



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

- Registration
- Amendment
- Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| 1. Company/Product Number 2217-539 | 2. EPA Product Manager Joanne I. Miller | 3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted |
| 4. Company/Product (Name) Gordon's BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer | PM# (PM 23) | |
| 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) PBI/Gordon Corporation PO Box 014090 Kansas City, Missouri 64101 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address | 6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____ | |

Section - II

- Amendment - Explain below.
- Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____
- Notification - Explain below.
- Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____
- "Me Too" Application.
- Other - Explain below.

NOTIFICATION

SEP 09 2003

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) s

NON-NOTIFICATIONS: 1) We ask to correct a typographical error of MCPP-p on the substatement "0.13 lb. (+)-R-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)propionic acid equivalent." [Refer to page 1] 2) We also ask to add a toll free consumer access number to the Disposal statement for containers according to PR Notice 2001-6. [Refer to page 3]

NOTIFICATION of Minor revisions per PR Notice 98-10 and PR Notice 2001-6: We ask to list product features and advertising claims that may be presented on the container labeling. [Please refer to the appendix on page 8 for these requests.] One (1) copy of the proposed label is enclosed for your review. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to the EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under Section 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section - III

| | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In: | | | | | |
| Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input type="checkbox"/> No | Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No | Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No | 2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ | | |
| * Certification must be submitted | | If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No. per container | If "Yes" Package wgt. No. per container | | |
| 3. Location of Net Contents Information <input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container | | 4. Size(s) Retail Container | | 5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/> On Label <input type="checkbox"/> On Labeling accompanying product | |
| 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | | | | | |

Section - IV

| | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.) | | | | | |
| Name Craig Martens | Title Manager of Regulatory Services | Telephone No. (include Area Code) 816/460-6287 | | | |
| Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law. | | | | | 6. Date Application Received (Stamped) |
| 2. Signature <i>Craig Martens</i> | 3. Title Manager of Regulatory Services | | | | |
| 4. Typed Name Craig Martens | 5. Date August 25, 2003 | | | | |

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GORDON'S BL 8000 LAWN WEED KILLER

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: | |
| 2,4-D, dimethylamine salt | 7.59% |
| Mecoprop-p, dimethylamine salt..... | 1.83% |
| Dicamba, dimethylamine salt | 0.84% |
| INERT INGREDIENTS: | 89.74% |
| TOTAL | 100.00% |

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:
 0.54 lb. 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 6.30%
 0.13 lb. (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 1.51%
 0.06 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 0.70%
 Isomer Specific by AOAC Method.
 Contains the single isomer form of Mecoprop-p.
 Trimec® is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION.

NOTIFICATION
SEP 09 2003

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

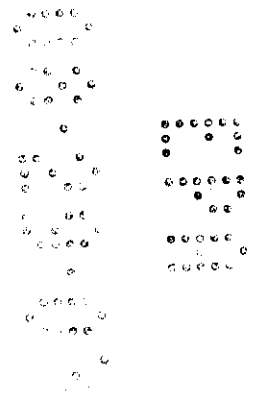
CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements.

NET CONTENTS: (1 Pint, 1 or 2 Quarts, 1, 5, 30, or 55 Gallons)

828/ AP082503
 EPA REG NO 2217-539
 EPA EST NO 2217-KS-1
MANUFACTURED BY:

An Employee-Owned Company
 1217 West 12th Street
 Kansas City, Missouri 64101
 Telephone: 1-800-821-7925





READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

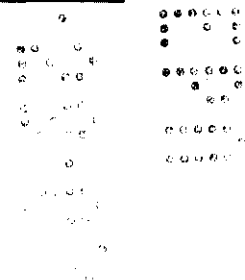
CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. When using this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, and rubber gloves.

After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

Containers over 1 gallon and less than 5 gallons: Persons engaged in open pouring of this product must also wear coveralls or a chemical resistant apron.

Containers of 5 gallons or more in capacity must also bear the following statement: A mechanical system (probe and pump) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal.

| First Aid | |
|--|--|
| If inhaled: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If on skin or clothing: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If in eyes: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If swallowed: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| HOT LINE NUMBER | |
| Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-xxx-xxxx for emergency medical treatment information. | |



ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater. When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D and MCP-p have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D and MCP-p pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not allow people (other than applicator) on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment area until spray has dried or dust has settled.

Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

For Containers Less Than 1 Gallon:

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets. Avoid contamination of food or feedstuffs.

DISPOSAL:

If Empty—Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If Partly Filled—Call your local solid waste agency or toll free number (1-800-CLEANUP) for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

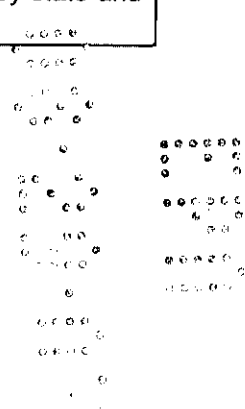
For Containers Greater Than 5.0 Gallons:

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets. Avoid contamination of food or feedstuffs.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: *For Metal Containers* - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. *For Plastic Containers* - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.



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USE PRECAUTIONS:

Do not allow spray to drift onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants since injury may result. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants.

Whether using a hose end sprayer or pressure sprayer, do not use fine sprays because they can drift and cause damage to nontarget plants. Coarse droplet spray droplets are less likely to drift. Use only lawn-type sprayers.

Do not spray on carpetgrass, dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Do not spray roots of trees and ornamentals. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area, be particularly careful within dripline of tree and other ornamental species.

Schedule the herbicide applications when air temperatures are 60 - 90°F with good soil moisture. Avoid applications during the spring transition of the warm season grasses and during periods of extremely high temperatures. The tolerance of warm season grasses decreases at air temperatures greater than 90°F and when turfgrass is drought stressed.

The turf tolerance of centipedegrass and St. Augustinegrass can range from sensitive to tolerant. Do not apply this product to 'Floritam' St. Augustinegrass in Florida.

WHERE TO USE:

Gordon's BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer may be used on bahiagrass, bermudagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, fescue, perennial ryegrass, zoysiagrass, centipedegrass, and St. Augustinegrass lawns, vacant lots, playgrounds and other similar areas where broadleaf weeds are present. This product is especially effective on all hard-to-kill weeds such as poison ivy, poison oak, sheep sorrel and spurge. In addition, BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer controls most other broadleaf weeds, including sensitive weeds such as chickweed, clover, dandelion, knotweed and plantain. A partial list is given on the side panel.

The maximum application rate to turf is 0.8 pounds 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application per site. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.

WHEN TO USE:

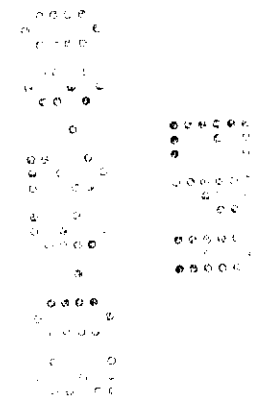
1. Spray during the growing season when weeds are actively growing.
2. On new lawns, wait until the grass has reached a height of 2 inches before making an overall spray treatment. However, a spot treatment may be made at any time with a small pressure sprayer. Wait 3 weeks before seeding or planting stolons, plugs, or sprigs.
3. Poor weed control may result if spray is applied during drought or just before rain.
4. For best results, mow before treating.
5. Do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment.

HOW MUCH TO USE (Entire Lawn):

Hose End Sprayer:

Use a hose end sprayer designed for lawns. Pour recommended amount of product (Column 1) in bottle and add water to indicated level (Column 2), and spray on area shown in Column 3. For example, to spray 2,500 square feet measure 10 fluid ounces (20 tablespoons) in jar, add water to the 10 gallon level, and mix. Turn on hose and spray as evenly as possible over 2,500 square feet.

Note: If you have a Chemlawn Applicator, use one pint of Gordon's BL 8,000 Lawn Weed Killer in 2½ gallons of water and cover 4,000 square feet.



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Chart 1: Amounts of Gordon's BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer for bahiagrass, bermudagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, fescues, perennial ryegrass, and zoysiagrass lawns applied with hose end sprayers.

| Column 1 | | Column 2 | Column 3 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Amount of Lawn Weed Killer to Use | | Fill Bottle to | Area to Treat |
| (Tablespoons) | (Fluid Ounces) | (Gallons) | (Square Feet) |
| 10 | 5 | 5 | 1,250 |
| 20 | 10 | 10 | 2,500 |
| 30 | 15 | 15 | 3,750 |
| 40 | 20 | 20 | 5,000 |

Note: For the grasses in Chart 1, apply the entire contents of this container (32 fluid ounces) on 8,000 square feet of turf.

