



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 2, 2016

James L Kuntsman
Vice President
Regulatory Affairs
PBI/Gordon Corporation
P.O. Box 01490
Kansas City, MO

Subject: Label Amendment – Making formatting changes and notations required in California
Product Name: Ornamec
EPA Registration Number: 2217-728
Application Date: 2/8/2016
Decision Number: 513908

Dear James L Kuntsman:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

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Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Nathan Mellor by phone at 703-347-8562, or via email at mellor.nathan@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

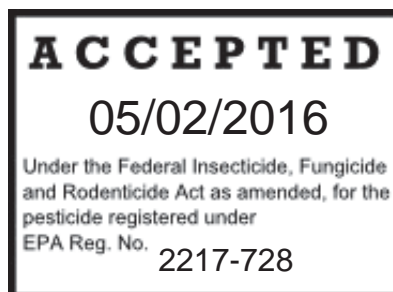
A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Heather Garvie".

Heather Garvie, Product Manager 24
Fungicide and Herbicide
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

ORNAMEC®

EPA Reg. No. 2217-728



ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Fluazifop-P-butyl: Butyl(*R*)-2-[4-[[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]oxy]phenoxy]propanoate 6.75%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 93.25%

TOTAL 100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

0.5 lb (+) isomer (fluazifop-P-butyl) per gallon.

Contains petroleum distillates, xylene or xylene range aromatic solvent.

ORNAMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/Gordon Corporation.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

Mandatory Labeling Statements which will appear on different label components depending on packaging configuration.

Referral Statement: See attached booklet for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use (including First Aid and Storage and Disposal). [or similar language dependent on configuration of container label]

Net Contents: _____

EPA Est. No. _____

Company Name and Address:

PBI/Gordon Corporation

1217 West 12th Street

Kansas City, Missouri 64101



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of barrier laminate or viton (> or = 14 mils).

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- shoes and socks, and
- chemical-resistant gloves

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.• Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.

Note to Physician: Contains Petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170.

This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear: coveralls, chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, or Viton, and shoes plus socks.

[1.] Product Description

[Ornamec®] is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grass weeds.

[Ornamec®] does not control broadleaf weeds or sedges (nutgrass).

Control Symptoms -- [Ornamec®] is a systemic herbicide which moves from the treated foliage into the shoots, roots, rhizomes, stolons, and growing points (meristematic regions) of treated grass weeds. Excellent control of a wide range of annual and perennial grass weeds will be obtained with [Ornamec®] when applied as directed on this label.

Growth of treated grass weeds stops soon after application. Symptoms include loss of vigor, yellowing and/or reddening, and eventual death to the treated grass plant. Symptoms are generally observed within one to three weeks, depending on grass weed species and environmental conditions.

[Ornamec®] can be used to control grass weeds in many newly transplanted and established ornamentals, trees, shrubs and groundcovers in noncrop areas. See the following Tables 6 through 9 for specific uses.

Application of [Ornamec®] may be made over-the-top to ornamentals listed in Table 6. Over-the-top applications are defined as spray patterns delivered to the upper portions of the established ornamentals and target weeds. Use sufficient spray volumes to ensure a uniform distribution and complete spray coverage of the target weeds. Plants listed in Tables 7 through 9 should have a directed spray applied to prevent contact of spray with foliage. Directed spray applications are defined as spray patterns aimed or directed toward the lower portion of the established ornamentals, and this method of application will minimize the phytotoxicity of the desired species. If the growth habit of the plant or other factors do not allow a directed spray, an over-the-top application can be made to plants in Table 7 through 9; however, there is the possibility of damage in the range listed for each table when applied at label rates. Do not apply to ornamentals that may be harvested for food within one year after application. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

NOTICE TO BUYER AND USER: It is impossible to test every species and variety or cultivar of ornamental or nursery plants under all conditions. Plant tolerance of pesticides vary as conditions vary. Plant tolerance of [Ornamec®] at label rates has been found to be acceptable within the ranges specified for the indicated genera and species. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not [Ornamec®] can safely be used on plants not specified on this label. The professional user should determine if [Ornamec®] can be used safely prior to use.

[2.] Annual and Perennial Grass Control in Ornamentals, Nurseries, and Landscaping

Not for use in vegetable gardens or on fruit-bearing trees and shrubs intended for consumption.

Spray to obtain thorough coverage of grass foliage, but not to the point of runoff. Do not apply [Ornamec®] if rainfall is expected within 1 hour. Repeat treatments may be necessary to provide full season control. Apply [Ornamec®] to actively growing grasses before they exceed the growth stages specified in Tables 4 and 5. Apply [Ornamec®] when the first grass species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.

Do not apply the herbicide to grasses which are stressed due to moisture, temperature, low soil fertility, mechanical or chemical injury. Do not apply to grasses which have exceeded the specified growth stages (See Tables 4 and 5).

BROADCAST TREATMENTS: Use 64 to 96 fl.oz. of [Ornamec®] to 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre (1.5 to 2.2 fl.oz./1000 sq.ft.). Always add a nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface wetting agent [(such as AquaZorb CA)] at 0.25% vol./vol. (8 fl.oz. per 25 gallons) of finished spray volume. To control perennial grasses, use 96 fl.oz. of [Ornamec®] per acre per application and multiple applications will be needed.

SPOT TREATMENTS: Mix [Ornamec®] and only a nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)] with 1 gallon of water per 1,000 square feet according to the amounts shown below. Spray to obtain thorough coverage, but do not spray to the point of runoff. Retreat if necessary.

