

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

GENERAL INFORMATION.

St. Augustine Broadleaf Weeder is specifically formulated for maximum safety to sensitive grasses such as St. Augustine grass, bentgrass, and buffalo grass. Sprays should be applied when broadleaf weeds are small and tender for best results. If weeds are older and hard to kill the herbicides recommended should be used. Avoid spraying St. Augustine grass under conditions of high temperature and moisture when the St. Augustine is growing rapidly. Under these conditions, some cases of accidental overuse, some mild temporary discoloration of the St. Augustine, should not occur.

To ensure weeds are growing and able to absorb the herbicide irrigate the lawn 2 or 3 days prior to spraying. Do not water for 24 hours after treatment. Although spray works faster with temperatures above 70°F, spray can be applied at any time plants are growing. Spray when air is calm to avoid drift. Spray will injure or kill clover, dandelion and most ornamental and vegetable crops.

Amount of water in spray is not important except to evenly distribute the chemical. If directions call for 1 oz. in 1 gallon on 400 square feet it may be more convenient to use 1 oz. in 2 gallons on 400 square feet depending on the sprayer. Generally, large volumes of water result in more uniform coverage.

HOW TO MIX:

- For use on St. Augustine grass, bent grass and buffalo grass, mix 1 oz. in 1 gallon of water and uniformly spray 400 square feet, for example, an area 10 feet wide and 40 feet long. If weeds are very persistent, repeat treatment in 2-3 weeks, if hard to kill weeds persist.
- For use on most other grasses, such as bermuda, bahia, bluegrass, centipede, fescue, ryegrass, etc., mix 2 oz. in 1 gallon of water and spray uniformly over 400 square feet. On hard to kill species, or under poor growing conditions, or on older weeds, mix 1 oz. in 1 gallon of water and spray on 400 square feet with special attention to the uniform coverage of the hard to kill weeds.



ST. AUGUSTINE GRASS BROADLEAF HERBICIDE

Contains *TRIMEC™ Herbicide

U. S. Patent No. 3,284,186

Kills: DANDELIONS KNOTWEED
CHICKWEED PLANTAINS
and certain other broadleaf weeds

ONE QUART COVERS UP TO 12,800 SQUARE FEET
KEEP FROM FREEZING

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Trimec (2,4-D) 30.5%
2,4-D 1.30%
2,4-DE 85.05%

NON-INGREDIENT

TOTAL 100.00%

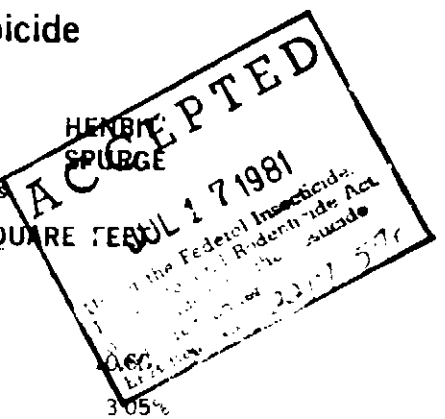
NET WEIGHT - 1 GALLON

Net Weight - 12.8 lbs. (12.8 lbs. net weight)
Gross Weight - 13.8 lbs. (13.8 lbs. gross weight)

CAUTION: Keep Out of Reach of Children
See Back Panel for Additional Cautions

*EPA is a registered trademark of P.B.I. - Gordon Corporation
U.S. Patent No. 3,284,186

NET CONTENTS ONE GALLON





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For a complete list of weeds controlled by this herbicide, see the back panel of this container. For a complete list of weeds controlled by this herbicide, see the back panel of this container.

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NET CONTENTS ONE GALLON



WEEDS CONTROLLED: St. Augustine Grass
and certain other grasses. For a complete list of weeds controlled by this herbicide, see the back panel of this container.

Bedstraw	Henbit	Shepherd's Purse
Black Medic	Knotweed	Speedwell
Buckhorn	Lambsquarter	Tan y Mustard
Buttercup	Lespedeza	Thistle
Chicory	Malow	Spurge
Chickweed	Morning Glory	Velvet Leaf
Clover	Mustard	Wild Carrot
Cocklebur	Oxalis	Wild Garlic
Dandelion	Peppercorn	Wild Lettuce
Dock	Pigweed	Wild Onion
Gainsoga	Plantains	Yarrow
Ground Ivy	Poison Ivy	And many other broadleaf weeds
Hawweed	Poison Oak	
Heal all	Purslane	
	Ragweed	
	Sheep Sorrel	

Do not spray near children or animals. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. If contact with eyes occurs, flush with plenty of water.

Do not spray near vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not contaminate drinking water. Do not store in container formerly used for pesticides. Do not use in areas where sprayers for food use are used. Sprays are less likely to be absorbed by plants than granules.

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