROWDCOVERS: EH 951 is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grass weeds. EH 951 does not control broadleaf weeds or sedges (nutgrass).

Control Symptoms: EH 951 is a systemic herbicide which moves from the treated foliage into the shoots, roots, rhizomes, stolons, and growing points (meristematic regions) of treated grass weeds. Excellent control of a wide range of annual and perennial grass weeds will be obtained with EH 951 when applied as recommended on this label.

Growth of treated grass weeds stops soon after application. Symptoms include loss of vigor, yellowing and/or reddening, and eventual death to the treated grass plant. Symptoms are generally observed within one to three weeks, depending on grass weed species and environmental conditions.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS: EH 951 can be used to control grass weeds in many newly transplanted and established ornamentals, trees, shrubs and groundcovers. Apply to actively growing grass weeds before they exceed the recommended growth stages shown below.

Do not apply EH 951 if rainfall is expected within 1 hour.

"Over-the-top" applications are recommended for the ornamentals listed in Table I. "Over-the-top" applications are defined as spray patterns delivered to the upper portions of the established ornamentals and target weeds. Use sufficient spray volumes to ensure a uniform distribution and complete spray coverage of the target weeds.

Directed spray applications are recommended for the ornamentals listed in Tables II, III, and IV. Directed spray applications are defined as spray patterns aimed or directed toward the lower portion of the established ornamentals, and this method of application will minimize the phytotoxicity of the desired species. If the growth habit of the plant or other factors do not allow a directed spray, an over-the-top application can be made to plants in Table II - IV. However, there is the possibility of damage in the

range listed for each table when applied at label rates. Refer to Table II - IV for the list of ornamental species appropriate for directed spray applications.

DO NOT APPLY TO ORNAMENTALS THAT MAY BE HARVESTED FOR FOOD WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER APPLICATION.

NOTICE TO BUYER AND USER: It is impossible to test every species and variety or cultivar of ornamental plants under all conditions. Plant tolerance of pesticides vary as conditions vary. Plant tolerance of EH 951 at label rates has been found to be acceptable within the ranges specified for the indicated genera and species. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether EH 951 can be used on plants not specified on this label. The user should determine if EH 951 can be used prior to use.

SPOT TREATMENTS FOR ORNAMENTALS, TREES, SHRUBS AND GROWDCOVERS: Mix EH 951 with water according to the amounts shown in the following chart. Spray to obtain thorough coverage, but do not spray to runoff. Retreat if necessary.

To Make Volume	Add EH 951
24 fl.oz.	3.5 tablespoons
32 fl.oz.	2.5 fl.oz. (5 tablespoons)
1 gallon	10 fl.oz. (18 tablespoons)
10 gallons	104 fl.oz.
25 gallons	2 gallons
50 gallons	4 gallons

BROADCAST APPLICATION FOR ORNAMENTALS, TREES, SHRUBS AND GROWDCOVERS: ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL RECOMMENDATIONS

- For annual grass species, use 6 to 9 fluid ounces of EH 951 per 1,000 square feet.
- For perennial grass species, use 9 fluid ounces of EH 951 per 1,000 square feet per application. Three applications will be needed.
- The maximum amount of fluazifop-R-butyl per treated area per season is 1.1 pounds active ingredient per acre per season (27 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. per season).
- Spray to obtain thorough coverage of grass foliage, but not to runoff. Repeat treatments may be necessary to provide full season control.
- Use standard hollow cone or flat fan nozzles.
- Apply EH 951 herbicide to actively growing grasses before they exceed the recommended growth stages shown below.
- Do not apply EH 951 herbicide to grasses which are stressed due to moisture, temperature, low soil fertility, mechanical or chemical injury.
- Do not apply to grasses which have tillered, formed seedheads, or exceeded recommended growth stages.
- Apply EH 951 herbicide when the first grass species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