Table 1: Spot Treatments in Ornamentals, Nurseries, and Landscaping		
To Make This Spray Volume	Add These Amounts	
	[Ornamec®]	Nonionic Surfactant
1 gallon	2.5 fl.oz. (5 Tbs)	0.3 fl.oz.
10 gallon	26 fl.oz.	3 fl.oz.
25 gallon	64 fl.oz.	8 fl.oz.
50 gallon	128 fl.oz.	16 fl.oz.
Equal measures: 1 fluid ounce (fl.oz.) = 2 tablespoons (Tbs) = 6 teaspoons (tsp) and 8 fl.oz. = 1 cup		

[3.] Bermudagrass Control In Zoysiagrass and Tall Fescue Turf

[Ornamec®] may be used to suppress and eventually control some undesirable grasses in turf areas. To control common bermudagrass and hybrid bermudagrass, follow the directions below:

Note: The application of this product may show slight discoloration to the desirable turfgrass. Symptoms are temporary and discoloration will subside. Do not apply to tall fescue turf unless injury can be tolerated. Weather and cultural treatments can also affect applications.

[3.1] Bermudagrass Control in Zoysiagrass

Late Spring: For broadcast applications, use 12 to 16 fl.oz. of this product in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre (0.3 to 0.4 fl.oz./1000 sq.ft.) with a nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)]. This application should be made once bermudagrass is fully green and retreated if necessary. Retreat in 14 to 21 days if regrowth occurs. For spot treatments, use 0.3 fluid ounce (2 teaspoons) of this product and 0.3 fluid ounce (2 teaspoons) of nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)] in one gallon of water to treat 1,000 square feet.

Mid Summer: During hot summer weather, apply 16 to 20 fl.oz. of product per acre (0.4 to 0.5 fl.oz./1000 sq.ft.) with a nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)]. For spot treatments, use 0.4 fluid ounces (2.5 teaspoons) of this product and 0.3 fluid ounce (2 teaspoons) of nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)] in one gallon of water to treat 1,000 square feet. **Note:** The 20 fluid ounce rate may cause temporary turf discoloration

Late Summer: When bermudagrass is preparing for dormancy, apply 8 to 12 fl.oz. of this product per acre (0.2 fl.oz. to 0.3 fl.oz./1000 sq.ft.) with a nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)]. For spot treatments, use 0.25 fluid ounces (1.5 teaspoons) of this product with 0.3 fluid ounce (2 teaspoons) of nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)] in one gallon of water to treat 1,000 square feet.

[3.2] Bermudagrass Control in Tall Fescue

For spot treatments of tall fescue with hand-operated sprayers: Make applications in the spring and fall. Start applications after bermudagrass is fully green. Repeat in 14 to 21 day intervals if regrowth occurs. Complete control may take 1 to 2 growing seasons. Use hand-operated sprayers (backpack sprayers, compression or pump-up sprayers, or tank type sprayers). Add 0.5 fl.oz. of product with 0.3 fl.oz. of nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)] per 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq.ft. of turf.

For broadcast treatment of tall fescue: For broadcast applications, use 17 to 21 fl.oz. of product in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre (0.4-0.5 fl.oz./1000 sq.ft.) with a nonionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)]. This application should be made once bermudagrass is fully green and retreated if necessary. Retreat in 14 to 21 days if regrowth occurs. Complete control may take 1 to 2 growing seasons.

Take care with applications to tall fescue during the summer months (July and August). Avoid applications to tall fescue under stress due to drought, temperature extremes, or chemical injury.

Allow time (up to 24 hours) for this product to be absorbed and translocated before mowing the treated area. Wait 14 days before re-seeding treated areas of tall fescue.

Note: The application of this product may show slight discoloration to the desirable turfgrass. Symptoms are temporary and discoloration will subside. Do not apply to tall fescue turf unless injury can be tolerated. Weather and cultural treatments can also affect applications.

[4.] Dallisgrass* Control in Tall Fescue

Make a single application of [Ornamec®] at 24 fl.oz. per acre (0.6 fl.oz./1000 sq.ft.) in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre to control dallisgrass in tall fescue turf in the spring. Add a non-ionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)] at 0.25% v/v (0.3 fl.oz. or 2 teaspoons per gallon of spray mix) to improve efficacy.

For spot treatment applications, mix 0.6 fl.oz. of [Ornamec®] plus 1/3 fl.oz. of a non-ionic surfactant [(such as AquaZorb CA)] per one gallon of water to treat 1,000 square feet.

Note: The application of this product to tall fescue turf may show slight discoloration. Symptoms are temporary and discoloration will subside. Do not apply to tall fescue turf unless injury can be tolerated. Weather and cultural treatments can also affect applications. Use a minimum spray volume of 30 gallons of water per acre.

Application timing is critical and is determined by Growing Degree Days (GDD). GDD units are determined by the following calculation:

$$\frac{\text{Max daily temp (in } ^\circ\text{F)} + \text{Minimum daily temp (in } ^\circ\text{F)}}{2} - 50^\circ\text{F} = \text{GDD}$$

If the calculation is zero or a negative number, it is ignored. Add each day's GDD units beginning on January 1st. When your total reaches 270 to 360 GDD, apply the [Ornamec®]. Effective dallisgrass control will only be obtained in this GDD range.

