

PM 23

2217-540

1046



1217 W. 12TH STREET
P.O. BOX 4090
KANSAS CITY, MO 64101

The Certification of Compliance for the 2,4-D Exposure Reduction Program

"I, being an authorized representative of PBI/Gordon Corporation, certify that all containers of **Gordon's BL 6000 Lawn Weed Killer (2217-540)** produced by June 15, 1994 for products registered for use only on residential or turf sites, excluding sod farms will bear revised labeling in accordance with the revised labeling required for Task Force technical and manufacturing-use products. I further certify that all containers of said product sold or distributed by this company by January 1, 1995 for products registered for use only on residential or turf sites, excluding sod farms will bear revised labeling in accordance with the revised labeling required for Task Force technical and manufacturing-use products."

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'J. A. Armbruster'.

James A. Armbruster, Ph.D.
Mgr. Regulatory Services

A handwritten date '2/23/93' written in a simple, bold style.

Date

2076

GORDON'S BL 6000 LAWN WEED KILLER

Contains TRIMEC^(R) Turf Herbicide

[KEEP FROM FREEZING] (Optional)

Ready - Spray (Optional)

[ONE QUART COVERS 5,000 SQ. FT.] (Option A)

[ONE QUART COVERS 5,000 TO 6,000 SQ. FT.] (Option B)

KILLS: Dandelion, Chickweed, Knotweed, Henbit, Plantains, Clover, Spurge and many other broadleaf lawn weeds; some of which are shown on the side panel.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichloro- phenoxyacetic acid	5.67%
**Dimethylamine Salt of 2-(2-methyl-4- chlorophenoxy)propionic acid	2.67%
***Dimethylamine Salt of Dicamba (3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid)	0.63%
INERT INGREDIENTS	<u>91.03%</u>
Total	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

- *4.71% 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent by AOAC Method isomer specific.
- **2.22% 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent.
- ***0.52% 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent.

TRIMEC^(R) is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

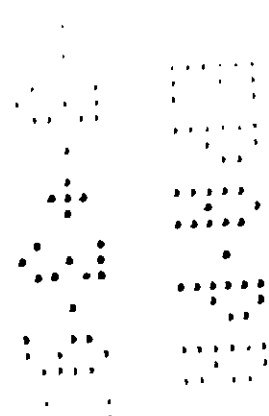
CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements.

NET CONTENTS ONE QUART

827/1292 APXXXXXX
EPA REG. NO. 2217-540
EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1

Mfd. by PBI/GORDON CORPORATION
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64101



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STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans & Domestic Animals:

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes and gloves when mixing, loading or applying this product. Wear face shield or goggles when mixing, loading or applying this product.

When using this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes and rubber gloves. After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes, and potholes). Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D and MCPP have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D and MCPP pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried or dust has settled.

STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspapers and discard in trash.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse container. Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash.

[(Option when packed in hose-end sprayer) **CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Do not reuse container. Securely wrap container in several layers of newspapers and discard in trash.]

OPTION (A) [For Sealed Hose-End Sprayers]

IMPORTANT: Do not allow drift onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants since injury may result. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants. Do not spray roots of trees and ornamentals. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within dripline of tree and other ornamental species.

This product is designed for use through this sprayer for controlling of broadleaf lawn weeds in bahia, bermuda, bluegrass, fescue, rye or zoysia lawns, vacant lots, playgrounds and other similar areas.

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- DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON LAWNS -

For control of dandelions, chickweed, plantains, clover, and other listed weeds, apply when weeds are actively growing. Spray weeds such as wild garlic and wild onions when they appear in late fall and again in early spring. Water lawn thoroughly 1 to 2 days before application. Do not water for 48 hours after application. Do not mow for one week before treating. Spray entire lawn, wetting weeds and lawn grasses, do not saturate. Spray when air is calm to avoid spray drift that might injure desirable ornamental plants. Adjust water pressure at faucet to give coarse spray which is less likely to drift. Do not apply when temperatures are expected to exceed 85 ° F within 24 hours following application. Temporary injury may occur on bentgrass, bermudagrass, and Red Fescue lawn grasses. Do not apply to carpetgrass, centipedegrass, dichondra, Lippia, St. Augustinegrass lawns, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.

HOW TO USE: Shake well before using. Connect attached spray nozzle to garden hose. Turn the water control ON/OFF valve on top of spray nozzle to the "OFF" position. Turn on water at faucet. Extend hose to the farthest area of lawn to be treated and work back towards faucet so that you do not walk over treated areas. Using a coin or key, rotate the small product control valve located near front of nozzle forward to the "OPEN" position.

To begin spraying, point spray nozzle towards lawn and turn the water control ON/OFF valve to the "ON" position. The water automatically mixes with the product. Walk at a steady pace while spraying using an even sweeping motion, slightly overlapping treated areas. Refer to graduated scale on side of container to guide coverage. One quart of BL 6000 Lawn Weed Killer will cover 5,000 square feet of lawn.

To stop spraying, turn water control ON/OFF valve to the "OFF" position. Rotate small product control valve back to "CLOSED" position. Turn off water at faucet. To relieve pressure, turn water control ON/OFF valve to the "ON" position and point sprayer away from any desirable plants before removing unit from hose.

NEWLY SEEDED LAWNS may be treated after they have been mowed at least three times.