ANNUALS	
GRASS SPECIES	GROWTH STAGE
Barnyardgrass (<i>Echinochloa crusgalli</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Broadleaf signalgrass (<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>)	
Crabgrass, large (<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>)	
Crabgrass, smooth (<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>)	
Fall Panicum (<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>)	
Field sandbur (<i>Cenchrus pauciflorus</i>)	
Foxtail, giant (<i>Setaria faberi</i>)	
Foxtail, green (<i>Setaria viridis</i>)	
Foxtail, yellow (<i>Setaria lutescens</i>)	
Goosegrass (<i>Eleusine indica</i>)	
Guineagrass, seedling (<i>Panicum maximum</i>)	
Itchgrass (<i>Rottboellia exaltata</i>)	
Johnsongrass, seedling (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)	
Junglerice (<i>Echinochloa contracta</i>)	
Prairie cupgrass (<i>Eriochloa contracta</i>)	
Red rice (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)	
Shattercane/Wildcane/Volunteer milo (<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>)	
Southern sandbur (<i>Cenchrus echinatus</i>)	
Southwestern cupgrass (<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>)	
Texas panicum (<i>Panicum texanum</i>)	
Volunteer barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)	
Volunteer oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>)	
Volunteer rye (<i>Secale cereale</i>)	
Volunteer corn (<i>Zea mays</i>)	
Volunteer wheat (<i>Triticum aestivum</i>)	
Wild oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>)	
Wild proso millet (<i>Panicum milliaceum</i>)	
Witchgrass (<i>Panicum capillare</i>)	
Woolly cupgrass (<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>)	
PERENNIALS	
Grass Species	Growth Stage
Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)	4 to 8 inch runners
Guineagrass (<i>Panicum maximum</i>)	6 to 12 inches tall before seedhead initiation
Quackgrass (<i>Agropyron repens</i>)	6 to 10 inches
Rhizome johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)	8 to 18 inches tall and before boot stage
Torpedograss*	3 to 6 inches tall (1st application)
(<i>Panicum repens</i>)	2 to 3 inches tall (subsequent application)
Wirestem muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>)	4 to 12 inches tall before seedhead initiation
*Use 9 fluid ounces of product per 1,000 square feet per application. Three applications will be needed	

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Alyssum	Alyssum sp.
Poinciana	Caesalpinia cacalaco
Red Yucca	Hesperaloe parviflora
Brazilian Snapdragon	Otocanthus sp.
Wild Petunia	Ruellia californica
Shiny Xylosma	Xylosma senticosa
Abbotswood	Physocarpus fruticoso
Acacia ongerops	Acacia redolens
Admiral	Juniperus horizontalis
African cassia	Cassia didymobotrya
African fern pine	Podocarpus gracilior

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TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
African sumac standard	<i>Rhus lancea</i>
Algerian ivy	<i>Hedera canariensis</i>
Aloe	<i>Aloe vera</i>
Aloe	<i>Aloe zanzibarica</i>
Althea	<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>
American holly	<i>Ilex opaca</i>
American sweetgum	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>
Amoenum	<i>Rhododendron obtusum</i>
Amur river	<i>Ligustrum amurense</i>
Annual statice	<i>Statice sinuate</i>
Anthony Waterer	<i>Spiraea x bumalda</i>
Arizona ash	<i>Fraxinus velutina</i>
Asiatic jasmine	<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>
Aucuba	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Aurea	<i>Philadelphus coronarius</i>
Australian bush cherry	<i>Syzygium paniculatum</i>
Australian tea tree	<i>Leptospermum laevigatum</i>
Australia willow	<i>Geijera parviflora</i>
Austrian pine/Black pine	<i>Pinus nigra</i>
Banksia	<i>Rosa Banksiae</i>
Barbados aloe	<i>Aloe barbadensis</i>
Barrel cactus	<i>Ferocactus sp.</i>
Bellflower	<i>Campanula carpatica</i>
Berkman's	<i>Thuja orientalis</i>
Billiard spirea	<i>Spiraea x billiardii</i>
Bird of paradise	<i>Caesalpinia gilliesii</i>
Bird of paradise	<i>Strelitzia reginae</i>
Bittle brush	<i>Encelia farinose</i>
Blaauw's pink	<i>Rhododendron sp.</i>
Black hills	<i>Picea glauca</i>
Blue point	<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>
Blue spruce	<i>Picea pungens</i>
Blue star creeper	<i>Isotoma sp.</i>
Blue vase juniper	<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>
Bottle-brush	<i>Callistemon lanceolatus</i>
Boule de neige	<i>Rhododendron sp.</i>
Bradford pear	<i>Pyrus calleryana</i>
Brazilian peppertree	<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>
Brown beam	<i>Sedum guatemalense</i>
Brush cherry	<i>Eugenia myrtifolia</i>
Buffalo juniper	<i>Juniperus Sabina</i>
Bush honeysuckle	<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>
Bush lantana	<i>Lantana camara</i>
Bush morningglory	<i>Convolvulus oneorum</i>
California pepper tree	<i>Schinus molle</i>
Camellia	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Canary Island date palm	<i>Phoenix canariensis</i>
Canary Island pine	<i>Pinus canariensis</i>
Candelabra plant	<i>Euphorbia lacteal</i>