Table 3: Example of GDD Tracking						
Date	Max Temp	Min Temp	Average	Subtract 50	Daily GDD	Total GDD
Day 1	75	45	60	10	10	10
Day 2	65	45	55	5	5	15
Day 3	55	45	50	0	0	15
Day 4	65	45	55	5	5	20
Day 5	50	45	47.5	-2.5	-2.5	20

*Not applicable in California

[5.] Grass Species Controlled

Table 4: Annual Grasses	
Grass Species	Growth Stage
Barnyardgrass (<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Broadleaf signalgrass (<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Crabgrass, large (<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Crabgrass, smooth (<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Crabgrass, southern (<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Crabgrass, tropical (<i>Digitaria bicornis</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Downy brome (<i>Bromus tectorum</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Fall panicum (<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Field sandbur (<i>Cenchrus pauciflorus</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Foxtail, giant (<i>Setaria faberi</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Foxtail, green (<i>Setaria viridis</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Foxtail, yellow (<i>Setaria lutescens</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Goosegrass (<i>Eleusine indica</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Italian Ryegrass (<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Itchgrass (<i>Rottboellia exaltata</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Johnsongrass, seedling (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Junglerice (<i>Echinochloa contracta</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Kikuyugrass* (<i>Pennisetum clandestinum</i>)	4 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Prairie cupgrass (<i>Eriochloa contracta</i>)	4 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Rabbitfootgrass (<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Red rice (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Shattercane/Wildcane/Volunteer milo (<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
<i>Sorghum alnum</i> (<i>Sorghum alnum</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Southern sandbur (<i>Cenchrus echinatus</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Southwestern cupgrass (<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.

Texas panicum (<i>Panicum texanum</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Volunteer barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Volunteer corn (<i>Zea mays</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Volunteer oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Volunteer rye (<i>Secale cereale</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Volunteer wheat (<i>Triticum aestivum</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Wild oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Wild proso millet (<i>Panicum milliaceum</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Witchgrass (<i>Panicum capillare</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.
Woolly cupgrass (<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>)	2 to 8 inches tall, before tillering and/or heading.

*Not for use in California

Table 5: Perennial Grasses	
Grass Species	Growth Stage
Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)	4 to 8 inch runners
Dallisgrass (<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>)	270 to 360 GDD**
Guineagrass (<i>Panicum maximum</i>)	6 to 12 inches tall before seedhead initiation
Quackgrass (<i>Agropyron repens</i>)	6 to 10 inches
Rhizome johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)	8 to 18 inches tall and before boot stage
Torpedograss* - First Application	3 to 10 inches tall
Torpedograss* - Subsequent Application	2 to 3 inches tall
Wirestem muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>)	4 to 12 inches tall before seedhead initiation
* Use 96 fluid ounces/acre/application. 3 applications will be needed.	
** See Dallisgrass section.	

[6.] Ornamentals Which May Be Treated

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)	
Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
<i>Abelia grandiflora</i>	Abelia, Glossy
<i>Abies balsamea</i> *	Fir, Balsam
<i>Abies concolor</i>	Fir, Concolor
<i>Abies procera</i>	Fir, Noble
<i>Acacia redolens</i>	Acacia, Ongerops
<i>Acacia salicina</i>	Acacia, Willow-leafed
<i>Acacia saligna</i>	Acacia, Willow
<i>Acacia schafnerii</i>	Acacia, Jim wheat
<i>Acacia stenophylla</i>	Acacia, Shoe-string
<i>Acer ginnala</i> *	Maple, Flame amur
<i>Acer palmatum</i>	Maple, Japanese
<i>Acer platanoides</i>	Maple, Norway
<i>Acer saccharinum</i> *	Maple, Silver
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	Maple, Sugar
<i>Achillea filipendulina</i>	Yarrow, Coronation Gold/ Fernleaf
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow, Common
<i>Acrecastrum romanzoffianum</i>	Palm, Queen
<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>	Lily of the Nile, Peter Pan
<i>Agave americana</i>	Century plant
<i>Ageratum</i> sp.	Ageratum, sp.
<i>Aglanoema commutatum</i>	Evergreen, Fransher; Silver queen; Treubii ribbon
<i>Aglanoema crispum</i>	Evergreen, Painted
<i>Alcea rosea</i>	Hollyhock
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i>	Chives

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
<i>Aloe barbadensis</i>	Aloe, Barbados
<i>Aloe vera</i>	Aloe vera
<i>Aloe zanzibarica</i>	Aloe zanzibarica
<i>Alyssum</i> sp.	Alyssum sp.
<i>Antirrhinum majus</i> *	Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet
<i>Araucaria heterophylla</i>	Pine, Norfolk Island
<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	Bearberry, Red
<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	Cape weed
<i>Arenaria verna</i>	Sandwort
<i>Asparagus densiflorus</i>	Asparagus, Myres; Asparagus, Sprenger, Sprenger
<i>Astilbe x arendsii</i>	Spirea, False
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	Saltbush
<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	Aucuba
<i>Aucuba japonica variegata</i>	Aucuba japonica variegata
<i>Begonia Semperflorens cultoreum</i> *	Begonia, Scarletta
<i>Betula pendula</i> *	Birch, Eastern white
<i>Berberis mentorensis</i>	Barberry, Mentor
<i>Berberis thunbergii</i> *	Barberry, Redleaf Japanese; Pygmy, Crimson
<i>Bougainvillea</i> sp.	Bougainvillea sp.
<i>Buxus microphylla</i> var. <i>koreana</i>	Boxwood, Korean
<i>Buxus microphylla</i> var. <i>japonica</i>	Boxwood, Japanese
<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	Boxwood, Common; Welleri
<i>Caesalpinia cacalaco</i>	Cascalote
<i>Caesalpinia gilliesii</i>	Bird of Paradise
<i>Calendula</i> sp.	Marigold
<i>Callistemon lanceolatus</i>	Bottle-brush
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Heather, Scotch
<i>Camellia japonica</i>	Camellia
<i>Camellia sasanqua</i>	Camellia, Sasanqua
<i>Campanula carpatia</i>	Bellflower
<i>Carissa grandiflora</i>	Plum, Natal
<i>Carissa tutelei</i>	Carissa tutelei
<i>Carnegiea gigantea</i>	Cactus, Saguaro
<i>Carpobrotus chilensis</i> *	Fig, Trailing hottentot
<i>Cassia artemisioides</i>	Cassia, Feathery
<i>Cassia didymobotrya</i>	Cassia, African
<i>Cassia sturtii</i>	Senna
<i>Celtis occidentalis</i> *	Hackberry
<i>Centaurea cineraria</i>	Centaurea, Dusty miller
<i>Cerastium tomentosum</i>	Cerastium, Snow in Summer
<i>Ceratonia siliqua</i>	Ceratonia, Carob tree
<i>Cercis canadensis</i>	Cercis, Red bud
<i>Chaenomeles speciosa</i> *	Quince, Flowering
<i>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</i>	Cypress, Allum lawson
<i>Chamaecyparis obtusa</i>	Cypress, Cripps hinoki false
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>	Plumosa
<i>Chamaerops excelsa</i>	Palm, Windmill
<i>Chamaerops humilis</i>	Palm, Mediterranean fan
<i>Chrysalidocarpus lutescens</i>	Palm, Golden fruited (small)