Chart 2: Amounts of Gordon's BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer for centipedegrass and St. Augustinegrass lawns applied with hose end sprayers.

| Column 1 | | Column 2 | Column 3 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Amount of Lawn Weed Killer to Use | | Fill Bottle to | Area to Treat |
| (Tablespoons) | (Fluid Ounces) | (Gallons) | (Square Feet) |
| 10 | 5 | 5 | 2,500 |
| 20 | 10 | 10 | 5,000 |
| 30 | 15 | 15 | 7,500 |
| 40 | 20 | 20 | 10,000 |

Note: For St. Augustinegrass and centipedegrass apply the entire contents of this container (32 fluid ounces) on 16,000 square feet of turf.

Pressure Sprayers:

Measure indicated amount of Gordon's BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer, pour into tank, and dilute with water according to the following chart. Use a spray pattern that gives small [course] spray droplets without any fine mist, and cover the area indicated.

Chart 3. For bahiagrass, bermudagrass, Kentucky bluegrass, fescues, perennial ryegrass, and zoysiagrass lawns with pressure or tank type sprayers.

| Amount of Lawn Weed Killer to Use | | Amount of Water in Sprayer | Area To Treat |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| (Tablespoons) | (Fluid Ounces) | (Gallons) | (Square Feet) |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 250 |
| 4 | 2 | 2 | 500 |
| 6 | 3 | 3 | 750 |

Chart 4: For centipedegrass and St. Augustinegrass lawns with pressure or tank type sprayers.

| Amount of Lawn Weed Killer to Use | | Amount of Water in Sprayer | Area To Treat |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| (Tablespoons) | (Fluid Ounces) | (Gallons) | (Square Feet) |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 500 |
| 4 | 2 | 2 | 1,000 |
| 6 | 3 | 3 | 1,500 |

Spot Spraying [Treatment]:

To spray small areas or individual weeds, do not use a hose end sprayer. Refer to Chart 3 or Chart 4 for mixing instructions. Spray as needed and be certain to wet the weeds.

- BROADLEAF WEEDS -

| | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Annual yellow sweetclover | Cockle | Musk thistle | Spiny amaranth |
| Aster | Cocklebur | Mustard | Spiny cocklebur |
| Austrian fieldcress | Common mullein | Narrowleaf plantain | Spiny sowthistle |
| Bedstraw | Creeping Jenny (Creeping Charlie) | Narrowleaf vetch | Spotted catsear |
| Beggarticks | Cudweed | Nettle | Spotted spurge |
| Betony, Florida | Curly dock | Orange hawkweed | Spurweed |
| Bindweed, field | Daisy, English | Oriental cocklebur | Stinging nettle |
| Bird vetch | Daisy fleabane | Oxalis | Strawberry, India mock |
| Bitter wintercress | Daisy, oxeye | Parsley-piert | Tall nettle |
| Bittercress, hairy | Dandelion | Parsnip | Tall vervain |
| Bitterweed | Dichondra | Pearlwort | Tansy ragwort |
| Black-eyed Susan | Dogbane | Pennycress | Tansy mustard |
| Black medic | Dogfennel | Pennywort | Tanweed |
| Black mustard | Dollarweed | Peppergrass | Thistle |
| Blackseed plantain | Elderberry | Pepperweed | Trailing crownvetch |
| Blessed thistle | False dandelion | Pigweed | Tumble mustard |
| Bloodflower milkweed | Falseflax | Pineywoods bedstraw | Tumble pigweed |
| Blue lettuce | False sunflower | Plains coreopsis (tickseed) | Velvetleaf |
| Blue vervain | Fiddleneck | Plantain | Venice mallow |
| Bracted plantain | Florida pusley | Poison ivy | Virginia buttonweed |
| Brassbuttons | Frenchweed | Poison oak | Virginia creeper |
| Bristly oxtongue | Galinsoga | Pokeweed | Virginia pepperweed |
| Broadleaf dock | Goathead | Poorjoe | Water pennywort |
| Broadleaf plantain | Goldenrod | Prairie sunflower | Wavyleaf bullthistle |
| Broomweed | Ground ivy | Prickly lettuce | Western clematis |
| Buckhorn | Gumweed | Prickly sida | Western salsify |
| Buckhorn plantain | Hairy fleabane | Prostrate knotweed | White mustard |
| Bulbous buttercup | Hawkweed | Prostrate pigweed | Wild aster |
| Bull thistle | Healall | Prostrate spurge | Wild buckwheat |
| Bullnettle | Heartleaf drymary | Prostrate vervain | Wild carrot |
| Burclover | Heathaster | Puncturevine | Wild four-o'clock |
| Burdock | Hedge bindweed | Purslane, common | Wild garlic |
| Burning nettle | Hedge mustard | Ragweed | Wild geranium |
| Burweed | Hemp | Red sorrel | Wild lettuce |
| Buttercup | Henbit | Redroot pigweed | Wild marigold |
| Buttonweed | Hoary cress | Redstem filaree | Wild mustard |
| Canada thistle | Hoary plantain | Rough cinquefoil | Wild onion |
| Carolina geranium | Hoary vervain | Rough fleabane | Wild parsnip |
| Carpetweed | Horsenettle | Russian pigweed | Wild radish |
| Catchweed bedstraw | Jimsonweed | Russian thistle | Wild rape |
| Catnip | Knawel | Scarlet pimpernel | Wild strawberry |
| Catsear | Knotweed | Scotch thistle | Wild sweet potato |
| Chickweed, common | Kochia | Sheep sorrel | Wild vetch |
| Chickweed, mouseear | Lambsquarters | Shepherdspurse | Woodsorrel |
| Chicory | Lespedeza | Slender plantain | Woolly crotch |
| Cinquefoil | Mallow | Smallflower galinsoga | Woolly morningglory |
| Clover, crimson | Matchweed | Smooth dock | Woolly plantain |
| Clover, hop | Mexicanweed | Smooth pigweed | Wormseed |
| Clover, red | Milk vetch | Sorrel | Yarrow |
| Clover, strawberry | Morningglory | Sowthistle | Yellow rock |
| Clover, sweet | Mouseear hawkweed | Spanishneedles | Yellowflower pepperweed |
| Clover, white | Mugwort | Speedwell | and other broadleaf weeds |