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Candytuff	Iberis sempervirens
Cane plumbago	Plumbago capensis
Cape honeysuckle	Tecomaria capensis
Capeweed	Arctotheca calendula
Caricature plant	Graptophyllum pictum
Carob tree	Ceratonia siliqua
Carolina cherry	Prunus caroliniana compacta
Carolina jessamine	Gelsemium sempervirens
Century plant	Agave Americana
Chilean mesquite	Prosopis chilensis
Chinese fan palm	Livistona chinensis
Chinese hibiscus	Hibiscus rose-sinensis
Chinese juniper	Juniperus chinensis
Chionoides rhododendron	Rhododendron catawbiense
Chives	Allium schoenopresum
Cholla cactus	Opuntia Cholla
Cleyera	Cleyera spp.
Cleyera	Ternstroemia gymnanthera
Coffee	Coffea Arabica
Coleus	Coleus x hybridus
Cologreen	Juniperus scopulorum
Common boxwood	Buxus sempervirens
Common yarrow	Achillea millefolium
Compact burningbush	Kochia scoparia trychophylla
Compact cranberrybush viburnum	Viburnum trilobum
Compact inkberry	Ilex glabra
Concolor fir	Abies concolor
Coral beauty	Cotoneaster dammeri
Coral bells	Rhododendron obtusum
Cornelian cherry dogwood	Cornus mas
Coronation gold yarrow	Achillea filipendulina
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster repens
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster apiculata
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster microphyllus
Cranesbill	Geranium pratense
Creeping Charlie	Pilea nummulariifolia
Creeping fig	Ficus repens
Crepe myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica
Crimson pygmy	Berberis thunbergii
Crispa spirea	Spiraea x bumalda
Crossandra	Crossandra nilotica
Croton	Codiaeum variegatum
Crown vetch	Vicia sp.
Daylily	Hemerocallis hybrids
Debbie, Jennie, Mahogany, Stargaze	Gladiolus x hortulanus
Delaware Valley white	Rhododendron sp.
Densata	Picea glauca
Dense yew	Taxus x media
Desert fern tree	Lysiloma thornberii

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Desert gum	<i>Eucalyptus rudis</i>
Desert willow	<i>Pittosporum phylliraeoides</i>
Doublefile viburnum/tomentosum	<i>Viburnum plicatum</i>
Douglas fir	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>
Dusty miller	<i>Centaurea cineraria</i>
Dwarf Alberta	<i>Picea glauca</i>
Dwarf burford holly	<i>Ilex cornuta</i>
Dwarf Ninebark, Nanus	<i>Physocarpus opulifolius</i>
Dwarf Swiss mountain pine	<i>Pinus mugo</i>
Dwarf yaupon/Tall yaupon	<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>
Eastern hemlock	<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>
Eastern white pine	<i>Pinus strobes</i>
Elizabeth Gable	Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid"
Ellen Danica, grape ivy	<i>Cissus rhombifolia</i>
Emerald green	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>
Emerald mound	<i>Lonicera xylosteum</i>
English ivy	<i>Hedera helix</i>
English roseum	<i>Rhododendron catawbiense</i>
Escallonias	<i>Escallonia rubra</i>
Escallonias	<i>Escallonia fradessii</i>
Ethiopia banana	<i>Musa maurelli</i>
Euonymus	<i>Euonymus fortunei</i>
Exotica weeping fig	<i>Ficus benjamina</i>
False spirea	<i>Astilbe x arendsii</i>
Fashion	Rhododendron sp.
Fastadiata	<i>Erythrina fusca</i>
Fatshedera	<i>Fatshedera lizei</i>
Feathery cassia	<i>Cassia artemisioides</i>
Fernleaf yarrow	<i>Achillea filipendulina</i>
Firecracker	<i>Justicia spicigera</i>
Firewheel tree	<i>Stenocarpus sinuatus</i>
Flaviramea	<i>Cornus sericea</i>
Flowering almond	<i>Prunus triloba</i>
Flowering dogwood	<i>Cornus florida</i>
Fosteri holly	<i>Ilex x attenuate</i>
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia x intermedia</i>
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia sp.</i>
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia intermedia</i>
Fransher evergreen	<i>Aglanoma commutatum</i>
Froebelii	<i>Spiraea x bumalda</i>
Gardenia, dwarf	<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>
Gay feather	<i>Liatris spicata</i>
Gazania gold rush	<i>Gazania splendens</i>
Geranium	<i>Pelargonium domesticum</i>
Gerard's rose	Rhododendron sp.
Giant bird of paradise	<i>Strelitzia nicolai</i>
Giant dumbcane	<i>Dieffenbachia amoena</i>
Giant/King protea	<i>Protea cynaroids</i>
Gibraltar	Rhododendron sp.

