



1812-449

4-5-2002

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Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.

Form Approved, OMB No. 2070-0060, Approval expires 2-28-95



United States  
Environmental Protection Agency  
Washington, DC 20460

☐ Registration  
☐ Amendment  
☒ Other

OPP Identifier Number

## Application for Pesticide - Section I

|  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| 1. Company/Product Number<br>1812-449  | 2. EPA Product Manager<br>J. Tompkins  | 3. Proposed Classification<br><input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted |
| 4. Company/Product (Name) Transit <sup>TM</sup> 25 DF<br>Alt. brand name: Transit <sup>TM</sup> GTA  | PM#<br>25  |   |
| 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)<br>Griffin L.L.C.<br>P. O. B0x 1847<br>Valdosta GA 31603-1847<br><input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address | 6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to:<br>EPA Reg. No. _____<br>Product Name _____ |   |

## Section - II

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.                            | <input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____ | <b>NOTIFICATION</b><br><b>APR 5 2002</b> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.   |  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.              | <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.  |  |

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Notification<sup>TM</sup> per PR Notice 98-10 for use of additional container sizes for Transit<sup>TM</sup> 25 DF/Transit<sup>TM</sup> GTA. EPA Reg. No. 1812-449.

## Section - III

|   |   |  |                   |  |                   |
|---|---|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:   |   |  |                   | 2. Type of Container   |                   |
| Child-Resistant Packaging<br><input type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input type="checkbox"/> No  | Unit Packaging<br><input type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input type="checkbox"/> No | Water Soluble Packaging<br><input type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input type="checkbox"/> No |                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Metal<br><input type="checkbox"/> Plastic<br><input type="checkbox"/> Glass<br><input type="checkbox"/> Paper<br><input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ |                   |
| * Certification must be submitted   |   | If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.   | No. per container | If "Yes" Package wgt.  | No. per container |
| 3. Location of Net Contents Information<br><input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container  |   | 4. Size(s) Retail Container  |                   | 5. Location of Label Directions<br><input type="checkbox"/>  |                   |
| 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product<br><input type="checkbox"/> Lithograph<br><input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued<br><input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled |   | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____   |                   |  |                   |

## Section - IV

|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| 1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)  |   |  |
| Name<br>Judy A. Smith, Ph.D.   | Title<br>Fungicides,<br>Sr. Registration Manager    | Telephone No. (Include Area Code)<br>229-293-4242, x1109 |
| Certification<br>I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete.<br>I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law. |   | 6. Date Application Received<br>(Stamped)                |
| 2. Signature<br>   | 3. Title<br>Fungicides,<br>Sr. Registration Manager |  |
| 4. Typed Name<br>Judy A. Smith   | 5. Date<br>25 March 2002                            |  |



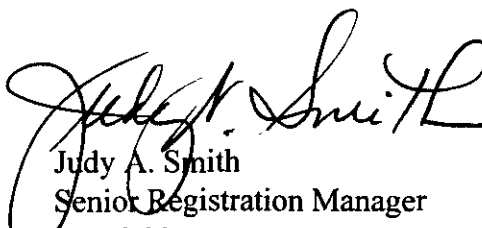
## Certification Statement for PR Notice 98-10:

**Notification per PR Notice 98-10 for use of additional container sizes for  
Transit 25 DF/ Transit™ GTA (EPA Reg. No. 1812-449)**

EPA Reg. No. 1812-449

Submission dated 25 March 2002

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 under FIFRA.

  
Judy A. Smith  
Senior Registration Manager  
Fungicides  
Griffin L.L.C.

Griffin L.L.C.

P.O. Box 1847 • Valdosta, GA 31603-1847  
2509 Rocky Ford Rd. • Valdosta, GA 31601  
Telephone: (229) 242-8635  
Facsimile: (229) 244-5813

# TranXit™ GTA

HERBICIDE

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NOTIFICATION  
APR 5 2002



## DRY FLOWABLE

For Postemergence Control of Weeds in Bermudagrass Turf

For Use on Sodfarms, Golf Courses, and Professionally Managed College and Professional Sports Fields

### ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Rimsulfuron: N-((4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)aminocarbonyl)-3-(ethylsulfonyl)-2 pyridinesulfonamide ..... 25.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS ..... 75.0%

TOTAL ..... 100.0%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

## CAUTION

### FIRST AID

**IF IN EYES:** Immediately flush with plenty of water.

**IF ON SKIN:** Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

**For medical emergencies involving this product call toll free 1-888-324-7598.**

See Label for Additional Precautions and Directions for Use.

**GRIFFIN L.L.C.**  
VALDOSTA, GEORGIA 31601

**Specimen Label**

EPA REG. NO. 1812-449

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## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeve shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, or neoprene rubber  $\geq$  14 mils.
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with the terms of this label.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency in your State responsible for pesticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, or neoprene rubber  $\geq$  14 mils.
- Shoes plus socks

Sod farms are within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard.

### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides, 40 CFR part 170. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Professional applications to golf courses, industrial and commercial lawns and sports fields are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**Storage:** Store product in original container only. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Do not contaminate water, food or feed by disposal. Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Disposal:** Triple rinse (or equivalent) the container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

TranXit GTA may be used for control of annual bluegrass (*Poa annua* var. *annua*) and removal of overseeded perennial ryegrass and/or *Poa trivialis*.

TranXit GTA is noncorrosive to equipment, nonflammable, and nonvolatile.

Control of weeds with TranXit GTA requires approximately 3 to 4 weeks, but weed growth ceases soon after application.

TranXit GTA temporarily suppresses growth of bermudagrass. This is typically followed by a flush of growth within 3 to 4 weeks. Some slight yellowing of bermudagrass may occur and last for approximately 7 days.