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
<i>Chrysanthemum x superbum</i>	Daisy, Shasta
<i>Cissus rhombifolia</i>	Ivy, Ellen Danica, grape
<i>Cistus hybridus</i>	Rose, Rock
<i>Citrus aurantium</i>	Orange, Sour
<i>Citrus paradise</i>	Grapefruit
<i>Clerodendrum speciosum</i>	Pagoda flower
<i>Cleyera</i> spp.	Cleyera
<i>Clivia miniata</i>	Lily, Kaffir
<i>Cocos plumose</i>	Palm, Queen
<i>Codiaeum variegatum</i>	Croton
<i>Coffea Arabica</i>	Coffee
<i>Coleus x hybridus</i> *	Coleus, Jade wizard
<i>Convolvulus oneorum</i>	Morningglory, Bush
<i>Coprosma baueri</i>	Mirror plant
<i>Coprosma repens</i>	Mirror plant, Variegated
<i>Cordyline terminalis</i>	Ti plant
<i>Coreopsis verticillata</i>	Coreopsis, Threadleaf
<i>Cornus florida</i>	Dogwood, Flowering
<i>Cornus mas</i>	Dogwood, Cornelia cherry
<i>Cornus sericea</i>	Dogwood, Flaviramea; Red twig
<i>Cotoneaster apiculata</i>	Cotoneaster apiculata
<i>Cotoneaster dammeri</i>	Cotoneaster, Coral beauty; Royal beauty
<i>Cotoneaster divaricatus</i>	Cotoneaster, Spreading
<i>Cotoneaster microphyllus</i>	Cotoneaster
<i>Cotoneaster repens</i>	Cotoneaster
<i>Cotoneaster salicifolius franch</i>	Cotoneaster, Willowleaf
<i>Crossandra nilotica</i>	Crossandra
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	Cypress, Italian
<i>Cycus revolute</i>	Palm, Sago
<i>Deutzia gracilis</i>	Deutzia, Slender
<i>Dianthus barbatus</i>	Dianthus, Sweet William
<i>Dieffenbachia amoena</i>	Dumbcane, Giant
<i>Diervilla lonicera</i>	Honeysuckle, Bush
<i>Dodonea viscosa purpurea</i>	Purple Hopseed Bush
<i>Echinocactus</i> sp.	Cactus, Hedgehog
<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>	Olive, Russian
<i>Encelia farinose</i>	Bittle bush
<i>Erythrina fusca</i>	Erythrina, Fastadiata; Swamp immortella
<i>Escallonia fradessii</i>	Escallonia fradessii
<i>Escallonia rubra</i>	Escallonia rubra
<i>Eucalyptus microtheca</i>	Coolibah, Gum-barked
<i>Eucalyptus polyanthemos</i>	Gum, Red box
<i>Eucalyptus rostrata</i>	Gum, Red
<i>Eucalyptus rudis</i>	Gum, Desert
<i>Eucalyptus spathulata</i>	Gimlet, Narrow-leaf
<i>Eugenia myrtifolia</i>	Brush cherry
<i>Euonymus alata</i>	Euonymus, Siebold
<i>Euonymus fortunei</i>	Euonymus fortunei
<i>Euonymus japonica</i>	Euonymus, Silver King

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
<i>Euonymus kiautschovicus</i>	Euonymus, Spreading
<i>Euphorbia lacteal</i>	Candelabra plant
<i>Euryops pectinatus</i>	Euryops
<i>Fatshedera lizei</i>	Fatshedera
<i>Ferocactus</i> sp.	Cactus, Barrel
<i>Ficus benamina</i>	Fig, Exotica weeping
<i>Ficus elastica decora</i>	Rubber tree
<i>Ficus macrocarpa nitida</i>	Laurel, Indian
<i>Ficus nitida</i>	Laurel, Indian
<i>Ficus repens</i>	Fig, Creeping
<i>Forsythia intermedia</i>	Forsythia intermedia
<i>Forsythia</i> sp.	Forsythia sp.
<i>Forsythia suspensa</i>	Forsythia, Weeping
<i>Fouquieria splendens</i>	Ocotillo
<i>Fragaria chiloensis</i>	Strawberry, Ornamental
<i>Fraxinus Americana</i> *	Ash, White
<i>Fraxinus pensylvanica</i> *	Ash, Green
<i>Fraxinus velutina</i>	Ash, Arizona
<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>	Gardenia, Dwarf
<i>Gardenia taitensis</i>	Gardenia, Tahitian
<i>Gazania splendens</i>	Gazania gold rush
<i>Gazania uniflora leucolaena</i>	Gazania uniflora leucoleana
<i>Geijera parviflora</i>	Willow, Australia
<i>Gelsemium sempervirens</i>	Jessamine, Carolina
<i>Geranium pratense</i>	Cranesbill
<i>Gladiolus x hortulanus</i>	Gladiolus, Debbie; Jennie; Mahogany; Stargazer
<i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i> var. <i>inermis</i>	Honey locust/Shade master
<i>Graptophyllum pictum</i>	Caricature plant
<i>Grevillea robusta</i>	Oak, Silk
<i>Grevillea rosmarinifolia</i>	Spider flower
<i>Hedera canariensis</i>	Ivy, Algerian
<i>Hedera helix</i>	Ivy, English
<i>Hedera helix hahnii</i>	Ivy, Hahn's
<i>Hemerocallis hybrids</i>	Daylily
<i>Hemigraphis</i> sp.	Waffle plant/Metallic plant
<i>Hesperaloe parviflora</i>	Hesperaloe parviflora
<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	Hibiscus, Chinese
<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>	Hibiscus, Althea
<i>Hosta lancifolia</i>	Hosta, Variegated
<i>Hydrangea paniculata</i>	Hydrangea, Panicle
<i>Hydrangea quercifolia</i>	Hydrangea, Oakleaf
<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>	Iberis, Candytuff
<i>Ilex cornuta</i>	Holly, Dwarf buford
<i>Ilex crenata</i>	Holly, Japanese
<i>Ilex glabra</i>	Inkberry, Compact
<i>Ilex opaca</i>	Holly, American
<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>	Yaupon, Dwarf yaupon / Tall
<i>Ilex x attenuata</i>	Holly, Fosteri
<i>Ilex x meserveae</i>	Holly, Meserve