OPTION (B)

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: Do not allow drift onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants since injury may result. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants. Whether using a hose-end sprayer or pressure-sprayer, do not use sprays that are fine because they can drift and cause damage to non-target plants. Coarse droplet sprays are less likely to drift. Use only lawn-type sprayers. Do not spray on carpetgrass, dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Do not spray roots of trees and ornamentals. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within dripline of tree and other ornamental species. This product may be injurious to St. Augustinegrass and centipedegrass. Since injury can be expected, "spot-spray" weeds only with a pressure sprayer. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

WHERE TO USE: BL 6,000 Lawn Weed Killer may be used on bahia, bermuda, bluegrass, fescue, rye or zoysia lawns, vacant lots, playgrounds and other similar areas where broadleaf weeds are present. This product is especially effective on all hard-to-kill weeds such as poison ivy, poison oak, sheepsorrel and spurge. In addition, BL 6,000 Lawn Weed Killer controls most other broadleaf weeds, including sensitive weeds such as chickweed, clover, dandelion, knotweed and plantain. A partial list is given on a following panel.

WHEN TO USE:

1. Spray at any time during the growing season when weeds are actively growing.
2. On new lawns, wait until the grass has reached a height of 2 inches before making an overall spray treatment. However, a "spot-treatment" may be made at any time with a small pressure-sprayer spray.

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- ing only the weeds at ground level. Wait 3 weeks before seeding or planting stolons, plugs, or sprigs.
3. Poor weed control may result if spray is applied during drought or just before rain.
 4. For best results, mow before treatment.
 5. Do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment.

HOW TO APPLY: Shake well before applying. Connect spray nozzle to hose. Remove bottle cap and screw bottle onto nozzle. Turn the on/off switch on top of the nozzle right to left to OFF. Turn on the water at the tap. When ready to treat, turn the on/off switch to its center ON position. The water mixes automatically with the product at the proper ratio. Walk and spray at a steady pace. Each mark on the side of bottle covers 1,000 to 1,200 square feet.

HOW MUCH TO USE (Entire lawn): HOSE-END SPRAYER: Use a hose-end designed for lawns. Put recommended amount of product (Column 1) in bottle and add water to indicated level (Column 2) and spray on area shown in Column 3. For example, to spray 1,900 square feet measure 10 - 12 ounces in jar, add water to the 10 gallon level, and mix. Turn on hose and spray as evenly as possible over 1,900 square feet

Column 1		Column 2	Column 3
Amt. Lawn Weed Killer to use:		Fill Bottle To:	Area to Treat:
(Tbsp.)	(Fl. Oz.)	(Gallons)	(Square Feet)
10 - 12	5 - 6	5	950
20 - 24	10 - 12	10	1,900
30 - 36	15 - 18	15	2,850
40 - 48	20 - 24	20	3,800

The maximum application rate to turf is 2.0 pounds 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application per site. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.

PRESSURE-SPRAYERS: Measure indicated amount of BL 6,000 Lawn Weed Killer into tank and dilute with water according to the following chart. Use a spray pattern that gives small spray droplets without any fine mist, and cover the area indicated.

Amt. Lawn Weed Killer to use:		Amount of	Area to
		water in sprayer	be Sprayed
(Tbsp.)	(Fl. Oz.)	(Gallons)	(Square Feet)
2 - 2.4	1 - 1.2	3/4	190
4 - 4.8	2 - 2.4	1 1/2	380
8 - 9.6	4 - 4.8	3	760

SPOT-SPRAYING: To spray small areas or individual weeds, do not use a hose-end sprayer. Mix 1 ounce (2 Tablespoons) in 1/2 gallon of water in a pressure-sprayer, and spray as required, being certain to "wet" each weed.

GENERAL BRUSH CONTROL: (USE NOT REGISTERED IN CALIFORNIA)

For control of brush along roads and other similar non-crop areas, mix 10 - 14 ounces in 3 gallons of water and apply over 1,000 square feet. Use the higher rate for larger or more dense brush stands. Best results are obtained when brush is young and actively growing. Do not cut brush until the chemical has translocated throughout the plant causing root death. Keep out of lakes, streams and ponds.

CONTROLS:**BRUSH: (USE NOT REGISTERED IN CALIFORNIA)**

Ash	Gooseberry	Poison Ivy
Aspen	Honeylocust	Poison Oak
Birches	Kudzu	Shortleaf Pine
Black Cherry	Multiflora Rose	Thistle
Brambles	Oak	Willows
Elms		

(END OF OPTION B)**HARDY WEEDS:**

For hardy weeds such as clover, ground ivy, oxalis, sheepsorrel, dock, thistles, and morningglory in lawns and other areas, repeat application in two to three weeks if necessary.

CONTROLS:**SENSITIVE WEEDS:**

Bedstraw	Dandelion	Purslane
Black Medic	Knotweed	Ragweed
Buckhorn	Lambsquarter	Shepherdspurse
Chickweed	Peppergrass	Wild Lettuce
Clover	Plantain	

HARD-TO-KILL WEEDS:

Chicory	Oxalis	Spurge
Dock	Pigweed	Wild Carrot
Ground Ivy	Poison Ivy	Wild Onion
Heal-All	Poison Oak	Yarrow
Lespedeza	Sheepsorrel	and many other
Mallow	Speedwell	broadleaf weeds.
Morningglory		

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER.

The manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.