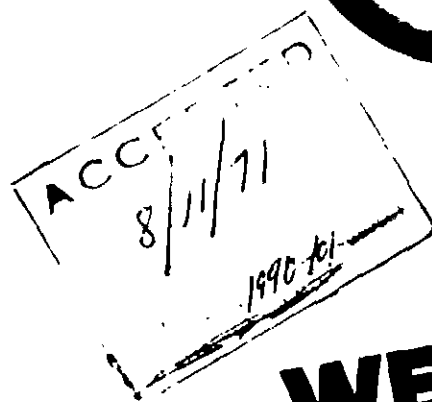


CODE No. 18-1729



The combination of 2,4,5-T and 2,4-D Esters is the most efficient for destruction of brush in areas where a mixed brush population is found. This product can be used for the control of mixed brush growth in such areas as right of ways, fence rows, and brush covered lots.

The following woody plants are a partial list of which one or more species are susceptible to COOP BRUSH KILLER: Alder, Ash, Blackberry, Briar, Buckbrush, Cherry, Cottonwood, Currant, Dogwood, Elderberry, Elm, Gooseberry, Grape, Hazel, Hawthorn, Hickory, Honeysuckle, Larch, Maple, Mesquite, Oak, Osage, Orange, Pine, Poison Ivy, Plum, Poplar, Raspberry, Sagebrush, Sumac, Sycamore and Willow. Additional sprays may be necessary to kill some growth or resprouts not killed with the first application.



**WEED-OUT**

**BRUSH KILLER LOW VOLATILE**

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**EMULSION SPRAY**  
For heavy brush: Add 3 qts to 5 gal of cheap oil and mix with 95 gallons of water to make 100 gallons of spray emulsion. Apply this spray at the following rates per acre according to density of brush growth:  
Heavy brush 100 gallons per acre  
Medium brush 65 gallons per acre  
Light brush 35 gallons per acre  
Motor driven orchard sprayers using pressures of less than 100 pounds are commonly used. Apply to wet all foliage and stems.

**WATER EMULSION SPRAY**  
Add 3 quarts to 1 gallon of cheap oil and mix with 81.4 gallons of water. Apply at the rate of 3 quarts (10 gallons spray mix) per acre for heavy brush, 2 quarts (6.3 gallons spray mix) per acre for medium brush and 1 quart (3.4 gallons spray mix) per acre for light brush. A boom or single jet sprayer may be used. Pressures of 25 pounds or less are commonly employed for low volume sprayer. Apply to distribute spray evenly on all the foliage and stems. This product may be diluted with water alone or oil alone. Part of as recommended above appears to increase effectiveness of water emulsion sprays.

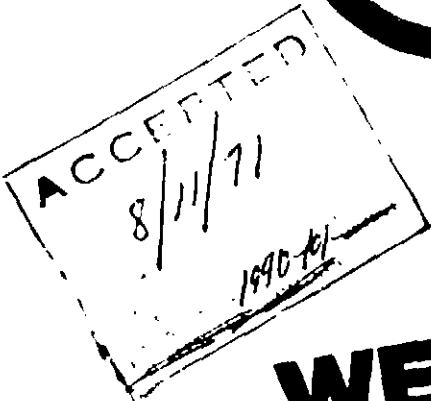
**SPRAY THE LEAVES  
KILL THE ROOTS**

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	
Isocyl 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetate*	33.1
Isocyl 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetate**	34.7
INERT INGREDIENTS	32.2
Total	100.0
Equivalent to 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic Acid, 23	
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid, 23	

**CAUTION**

Keep out of the reach of children.  
See side panel for additional precautionary labeling.

CODE No. 18-1729



WEED-OUT

BRUSH KILLER LOW VOLATILE

SPRAY THE LEAVES  
KILL THE ROOTS

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	
Isocyl 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetate	31.1
Isocyl 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetate	34.7
INERT INGREDIENTS	32.2
Total	100.0
Equivalent to 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic Acid 2.5	
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid 2.5	

CAUTION

Keep out of the reach of children.  
See side panel for additional precautionary labeling.



U.S.D.A. No. 1990 101

Use 3 quarts in 4 1/4 gallons of oil to treat one acre, or 3 quarts in one gallon of oil and 3 1/4 gallons of water. The airplane spray equipment should operate at a pressure of 20 pounds or less and should have a positive cut off control at the nozzles and at the tank. Planes should operate only when the wind velocity is under 10 MPH. The flight pattern should be well flagged and flown at the minimum speed at which the plane can be airborne and as close to the top of the trees as is consistent with safety.