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LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER.

The manufacturer warrants only that the chemical composition of this product conforms to the ingredient statement given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use.

THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. This limited warranty does not extend to the use of the product inconsistent with label instructions, warnings or cautions, or to use of the product under abnormal conditions such as drought, excessive rainfall, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc. These factors are beyond the control of the manufacturer or the seller. Any damages arising from a breach of the manufacturer's warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include indirect or consequential damages such as loss of profits or values, except as otherwise provided by law.

The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or agent of the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

APPENDIX

I. Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail containers of supplemental registrants.

- ◆ One quart covers up to 8,000 square feet.
- ◆ Keep from freezing.
- ◆ Controls dandelion, chickweed, knotweed, henbit, plantain, clover, spurge and many other broadleaf lawn weeds including those shown on the side panel.
- ◆ Kills even the tough weeds...roots and all!
- ◆ Controls even the tough weeds...roots and all!
- ◆ Treats northern and southern grasses.
- ◆ Kills the root.
- ◆ One quart treats up to 16,000 square feet. (Southern grasses)
- ◆ Water based.
- ◆ One quart covers up to ____ square feet.
- ◆ Won't harm lawn grass when used according to label directions.
- ◆ Kills [Controls] 200+ broadleaf weeds.
- ◆ Starts working overnight
- ◆ Won't harm lawn grass (when used as directed)
- ◆ Controls (Number) weeds!
- ◆ Mixes with Water - Concentrate
- ◆ Recommended areas for this container vary from 16,000 square feet (Northern Grasses) to 32,000 square feet (Southern Grasses)
- ◆ **CONTROLS**
 SENSITIVE WEEDS: Bedstraw, Black Medic, Buckhorn, Chickweed, Clover, Dandelion, Knotweed, Lambsquarters, Peppergrass, Plantain, Purslane, Ragweed, Sheperdspurse, and Wild Lettuce.
 HARD-TO-KILL WEEDS: Chicory, Creeping Charlie, Creeping Jenny, Dock, Ground Ivy, Heal-All, Lespedeza, Mallow, Morningglory, Oxalis, Pigweed, Poison Ivy, Poison Oak, Sheep Sorrel, Speedwell, Spurge, Wild Carot, Wild Onion, Yarrow and many other broadleaf weeds.

