



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL
FIRST. OBSERVE ALL
PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW
DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazardous to Humans & Domestic Animals
CAUTION: Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles, face shield, or safety glasses and rubber gloves when handling. If eye exposure occurs, get immediate medical attention. Wash face thoroughly. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Environmental Hazards
Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation water.
Physical or Chemical Hazards
Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL
KEEP FROM FREEZING
Precautions: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Do not store near other pesticides or seeds.
Pesticide Disposal: Pesticides, spray mixture or rinse water that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to Federal or appropriate State procedures under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation & Recovery Act.
Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

USE PRECAUTIONS: ROADSIDES, DRAINAGE DITCH-BANKS, RIGHTS-OF-WAYS, RAILROADS, FIREBREAKS, FORESTS, PINECROWS, INDUSTRIAL SITES & OTHER SIMILAR NON-CROP AREAS:
A. Do not spray drift to cotton, soybeans, tobacco, fruit trees, flowers or ground crops and all other sensitive plants. Do not spray near sensitive plants since small quantities of wind-drifted herbicide may cause severe injury. Do not apply herbicide when wind speed is sufficient to cause drift. Do not apply herbicide when a temperature inversion exists. An inversion may be detected by observing a smoke column and observing for a layering effect. Do not apply when temperature exceeds 85 degrees F and humidity is high.
To avoid seedling spray drift, use coarse sprays and lower pressure. Do not use nozzles which produce fine spray droplets under high pressure. The use of thickening agents or anti-drift additives and drift-reducing agents is of value in preventing spray drift. Care should be taken not to make applications where runoff could carry the chemical to food crops or grazing lands where cattle, sheep, goats, swine or poultry would be exposed.

EPA REG. NO. 2217-951
EPA EST. NO. 2217-R5-1



ACCEPTED
OCT 21 1982

22-7-b51

TRIMEC® 800 HERBICIDE

A Brush & Broadleaf Weed Killer

KILLS: Ash, Aspen, Brambles, Kudzu, Oak, Willows, Dandelion, Chickweed, Knotweed, Plantains, Henbit, Spurge and many other species of brush and broadleaf weeds, some of which are listed on this label.

KEEP FROM FREEZING

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

***Isooctyl ester of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	32.48%
***Butoxyethanol ester of 2-(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy) propionic acid	30.66%
***Dicamba (3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid)	5.38%
INERT INGREDIENTS	31.48%
TOTAL	100.00%

This Product Contains:
**20 lbs 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid per gallon or 21.54%
**20 lbs 2-(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy) propionic acid per gallon or 21.54%
***0.5 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid per gallon or 5.38%
*Isomer Specific by AOAC Method No. 6 D01-5
*Isomer Specific by AOAC Method No. 5 D01-5

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**
Directions of Practical Treatment
In case of contact in eyes, flush with water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention. In case of contact with skin, wash with plenty of soap and water.
See side panels for additional precautionary statements.

TRIMEC is a registered trademark of G. P. Gordon Corporation
U.S. Patent No. 3,281,128

NET CONTENTS ONE U.S. GALLON

PREPARATION OF THE SPRAY:

Add one-half the required amount of oil or water to the spray tank, then add the product with agitation and finally the balance of the water or oil with continued agitation. Use diesel oil if the material is to be used in a brush or mixture, do not let water get into or the finished mixture. This material forms an emulsion in water - not a solution. It tends to separate on standing. Provide agitation to prevent such separation and ensure a uniform spray.

ROADSIDE, DRAINAGE DITCHES, RIGHTS-OF-WAYS, RAILROADS, FIREBREAKS, FORESTS, PENCE-CROPS, INDUSTRIAL SITES & OTHER SIMILAR NON-CROP AREAS:

Instructions: - To effectively control brush, all leaves, stems and suckers should be thoroughly wetted to the ground. Apply when plants come into full leaf (spring) to those plants begin to go dormant. Best results are obtained when brush and broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing. Do not cut brush until the herbicide has translocated throughout the plant causing root death.

High Volume: Mix at the rate of 1 to 1 gallon per 100 gallons of water and spray at the rate of 100 to 300 gallons of spray per acre. Rate per acre depends on the density of brush and/or weeds. For small broadleaf weeds use the low rate. Heavy dense stands of brush require the high rate with high water volume. For small applications with small tank sprayers use at the rate of 1 ounce to 1 1/2 ounces per gallon of water.

Aerial Foliar Method: Mix 1 to 2 gallons of herbicide in enough water to make 15 to 25 gallons of total spray mixture per acre. Use enough water to ensure uniform wetting of plants.

Pre-Spraying Method: Mix 1 to 2 gallons of herbicide with 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to reduce competition from matted trees and brush before planting or cover spray to established plants as the spray mixture will damage roots.