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)	
Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
Iris sp.	Iris
Isotoma sp.	Blue Star Creeper
Ixora coccinea	Ixora
Jacaranda acutifolia	Jacaranda
Jacobinia ghiesbreghtiana	Water willow
Juniperus chinensis	Blue point, Blue vase juniper, Gold coast juniper, Gold tip, Hetzi, Hollywood, Juniper, Keteleeri, Nicks compact juniper, Parsoni, Sargent juniper, Torulosa
Juniperus conferta	Shore juniper
Juniperus horizontalis*	Juniper, Admiral
Juniperus procumbens	Juniper
Juniperus sabina	Pepin, Skandia, Buffalo, Juniper
Juniperus scopulorum	Juniper, Cologreen
Juniperus virginiana	Juniper, Red cedar
Justicia spicigera	Indigo, Firecracker, Mexican
Kochia scoparia f. trychophylla	Burningbush, Compact
Koelreuteria paniculata*	Golden-rain tree; Varnish tree
Lagerstroemia indica	Myrtle, Crepe
Lantana camara	Lantana, Bush
Lantana sellowiana	Lantana, Purple (trailing)
Leptospermum laevigatum	Australian tea tree
Leucophyllum frutescens	Sage, Texas
Liatris spicata	Gay feather
Ligustrum amurense	Ligustrum, Amur River
Ligustrum lucidum	Ligustrum, Wax
Ligustrum ovalifolium	Ligustrum, Privet/California
Ligustrum texanum	Ligustrum, Texas privet
Ligustrum x Vicari	Ligustrum, Vicari
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweetgum, American
Liriope muscari	Liriope, Green/Variiegated
Liriope spicata	Liriope
Livistona chinensis	Palm, Chinese fan
Lonicera x morrowii	Honeysuckle, Marrow
Lonicera xylosteum	Emerald mound
Lysiloma thornberii	Fern, Desert tree
Lysimachia nummularia	Sally, Moneywort/ Wandering
Magnolia grandiflora	Magnolia, Southern
Magnolia stellata	Magnolia, Star
Mahonia aquifolium	Mahonia
Mahonia wagoneri*	Mahonia, King's Ransom
Malus floribunda	Crabapple, Showy
Mesembryanthemum drosanhemum hispidum	Ice plant, Rose
Mesembryanthemum drosanhemum productus	Ice plant, Purple trailing
Mesembryanthemum lampranthus spectabilis	Ice plant, Red spike
Metrosideros excelsus	New Zealand Christmas tree
Musa maurelli	Banana, Ethiopia
Myoporum parvifolium	Myoporum, Prostrate
Myrica cerifera	Myrtle, Wax
Nephrolepis exaltata	Fern, Sword
Nerium oleander	Oleander, Pink/ Variegated/ Petite

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)	
Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
<i>Odocanthus</i> sp.	<i>Odocanthus</i> sp.
<i>Olea europaea</i>	Olive tree
<i>Olneya tesota</i>	Ironwood
<i>Opuntia</i> Cholla	Cactus, Cholla
<i>Osmanthus fragrans</i>	<i>Osmanthus</i> , tea olive
<i>Osteospermum fruticosum alba</i>	Daisy, White africans
<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>	<i>Pachysandra</i> , Japanese
<i>Parkinsonia aculeate</i>	Palo Verde, green
<i>Passiflora pfordtii</i>	Passion vine
<i>Pelargonium domesticum</i>	Geranium
<i>Pelargonium peltatum</i>	Geranium, Ivy
<i>Pelargonium x hortorum*</i>	Geranium, Smash hit red
<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>	Red fountain grass
<i>Peperomia scandens</i>	Radiator plant
<i>Petunia</i> sp.	<i>Petunia</i>
<i>Philadelphus coronarius</i>	Aurea
<i>Philodendron oxycardium</i>	<i>Philodendron</i> , "Micans" velvetleaf
<i>Philodendron selloum</i>	<i>Philodendron</i> selloum
<i>Phoenix canariensis</i>	Palm, Canary Island date
<i>Phoenix roebelenii</i>	Palm, Pygmy date
<i>Photinia x fraseri</i>	<i>Photinia</i>
<i>Phyllostachys aurea</i>	<i>Phyllostachys</i> , Golden bamboo
<i>Physocarpus fruticosa</i>	<i>Physocarpus</i> , Abbotswood/ Gold drop/ Jackmanni
<i>Physocarpus opulifolius</i>	<i>Physocarpus</i> , Dwarf ninebark/ Nanus
<i>Picea abies</i>	Spruce, Norway
<i>Picea glauca</i>	Spruce Dwarf Alberta / Black Hills/ Densata
<i>Picea omorika</i>	Spruce, Serbian
<i>Picea pungens</i>	Spruce, Blue
<i>Pieris japonica</i>	Lily-of-the-Valley Bush
<i>Pilea nummularifolia</i>	Creeping Charlie
<i>Pinus canariensis</i>	Pine, Canary Island
<i>Pinus clause*</i>	Pine, Sand
<i>Pinus echinata*</i>	Pine, Shortleaf
<i>Pinus elliotii*</i>	Pine, Slash
<i>Pinus glabra*</i>	Pine, Spruce
<i>Pinus mugo</i>	Pine, Dwarf Swiss mountain
<i>Pinus nigra</i>	Pine, Australian/ Black
<i>Pinus palustris*</i>	Pine, Longleaf
<i>Pinus ponderosa</i>	Pine, Ponderosa/ Western
<i>Pinus pungens*</i>	Pine, Table-Mountain
<i>Pinus resinosa</i>	Pine, Red
<i>Pinus rigids*</i>	Pine, Pitch
<i>Pinus serotina*</i>	Pine, Pond
<i>Pinus strobiformus</i>	Pine, Mexican border
<i>Pinus strobes</i>	Pine, Eastern white
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Pine, Scotch
<i>Pinus taeda*</i>	Pine, Loblolly
<i>Pinus virginiana</i>	Pine, Virginia
<i>Pittosporum phylliraeoides</i>	Willow, Desert

