



BROADLEAF WEED & BRUSH KILLER 879

A †TRIMEC® Herbicide Formulation

KILLS: ASH, ASPEN, BRAMBLES, CLOVER, DANDELION, HENBIT, KNOTWEED, KUDZU, PLANTAIN, POISON IVY, POISON OAK, SPURGE and many other broadleaf weeds & brush, some of which are shown on the side panel.

— KEEP FROM FREEZING —

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	12.11%
**Dimethylamine Salt of 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid	5.84%
***Dimethylamine Salt of Dicamba (3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid)	1.34%
INERT INGREDIENTS	80.71%
TOTAL	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

- *0.88 lb. 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid per gallon or 10.06%.
- **0.42 lb. 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid per gallon or 4.83%.
- ***0.098 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid per gallon or 1.11%.

*Isomer Specific by AOAC Method 6.D01-5.

Keep Out of Reach of Children
CAUTION
 See back panel for additional precautionary information.

NET CONTENTS ONE QUART

EPA REG. NO. 2217-536
 EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1
 879/881



U.S. Patent No. 3,284,186

†TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION.

CONTROLS:

SENSITIVE WEEDS:

Bedstraw
 Black Medic
 Buckhorn
 Chickweed
 Clover
 Dandelion
 Knotweed
 Lambsquarter
 Peppergrass
 Plantain
 Purslane
 Ragweed
 Shepherd's Purse
 Wild Lettuce

HARD-TO-KILL WEEDS:

Chicory
 Dock
 Ground Ivy
 Heal-All
 Lespedeza
 Mallow
 Morning Glory
 Oxalis
 Pigweed
 Poison Ivy
 Poison Oak
 Sheep Sorrel
 Speedwell
 Spurge
 Wild Carrot
 Wild Onion
 Yarrow

BRUSH:

Ash
 Aspen
 Birches
 Black Cherry
 Brambles
 Elms
 Gooseberry
 Honeylocust
 Kudzu
 Multiflora Rose
 Oak
 Poison Ivy
 Poison Oak
 Shortleaf Pine
 Thistle
 Willows



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)
CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. If irritation develops, get medical attention. Avoid contamination of food or feedstuffs.

Environmental Hazards
 Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation waters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
 It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL
 Do not store near food or feedstuffs. Do not store near other pesticides or seeds. **DONOT REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER. WRAP AND PUT IN TRASH COLLECTION.**

OBSERVE THESE USE PRECAUTIONS:

- Avoid drift of spray mist onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants.
- Do not spray on carpetgrass, dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present.
- Use only lawn-type sprayers.
- Coarse spray droplets are less likely to wind-drift and thus help to prevent damage to nearby plants.
- Do not spray roots of desirable trees and ornamentals. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within the dripline of desirable trees and other ornamentals.
- Do not spray while grass is emerging from dormancy.
- Do not apply to newly seeded lawns until well established.
- New seed can be safely sown 3 to 4 weeks after application.
- Some injury can be expected to turf if used on St. Augustine or Centipede grasses "Spot spray" weeds and brush on these grasses. Clover present will be damaged if sprayed.
- After using this product, clean sprayer with soap or detergent and water. Rinse sprayer thoroughly before putting other pesticides in it.
- Failure to observe the above precautions may result in injury.

BROADLEAF WEEDS/WHERE TO USE:

GORDON'S BROADLEAF WEED & BRUSH KILLER may be used on Bahia, Bermuda, Bluegrass, Fescue, Rye or Zoysia lawns, vacant lots, playgrounds and other similar non-crop areas where broadleaf weeds are present. This product is especially effective on hard-to-kill weeds such as Poison Ivy, Poison Oak, Sheep Sorrel and Spurge. In addition, it controls most other broadleaf weeds, including sensitive weeds like Chickweed, Clover, Dandelion, Knotweed and Plantain. A partial list is given on the side panel.

BROADLEAF WEEDS/WHEN TO USE:

- Spray at any time during the growing season when weeds are actively growing.
- On new lawns, wait until the grass has reached a height of 2 inches before making an over-all spray treatment. However, a "spot-treatment" may be made any time with a small pressure-sprayer, spraying only the weeds at ground level. Wait 3 to 4 weeks before putting new grass seed or stolons down in the bare spots.
- Poor weed control may result if spray is applied during drought or just before rain.
- For best results, mow before treating.
- Do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment.

BROADLEAF WEEDS/HOW MUCH TO USE (Entire Lawn) HOSE-END SPRAYER:

Use a hose-end sprayer designed for lawns. Put recommended amount of product (Column 1) in bottle and add water to indicated level (Column 2), and spray on area shown (Column 3). For example, to spray 850 sq. ft. measure 5 tablespoons (2 ozs.) in jar, add water to the 5 gals. level, mix, and turn on hose and spray over 850 sq. ft.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Amt. to Use (Tbsp.)	(Fl. Oz.)	Fill Bottle To. (Gallons)
1	1/2	170
2	1	340
5	2 1/2	850
10	5	1700
15	7 1/2	2550
20	10	3400
32	16	5440

BROADLEAF WEEDS/HOW MUCH TO USE (Entire Lawn) PRESSURE-SPRAYER:

Measure indicated amount of product into tank and dilute with water according to the following chart. Use a spray pattern which gives small spray droplets without any fine mist. Cover the area indicated.

Amt. to Use (Tbsp.)	(Fl. Oz.)	Amt. Water in Sprayer (Gals.)	Area to be Sprayed (Sq. Ft.)
2	1	7	335
4	2	1	670
8	4	2	1300
12	6	3	2000

NOTE: Whether using a hose-end or pressure sprayer, avoid fine-mist sprays. A fine-mist spray can drift, causing damage to ornamental or garden plants. Use coarse spray droplets.

BROADLEAF WEEDS/HOW MUCH TO USE (Spot-Spraying):

To spray small areas or individual weeds, do not use a hose-end sprayer. Mix 1 oz. (2 tbsp.) in a half-gallon of water in pressure sprayer and spray as required being certain to "wet" each weed.

GENERAL BRUSH CONTROL:

For control of brush along roads and other similar non-crop areas, mix 4 1/2 ounces (9 tbsp.) to 6 1/2 ounces (13 tbsp.) in 3 quarts of water and apply over 1,000 sq. ft. Use the higher rate for larger or more dense brush stands. Best results are obtained when brush is young and actively growing. Do not cut brush until the chemical has translocated throughout the plant causing root death. Keep out of lakes, streams and ponds.

TRIMEC works slowly and gently and is friendly to your lawn.

2217-536

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