



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

July 23, 2020

Eric D. Smith  
Director, Regulatory Affairs  
PBI/Gordon Corporation  
1217 W. 12<sup>th</sup> Street  
Kansas City, MO 64101

Subject: Label Amendment – Response to Agency Letter & Other Minor Changes  
Product Name: Trimec 800 Herbicide  
EPA Registration Number: 2217-651  
Application Date: December 11, 2018  
Decision Number: 551421

Dear Mr. Smith:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

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EPA Reg. No. 2217-651  
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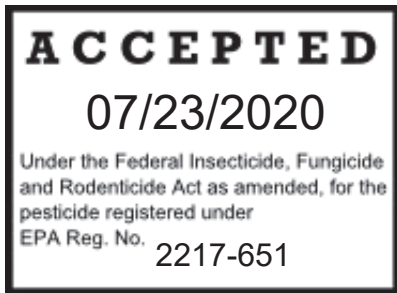
with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Kable Bo Davis by phone at 703-306-0415, or via email at [davis.kable@epa.gov](mailto:davis.kable@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'MO' followed by a flourish, and the word 'for' written to the right.

Mindy Ondish  
Product Manager 23  
Herbicide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)  
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure



2,4-D DICHLORPROP-P DICAMBA	GROUP	<b>4</b>	HERBICIDE
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# TRIMEC® 800 HERBICIDE

## EPA Reg. No. 2217-651

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

(2-ethylhexyl) ester of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid.....	32.48%
2-ethylhexyl ester of (+)-(R)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) propionic acid.....	15.33%
Dicamba: 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid.....	5.38%
<b>OTHER INGREDIENTS:</b> .....	<b>46.81%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>100.00%</b>

**THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:**

- 2.00 lb. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 21.54%
- 0.96 lb. (+)-(R)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 10.36%
- 0.50 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 5.38%

CONTAINS PETROLEUM DISTILLATES.

Isomer Specific by AOAC Methods.

TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

### WARNING - AVISO

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.**

See attached booklet for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use, including First Aid and Storage and Disposal.

**Net Contents:** \_\_\_\_\_

**EPA Est. No.** \_\_\_\_\_

**Company Name and Address:**

PBI/Gordon Corporation  
 P.O. Box 860350  
 Shawnee, Kansas 66286



# **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

## **Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals**

**WARNING:** Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

## **Personal Protective Equipment**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, or viton.

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- goggles or face shield,
- long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- shoes and socks, plus
- chemical-resistant gloves (except for applicators using ground boom equipment) and
- chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

## **User Safety Requirements**

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

### **User Safety Recommendations**

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

<b>First Aid</b>	
<b>If in eyes:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li><li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li><li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li></ul>
<b>If on skin or on clothing:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Take off contaminated clothing.</li><li>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.</li><li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li></ul>
<b>If swallowed:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.</li><li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li><li>• Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li></ul>
<b>If inhaled:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Move person to fresh air.</li><li>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li><li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li></ul>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.

**Note to Physician:** Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

### **Physical Or Chemical Hazard**

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.**

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any water-proof material,
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear.

### **Non-Agricultural Use Requirements**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

### **Weed Resistance Management**

For resistance management, this product contains Group 4 herbicides. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 4 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same area. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 4 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or pest control advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use, and that considers mechanical control methods, cultural (e.g., timing to favor the turf and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: 1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; 2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; 3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other areas by cleaning equipment.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or pest control advisor for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific types of turf and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, call 877-800-5556.

### **ROADSIDES, RIGHT-OF-WAYS, RAILROADS, FIREBREAKS, FENCE-ROWS, INDUSTRIAL SITES AND OTHER SIMILAR NONCROP AREAS**

#### **PREPARATION OF THE SPRAY:**

Add one-half the required amount of oil or water to the spray tank, then add this product with agitation and finally the balance of the water or oil with continued agitation. Use diesel oil. If this material is to be used in straight oil mixtures, do not let water get into it or the finished mixture. This material forms an emulsion in water - not a solution. This tends to separate on standing. Provide agitation to prevent such separation and ensure a uniform spray mixture.

#### **USE RESTRICTION:**

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

Apply when plants come into full leaf (spring) to the time plants begin to go dormant. Best results are obtained when brush and broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing.

**Noncropland including Roadsides, Rights-of-way, Firebreaks, Fencerows, Industrial Sites, and Utility Rights-of-way**

Applications to non-cropland areas are not applicable to treatment of commercial timber or other plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

**Broadcast applications to annual and perennial weeds:** Apply to emerged weeds. For best results, treat when weeds are young and actively growing. The maximum application rate to general noncropland sites is 3 quarts of product per acre per application per site. When multiple applications of up to 2.0 lbs. 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre are utilized to reach the maximum seasonal use rate, do not make a repeat application within 30 days of the previous application. Minimum spray volume: Use 2 or more gallons of spray solution per acre. Number of applications: Limited to 2 applications per year.

