

**GENERAL INFORMATION—IMPORTANT!** Make sure that you double check your sprayer to see that it is properly calibrated before using this material. Improper tractor speed, pump pressure, nozzle tip size or rusty equipment will result in poor weed kill or possibly heavy crop damage. Read the label carefully and follow directions closely. See Caution Statement.

When used as directed, will give control of many annual and perennial weeds in corn, wheat, sorghum, barley, rye, oats, roadsides, pastures, turf and lawn areas. It is more effective when used on small actively growing weeds. Temperatures best for spraying, range from 70° to 90°. Do not apply if rain is expected within the hour. Use low pressure equipment (40 pounds) on crops and turf. Garden type pressure sprayers work well on spot spraying. Do not let the spray particles "wind drift" to sensitive nearby plants. Use from 5 to 20 gallons water per acre for spraying.

**CORN—Pre-Emergence:** Mix 1½ to 2½ pts. (average 1½ pt.) in 10 to 20 gallons water per acre. Will control susceptible weeds and annual grasses such as Crabgrass and Foxtail. Apply as a broadcast spray 1 to 3 days before the corn emerges. Do not treat light sandy soils. Do not cultivate until necessary.

**CORN—Post-Emergence:** May be applied to corn at several stages of growth. Use "drop nozzles" when corn is 10 inches and over. Do not apply from tasseling to dough stage. For spot spraying of weeds, such as thistle in corn, mix ½ cupful in 3 gallons water and wet weeds.

**Early Spraying:** When corn is 2 to 4 inches high, apply as soon as possible after most weeds have emerged. Use ½ pt. per acre in sufficient water to give uniform coverage. Corn drop nozzles are not necessary at this time.

**Lay-By Spraying:** When corn is 2 to 3 feet high, use ½ pt. per acre. At this stage of corn growth since stalks may become brittle from 2,4-D, there is always a chance that high winds may damage the crop 1 to 3 days after spraying. Use drop nozzles. Cultivation should be completed before applying this spray.

**High Clearance Spraying:** This is a useful spray, especially when weeds get started after lay-by. Use ¾ pt. per acre. Adjust spray nozzles to hit highest weeds.

**SORGHUM—Post-Emergence Only:** Employ drop nozzles. Use ½ pt. per acre. Sorghums are most tolerant to 2,4-D when 4 to 12 inches high. Spray a check plot first. Do not apply during flowering or early dough stage.

**HARD TO KILL WEEDS in NON-CROP LAND—**For perennial weeds such as Sow Thistle and Russian Knapweed (see list) in ditches, fence rows and farm roadsides, use 1½ to 2 pts. in 20 gallons water with 5 to 8 oz. liquid detergent and thoroughly wet weed foliage. Do not let spray drift. Treat in spring and again at bloom time before weeds go to seed. Repeat the following year.

ACCEPTED

MAR-8-1968

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE AND ROBOTICIDE ACT FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED UNDER NO. 2217 SUBJECT TO ATTACHED COMMENTS. 413

Caution: Do not fudge or graze treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment with 2,4-D. Do not feed treated straw to livestock.

# 600 LV 2,4-D WEED KILLER A LOW VOLATILE ESTER

Contains 6 Pounds, 2,4-D Acid Per Gallon

## ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

\*Mixed octyl ester of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid ..... 94.0%  
INERT INGREDIENTS ..... 6.0%

\*Equivalent to 62.7% 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid or 6.0 pounds per gallon. 100.0%

## GENERAL INFORMATION ON APPLICATION

CROP	AMOUNT PER ACRE	APPROXIMATE ACRES 1 GALLON WILL COVER
CORN		
Pre-Emergence	1½ to 2½ pints	3 to 6 acres
Post-Emergence	½ pint	24 acres
SMALL GRAINS		
Spring Wheat, Oats	½ to ¾ pint	12 to 24 acres
Barley	½ to ¾ pint	12 to 24 acres
Winter Wheat, Rye	1½ pint	6 acres
PASTURES AND TURF		
NON-CROP AREAS AND SPOT TREATMENT	1½ to 2 pints in 20 gals. water	Over all spray

**CAUTION: Keep Out of Reach of Children**

See Side Panels for Additional Cautions

**CONTENTS 1 GALLON**

817-867

Manufactured by  
Private Brands, Inc.  
Kansas City, Kansas, for  
various customers as  
sub-registered.

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

## SUSCEPTIBLE WEEDS

(Use lower dosage rate)

ARROWHEAD	LAMBSQUARTER	RAGWEED
BUCKHORN	MUSTARD	SUNFLOWER
COCKLEBUR	MORNING GLORY	WILD CARROT
DANDELION	PIGWEED	WILD RADISH
DOCK	PLANTAIN	WILD SWEET POTATO
KNOTWEED		

## WEEDS MORE DIFFICULT TO KILL

(Use Higher Dosage Rate)

BINDWEED	HORSE NETTLE	SHEEP SORREL
BUCKBRUSH	LOCOWEED	HOARY CRESS
BUCKWHEAT	MILKWEED	WILD ONION
CANADA THISTLE	POISON IVY	WILLOW

**SMALL GRAIN—**(Wheat, Barley, Rye, Oats): For weeds in Winter Wheat and Rye, treat only in the spring. Use ½ to ¾ pt. in sufficient water to cover one acre. Apply from the tillered to the jointing stage. In Spring Wheat, Oats and Barley, use ½ to ¾ pt. per acre. Use higher dosage for hard to kill weeds. Treat when crop is fully tillered (4 to 8 inches high) up until early boot stage. Do not spray during seedling stage or boot to dough stage.

**PASTURES AND TURF:** Use 1½ pt. in 20 gallons water per acre. Apply early in summer when plants are actively growing. Treat again in bud stage before weeds go to seed. For lawns use 1½ tablespoons per gallon for 1,000 sq. ft. Repeat as needed for control. Do not spray new lawns until after first cutting. Clover may be damaged with this spray.

Do not use on bentgrass, St. Augustine grass, Diandra, carpetgrass lawns.

**CAUTION:** On dairy pastures remove cows during spray application and do not allow them access to the treated area for 7 days.

**WOODY PLANTS—**For plants such as Sumac, Willow and Buckbrush in fence rows, pastures and ditches, use 1½ to 2½ pts. in 100 gallons water with 5 to 8 oz. of liquid detergent. Wet plants thoroughly. Apply when actively growing and treat the following year. Super Brush Killer will give best results.

**CAUTION—DON'T OVER DOSE!** Follow directions carefully. Do not let spray drift to sensitive plants such as vegetables, legumes, grapes, flowers, cotton or other 2,4-D susceptible plants. Use course spray when there is less chance for "wind drift." Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides. Do not contaminate water to be used for domestic or irrigation purposes. Local spray conditions will vary. Check local recommendations first. Use separate spray equipment for insecticides and fungicides. Do not re-use this container. Do not make aerial applications near cotton or sensitive plants. Under certain high temperature conditions, vapors from this product will injure nearby susceptible plants.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. In case of contact, wash with soap and water.

Do not reuse empty container.

Destroy by burying in a safe place.

**NOTICE:** Seller warrants that this product conforms to the ingredient statement on the label. Since conditions of use, such as weather, compatibility with other chemicals, and condition of application equipment, will vary, Seller makes no claims other than those stated on this label.

817-867

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