Use 3 gallons in 97 gallons of oil. Apply this spray mixture to the lower 12 inches of the stem or trunk around the entire perimeter and to all exposed roots. It is important that the spray be applied to the point of run off. Too tight an application may result in failure. The same procedure applies to stump application after cutting. The spray should cover the entire stump to the ground and to the point of run off. A knapsack sprayer is suitable for small acreage. For larger acreage, tractor attachments with one or more hose attachments is fast and most economical. Consult Weed Control or Agricultural Advisors for Best Local Recommendations.

Do not graze dairy cattle on treated areas within 6 weeks after application. Do not graze meat animals on treated areas within 2 weeks of slaughter.

Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing, or take internally. Avoid inhaling fumes or spray. Do not use around the home or recreation areas or similar sites. Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants as this may injure cotton, beans, peas, ornamentals, etc. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift). Vapors from this product may cause injury to susceptible plants growing in the immediate vicinity. Thoroughly clean spray equipment with a suitable chemical cleaner before using for other purposes. Do not use same spray equipment for other purposes. Do not store near fertilizer, seeds, insecticides or fungicides. Avoid contamination of domestic or irrigation water.

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL STATEMENT  
Do not reuse container. Destroy by burying in a safe place. Do not burn.

Farming Industries, Inc. guarantees COOP Weed Out Brush Killer to the full extent of the purchase price to:

1. Give satisfactory control of all weed and brush species listed on the label when used as recommended.
2. Mix satisfactorily with all types of water suitable for spray use.
3. Store safely in unheated buildings at temperatures below zero degrees Fahrenheit.

Buyer assumes all risk of use, storage or handling of this material, not in strict accordance with instructions given hereon.

Code No. 18 1799

This product is effective in the control of trees, grape, orange, wild blackberry, wild rasp berry, poison ivy, poison oak, buckeye and many other hardwoods and brambles. This product is also preferred for basal stem (basal bark, hole or ground line) treatment of trees and brush growth. This product may be used for the control of brush growth in such areas as right of ways, fence rows, or brush covered lots.

Additional sprays may be necessary to kill some hard to control woody plant growth or resprouts not killed with the first application.

**APPLICATIONS**

**1. HIGH VOLUME SPRAY** Add 3 quarts to 5 gallons of cheap oil and mix with 95 gallons of water to make 100 gallons of spray solution. Apply this spray at the following rates per acre according to density of brush growth.

- Heavy brush 100 gallons per acre
- Medium brush 65 gallons per acre
- Light brush 35 gallons per acre

Motor driven orchard sprayers using pressures of less than 100 lbs. are commonly used. Apply to wet all foliage and stems.

**2. LOW VOLUME SPRAY** Add 3 quarts to 1 gallon of cheap oil and mix with 8 gallons of water.

Apply at the rate of 3 quarts (10 gals. spray mix) per acre for heavy brush, 2 quarts (6.7 gals. spray) per acre for medium brush and 1 quart (2 to 4 gals. spray) per acre for light brush. A boom or single jet sprayer may be used. Pressures of 25 lbs. or less are commonly employed for low volume spraying.

Apply to distribute spray evenly on all the foliage and stems.

This product may be diluted with water alone or oil alone. Part oil as recommended above appears to increase effectiveness of water emulsion sprays.

**3. AIR APPLICATION** Use 3 quarts in 4 gallons of oil to treat one acre, or 1 quart in one gallon of oil and 2 gallons of water.

Made in U.S.A.

**NOTE:** Do not reuse container. Destroy it by perforating or crushing. Burn or discard in a safe place.



**WEED**

**2,4,5-T LOW V**

**4 PO**

**SPRAY TH**

**KILL TH**

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS**  
Equivalent 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid  
**OTHER INGREDIENTS**

Equivalent to 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid  
4.1 lb. 2,4,5-T per Acre

**CAUTION**

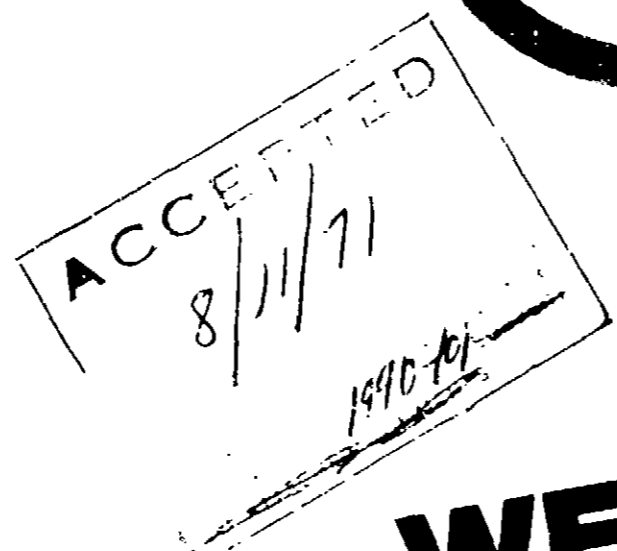
Keep out of reach of children.  
Do not use near water.