**Broadcast applications to woody plants:** Apply to trees and brush when foliage is fully expanded and plants are actively growing.

Up to 3 quarts of product per acre (1.5 lbs. 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre and 0.72 lb 2,4-DP-p ae per acre) may be applied in a single application to rights-of-way, including electrical power lines, communication lines, pipelines, highways and railroads that intersect wooded areas or stands of trees, brush and woody plants. The maximum noncropland broadcast application rate for tree, brush and woody plant control is 3 quarts of product per acre per application per site.

**Spot Treatment**

**High volume foliar applications (100 to 400 gallons per acre):**

Apply 0.5 to 2.0 gallons of product per acre with adequate water or apply a 0.5 to 2.0% vol/vol spray solution as a full cover spray with high volume equipment. Use the lower spray concentrations in the range for susceptible species and use the higher spray concentrations within the range for hard-to-control species, for mature plants during the late summer or under adverse environmental conditions (e.g. drought).

Spray broadleaf weeds, woody plants or mixed brush uniformly and thoroughly by wetting all leaves, stems, bark and root collars. The total volume of spray solution required for adequate coverage of solid stands of mixed brush can range from 100 to 400 gallons of spray solution per treated acre. The spray preparation chart for applications on a spray-to-wet basis is shown below in Table 1.

**Table 1.** Instructions for preparing 100 to 400 gallons of spray solution at 0.5 to 2.0% spray concentration with water for high volume foliar applications.

Spray solution per acre, Gallons	Amount of Product Needed for Spray Concentration of:			
	0.5%	0.67%	1.0%	2.0%
100	0.5 gal.	0.67 gal.	1.0gal.	<b>2.0 gal.</b>
200	1.0 gal.	1.34 gal.	<b>2.0 gal.</b>	----
300	1.5 gal.	<b>2.0 gal.</b>	----	----
400	<b>2.0 gal.</b>	----	----	----

Equal measures: 1gallon = 4 quarts = 8 pints = 128 fl.oz.

The maximum seasonal application rate for spot treatment of trees, brush and woody plants is 2.0 gallons of product per acre per application per site.

**For Backpack Sprayers, Knapsack Sprayers, And Hand-pressurized Pump Sprayers**

**Table 2.** Instructions for preparing 1 to 3 gallons of spray solution at 0.5 to 2.0% spray concentration with water for high volume foliar applications.

Gallons of Water	Amount Of Product Needed for Spray Concentration of :			
	0.5%	0.67%	1.0%	2.0%
1	4 teaspoons	5 teaspoons	2.5 tablespoons	5 tablespoons
2	2.5 tablespoons	3.5 tablespoons	5 tablespoons	10 tablespoons
3	2 fl.oz.	2.5 fl.oz.	4 fl.oz.	8 fl.oz.

Equal measures: 1 fl. oz. = 2 Tablespoons (Tbs.) = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.)

**Individual Plant Treatments:**

Use only one basal spray, frill or cut surface application per year.

**Basal Bark Method:**

Apply with low volume backpack sprayer or power equipment. Volume sprayed per acre will depend on method used and number of stems per acre. Use a coarse spray to avoid drift.

- **High Volume:** Mix 2 gallons of herbicide per 98 gallons of diesel oil. Thoroughly wet the base and root collar of all items until the spray collects around the root collar at ground line. Concentration of spray mix will depend on volume of spray used, species present and season applied.
- **Low Volume:** Make up a solution of 33% Trimec® 800 Herbicide, 10 to 20% surfactant (such as Cide-Kick, Cide-Kick II, or Arborchem Basal Oil) and 47 to 57% diesel oil. Spray to wet stems up to a height of 18 to 24 inches. Use higher concentration of surfactant in colder weather.

**Cut Surface - Stump:**

This method can be used at any time of the year, but is more effective when applied as soon as possible after trees are cut. Spray the entire stump, particularly bark and exposed roots. Complete control requires a thorough drenching. Use this method after original or capital clearing. It is the primary step toward a chemical brush control program on newly cleared highways and right-of-ways. Spray is most effective and economical on stumps 3 to 4 inches and larger. Mix 1/2 gallon of herbicide with 25 gallons of diesel oil. Apply with a low volume knapsack sprayer using a solid cone nozzle of medium orifice.

**Frill:**

Make a frill by using an axe to cut overlapping notches in a continuous ring around the trunk near its base. Cut through the bark, but do not remove chips. This method is recommended for cull trees 5 to 6 inches in diameter and larger. Treat freshly cut frills at any time of year. Mix 2 gallons of herbicide in 98 gallons of diesel oil. Pour in as much spray mixture as the frill will hold without wasting chemical.