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
Pittosporum Tobira	Willow, Wheelers dwarf, variegated
Platanus sp.*	Sycamore
Plumbago capensis	Plumbago, Cane
Podocarpus gracilior	Pine, African Fern
Podocarpus macrophylla	Pine, Yew
Polygonum capitatum	Clover, Pink
Polyscias fruticosa	Panax, Parsley
Polystichum capense	Fern, Shield
Portulaca grandiflora*	Portulaca, Sunglo
Potentilla fructose	Gold drop, Primrose beauty
Potentilla verna	Potentilla verna
Prosopis chilensis	Mesquite, Chilean
Protea compacta*	Protea
Protea cynaroides	Protea, Giant/ King
Protea eximia*	Protea
Protea nerifolia*	Protea, Oleander-leaved
Protea repens*	Protea
Prunus caroliniana compacta	Carolina cherry
Prunus trialoba	Almond, Flowering
Pseuderanthemum atropurpureum	Eranthemum, Purple false
Pseudotsuga menziesii	Fir, Douglas
Pyracanta koidzumii	Pyracanth, Lodense
Pyracantha angustifolia	Firethorn, Variegated
Pyracantha coccinea	Firethorn, Scarlet; Lalandei
Pyracantha graberi	Firethorn
Pyracantha koidzumii x coccinea	Firethorn, Mojave
Pyrus calleryana	Pear, Bradford
Quercus palustris*	Oak, Pin
Quercus virginiana	Oak, Line
Raphiolepis indica	Pink lady
Raphiolepis umbellata	Hawthorn, Yedda/Indian
Rhamnus frangula	Buckthorn, Tallhedge
Rheullia californica	Rhuellia californica
Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid"	Gable Hybrid
Rhododendron catawbiense	Chionoides, Elizabeth Gable, Less dark purple, Purple elegans, Purple spendor, Rose Greeley, Roseum elegans, Roseum superbum, White catawba
Rhododendron formosa	Rhododendron
Rhododendron obtusum	Rhododendron, Amoenum/ Coral Bells
Rhododendron sp.	Blaauw's pink, Boule de neige, Delaware Valley white, Delaware Valley white, Fashio, Gerard's Rose, Gibraltar, Gloria, Greeting, Gumpo pink, Gumpo white, H.H. Hume, Hahm red, Herbert, Hino red, Kaempo, Kluis sensation, Masasoit, Mother's day, Pericat, Pink pearl, President Lincoln, Prize, Purple gem, Red ruffle, Red wing, Road runner, Rosebud, Royalty, Rutherfordiana Constances, Salmon spray, Snow, Stewartsonian, Sweetheart, Tabor, Tradition, White cascade
Rhododendron yedoense	Korean azalea/Poukhanense
Rhus aromatic	Sumac, Fragrant
Rhus lancea	Sumac, African standard