CODE No. 18-1729



The combination of 2,4,5-T and 2,4-D Esters is the most efficient for destruction of brush in areas where a mixed brush population is found. This product can be used for the control of mixed brush growth in such areas as right-of-ways, fence rows, and brush covered lots.

The following woody plants are a partial list of which one or more species are susceptible to CO-OP BRUSH KILLER: Alder, Ash, Blackberry, Brier, Buckbrush, Cherry, Cottonwood, Currant, Dogwood, Elderberry, Elm, Gooseberry, Grape, Hazel, Hawthorn, Hickory, Honeysuckle, Larch, Maple, Mesquite, Oak, Osage Orange, Pine, Poison Ivy, Plum, Poplar, Raspberry, Sagebrush, Sumac, Sycamore and Willow. Additional sprays may be necessary to kill some growth or resprouts not killed with the first application.



# WEED-OUT

## BRUSH KILLER LOW VOLATILE

Add 3 qts. to 5 gal. of cheap oil and mix with 95 gallons of water to make 100 gallons of spray emulsion. Apply this spray at the following rates per acre according to density of brush growth.

Heavy brush . . . . . 100 gallons per acre  
Medium brush . . . . . 65 gallons per acre  
Light brush . . . . . 35 gallons per acre  
Motor driven orchard sprayers using pressures of less than 100 pounds are commonly used. Apply to wet all foliage and stems.

Add 3 quarts to 1 gallon of cheap oil and mix with 3 1/4 gallons of water. Apply at the rate of 3 quarts (10 gallons spray mix) per acre for heavy brush, 2 quarts (6 2/3 gallons spray mix) per acre for medium brush and 1 quart (3 1/4 gallons spray mix) per acre for light brush. A boom or single jet sprayer may be used. Pressures of 25 pounds or less are commonly employed for low-volume sprayer. Apply to distribute spray evenly on all the foliage and stems. This product may be diluted with water alone or oil alone. Part oil as recommended above appears to increase effectiveness of water emulsion sprays.

### THE LEAVES THE ROOTS

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	
Isocetyl 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetate	33.1
Isocetyl 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetate	34.7
INERT INGREDIENTS	32.2
Total	100.0
Equivalent to 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic Acid, 23	
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid, 23	

U.S.D.A. No. 1990-101

Use 3 quarts in 4 1/4 gallons of oil to treat one acre, or 3 quarts in one gallon of oil and 3 1/4 gallons of water. The airplane spray equipment should operate at a pressure of 20 pounds or less and should have a positive cut-off control at the nozzles and at the tank. Planes should operate only when the wind velocity is under 10 M.P.H. The flight pattern should be well flagged and flown at the minimum speed at which the plane can be airborne and as close to the top of the trees as is consistent with safety.

Use 3 gallons in 97 gallons of oil. Apply this spray mixture to the lower 12 inches of the stem or trunk around the entire perimeter and to all exposed roots. It is important that the spray be applied to the point of run-off. Too light an application may result in failure. The same procedure applies to stump application after cutting. The spray should cover the entire stump to the ground and to the point of run-off. A knapsack sprayer is suitable for small acreage. For larger acreage, tractor attachments with one or more hose attachments is fast and most economical.

**Consult Weed Control or Agricultural Advisors for Best Local Recommendations**

Do not graze dairy cattle on treated areas within 6 weeks after application. Do not graze meat animals on treated areas within 2 weeks of slaughter.

Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing, or take internally. Avoid inhaling fumes or spray. Do not use around the home or recreation areas or similar sites. Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants as this may injure cotton, beans, peas, ornamentals, etc. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift). Vapors from this product may cause injury to susceptible plants growing in the immediate vicinity. Thoroughly clean spray equipment with a suitable chemical cleaner before using for other purposes (do not use same spray equipment for other purposes). Do not store near fertilizer, seeds, insecticides or fungicides. Avoid contamination of domestic or irrigation water.

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL STATEMENT:

Do not reuse container. Destroy by burying in a safe place. Do not burn.

Farmland Industries, Inc. guarantees CO-OP Weed Out Brush Killer to the full extent of the purchase price to:

1. Give satisfactory control of all weed and brush species listed on the label when used as recommended.
2. Mix satisfactorily with all types of water suitable for spray use.
3. Store safely in unheated buildings at temperatures below zero degrees Fahrenheit.

Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage, or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given hereon.