

ACCEPTED
APR 10 1975
U.S. Dept. of Agriculture
Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
EPA Reg. No. 2217-539



BL 8000

LAWN WEED KILLER

KEEP FROM FREEZING
One Quart Covers 8,000 SQ. Ft.

Contains ***TRIMEC®** Turf Herbicide

Contains: 2,4-D, MCPP and Dicamba

Also Kills: DANDELION, KNOTWEED, HENBIT, PLANTAINS, SPURGE, CHICKWEED, CLOVER, and many other broadleaf weeds.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
*Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	8.07%
**Dimethylamine Salt of 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy), propionic acid	3.66%
***Dimethylamine Salt of Dicamba (3,6-Dichloro-o-anisic acid)	0.84%
Dimethylamine Salts of related compounds	0.11%
INERT INGREDIENTS	
Total	87.32%
*2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 0.576 pounds per gallon	100.00%
**2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent 0.26 pounds per gallon	6.70%
***3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent 0.06 pounds per gallon	3.02%
828-475	0.69%

CAUTION: Keep Out of Reach of Children
See Back Panel for Additional Cautions

NET CONTENTS 1 QUART

*Trimec® is a registered trademark of P.B.I.—Gordon Corporation.
U.S. Patent No. 3,284,186

Mfd. by **G pbi/gordon corporation**
KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66116

CONTROLS

BEDSTRAW
BLACK MEDIC
BUCKHORN
CHICORY
CHICKWEED
CLOVER
DANDELION
DOCK
GROUND IVY
HEAL-ALL
HENBIT
KNOTWEED
LAMBSQUARTER
LESPEDEZA
MALLOW
MORNING GLORY
PEPPERGRASS
PIGWEEED
PLANTAINS
POISON IVY
POISON OAK
PURSLANE
RADWEED
SHEPHERD'S PURSE
SPEEDWELL
SPURGE
WILD CARROT
WILD LETTUCE
WILD ONION
YARROW

and many others

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

WHERE TO USE: BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer may be used on Bluegrass, Bermuda, or Zoysia lawns, vacant lots, playgrounds, and other similar areas where hard to kill weeds are present. This product is especially effective on all types of hard-to-kill weeds such as HENBIT, CHICKWEED, KNOTWEED, SPOTTED SPURGE, QUAKERS, BROWN MEDIC, and SHEEP SORE. In addition to these, BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer controls most other broadleafed lawn weeds, including Dandelion and Pigweed, and a partial list is given on the side panel.

NOTE: Do not allow spray to get on vegetables or ornamental plants since injury may result. Since injury can be expected when used on Centipede or St. Augustine grass lawns, "Spot-Spray" weeds only. Clover present will be damaged if sprayed. Repeat if necessary for hard to kill weeds. Whether using a hose-end sprayer or pressure sprayer, avoid sprays which are too fine because they can drift and damage ornamental or garden plants.

WHEN TO USE: Spray at any time during the growing season when weeds are actively growing. Treat Chickweed, Henbit, Wild Onion and Quaker in the fall or in the spring, as needed. On new lawns wait until the turf has reached a height of 2 inches before making an overall spray treatment. "Spot-Spray" weed treatment, however, may be made at any time with a small pressure sprayer, spraying only the weeds at ground level. Wait 3 weeks before putting new grass seed or stolons down in the bare spots. Poor weed control may result if spray is applied during drought or just before rain. For best results mow before treating. Do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment.

HOW MUCH TO USE—ENTIRE LAWN

HOSE-END SPRAYER: Use a hose-end sprayer designed for lawns. Put recommended amount of chemical (Column 1) in bottle and add water to indicated level (Column 2), and spray on area indicated. For example—to spray 2,500 sq. feet, measure 10 ozs. (20 tbsps.) in jar and add water to the 10 gallons level and mix. Turn on hose and spray as evenly as possible over 2,500 sq. feet.

Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3
Amt. BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer to use: (Tbsp.)	Fill Bottle To: (Gallons)	Area to Treat: (Sq. Feet)
10	5	1250
20	10	2500
30	15	3750
40	20	5000

PRESSURE SPRAYERS: Measure indicated amount of chemical into tank and dilute with water according to the following chart. Use a spray pattern which gives small spray droplets without any fine mist and cover the area indicated.

Amt. BL 8000 Lawn Weed Killer to use: (Tbsp.)	Amt. of water to be in sprayer: (Gallons)	Area to be sprayed: (Sq. Feet)
2	1	250
4	2	500
6	3	750

HOW MUCH TO USE: SPOT SPRAY

To spray small areas or individual weeds, do not use hose-end sprayers. Mix 1 oz. (2 tbsps.) in 1/2 gal. water in pressure sprayer and spray as required being certain to "wet" each weed.

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact with skin or eyes, flush with plenty of water. Avoid contamination of feed or foodstuffs.

Avoid drift of spray onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees, and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants. Do not spray on carpetgrass, dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Use only lawn sprayers. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. Do not apply to areas underlaid by roots of desirable trees and shrubs. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation water. Do not store in contact with fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. This product may be injurious to St. Augustine grass.

WHEN CONTAINER IS EMPTY, WASH THOROUGHLY AND DESTROY. NEVER REUSE. DESTROY BY PERFORATING OR CRUSHING, AND BURYING IN A SAFE PLACE AWAY FROM WATER SUPPLIES.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that this product conforms to the ingredient statement on the label. Since conditions of use, such as weather, compatibility with other chemicals, and condition of application equipment will vary, Seller makes no claims other than those stated on this label.

E.P.A. REG. NO. 2217-539

E.P.A. EST. NO. 2217-KS-1