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:	
Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Globosa	Thuja occidentalis
Gloria	Rhododendron sp.
Glossy abelia	Abelia grandiflora
Golden bamboo	Phyllostachys aurea
Golden fruited palm	Chrysalidocarpus lutescens(small)
Gold coast juniper	Juniperus chinensis
Gold drop	Physocarpus fruticoso
Gold drop, Primrose beauty	Potentilla fruticoso
Gold flame	Spiraea x bumalda
Gold tip	Juniperus chinensis
Grapefruit	Citrus paradise
Grayleaved euryops	Euryops pectinatus
Green lirioppe/Variogated lirioppe	Lirioppe muscari
Green palo verde	Parkinsonia aculeata
Green stone crop	Sedum brevifolium
Greeting	Rhododendron sp.
Gumpo pink	Rhododendron sp.
Gumpo white	Rhododendron sp.
Gum-barked coolibah	Eucalyptus microtheca
Hahn red	Rhododendron sp.
Hahnii/Mother-in-law's tongue	Sansevieria Trifasciata
Hahn's ivy	Hedera helix hahnii
Hedgehog cactus	Echniocactus sp.
Hen and chickens	Sempervivum tectorum
Herbert	Rhododendron sp.
Hicks yew	Taxus x media
Hinoki falsecypress	Chamaecyparis obtusa
Hino red	Rhododendron sp.
Hollyhock	Alcea rosea
Hollywood	Juniperus chinensis
Honey locust/Shade master	Gleditsia triacanthos var. inermis
Hybrid tea rose	Rosa hybrida
H.H. Hume	Rhododendron sp.
Indian laurel	Ficus macrocarpa nitida
Indian laurel	Ficus nitida
Iris	Iris sp.
Ironwood	Oneya tesota
Italian cypress	Cupressus sempervirens
Ivy geranium	Pelargonium peltatum
Ixora	Ixora coccinea
Jacaranda	Jacaranda acutifolia
Jackmanni	Physocarpus fruticoso
James McFarlane Lilac	Syringa villosa
Japanese boxwood	Buxus microphylla var. japonica
Japanese holly	Ilex crenata
Japanese laurel	Aucuba japonica variegata
Japanese pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis
Japanese yew	Taxus cuspidate
Japparden juniper	Juniperus procumbens

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:	
Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Jim wheat acacia	<i>Aciacia schafnerii</i>
Joboba	<i>Simmondsia chinensis</i>
Judd	<i>Viburnum x juddii</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>
Kaempo	<i>Rhododendron sp.</i>
Kaffir lily	<i>Clivia miniata</i>
Keteleeri	<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>
Kluis sensation	<i>Rhododendron sp.</i>
Korean azalea/Poukhanense	<i>Rhododendron yedoense</i>
Korean boxwood	<i>Buxus microphylla var. koreana</i>
Korean lilac	<i>Syringa patula</i>
Lavender cotton	<i>Santolina chamaecy parissus</i>
Lawson cypress	<i>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</i>
Lees dark purple	<i>Rhododendron catawbiense</i>
Lily-of-the-valley bush	<i>Pieris japonica</i>
Liriope	<i>Liriope spicata</i>
Lodense pyracantha	<i>Pyracantha koidzumii</i>
Mahonia	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>
Manila ripple	<i>Schefflera arboricola</i>
Maple/Japanese	<i>Acer palmatum</i>
Marigold	<i>Tagetes sp.</i>
Marigold	<i>Calendula sp.</i>
Masasoit	<i>Rhododendron sp.</i>
Mediterranean fan palm	<i>Chamaerops humilis</i>
Mentor barberry	<i>Berberis mentorensis</i>
Meserve holly	<i>Ilex x Meserveae</i>
Mexican border pine	<i>Pinus strobiformus</i>
Mexican fan palm	<i>Washingtonia robusta</i>
Mexican indigo	<i>Justicia spicigera</i>
Micans velvetleaf philodendron	<i>Philodendron oxycardium</i>
Mirror plant	<i>Coprosma baueri</i>
Mojave firethorn	<i>Pyracantha koidzumii x coccinea</i>
Moneywort/Wandering Sally	<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i>
Moon glow	<i>Sansevieria sp.</i>
Morrow honeysuckle	<i>Lonicera x morrowii</i>
Mother's Day	<i>Rhododendron sp.</i>
Myres asparagus	<i>Asparagus densiflorus</i>
Nanum	<i>Viburnum opulus</i>
Narrow-leaf gimlet	<i>Eucalyptus spathulata</i>
Natal plum	<i>Carissa grandiflora tuttlei</i>
Newport red	<i>Weigela florida</i>
New Zealand Christmas tree	<i>Metrosideros excelsus</i>
Nicks compact juniper	<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>
Noble fir	<i>Abies procera</i>
Norfolk Island pine	<i>Araucaria heterophylla</i>
Norway maple	<i>Acer platanoides</i>
Norway spruce	<i>Picea abies</i>
Oakleaf hydrangea	<i>Hydrangea quercifolia</i>
Oak, live	<i>Quercus virginiana</i>