TranXit GTA is absorbed through the roots and foliage of plants, rapidly inhibiting the growth of susceptible weeds. For preemergence weed control, rainfall or sprinkler irrigation is needed to move TranXit GTA into the soil. In some cases, susceptible weeds may germinate and emerge a few days after application, but growth then ceases and leaves become chlorotic 3 to 10 days after emergence. Death of leaf tissue and growing point will follow in some species, while others will remain green but stunted and noncompetitive.

One to three weeks after postemergence application to weeds, leaves of susceptible plants appear chlorotic, and the growing point subsequently dies. In warm moist conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is accelerated; in cold, dry conditions, expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed. Death of leaf tissue and growing point will follow in some species, while others will remain green but stunted and noncompetitive.

The herbicidal action of TranXit GTA may be less effective on susceptible species stressed from environmental conditions (such as extreme temperature or moisture), abnormal soil conditions (saturated or water-logged soils) or cultural practices. In addition, weeds hardened off by drought stress are less susceptible to TranXit GTA.

## PRECAUTIONS

Do not apply to any bentgrass variety, or any other desirable cool season turfgrass.

Do not apply to residential lawns.

Do not apply to bermudagrass putting greens.

Do not apply an organophosphate insecticide or nematicide within 7 days of a TranXit GTA application as injury potential to the desired grass may increase.

Do not apply to newly sprigged or sodded bermudagrass.

## CHEMIGATION

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

## SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions.

**AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.**

## IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150 – 200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. **APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.** See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions sections of this label.

## CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturers recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

## APPLICATION HEIGHT

Make applications at the lowest height that is safe in order to reduce exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

## SWATH ADJUSTMENT

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

## WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

## TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

## TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

## SENSITIVE AREAS

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas.)

**CONTROL OF ANNUAL BLUEGRASS INFESTING BERMUDAGRASS ON PROFESSIONALLY MANAGED SPORTS FACILITIES AT THE PROFESSIONAL AND COLLEGIATE LEVELS, GOLF COURSES, SOD FARMS, SEED FARMS, INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL LAWNS AND OTHER SIMILAR AREAS**

**Bermudagrass not overseeded:** Apply in November/December and again in February/March at a rate of 2 ounces (1.3 g/1000 ft<sup>2</sup>) TranXit GTA per acre. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v. Apply in 15 to 60 gallons of water per acre. Do not tank mix with any other pesticide, fertilizer, chelated iron or iron sulfate product. A repeat application in 3 weeks at the same rate may be necessary with high annual bluegrass populations.

Where annual bluegrass populations are high; plants are large and in full bloom and only a single application can be made, apply 4 ounces (2.6 g/1000 ft<sup>2</sup>) of TranXit GTA per acre.

Annual bluegrass (*Poa annua* var. *annua*) is controlled with TranXit GTA. Degree of control for the perennial (*Poa annua* var. *reptans*) biotypes/ecotypes has not been determined. However, the perennial biotypes/ecotypes are primarily confined to bentgrass putting greens where TranXit GTA can not be used.

Do not allow spray droplet drift to contact desirable ryegrasses, bentgrasses, bluegrasses, fescues, or ornamental shrubs, trees, or flowers.

**REMOVAL OF PERENNIAL RYEGRASS AND POA TRIVIALIS (ROUGH BLUEGRASS) FROM BERMUDAGRASS ON PROFESSIONALLY MANAGED SPORTS FACILITIES AT THE PROFESSIONAL AND COLLEGIATE LEVELS, GOLF COURSES, SOD FARMS, INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL AND OTHER SIMILAR AREAS**

Apply 2 ounces (1.3 g/1000 ft<sup>2</sup>) TranXit GTA per acre in the spring months 3 to 4 weeks **before desired date for overseed removal**. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v. Apply in 30 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Do not tank mix with any other pesticide, fertilizer, chelated iron or iron sulfate product. A repeat application in 3 weeks at the same rate may be necessary for complete removal of *Poa trivialis*.

If only a single application can be made, apply 4 ounces (2.6 g/1000 ft<sup>2</sup>) of TranXit GTA per acre.

**ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL PRIOR TO OVERSEEDING BERMUDAGRASS ON PROFESSIONALLY MANAGED SPORTS FACILITIES AT THE PROFESSIONAL AND COLLEGIATE LEVELS WITH PERENNIAL RYEGRASS OR POA TRIVIALIS**

Apply 2 ounces (1.3 g/1000 ft<sup>2</sup>) of TranXit GTA per acre within the period of 10 to 14 days prior to overseeding perennial ryegrass and/or *Poa trivialis*. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v. Apply in 30 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Do not tank mix with any other

pesticide, fertilizer, chelated iron or iron sulfate. Occasional stunting of the overseeded perennial ryegrass and/or *Poa trivialis* may occur. Slight yellowing of bermudagrass may occur but symptoms disappear in approximately 7 days.

Cultural practices and favorable environmental conditions that allow for maximum germination of annual bluegrass prior to application of TranXit GTA increase the degree of control.

Avoid excessive mechanical disturbance (aeration, verti-cutting, etc.) of the thatch and soil layer after TranXit GTA application.

Irrigation and/or rainfall of at least 0.5 inches should be applied 3 to 5 days after TranXit GTA application.

Do not apply after overseeding, except as directed for removal of overseeded grasses.

**IMPORTANT: Do not make any TranXit GTA application before overseeding if a residual (preemergence) grass herbicide was applied within 60 days for preemergence control of annual bluegrass.**

**WARRANTY STATEMENT**

Griffin warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Griffin. In no case shall Griffin be liable for consequential special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. The exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use, handling, or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid for this product or at Griffin's election, the replacement of this product. GRIFFIN MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

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GCN 091801  
CPC 060913