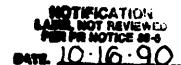
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GORDON'S

TRIMPOID

MICROFICHCOPY

TRIMPOID



BROADLEAF HERBICIDE
A TRIMEC(R) TURF HERBICIDE FORMULATION

KILLS: DANDELION, CHICKWEED, KNOTWEED, PLANTAIN, HENBIT, SPURGE and many other broadleaf lawn weeds; some of which are shown on the side panel.

ONE QUART COVERS UP TO 12,800 SQUARE FEET

- KEEP FROM FREEZING -

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
*Dimethylamine Salt of 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)
propionic acid
propionic acid
acid
acid
acid)
acid)
TOTAL 100.00%
THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:
*0.75 lb. 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid
equivalent per gallon or 8.76%
equivalent per gallon or 8.76% **0.22 lb. 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon
nr 2 53%
*** 0.093 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon
or 1.08%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See side panels for additional Precautionary Statements. $\mathsf{TRIMEC}^{(R)}$ is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION.

NET CONTENTS ONE U.S. GALLON

880/590 AP110889+	••••
	••••
EPA REG. NO. 2217-570 EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1	
Mfd. by PBI/GORDON CORPORATION KANSAS CITY, KS 66118	
	••••

STOP!

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans & Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt and shoes when applying this product. Wear face shield or goggles when mixing, loading or applying this product. When handling this product, wear chemical resistant gloves. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; for skin, wash with soap and water. If irritation develops, get medical attention. Avoid contamination of food or feedstuffs.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes, and potholes). Do not contamnate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation waters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not reenter or permit workers to reenter treated areas until sprays have dried or dusts have settled.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D and MCPP have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D and MCPP pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing. To prevent cross-contamination, do not store near other herbicides, fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides, or near seeds.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by

storage or disposal. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS:

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not allow spray to drift onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants since injury may result. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants. Whether using a hose-end sprayer or pressure-sprayer, do not use fine sprays because they can drift and cause damage to non-target plants. Coarse spray droplets are less likely to wind-drift. Use only lawn-type sprayers. Do not spray on carpetgrass, dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Do not spray roots of trees and ornamentals. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful with dripline of trees and other ornamental species. This product may be injurious to St. Augustine, bent and cencipede grasses under conditions of high temperature and moisture. Under these conditions, or, in cases of accidental overdose, some slight temporary discoloration of the St. Augustine foliage may occur.

WHAT IT IS, WHERE & HOW TO USE IT:

Gordon's "St. Augustine Grass" Broadleaf Herbicide is a TRIMEC (R) turf herbicide formulation, a patented combination of three proven weed killers — 2,4-D, Mecoprop and Dicamba. Together, they control a wide range of broadleaf lawn weeds. This particuformulation is low in 2,4-D for maximum safety to 2,4-D sensitive grasses such as St. Augustine, bent and buffalo. Spraying should be done when broadleaf weeds are small and tender best results. If weeds are older, they're going to be harder to Older weeds require the higher rates. Avoid spraying St. Augustine grass when temperature is above 90°F and under conditions of high humidity. Under these conditions, or, in cases accidental overdose, some slight temporary discoloration of the St. Augustine foliage may occur. St. Augustine grass grows rapidly in high temperature and moisture anyway and will probably choke out weeds, making herbicide spraying unnecessary:

- 1. Irrigate the lawn 2 or 3 days prior to spraying to ensure that weeds are growing and able to absorb the herbicide.
- 2. Do not water for 24 hours after treatment.
- 3. Although spray works faster with temperatures above 70°F, sprays can be applied at any time plants are growing.

475

ST. AUGUSTINE, BENTGRASS & BUFFALO GRASS: Mix 1 oz. in 1 gal. water and uniformly spray 400 sq. ft., i.e. an area 10 feet wide by 40 feet long, for example. If necessary, repeat treatment in 2 to 3 weeks if hard-to-kill weeds persist.

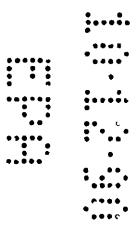
BERMUDA, BAHIA, BLUEGRASS, CENTIPEDE, FESCUE & RYE: Mix 1 1/2 oz. in 1 gal. water and uniformly spray over 400 sq. ft. On hard-to-kill species, or, under poor growing conditions, or on older weeds, mix 2 ozs. in 1 gal. water and spray on 400 sq. ft. with special attention to thorough coverage of the hard-to-kill weeds.

WEEDS

Bedstraw
Black Medic
Buckhorn
Bull Thistle
Burdock
Buttercup
Chicory
Chickweed
Clover
Cocklebur
Dandelion
Dock
Galinsoga
Ground Ivy
Hawkweed

Heal-All
Henbit
Knotweld
Lambsquarter
Lespedeza
Mallow
Morningglory
Mustard
Oxalis
Peppergrass
Pigweed
Plantain
Poison Ivy
Poison Oak
Purslane

Ragweed
Sheep Sorrel
Shepherdspurse
Speedwell
Tansy Mustard
Thistle
Spurge
Velvetleaf
Wild Carrot
Wild Garlic
Wild Lettuce
Wild Onion
Yarrow
and many other
broadleaf weeds



GORDON'S TRIMEC (R)

"ST. AUGUSTINE GRASS" .

BROADLEAF HERBICIDE

- SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL -

See primary label on container for precautionary statements and Statement of Practical Treatment.

HOSE-END SPRAYER INSTRUCTIONS: Use a hose-end sprayer designed for lawns. Put recommended amount of chemical (Column 1) in bottle and add water to indicated level (Column 2) and apply spray uniformly to area indicated (Column 3).

For Bluegrass, Fescue, Rye, Bermuda, Bahia, Centipede:

Product Amt. to Use: (Tbsp) (Floz)		Water Fill Bottle to: (Gallons)	Area to Treat: (Sq. Feet)	
8	4	8	1000	
16	8	16	2000	
24	12	24	3000	
32	16	32	4000	

For St. Augustine, Bentgrass and Buffalo Grass:

Produ Amt. to (Tbsp)		Water Fill Bottle to: (Gallons)	Area to	Treat: Feet)
5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0	2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5	5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0	100 200 300 400 500	0000