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:	
Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Ocotillo	Fouquieria splendens
Oleander-leaved protea	Protea neriifolia
Olive tree	Olea europaea
Oregon grapeholly	Magnolia sp.
Ornamental strawberry	Fragaria chiloensis
Osmanthus, tea olive	Osmanthus fragans
O'Connors legume	Trifolium fragiferum
Pagoda flower	Clerodendrum speciosum
Painted evergreen	Aglanoma crispum
Palibin	Syringa meyeri
Panicle hydrangea	Hydrangea paniculata
Parsley panax	Polyscias fruticosa
Parsoni	Juniperus chinensis
Passion vine	Passiflora pfordtii
Pepin	Juniperus Sabina
Pericat	Rhododendron sp.
Periwinkle	Vinca major
Periwinkle, Myrtle, dwarf	Vinca minor
Peter Pan lily of the Nile	Agapanthus africanus
Petunia	Petunia sp.
Philodendron	Philodendron selloum
Photinia	Photinia x fraseri
Pink clover	Polygonum capitatum
Pink lady	Raphiolepis indica
Pink pearl	Rhododendron sp.
Pink weigelia	Weigela florida
Pink, variegated, petite oleander	Nerium oleander
Plumosa	Chamaecyparis pisifera
Plumosa	Juniperus horizontalis
President Lincoln	Rhododendron sp.
Privet/California	Ligustrum ovalifolium
Prize	Rhododendron sp.
Prostrate myoporum	Myoporum parvifolium
Protea	Protea compacta
Protea	Protea eximia
Protea	Protea repens
Purple elegans	Rhododendron catawbiense
Purple false eranthemum	Pseuderanthemum atropurpureum
Purple gem	Rhododendron sp.
Purple hopseed bush	Dodonea viscosa puplurea
Purple lantana (trailing)	Lantana sellowiana
Purple splendor	Rhododendron
Purple trailing ice plant	Mesembryanthemum lampranthus
Pussyfoot, flossflower	Ageratum sp.
Pygmy date palm	Phoenix roebelenii
Pyracantha	Pyracantha graberi
Pyramidalis	Thuja occidentalis
Queen palm	Acrecastrum romanzoffianum
Queen palm	Cocos plumose

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:	
Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Radiator plant	Peperomia scandens
Raspberry ice	Bougainvillea sp.
Red bearberry	Arctostaphylos uva-ursi
Red box gum	Eucalyptus polyanthemos
Red bud	Cercis Canadensis
Red cedar	Juniperus virginiana
Red fountain grass	Pennisetum setaceum
Reg gum	Eucalyptus rostrata
Red pine	Pinus resinosa
Red ruffle	Rhododendron sp.
Red spike ice plant	Mesembryanthemum lampranthus spectabilis
Red twig dogwood	Cornus sericea
Red wing	Rhododendron sp.
Rhododendron	Rhododendron formosa
Road runner	Rhododendron sp.
Rock rose	Cistus hybridus
Rose	Rosa sp.
Rosebud	Rhododendron sp.
Rosemary dwarf	Rosmarinus officinalis prostratus
Roseum elegan	Rhododendron catawbiense
Roseum superbum	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rose greely	Rhododendron
Rose ice plant	Mesembryanthemum drosanhemum hispidum
Royalty	Rhododendron sp.
Royal beauty	Cotoneaster dammeri
Rubber tree	Ficus elastica decora
Russian olive	Elaeagnus augustrifolia
Rutherfordiana Constance	Rhododendron sp.
Sago palm	Cycus revolute
Saguaro cactus	Carnegiea gigantea
Salmon spray	Rhododendron sp.
Saltbrush	Atriplex sp.
Salvia, sage	Salvia greggii
Sandankwa viburnum	Viburnum suspensum
Sandwort	Arenaria verna
San Jose	Juniperus chinensis
Sargent juniper	Juniperus chinensis
Sasanqua camellia	camellia sasanqua
Scarlet firethorn, Lalandei	Pyracantha coccinea
Scotch heather	Calluna vulgaris
Scotch pine	Pinus sylvestris
Sedum	Sedum spectabile
Sedum	Sedum x rubrotinctum
Senna	Cassia sturtii
Serbian spruce	Picea omorika
Shasta daisy	Chrysanthemum x superbum
Shield fern	Polystichum capense
Shoe-string acacia	Acacia stenophylla
Shore juniper	Juniperus conferta

