READ ENTIRE LABEL THOROUGHLY BEFORE USE. FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY. OBSERVE ALL CAUTIONS,

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product kills weed seeds in the ground as they germinate, before they emerge from the soil. It does not kill weeds after they emerge. For full effectiveness, before applying this product the soil should be thoroughly cultivated to remove existing weeds.

CONTROLS crabarass, other annual grasses, and certain broad-leaved weeds, as follows: annual bluearass, barnyard grass, browntop panicym, carpetweed, common chickweed, dodder, fall panicum, Florida pussley, goosegrass, green foxtail, hairy crabgrass, Johnsonarass (from seed), lambsquarters, lovegrass, Palmer amaranth, purstane, prostrate spurge, redroot piqweed, redstem filaree, sesbania, smooth crabarass, spiny pigweed, spotted spurae, stinkgrass, Texas millet, witchgrass, Wright groundcherry, yellow f<u>oxta</u>il.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Apply uniformly, over the area to be treated, directly from this container. 1 lb. treats 200 sq. ft.; 11/2 lbs. treats 300 sq. ft.; 4 lbs. treats 800 sq. ft. For small areas use 1 cupful for 50 sq. ft. Or measure off area to be treated into 50 sq. ft. plots and evenly spread 1 cupful over each plot.

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How To Use. Before application, thoroughly cultivate the soil to remove existing weeds leaving surface of the soil uniform in texture. Apply within 1 or 2 days after cultivation. Water in lightly. Do not apply to hard, dry surface. Do not cultivate after application. Best time to apply is early in spring. Later application may also be made but around must first be cultivated and weed-free. Weed control up to 4 months or more may be expected following proper application.

VEGETABLES

Apply directly to the soil right after seeding, or right after transplanting into the garden, as indicated. Granules may be applied directly over transplants without injury. Later application may be made as noted above.

BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CAULIFLOWER, CABBAGE. At seeding or transplanting.

BEANS (dry and snap), SOUTHERN PEAS (blackeyed). At seeding. CUCUMBERS, SQUASH (winter and summer, MEL-ONS (cantaloupe, watermelons, honeydew). Apply when pluats have 4 to 5 true leaves.

COLLARDS, KALE, MUSTARD GREENS, TURNIPS (green and rcis). At seeding.

GARLIC, ONIONS. After seeding or transplanting, or at layby on onions.

POTATOES (whole or cut pieces). At planting.

SWEET POTATOES, YAMS. At transplanting.

TOMATOES. 4-6 weeks after transplating.

EGGPLANT, PEPPERS. At transplanting.

- (**STRAWBERRIES**

Must not exceed 9.0 pounds of active ingredient per acre. Apply uniformly over the area to be treated, directly from this container. 1 lb. treats 250 sq. ft.; 11/2 lbs. treats 375 sq. ft.; 2 lbs. treats 500 square ft.; 4 lbs. treats 1000 sq. ft.

New Plantings and New Beds. Apply at planting. Established Plants. Apply both in fall and early spring. Also

apply in late summer or early fall to control weeds germ inating at that time. These applications can be made di recily over the plants without injury. DO NOT apply after first bloom.

FLOWER GARDENS*

Apply early in spring atter transplanting (for newly set-out plants) or after flower beds have become established. Later application may be made at any time as noted in How To Use.

TREES. SHRUBS. ORNAMENTAL PLANTINGS*

Trees, established plants. Apply to properly prepared soil early in Spring, or at a later time. Late summer application controls fall-germinating weeds.

Newly-set-out plants. Apply immediately after setting out, whether in late fall or in early spring. *Apply at rate of 10 pounds of active ingredient per acre, or 1 lb. Til-les treats 217 sq. ft. or 4 lb. Til-les treats 868 sq. ft.

Especially recommended for weed control with these

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1	· · F	lowers, Tr	ees, Shrubs, Ornai	nentals
	Abelia		Fir	Oak
	Ageratum		Forget-me-not	Orpino
	Alyssum		Forsythia	Pachistima
	Andromeda, Ja	ı p.	Four-O-Clock	Pach, sandra
	<u>Arborvit</u> ae		Foxalove	Peony
	Ash		Gaillardia	Petunia
	Aster		Geranium	Pine
	Azalea		Gladiolus	Pittosporum
	Babysbreath		Goldust	Podocarpus
٦S	Barberry		Geldentuft	Poker plant
	Bellflower		Gum	Poplar
n	shBirch		Hawthorn	Privet
-	Bleedingheart		Heath, pink	Privet, variegated
	Bloodleaf		Holly	Redbud
	Boxwood		Hydrangea	Rhododendron
	Bugloss		Honeysuckle	Rose
	Camellia		Iris	Russian olive
	Candytufts		lvy, Baltic	Sage, scarlet
	Chestnut		ivy, Boston	Salvia
	Chrysanthemun	n	lvy, English	Snapdragon
ļ	Cinquefoil		Ivy, Wilson	Spiderwort, Ya.
	Coleus		Juniper	Spireo
	Columbine		Lantana	Spruce
	Coneflower, pu	rple	Larkspur, candle	Stonecrop
•	Coreopsis		Lavendercotton	Strawilower
	Corolbells		Lilac	Sundrops
	<u>Cosmo</u> s		Tily	Sunflower
	Cotoneaster		Locust	Sweet-pea
	Cottonwood		Lupine	Sycamore
	Crabapple		Magnolia	Tree peony
	<u>Čuphe</u> g		Maple	Tulip tree
	Ç <u>ypre</u> ss		Marguerite, golden	Verberg
	Dublia		Marigold	Viburnum
	Delphinum		Mockorange	Violet
	Deutzia		Morningglory	Walnut
	Dogwood		Moss, rose	· <u>Weige</u> lia
	Eleagnus		Mother-of-Thyme	Willow
	<u>Élm</u>		Mountain Laurel	Wormwood
	Elaeagnus		Mourning Bride	Y <u>arrow</u> , fernleaf
	Evening primro	50	Nasturtium	Yew
	Foverfew			Zinnia
	DO NOT USE	on the follow	ving plants :	
	Bugleweed	Carnation	Germander	Pansy Sweet William
	Putton pink	Geum	Mesembryanthemum	
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CAUTION

