"SLOWS-IT" will retard the growth of grass, ivy, shrubs, and trees. Recommended uses are along airfield runways, highways, golf course roughs, under power transmission lines, industrial grounds, cemeteries, and similar difficult and expensive areas to maintain, mow, and trim. Proper use of "SLOWS-IT" can reduce mowing from the usual twice a month to once or twice a season.

"SLOWS-IT" is absorbed through the activity growing green grass blades and transmitted by the plant fluids to the growth control area of the plant. It retaids cell division but does not destroy or harm normal healthy grass.

"SLOWS-IT" should be used when new grass has fully grown from 2" to 4" in height where the need for frequent mowing is to be eliminated. "SLOWS-IT" should NOT be used on any agricultural crops such as fruit trees, onions, potatoes, tobacco, etc. "SLOWS-IT" should NOT be used in pasture areas, or where livestock graze, and it is not recommended for use on home lawns except along edges.

"SLOWS-IT" should be applied in early spring (early April to late May) or in the fall (early October to mid-November). It should be used on healthy green grass, as brown grass, grass clippings, leaves, interfere with proper application and absorption and give poor results. "SLOWS-IT" should not be applied from June through September. The two week period in spring when grass is grown from 2" to 4" in height is the best time for applying "SLOWS-IT" as then grass is vibrant with growth, absorption is maximum, and best results will follow. If spraying is delayed beyond this period, allow one week after spraying, and then mow for improved appearance of the area.

## DIRECTIONS

During SPRING, use 12/3 gal. of "SLOWS-IT" in 50-80 gal, of water per acre. Mix thoroughly before use.

For FALL, use 1.2/3 gal. of "SLOWS-IT" in 50-80 gal. of water per acre to control growth during the next season. At times "SLOWS IT" may cause grass to be slightly deeper green than untreated areas.

Once "SLOWS IT" is absorbed, rain or water will have no effect on performance, but allow at least 10.12 hours before rain is expected. Best results will be obtained if "SLOWS-IT" is applied when the air is humid and soil is moist, and do not apply during periods of drought.

Growth rate is accelerated as the effects of the active ingre dient wear off, but a "SLOWS IT" treated area which is not mowed will slowly grow to 6" to 12" during a season,

For SPRING application it may be desirable to use 2.4 D along with "SLOWS IT" if there is a seriously infested weed problem. Use 1 lb. of 2,4 D in a low volatile ester or the amine salt, with the recommended amount of "SLOWS IT" per acre. Care must be taken to prevent damage to sus ceptible plant growth by drift if 2,4 D is used. Do NOT use 2,4-D in conjunction with "SLOWS IT" to treat areas near trees or ornamentals susceptible to 2,4 D.

Net Contents

U.S. Gallons 572

# **SLOWS-IT** To Retard Plant Growth

In Areas Difficult to Maintain READ LABEL CAREFULLY BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Diethanolamine salt of 1.2 Dihydro 3.6 pyridazinedione\*

INERT INGREDIENTS . 42 % \*Hereinafter called diethanolamine salt of maleic hydrazide. Each gallon of product contains 3 lbs, maleic hydrazide equivalent.



See side panel for other cautions.

SOLD BY navv \* A N D F A C F D B C N C.

FPA REG NO 1926-54

# HOW TO SPRAY

"SLOWS-IT" is applied through any conventional spraying equipment, Hudson Sprayers, or power spraye s. The equip ment should provide a minimum of 50 gal, of water pe acre, and must be sprayed in a uniform pattern. If truck is used, tachometer reading should be from 0.15 M.P.H. The pump-nozzle, air carry, or boom methods may be used for application if the equipment is capable of being manual vered in all areas to be treated with "SLOWS-I1".

FOR APPLICATION ON IVY, SHRUBS, TREES

Alder, Black Walnut, Elm, Maple, Mulberry, Oak, Poplar, Sweet Gum, Sycamore, Tamarack, and Willow trees may be treated with "SLOWS IT" to inhibit growth.

Algerian Ivy, Cissus, Forsythia, Eugenia, Honeysuckle, Hahns Ivy, Myrtus, Pittosporum, Privet, Prancantha, Viburnum, and Xylosmas may be treated with "SLOWS-IT" to inhibit growth.

Spray enough concentration of 1-1/3 gal. of 'SLOWS-IT" which has been thoroughly mixed in 100 gal, of water onto wet surfaces of bark and leaves, to drip but not run off. This should be done in the summer after pruning when regrowth is 2" to 4" long, but best results are realized if used in the spring when new leaves have expanded and nev growth has started.

A compressed air shoulder sprayer may be used for limited application. Mix 4 tablespoons of "SLOWS-IT" with 1 gal. of water for this application. Spray to wet all surfaces to the point of drip (not run-off) when using a compressed air shoulder spray. Do not spray when wind velocity exceeds 15 M.P.H.

## **CONTROL OF POA ANNUA**

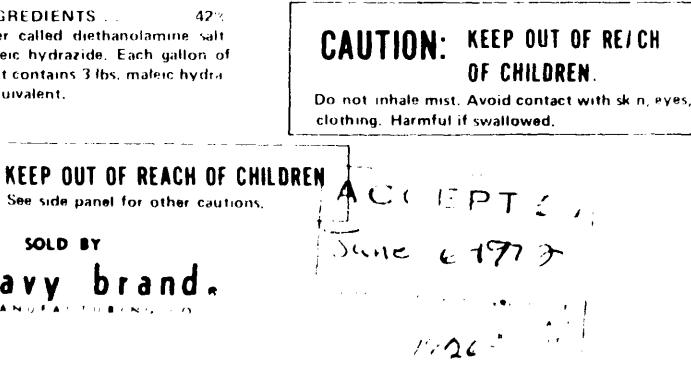
A light treatment of "SLOWS-IT" in the spring can eliminate or markedly reduce the reseeding of Poa Annua which is often a problem in golf course fairways.

Mow the area to be treated twice in the spring, about a week apart. When the third mowing is needed, and before the first Poa Annua seed heads appear, apply 1 qt. cf "SLOWS-IT" in 30 gal, of water per acre. Results should be evident in about 1 week.

Equipment that has been used for application of "SLOWS" IT" should be cleaned by washing with water, but guara against contamination of natural waters with cleaning operations.

Never reluse container. Bury it about 18" below the surface of the ground after the container has been punctured with holes on all exposed surfaces.

Seller's guarantee is limited to terms of the label and buyer assumes any risk to persons or property arising out of use or handling.



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