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:	
Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Showy crabapple	Malus floribunda
Siebold	Euonymus alata
Silk oak	Grevillea robusta
Silver King	Euonymus japonica
Silver maple	Acer saccharinum
Silver Queen evergreen	Aglaonoma commutatum
Skandia	Juniperus Sabina
Slender deutzia	Deutzia gracilis
Snow	Rhododendron sp.
Snowmound spirea	Spireaea nipponica
Snow in summer	Cerastium tomentosum
Sour orange	Citrus aurantium
Spanish dagger	Yucca gloriosa
Spider flower	Grevillea rosmarinifolia
Spreading cotoneaster	Cotoneaster divaricatus
Spreading euonymus	Euonymus kiautschovica
Sprengeri	Asparagus densiflorus
Sprenger asparagus	Asparagus densiflorus
Star jasmine	Trachelospermum jasminoides
Star magnolia	Magnolia stellata
Stewartstonian	Rhododendron sp.
Swamp immortella	Eruthrina fusca
Sweetheart	Rhododendron sp.
Sweet William	Dianthus barbatus
Sword fern	Nephrolepis exaltata
Tabor	Rhododendron sp.
Tahitian gardenia	Gardenia taitensis
Tallhedge buckthorn	Rhamnus frangula
Techny	Thuja occidentalis
Techny american arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis
Texas privet	Ligustrum texanum
Texas sage	Leucophyllum frutescens
Thayeri yew	Taxus x media
Threadleaf coreopsis	Coreopsis verticillata
Ti	Cordyline terminalis
Tortuosa corkscrew willow	Salix matsudana
Torulosa	Juniperus chinensis
Tradition	Rhododendron sp.
Treasure flower	Gazania uniflora leucholaena
Treubii ribbon evergreen	Aglaonema commutatum
Variegated firethorn	Pyracantha angustifolia
Variegated hosta	Hosta lancifolia
Varigated mirror plant	Coprosma repens
Viburnum	Viburnum odoratissium
Viburnum/Japanese snowball	Viburnum dentatum
Viburnum/willowwood	Viburnum x rhytidophylloides
Vicari	Ligustrum x Vicari
Waffle plant/Metallic plant	Hemigraphis sp.
Water willow	Jacobinia ghiesbreghtiana

TABLE 1. "Over-The-Top" applications may be applied to the following ornamentals:

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Wax myrtle	Myrica cerifera
Weeping dagger	Yucca pendula
Weeping forsythia	Forsythia suspensa
Weeping willow	Salix alba
Welleri	Buxus sempervirens
Western/Ponderosa pine	Pinus ponderosa
Wheeler's dwarf, variegated	Pittosporum Tobira
White African daisy	Osteospermum fruticosum alba
White cascade	Rhododendron sp.
White Catawba	Rhododendron catawbiense
White cedar	Thuja occidentalis
Willowleaf cotoneaster	Cotoneaster salicifolius franch
Willow acacia	Acacia saligna
Willow-leaved acacia	Acacia salicina
Windmill palm	Chamaerops excelsa
Witchita blue	Juniperus scopulorum
Woodwardii	Thuja occidentalis
Hawthorn, Yedda/Indian	Raphiolepis umbellata
Yellow bells	Tecoma stans angustate
Yellow oleander tree	Thevetia peruviana
Yew pine	Podocarpus macrophylla
Yucca	Yucca filamentosa

TABLE 2. Directed Applications are recommended to minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a **directed spray** to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity of up to 20% when EH 951 herbicide is applied "over-the-top" at label rates.

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Arcadia	Juniperus Sabina
Blue Pacific	Juniperus conferta
Blue rug	Juniperus horizontalis
Broadmoor	Juniperus Sabina
Bugle weed	Ajuga variegata
California Bush Daisy	Gamolepsis chrysanthemoides
Carmel Ceanothus	Ceanothus griseus
Cats claw, Yellow trumpet	Bignonia tweediana
Chinese snowball	Viburnum macrocephalum
Columbine	Aquilegia hybrida
Eureka	Rhododendron obtusum
Fetterbush	Leucothoe axillaries
Fraser fir	Abies fraseri
Gallery	Gladiolus x hortulanus
Gazania	Gazania ringens
Green carpet	Herniaria glabra
Green fountain grass	Pennisetum setaceum
Grey owl	Juniperus virginiana
Heavenly bamboo	Nandina domestica
Hughes	Juniperus horizontalis
Indica	Rhododendron indicum
Japanese honeysuckle	Lonicera japonica

TABLE 2. Directed Applications are recommended to minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a **directed spray** to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity of up to 20% when EH 951 herbicide is applied "over-the-top" at label rates.