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
<i>Rosa banksiae</i>	Banksia
<i>Rosa hybrida</i>	Rose, Hybrid tea
<i>Rosa sp.</i>	Rose
<i>Rosmarinus officinalis prostrates</i>	Rosemary dwarf
<i>Runohra adiantiformis</i>	Fern, Leatherleaf
<i>Salix alba</i>	Willow, white
<i>Salix babylonica</i> *	Willow, weeping
<i>Salix matsudana</i>	Willow, Tortuosa corkscrew
<i>Salix purpurea</i> *	Willow, Basket / Purple
<i>Salvia greggi</i>	Sage, Autumn's
<i>Sansevieria sp.</i>	Moon glow
<i>Sansevieria trifasciata</i>	Hahnii/Mother-in-law's tongue
<i>Santolina chamaecyparissus</i>	Lavender cotton
<i>Schefflera arboricola</i>	Manila ripple
<i>Schinus molle</i>	California pepper tree
<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>	Pepper, Brazilian
<i>Sedum brevifolium</i>	Green stone crop
<i>Sedum guatemalense</i>	Brown bean
<i>Sedum spectabile</i>	Sedum
<i>Sedum x rubrotinctum</i>	Sedum
<i>Sempervivum tectorum</i>	Hen and chickens
<i>Simmondsia chinensis</i>	Jobba
<i>Sophora japonica</i> *	Pagoda tree
<i>Sorbus americana</i> *	Ash, American Mountain
<i>Spiraea japonica</i> *	Spirea, Coccinea
<i>Spiraea nipponica</i>	Spirea, Snowmound
<i>Spiraea thenbergii</i>	Spirea, Thunberg
<i>Spiraea x billiardii</i>	Spirea, Billard
<i>Spiraea x bumalda</i>	Spirea, Anthony Waterer/ Crispa/ Froebelii/ Gold Flame
<i>Statice sinuate</i>	Statice, Annual
<i>Stenocarpus sinuatus</i>	Firewheel tree
<i>Strelitzia nicolai</i>	Bird of Paradise, Giant
<i>Strelitzia reginae</i>	Bird of Paradise
<i>Syringa meyeri</i>	Palibin
<i>Syringa patula</i>	Lilac, Korean
<i>Syringa villosa</i>	Lilac, James McFarlane
<i>Syzygium paniculatum</i>	Australian bush cherry
<i>Tagetes sp.</i>	Marigold
<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>	Yes, Japanese
<i>Taxus x media</i>	Yew, Dense / Hicks / Thayeri
<i>Tecoma stans angustate</i>	Yellow bells
<i>Tecomaria capensis</i>	Honeysuckle, Cape
<i>Ternstroemia gymnanthera</i>	Cleyera
<i>Thevetia peruviana</i>	Yellow oleander tree
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	Emerald green, Globosa, Pyramidalis, Techny, Techny American arborvitae, white cedar, Woodwardii
<i>Thuja orientalis</i>	Berkman's
<i>Tilia cordata</i> *	Linden, Little-leaf
<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>	Jasmine, Asiatic

Table 6. Over-The-Top Applications may be applied to the following ornamentals (Use only a nonionic surfactant)

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
Trachelospermum jasminoides	Jasmine, Star
Trifolium fragiferum	Legume, O'Conners
Tsuga canadensis	Hemlock, Eastern
Viburnum dentatum	Viburnum, Arrowwood
Viburnum japonicum	Viburnum, Japanese snowball
Viburnum lantana*	Lantana, Twistwood; Wayfaring tree
Viburnum lentago*	Lentago, Nannyberry
Viburnum odoratissimum	Viburnum
Viburnum opulus	Viburnum, Nanum
Viburnum plicatum	Viburnum, Doublefile / tomentosum
Viburnum suspensum	Viburnum, Spandankwa
Viburnum trilobum	Viburnum, Compact cranberrybush
Viburnum x juddii	Viburnum, Judd
Viburnum x rhytidophylloides	Viburnum, Willowwood
Vicia sp.	Crown Vetch
Vinca major	Periwinkle
Vinca minor	Periwinkle, Myrtle/ dwarf
Washingtonia robusta	Palm, Mexican fan
Weigela florida	Weigelia, Newport red / Pink
Xylosma senticosa	Xylosma
Yucca filamentosa	Yucca
Yucca gloriosa	Yucca, Spanish dagger
Yucca pendula	Yucca, Weeping dagger
Zinnia sp.	Zinnia

*Not applicable in California

Table 7. Directed applications minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a directed spray to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity of up to 20% when [Ornamec®] is applied over-the-top at label rates.

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
Abies fraseri	Fir, Fraser
Acer rubrum	Maple, Red
Ajuga variegata	Bugle weed
Ajuga reptans	Variegated ajuga
Aquilegia hybrid	Columbine
Arbutus unedo	Strawberry tree
Banksia prinotes*	Protea
Banksia victoria*	Protea
Banksia speciosa*	Protea
Begonia tweediana	Cats claw, Yellow trumpet
Callistemon viminalis	Bottle-brush, Weeping
Ceanothus griseus	Carmel Ceanothus, Carmel creeper, Yankee Point
Cupressocyparis leylandii	Cypress, Leyland
Dracaena fragans	Dracaena, Massangeana
Dracaena marginata	Dracaena, Tricolor
Eucalyptus citriodora	Gum, Lemon-scented
Feijoa sellowiana	Guava, Pineapple
Gamolepsis chrysanthemoides	Daisy, African bush
Gazania ringens	Daisy, African; Treasure flowers

Table 7. Directed applications minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a directed spray to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity of up to 20% when [Ornamec®] is applied over-the-top at label rates.

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
Gladiolus x hortulanus	Gallery
Grewia caffra	Star plant, Lavender
Herniaria glabra	Green carpet
Juniperus chinensis	Juniper, Maney; Nana; Old Gold; Pfizeriana; Prostrata; Robdsta; Spearmint
Juniperus conferta	Juniper, Blue Pacific
Juniperus horizontalis	Juniper, Blue Rug; Hughes; Variegata; Webberi; Wiltonii; Youngtown Compacta
Juniperus japonica	Juniper, San Jose
Juniperus sabina	Juniper, Arcadia; Broadmoor; Scandia; Tamariseifolia
Juniperus scopulorum	Juniper, Pathfinder; Welchii
Juniperus virginiana	Juniper, Grey Owl; Skyrocket
Lantana montevidensis	Lantana, White
Leucospermum cordifolium*	Protea, Pincushion
Leucothoe axillaris	Fetterbush
Ligustrum japonicum	Privet, Japanese
Lonicera japonica	Honeysuckle, Japanese
Nandina domestica	Bamboo, Heavenly
Nerium oleander standard	Oleander
Ophiopogon japonicum	Grass, Mondo
Opuntia sp.	Cactus, Prickly pear
Pennisetum setaceum	Grass, Fountain
Philodendron sp.	Philodendron
Plumeria acuminata	Plumeria, Temple tree
Podocarpus macrophyllus	Maki
Potentilla verna	Cinquefoil, Spring
Rhododendron indicum	Indica
Rhododendron obtusum	Eureka; Kurume; Sunglow
Rhododendron sp.	PJM
Rhoeo spathacea	Oyster plant
Ruellia ciliosa	Ruellia
Salix caroliniana	Willow
Spiraea x vanhouttei	Spirea, Vanhoutte
Syringa chinensis	Lilac
Viburnum macrocephalum	Snowball, Chinese

*Not applicable in California

Table 8. Directed applications minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a directed spray to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity of up to 50% when [Ornamec®] is applied over-the-top at label rates.

