

GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLERContains TRIMEC^(R) Turf Herbicide

[KEEP FROM FREEZING] (Optional) ✓

Ready - Spray (Optional) ✓

[ONE QUART COVERS 5,000 SQUARE FEET.] (Option A) ✓

[ONE QUART COVERS 5,000 TO 6,000 SQUARE FEET.] (Option B) ✓

→ Controls Dandelion, Chickweed, Knotweed, Henbit, Plantains, Clover, Spurge and many other broadleaf lawn weeds; some of which are shown on the side panel. ✓

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichloro-phenoxyacetic acid	5.67% ✓
**Dimethylamine Salt of 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)propionic acid	2.67% ✓
***Dimethylamine Salt of Dicamba (3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid)	0.63% ✓
INERT INGREDIENTS	91.03% ✓
Total	100.00%

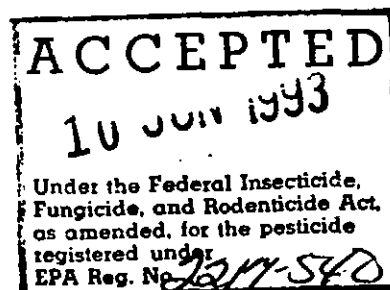
THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

*4.71% 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent.

**2.22% 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent.

***0.52% 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent.

AOAC Method isomer specific.

TRIMEC^(R) is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION.**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN****CAUTION** ✓

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements.

NET CONTENTS ONE QUART ✓

827/1092 APXXXXXX

EPA REG. NO. 2217-540

EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1

Mfd. by PBI/GORDON CORPORATION

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64101

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans & Domestic Animals:

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes and gloves when mixing, loading or applying this product. Wear face shield or goggles when mixing, loading or applying this product. When handling this product, wear chemical resistant gloves. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D and MCPP have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D and MCPP pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not reenter or permit other to reenter treated areas until sprays have dried or dusts have settled.

STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets. Do not store near food or feedstuffs. To prevent contamination, do not store near fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides, or near seeds.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspapers and discard in trash.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse container. Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash.

[(Option when packed in hose-end sprayer) **CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Do not reuse container. Securely wrap container in several layers of newspapers and discard in trash.]

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OPTION (A) [For Sealed Hose-End Sprayers]

IMPORTANT: Do not allow drift onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants since injury may result. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants. Do not spray roots of trees and ornamentals. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within dripline of tree and other ornamental species.

This product is designed for use through this sprayer for controlling of broadleaf weeds in bahiagrass, bermudagrass, bluegrass, fescue, perennial ryegrass, and zoysiagrass lawns, vacant lots, playgrounds and other similar areas.

- DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON LAWNS -

For control of dandelions, chickweed, plantains, clover, and other listed weeds, apply when weeds are actively growing. Spray weeds such as wild garlic and wild onions when they appear in late fall and again in early spring. Water lawn thoroughly 1 to 2 days before application. Do not water for 48 hours after application. Do not mow for one week before treating. Spray entire lawn, wetting weeds and lawn grasses, do not saturate. Spray when air is calm to avoid spray drift that might injure desirable ornamental.

tal plants. Adjust water pressure at faucet to give coarse spray which is less likely to drift. Do not apply when temperatures are expected to exceed 85 ° F within 24 hours following application. Temporary injury may occur on bentgrass, bermudagrass, and red fescue lawn grasses. Do not apply to carpetgrass, centipedegrass, dichondra, Lippia, St. Augustinegrass lawns, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.

NEWLY SEEDED LAWNS may be treated after they have been mowed at least three times.

HOW TO USE: Shake well before using. Connect attached spray nozzle to garden hose. Turn the water control ON/OFF valve on top of spray nozzle to the "OFF" position. Turn on water at faucet. Extend hose to the farthest area of lawn to be treated and work back towards faucet so that you do not walk over treated areas. Using a coin or key, rotate the small product control valve located near front of nozzle forward to the "OPEN" position.

To begin spraying, point spray nozzle towards lawn and turn the water control ON/OFF valve to the "ON" position. The water automatically mixes with the product. Walk at a steady pace while spraying using an even sweeping motion, slightly overlapping treated areas. Refer to graduated scale on side of container to guide coverage. One quart of GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLER will cover 5,000 square feet of lawn.

To stop spraying, turn water control ON/OFF valve to the "OFF" position. Rotate small product control value back to "CLOSED" position. Turn off water at faucet. To relieve pressure, turn water control ON/OFF valve to the "ON" position and point sprayer away from any desirable plants before removing unit from hose.

(END OF OPTION A)

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OPTION (B)

WHERE TO USE: GORDON'S BL 6,000 LAWN WEED KILLER may be used on residential and ornamental lawns, vacant lots, playgrounds and other similar areas where broadleaf weeds are present. Established turf of bahiagrass, bermudagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, centipedegrass, fescues, perennial ryegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and zoysiagrass may be treated. This product is especially effective on all hard-to-kill weeds such as poison ivy, poison oak, sheepsorrel and spurge. In addition, GORDON'S BL 6,000 LAWN WEED KILLER controls most other broadleaf weeds, including sensitive weeds such as chickweed, clover, dandelion, knotweed and plantain. A partial list is given on a following panel.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: Do not allow drift onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants since injury may result. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants. Whether using a hose-end sprayer or pressure-sprayer, do not use sprays that are fine because they can drift and cause damage to non-target plants. Coarse droplet sprays are less likely to drift. Use only lawn-type sprayers. Do not spray on carpetgrass, dichondra, Lippia, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Do not spray roots of trees and ornamentals. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within dripline of tree and other ornamental species. This product may be injurious to St. Augustinegrass and centipedegrass if misapplications occur.