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Japanese privet	Ligustrum japonicum
Kurume	Rhododendron obtusum
Lavender star plant	Grewia caffra
Lemon-scented gum	Eucalyptus citriodora
Leyland cypress	Cupressocyparis leylandi
Lilac	Syringa chinensis
Maki	Podocarpus macrophyllus
Maney	Juniperus chinensis
Maple/red	Acer rubrum
Massangeana, dracaena	Dracaena fragans
Mondo grass	Ophiopogon japonicum
Nana	Juniperus chinensis
Old gold	Juniperus chinensis
Oleander	Nerium oleander standard
Oyster plant	Rhoeo spathacea
Pathfinder	Juniperus scopulorum
Pfitzeriana	Juniperus chinensis
Philodendron	Philodendron sp.
Pineapple guava	Feijoa sellowiana
Prickly pear cactus	Opuntia sp.
Prostrata	Juniperus chinensis
P.J.M.	Rhododendron sp.
Robusta	Juniperus chinensis
Ruellia	Ruellia ciliosa
San Jose	Juniperus japonica
Scandia	Juniperus Sabina
Sky rocket	Juniperus virginiana
Spearmint	Juniperus chinensis
Spring cinquefoil	Potentilla verna
Strawberry tree	Arbutus unedo
Tamariseifolia	Juniperus Sabina
Temple tree	Plumeria acuminata
Tricolor dracaena	Dracaena marginata
Vanhoutte spirea	Spiraea x vanhoutteii
Variagata	Juniperus horizontalis
Variogated ajuga	Ajuga reptans
Webberi	Juniperus horizontalis
Weeping bottle-brush	Callistemon viminalis
Welchii	Juniperus scopulorum
White lantana	Lantana montevidensis
Willow	Salix caroliniana
Wiltonii	Juniperus horizontalis
Youngtown compacta	Juniperus horizontalis

TABLE 3. Directed Applications are recommended to minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a **directed spray** to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity of up to 50% when EH 951 herbicide is applied **“over-the-top”** at label rates.

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
	Cassia condolioma
	Hibiscus lepenk
Armstrongii	Juniperus chinensis
Baby rubber plant	Peperomia obtusifolia
Bleeding heart	Dicentra spectabilis
Bottle tree	Brachychiton populneus
Burkii	Juniperus virginiana
Bush Acacia	Acacia latifolia
Carrot wood	Cupaniopsis anacardioides
Chinese crenate croton	Exococaria cochichinensis
Cordyline	Cordyline stricta
Coromandel	Asystasia gangetica
Desert broom	Baccharis sarothroides
Excelsa striata	Juniperus scopulorum
Fiddlewood	Citharexylum spinosum
Formosa	Rhododendron indicum
Fragrant sumac	Rhus aromatica
Hearts and flowers	Aptenia cordifolia
Hersey red	Rhododendron obtusum
Hinodegeri	Rhododendron obtusum
Hino pink	Rhododendron obtusum
Jade plant	Crassula argentea
Janet Craig/Warneckii	Dracaena deremensis
Karen	Rhododendron poukhanense
Kings crown	Justicia carnea
Laurel-leaved thunbergia	Thunbergia laurifolia
Marble Queen pothos	Epipremnum aureum
Mexican evening primrose	Oenothera berlandieri
Narrow leaved black peppermint	Eucalyptus nicholii
Pinkhead knotweed	Polygonum capitatum
Red justicia	Odontonema strictum
Shrimp plant	Justicia brandegeana
Slipper flower	Pedilanthus tithymaloides
Sonoran palo verde	Cercidium praecox
Southern magnolia	Magnolia grandifolia
Spiny Greek	Juniperus scopulorum
Swedish ivy	Plectranthus australis
Sweet acacia	Acacia farnesiana
Tifblue blueberry	Vaccinium ashei
Umbrella plant	Cyperus alternifolius
White ice plant (trailing)	Mesembryanthemum delosperma alba
White shrimp plant	Justicia betonia
Yellow shrimp plant	Pachystachys lutea

TABLE 4. Directed Applications are recommended to minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a **directed spray** to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity greater than 50% when EH 951 herbicide is applied "over-the-top" at label rates.