Stump Pull Method: Thoroughly wet the base and root collar of all stems until the spray collects around the root collar on ground line. Mix 1 to 3 gallons of herbicide in a backpack sprayer or power equipment. Apply with a low spray pressure and season applied. Use a coarse nozzle to avoid drift.

Cut Surface - Stump: This method can be used at any time of the year, but is more effective when applied as soon as possible after trees are cut. Spray the entire stump, particularly bark and exposed roots. Complete control requires a thorough drenching. Use this method after original or control program on newly cleared highways and rights-of-ways. Spray is most effective and economical on stumps 3 to 4 inches and larger. Apply 1 to 1 gallon of herbicide with 25 gallons of diesel oil. Apply with a low volume backpack sprayer using a solid cone nozzle of medium orifice.

Ring: Make a ring by using an axe to cut overlapping notches in a continuous ring around the trunk near its base. Cut through the bark, but do not remove chips. This method is recommended for cut trees 5 to 8 inches in diameter and larger. Treat freshly cut trees at any time of year.

Stump: Mix 1 to 4 gallons of herbicide in 100 gallons of diesel oil. Pour this mixture into the hole left by the stump puller.

MIXING WITH CARLON® 4: For any of the above methods the product can be mixed with CARLON® 4 for use in forests, roadsides, rights-of-ways, firebreaks, industrial sites and other non-crop areas. Use at the rate of 1 gallon TRIMEC® 800 plus 1 pint CARLON® 4. Do not mix the chemical's separately. The best way to prepare the spray mixture is to start with the water, add the TRIMEC® 800 plus 1 pint CARLON® 4 to the water, and then add the herbicide to the mixture. Then add the balance of the water or oil with continued agitation. A mixture of TRIMEC and

CARLON® 4 should be used in accordance with the more restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. The product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

- BRUSH CONTROLLED:**
- Ash
 - Aspen
 - Birch
 - Blackberry
 - Black Cherry
 - Black Locust
 - Bramble
 - Buckbrush
 - Cedar
 - Cherry
 - Cottonwood
 - Dogwood
 - Elm
 - Gooseberry
 - Honey Locust
 - Honeylocust
 - Kudzu
 - Maple
 - Mimulus (Rock)
 - Oak
 - Pine
 - Scarlet Pine
 - Spruce
 - Susac
 - Sycamore
 - Wild Plum
 - Willow

USE PRECAUTIONS/ORNAMENTAL LAWNS & TURF: Avoid drift of spray mist to vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not use on carpet grass, dichondra, St. Augustine, bentgrasses, nor on lawn or turf where desirable clovers are present. Use only low-type sprayers. Avoid fine sprays, coarse sprays are less likely to wind-drift. Do not spray roots of ornamentals and trees. Do not exceed specified dosage for any area, be particularly careful within the drip line of trees and other ornamental species. Do not spray on seeded grasses until well established. Do not spray when air temperature exceeds 85 degrees F. Seed can be safely sown 3 to 4 weeks after application.

ORNAMENTAL LAWNS & TURF (cool season grasses): Lateral Root Development - One Gallon Covers up to 4 Acres. Maximum kill of weeds will be obtained from spring or early fall applications when weeds are actively growing. Avoid spraying during long, excessively dry or hot periods unless adequate irrigation is available. Do not irrigate within 24 hours after application.

General Application: Apply at the rate of 2 to 3 pints in 20 to 250 gallons of water per acre (1/2 to 1 1/2 qt. in 100 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet). Use higher rates when using the higher volume of water per acre.

Complete Drenching Application: Add 1 1/2 pints to the 25-gallon container and fill with water. Spray contents over 33,000 square feet. Avoid overlapping between spray patterns.

- WEEDS CONTROLLED:**
- Bedstraw
 - Black Medic
 - Buckhorn
 - Burdock
 - Chenopod
 - Clover
 - Dandelion
 - Dock
 - Ground Ivy
 - Heal-all
 - Hemlock
 - Knotted
 - Lambquarters
 - Lespedeza
 - Lyre Grass
 - Stinging Nettle
 - Peppercress
 - Pigweed
 - Pigweed
 - Polygon
 - Poison Ivy
 - Poison Oak
 - Purslane
 - Ragweed
 - Sheep Sorrel
 - Shepherd's Purse
 - Speedwell
 - Spruce
 - Wild Carrot
 - Wild Garlic
 - Wild Larkspur
 - Wild Onion
 - Yarrow

WARRANTY: The manufacturer warrants that the chemical composition conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label and that this product is suited for the labeled uses when applied according to label directions. Because of widely varying use conditions, it is impossible to eliminate all risks even when label directions are followed. Therefore, the manufacturer makes no other implied or express warranty nor is any agent of the manufacturer allowed to do so. Upon purchase of this product, the buyer assumes all risks associated with use of this product. In the event of damage resulting from a breach of warranty, the buyer agrees to accept a refund of the purchase price of the product as full discharge of the manufacturer's liability.