WHEN TO USE:

1. Spray at any time during the growing season when weeds are actively growing.
2. On new lawns, wait until the grass has reached a height of 2 inches before making an overall spray treatment. However, a "spot-treatment" may be made at any time with a small pressure-sprayer. Wait 3 weeks after treatment before seeding grass seed or planting sprigs or stolons.
3. Poor weed control may result if spray is applied during drought or just before rain.
4. For best results, mow before treatment.
5. Do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment.

- HOSE-END SPRAYERS -

HOW TO APPLY: Shake well before applying. Connect spray nozzle to hose. Remove bottle cap and screw bottle onto nozzle. Turn the on/off switch on top of the nozzle right to left to OFF. Turn on the water at the tap. When ready to treat, turn the on/off switch to its center ON position. The water mixes automatically with the product at the proper ratio. Walk and spray at a steady pace. Each mark on the side of bottle covers 1,000 to 1,200 square feet.

Use a hose-end sprayer designed for home lawn care. Refer to Charts I and II for the proper amounts of GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLER. Determine the area of turf to be treated. Pour the recommended amount of product (Column 1) into the bottle, add water to the indicated level (Column 2), and spray uniformly on turf area shown in Column 3.

Chart I: Amounts of GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLER for bahiagrass, bermudagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, fescues, perennial ryegrass, and zoysiagrass lawns applied with hose-end sprayers.

Column 1		Column 2	Column 3
Amount of Lawn Weed Killer to use:		Fill Bottle To:	Area to Treat:
(Tablespoons)	(Fluid Ounces)	(Gallons)	(Square Feet)
10 to 12	5 to 6	5	950
20 to 24	10 to 12	10	1,900
30 to 36	15 to 18	15	2,850
40 to 48	20 to 24	20	3,800

Note: For these grasses, apply the entire contents of this container (32 fluid ounces) on 5000 to 6000 square feet of turf.

Chart II: Amounts of GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLER for centipedegrass and St. Augustine-grass lawns applied with hose-end sprayers.

Column 1		Column 2	Column 3
Amount of Lawn Weed Killer to use:		Fill Bottle To:	Area to Treat:
(Tablespoons)	(Fluid Ounces)	(Gallons)	(Square Feet)
6	3	5	950
12	6	10	1,900
18	9	15	2,850
24	12	20	3,800

Note: For St. Augustine-grass and centipedegrass apply the entire contents of this container (32 fluid ounces) on 10,000 square feet of turf.

- PRESSURE SPRAYERS, BACKPACK SPRAYERS, OR OTHER MANUALLY OPERATED SPRAYERS -

Prepare the appropriate amounts of spray mixtures according to Chart III. Measure the recommended amount of GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLER into the spray tank and dilute with the proper amount of water. Use a spray pattern with small droplets and treat the area indicated in Chart III.

A. For bahiagrass, bermudagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, fescues, perennial ryegrass, and zoysiagrass lawns.

Amount of Lawn Weed Killer to use: (Tablespoons)	Amount of water in sprayer (Fluid Ounces)	Amount of water in sprayer (Gallons)	Area to Treat (Square Feet)
2 to 2.4	1 to 1.2	3/4	190
4 to 4.8	2 to 2.4	1 1/2	380
8 to 9.6	4 to 4.8	3	760

B. For centipedegrass and St. Augustinegrass lawns.

Amount of Lawn Weed Killer to use: (Tablespoons)	Amount of water in sprayer (Fluid Ounces)	Amount of water in sprayer (Gallons)	Area to Treat (Square Feet)
2 to 2.4	1 to 1.2	3/4	380
4 to 4.8	2 to 2.4	1 1/2	760
8 to 9.6	4 to 4.8	3	1520

SPOT-SPRAYING: To spray individual weeds, do not use a hose-end sprayer. Mix 1 fluid ounce (2 Tablespoons) of GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLER in 1/2 gallon of water in a pressure-sprayer. Spray to wet individual weeds.

GENERAL BRUSH CONTROL: (USE NOT REGISTERED IN CALIFORNIA)

For control of brush along roads and other similar non-crop areas, mix 10 to 14 fluid ounces of GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLER in 3 gallons of water and apply over 1,000 square feet. Use the higher rate of product for larger or more dense brush stands. Best results are obtained when brush is young and actively growing. Do not cut brush until the herbicide has translocated throughout the plant causing root death. Keep out of lakes, streams and ponds.

CONTROLS:

BRUSH: (USE NOT REGISTERED IN CALIFORNIA)

Ash	Gooseberry	Poison Ivy
Aspen	Honeylocust	Poison Oak
Birches	Kudzu	Shortleaf Pine
Black Cherry	Multiflora Rose	Thistle
Brambles	Oak	Willows
Elms		

(END OF OPTION B)

HARDY WEEDS:

For hardy weeds such as clover, ground ivy, oxalis, sheepsorrel, dock, thistles, and morningglory in lawns and other areas, repeat application in two to three weeks if necessary.

CONTROLS:**SENSITIVE WEEDS:**

Bedstraw

Black Medic

Buckhorn

Chickweed

Clover

Dandelion

Knotweed

Lambsquarter

Peppergrass

Plantain

Purslane

Ragweed

Shepherdspurse

Wild Lettuce

HARD-TO-KILL WEEDS:

Chicory

Dock

Ground Ivy

Heal-All

Lespedeza

Mallow

Morningglory

Oxalis

Pigweed

Poison Ivy

Poison Oak

Sheepsorrel

Speedwell

Spurge

Wild Carrot

Wild Onion

Yarrow

and many other
broadleaf weeds.**LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER.**

The manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.