BRUSH CONTROLLED			
Ash	Buckbrush	Honey locust	Shortleaf pine
Aspen	Cedar	Honeysuckle	Spruce
Birch	Cherry	Kudzu	Sumac
Blackberry	Cottonwood	Multiflora rose	Sycamore
Black cherry	Dogwood	Oak	Wild plum
Black locust	Elm	Pine	Willow
Brambles	Gooseberry		

WEEDS CONTROLLED			
Bedstraw	Healall	Oxalis	Speedwell
Bindweed	Henbit	Peppergrass	Spurge
Black medic	Jimsonweed	Pigweed	Sunflower
Buckhorn	Knotweed	Plantain	Thistle
Burdock	Kochia	Poison ivy	Trumpetvine
Chicory	Lambsquarters	Poison oak	Velvetleaf
Chickweed	Lespedeza	Purslane	Wild carrot
Clover	Mallow	Ragweed	Wild garlic
Cocklebur	Morningglory	Sheep sorrel	Wild lettuce



Dandelion Dock Ground ivy	Mustard Nettle	Shepherdspurse Smartweed	Wild onion Yarrow
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**ORNAMENTAL LAWNS AND TURF (COOL SEASON GRASSES OTHER THAN BENTGRASS):  
USE RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not use on carpetgrass, dichondra, St. Augustinegrass, bentgrass, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present.
- Use only lawn-type sprayers. Do not exceed labeled rate for any area.
- Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established.
- Do not spray when air temperature exceeds 85°F.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the drip line of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

Maximum control of weeds will be obtained from spring or early fall applications when weeds are actively growing. Avoid spraying during long, excessively dry or hot periods unless adequate irrigation is available. Do not irrigate within 24 hours after application. Seed can be sown 3 to 4 weeks after application.

Apply 2 to 3 pints of product in 20 to 260 gallons of water per acre (3/4 fluid ounce to 1.1 fluid ounces in 0.5 to 6 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet). Use higher rates when using the higher volume of water per acre.

**Limitations on broadcast treatments for ornamental turfgrass and sod farms:**

The maximum application rate is 3.0 pints of product per acre per application (0.75 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.36 lb 2,4-DP-p ae, and 0.19 lb dicamba ae per acre per application). For ornamental turfgrass, the maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. For sod farms, the maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 21 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 6.0 pints of product per acre (1.5 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.72 lb 2,4-DP-p ae, and 0.38 lb dicamba ae per acre per year).

**CONTROLLED DROPLET APPLICATOR:**

Add 1.5 pints to the applicator and fill with water. Spray contents over 33,000 square feet. Avoid overlapping between spray patterns.

**Spot treatments**

Not recommended for hose end sprayers. Spray during the growing season when weeds are actively growing. On new lawns - wait until the grass has hardened off - usually after it has been mowed at least three times. Poor weed control may result if spray is applied during drought or just before rain. Do not water within 24 hours after treatment.

Amount of Product		Amount of Water	Area to be Treated
1.5 Tablespoons	3/4 fluid ounces	1 Gallon	1,000 Square Feet
3 Tablespoons	1.5 fluid ounces	2 Gallons	2,000 Square Feet
4.5 Tablespoons	2.25 fluid ounces	3 Gallons	3,000 Square Feet

**Limitations on spot treatments for ornamental turfgrass:**

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq.ft. per acre. The maximum application rate is 0.75 fl.oz. per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (0.25 lbs 2,4-DP-p acid equivalent per acre).

## Spray Drift Management

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of ground application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

### Droplet Size

Use only Medium or coarser spray nozzles according to ASAE (S 572) definition of standard nozzles or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

### Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind.

### Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

### Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

### Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

2,4-D esters may volatilize during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures. Do not apply during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures.

### Equipment

All ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the target site. Aerial applications of this product are prohibited.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**[For Plastic Containers – Nonrefillable with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:]**

**CONTAINER HANDLING:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse [or pressure rinse] container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.]

**[For Plastic Containers – Nonrefillable with capacities greater than 5 gallons:]**

**CONTAINER HANDLING:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse [or pressure rinse] container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.]

Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in Washington Toxics Coalition, et.al. v. EPA, CO1-0132C, (W.D. WA). For further information, please refer to EPA Website: <http://www.epa.gov.espp>.

## **LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER**

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

## **APPENDIX**

### **1. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:**

- A brush and broadleaf weed killer for broadleaf weed control
- One gallon covers up to 4 acres.
- Eight ounces covers up to 11,000 square feet.
- Controls ash, aspen, brambles, kudzu, oak, willows, dandelion, chickweed, knotweed, plantain, henbit, spurge, and many other species of brush and broadleaf weeds.

## **DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION**

**1. Unique Label Identifier:** 002217-00651.20200722.amend-proposed-clean

**2. Reason for Issue:** Incorporate comments from 01-12-09 Agency Letter, additional review comments