Common Name/Variety	Scientific Name
Australia tree fern	Alsophia australis
Bar harbor	Juniperus horizontalis
Birch/River	Betula nigra
Blue chip	Juniperus horizontalis
Blue haven	Juniperus scopulorum
Boulevard falsecypress	Chamaecyparis pisifera
Chandelier plant	Kalanchoe tubiflora
Compacta	Euonymus alata
Hinocrimson	Rhododendron obtusum
Jacob's coat	Acalypha godseffiana hertophylla
Katherine Dykes	Physocarpus fruticosa
Lavender-scallops	Kalanchoe fedtschenkoi
Madagascar periwinkle	Catharanthus roseus
Pampas grass	Cortaderia selloana
Prince of Wales	Juniperus horizontalis
Purple heart	Setcreasea purpurea
Sea green	Juniperus chinensis
Spider plant	Chlorophytum comosum
Wandering Jew	Zebrina pendula

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON TURFGRASS:

Turfgrass Species: EH 951 Grass Herbicide may be applied only to the following established turfgrass species: Tall fescue, Zoysiagrass. **Do not** apply this product to any other turfgrass species.

Weed Species Suppressed: EH 951 will control or suppress the growth of common bermudagrass and hybrid bermudagrass in tall fescue and zoysiagrass lawns. EH 951 Herbicide controls only emerged bermudagrass at the time of application.

For spot treatments of tall fescue with hand-operated sprayers: Make applications in the spring and fall. Begin applications in early spring (April-May) as bermudagrass begins growth. Avoid applications to tall fescue during the summer months (July and August). Continue applications at 30-day intervals from late summer until fall to maintain the growth suppression of bermudagrass. Complete control may take 1-2 growing seasons.

Avoid applications to tall fescue under stress due to drought, temperature extremes, or chemical injury. Use hand-operated sprayers (backpack sprayers, compression or pump-up sprayers, knapsack sprayers or tank type sprayers). Add 2.0 fl. oz. of products per one (1.0) gallon of water to treat each 1,000 sq. ft. of turf. Additional spray preparations for tall fescue are presented in the following table:

Amount of Product	Amount of Spray Needed (at rate of one gallon per 1,000 sq. ft. of turf)		
	1 gallon	2 gallons	5 gallons
Fluid Ounces (fl.oz.)	2	4	10
Teaspoons (tsp.)	12	24	64
Equal measures: 1.0 fl. oz. = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.) and 8 fl. oz. = 1 cup			

Allow time (up to 24 hours) for this product to be absorbed and translocated before mowing the treated area. Wait 14 days before re-seeding treated areas of tall fescue.

Note: The application of this product will show slight discoloration to the desirable turfgrass. Symptoms are temporary and chlorosis will subside.

For spot treatments of zoysiagrass with hand-operated sprayers: Begin applications in late spring (near June 1) as bermudagrass begins growth. Repeat applications at 30-day intervals throughout the summer until fall to continue the growth suppression of bermudagrass. Complete control may take 1-2 growing seasons.

Avoid applications to zoysiagrass under stress due to drought, temperature extremes, or chemical injury. Use hand-operated sprayers (backpack sprayers, compression or pump-up sprayers, knapsack sprayers or tank type sprayers). Add 1.3 fl. oz. of product per one (1.0) gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft. of turf. Additional spray preparations for zoysiagrass are presented in the following table:

Amount of Product	Amount of Spray Needed (at rate of one gallon per 1,000 sq. ft. of turf)		
	1 gallon	2 gallons	5 gallons
Fl. oz.	1.3	2.6	6.5
Teaspoons (tsp.)	8.0	16.0	40.0
Equal measures: 1.0 fl. oz. = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.) and 8 fl. oz. = 1 cup			

Allow time (up to 24 hours) for this product to be absorbed and translocated before mowing the treated area.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse container.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state land local authorities by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use

THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

APPENDIX

1. Statements which may appear on different label components depending on packaging configuration.

- See next panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid
- Net Contents: _____
- EPA Est. No. _____

2. Previously approved advertising claims that may be used on the container labeling of supplemental registrations.

- Kills bermudagrass in flower and shrub beds...without harming most desirable plants.
- 16 ounces of product makes 1.6 gallons of spray.
- Kills down to the root.
- Control Grass In Ornamentals, Nurseries & Landscaping
- See Label Directions for Species Not to be Sprayed Over-The-Top
- Kills unwanted grasses in and around ornamentals [or ornamental plants].
- Spray ornamentals "over-the-top"

DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION

1. Unique Label Identifier: 002217.00751.20071029

2. Previous Version: AP092704

3. Reason for Issue: 8-month response for reregistration, reformatted label