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
Acacia farnesiana	Acacia, sweet
Acacia latifolia	Acacia
Aptenia cordifolia	Hearts and flowers
Asystasia gangetica	Coromandel
Avium* prunum	Cherry mazzard
Baccharis sarothroides	Desert broom

Table 8. Directed applications minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a directed spray to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity of up to 50% when [Ornamec®] is applied over-the-top at label rates.

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
Brachychiton populneus	Bottle tree
Cassia condolioma	Cassia
Cercidium praecox	Sonoran palo verde
Citharexylum spinosum	Fiddlewood
Cordyline stricta	Cordyline
Cupaniopsis anacardioides	Carrot wood
Crassula argentea	Jade plant
Cyperus alternifolius	Umbrella plant
Dicentra spectabilis	Bleeding heart
Dracaena deremensis	Janet Craig/Warneckii
Epipremnum aureum	Pothos; Marble Queen
Eucalyptus nicholii	Eucalyptus
Exococaria cochichinensis	Croton, Chinese crenate
Hibiscus lepenk	Hibiscus
Juniperus chinensis	Juniper, Armstrongii
Juniperus scopulorum	Juniper, Excelsa Strieta; Spiny Greek
Juniperus virginiana	Juniper, Burkii
Justicia betonia	Shrimp plant, white
Justicia brandegeana	Shrimp plant
Justicia carnea	Kings crown
Magnolia grandiflora	Magnolia, southern
Mesembryanthemum delosperma alba	Ice Plant, White (trailing)
Odontonema strictum	Cardinal guard; Firespike; Scarlet flame
Oenothera berlandieri	Primrose, Mexican evening
Pachystachys lutea	Shrimp plant, yellow
Pedilanthus tithymaloides	Slipper flower
Peperomia obtusifolia	Rubber plant, baby
Plectranthus australis	Ivy, Swedish
Polygonum capitatum	Knotweed, pinkhead
Rhododendron indicum	Formosa
Rhododendron obtusum	Hersey red, Hino pink, Hinodegeri
Rhododendron poukhanense	Karen
Rhus aromatica	Fragrant sumac
Thunbergia laurifolia	Thunbergia, laurel-leaved
Vaccinium achei	Blueberry, Tifblue

*Not applicable in California

Table 9. Directed applications minimize the foliar injury of the ornamentals shown in the list below. When possible and plant growth habit allows, applications should be made as a directed spray to the plants listed below. Limited testing of the same plants has shown phytotoxicity greater than 50% when [Ornamec®] is applied over-the-top at label rates.

Scientific Name	Common Name/Variety
Acalypha godseffiana hertophylla	Fern, Australia tree
Alsophia australis	Birch, river
Betula nigra	Birch/River
Catharanthus roseus	Periwinkle, Madagascar
Chamaecyparis pisifera	Falsecypress, boulevard
Chlorophytum comosum	Spider plant

Cortaderia selloana	Grass, Pampas
Euonymus alata	Compacta
Juniperus chinensis	Juniper, Sea green
Juniperus horizontalis	Juniper, blue chip
Juniperus scopulorum	Juniper, blue heaven
Juniperus spp.	Juniper, bar harbor; Prince of Wales
Kalanchoe fedtschenkoi	Lavender-scallops
Kalanchoe tubiflora	Chandelier plant
Physocarpus fruticosus	Katherine Dykes
Rhododendron obtusum	Hinocrimson
Setcreasea purpurea	Purple heart
Zebrina pendula	Wandering Jew

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

[For Plastic Containers – Nonrefillable with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:]

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse [or pressure rinse] container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.]

[For Plastic Containers – Nonrefillable with capacities greater than 5 gallons:]

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse [or pressure rinse] container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it

back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.]

[For Refillable Containers:]

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Container cleaning: Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

IMPORTANT: Read this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER before buying or using this product. By opening and using this product, buyer and all users agree to accept the terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER in their entirety and without exception. If the terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Damage to the treated article, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences can result from use of the product under abnormal conditions such as weather, presence of other materials, or the manner or use of application, etc. Such factors and conditions are beyond the control of the manufacturer, and **BY PURCHASING AND USING THIS PRODUCT THE BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT AGREE TO ACCEPT ALL SUCH RISKS.** Buyer and all users further agree to assume all risks of loss or damage from the use of the product in any manner that is not explicitly set forth in or that is inconsistent with label instructions, warnings and cautions.

The manufacturer warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described below. **TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.**

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF THE MANUFACTURER, FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OF HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR

INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THE PRODUCT. The Manufacturer must be promptly notified in writing of any claims, whether based in contract, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, to be eligible to receive either remedy stated above.

The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere. No employee or agent of the manufacturer or seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER in any manner.

APPENDIX

1. Advertising claims that may appear on the container labeling:

- Control Grass In Ornamentals, Nurseries & Landscaping
- See Label Directions for Species Not to be Sprayed Over-The-Top
- Control Dallisgrass* in tall fescue turf in the Spring. *Not applicable in California

DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION

1. Unique Label Identifier: 002217-00728.20160318.notif-proposed-clean

2. Reason for Issue: disallow dallisgrass in CA; minor formatting change

Internal Usage Notes
Associated Container Label: Ornamec Over-The-Top Grass Herbicide