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Avoid inhabition of dust. Avoid control with eves and skin. Wash after handling or use. Keep children and pets off treated areas until this material is washed into the soil and grans is dry. Do not graze treated areas or reed plant refuse to livestrick. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Do not store near sucds, tortalizer, or other pettindes. Do not rease empty container. Destroy it by burying with waste or burnlag. Stay away from smoke or fumes.

NOTICE TO PURCHASER --- Seller makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning effects of use of this product other than these specified on this label. Buyer, or User, accepts all responsibility for results due to misuse of this product.

E.P.A. Reg. No. 1990-69 E.P.A. Est. No. 32761-MO-3

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Code No. 18-1074

crabgrass killer

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ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: *Disodium Methanearsonate 100.0% Total arsenic as elemental, all water soluble, 5.13%. *Equivalent to 20% Disodium Methanearsonate Hexahydrate.

CAUTION Keep Out Of Reach Of Children.

See Antidote Statement On Back Panel.

NET CONTENTS ONE QUART 0.95 LIT. **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS** HOW TO APPLY

- 1. Be sure soil is moist and lawn healthy before treating. During drought, water well several days in advance. and restore turf to healthy green before treating.
- 2. Keep lawn mowed to 1½ to 2 in. during treatment.
- 3. Flush sprayer thoroughly with water after using.
- 4. Lawn may discolor from treatment, but if directions are followed, turf grasses will soon return to normal.

NOTE: CO-OP DŠMA CRABGRASS KILLER is a selective killer at recommended rates of application in the presence of Kentucky, Merion Blue and Zoysia grasses. Discoloration may occur in fescue and bentorass areas, hence only the "Young Craborass" dosage is recommended when these grasses predominate. This will require several treatments if spraying is delayed until crabgrass is mature.

за. ft. ANTIDOTE: If swallowed, give tablespoonful of salt in a CAUTION Keep the children and pets off treated areas. glass of warm water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Then give 2 tablespoonfuls of Epsom Salt or Milk of Mag-HOW TO APPLY nesia in water, and plenty of milk and water. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. Call a physician immediately. WARNING: Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly after use. Avoid breathing spray mist. Keep livestock off treated areas. Keep tightly closed when not in use. Store beyond reach of children. evenly over 1,000 sq. ft. area. **IMPORTANT:** Do not reuse containers for any purpose. Crush or break empty containers and bury in an area not close to any waterway or to be used for crop land at a later date. Area should be level and away from homes and livevater and apply to 100 sq. ft. area. stock. Spray wastes should be placed in large earthen hole and buried. Will also control Green Foxtail (as above).

DIRECTIONS

Crabgrass can be controlled by any of the methods below. Use the first, if possible, to avoid any chance of discoloration of lawn.

- 1. Young Crabgrass: In early summer, when crabgrass is young, apply 1 pint per 2,000 sq. ft. Follow with 2 more treatments at 7 day intervals. Repeated applications may be necessary if new crabgrass growth appears later in the season. For smaller areas apply 4 ozs. (1/4 pint) per 500 sq. ft.
- 2. Branching Crabgrass: Apply 1 pint per 1.600 sq. ft. Follow with more treatments at 7 day intervals. For smaller areas apply 1 oz. for every 100 sg. ft.
- 3. Lawns completely overrun with crabgrass, and seed heads are visible. Apply 1 pint per 1.000 sq. ft., using 2 treatments at 7 day intervals. This application may discolor, but will not permanently injure good turf prasses. For smaller areas, apply 4 ozs. (14 pint) per 250

- A. With Nozzle Type Sprayer which attaches to garden hose: Measure 1.000 sq. ft. lawn area. Place recommended amount of Crabgrass Killer in jar. then fill jar with water and spray evenly over 1,000 sq. ft. area.
- B. With Pressure Sprayer: Mix recommended amount of Crabgrass Killer with 3 gallons of water and spray
- C. Watering Can: This type of application is not recommended, but if it is the only means of applying, dilute required amount of Crabgrass Killer in 2 gallons of

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FARMLAND INDUSTRIES, INC.