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| US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF PESTICIDE MORANS REGISTRATION ON MONSON 153-767 NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: Reagaistration Reagaistration (Under the Federal Insecticide. Fundicide. and Rodenlicted Act, as amended) NAME AND ADDRESS OF REGISTRANT (Include EIF code) Griffin Corporation P.O. Box 1847 Valdosta, GA 31603-1847 NOTICE Changes in labeling formula differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product lavesys refer to the above U.S. EFA registration number. On the basis of information (unished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is bereby Registered/Reregistered under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide, and Rodenlicide Act. A copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Registration/Reregistration is returned herewith. Registration is in no way to be construed as an indersement of approval of this product by this Agency. In order to protect health and the enviscoment, the Administrator, on his motion, hay at any time surpend or cancel the registration of a product under this fact is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others. This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c) (7) (A) provided that you: 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/ reregistration of your product under FIFRA sec. 3(c) (5) and sec. 4 when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA sec. 2. Make the following label changes: Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 1812-419." 3. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section of (e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes | PM | 22 | 1812-419 | 06/01/99 | page | 1 of |
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Enclosure

EPA Form 8570-6 (Rev. 5-76)

ATTACHMENT IS APPLICABLE

04/15/99

GX-270

GX270s99a

DRY FLOWABLE

FUNGICIDE/BACTERICIDE

| Active Ingredients | |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| Copper Sulfate Pentahydrate | 26.2% |
| Copper Hydroxide | 17.1% |
| Inert Ingredients | 56.7% |
| Total | 100.0% |

(Metallic Copper Equivalent 20%)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION**

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. If person is unconscious, do not give anything by mouth and do not induce vomiting.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: For medical emergencies involving this product, call toll free 1-888-324-7598.

See Label for Additional Precautions and Directions For Use.

| Griffin L.L.C. Valdosta, GA 31601 | | EPA Reg. No. 1812-URO EPA Est. No |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Lotter Dated: JUN 1 1999 | Net Contents | |
| Under the Federal Insceticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. | 1012 114 | |

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS) CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS:

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours without required PPE.

The following equipment and precautions must be followed for 7 days following the application of this product:

- An eye-flush container, designed specifically for flushing eyes, must be available at the WPS decontamination site for workers entering the area treated with copper hydroxide.
- Notify workers of the application by warning them orally that residues in the treated areas may be highly irritating to their eyes and to take precautions such as refraining from rubbing their eyes and if they get residues in their eyes they should immediately flush their eyes using the eye-flush container.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR part 170. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated area until sprays have dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Store in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

GX-270 may be applied as an aerial, ground dilute or ground concentrate spray unless specifically directed otherwise in the specific crop use directions.

The per acre use rate of GX-270 is applicable for both dilute and concentrate spraying. Depending upon the equipment used and the specific crop, the spray volume applied per acre will differ. Refer to Minimum Recommended Spray Volume Table. Complete spray coverage is essential to assure optimum performance from GX-270. When treating by aerial application or with low volume application equipment, unless you have had specific previous experience, it is advisable to test for compatibility and tolerance to crop injury prior to full scale commercial utilization.

Consult the GX-270 label for specific rates and timing of application by crop. Do not apply less than the label recommended minimum amount when selecting a GX-270 use rate. Where application rates and intervals are provided in a range (e.g. 4 to 12 pounds and 7 to 10 days), higher rates and shorter intervals are recommended when rainfall is heavy and/or disease pressure is high. Use the higher rates for large mature tree crops.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

- * GX-270 should not be applied in a spray solution having a pH of less than 6.5 as phytotoxicity may occur.
- * Do not tank mix GX-270 with Aliette® fungicide for use on any registered crops or ornamentals unless appropriate precautions have been taken to buffer the spray solution because severe phytotoxicity may result. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such

mixing.

- * This product may be reactive on masonry and metal surfaces such as galvanized roofing. Avoid contact with metal surfaces. Do not spray on cars, houses, lawn furniture, etc.
- * Environmental conditions such as extended periods of wet weather, acid rain, etc. which alter the pH of the leaf surface may affect the performance of GX-270 resulting in possible phytotoxicity or loss of effectiveness.
- * Agricultural chemicals may perform in an unpredictable manner when tank mixed, especially where several products are involved. Reduced effect on pests or crop injury may occur. Unless recommended on this label or by a state/local expert, it is advisable to test for compatibility and potential crop injury prior to commercial use of a new tank mix; otherwise, tank mixing should not be undertaken.
- * It must be determined if proper application equipment is available and if waste associated with its use can be properly handled. Agricultural chemicals are often reactive with the materials used in the construction of application equipment such as aluminum, rubber and synthetic materials. This factor should be taken into consideration when selecting proper application equipment. It is necessary that all application equipment be thoroughly flushed with clean water after each day's use.
- * Do not apply this product through any irrigation (chemigation) system using aluminum parts or components as damage to the system may occur. Such application is prohibited regardless of whether the irrigation system is flushed with water after use of this product.
- * Apply this product only through one or more of the following types of systems: sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, traveler, big gun, or plastic pipe solid set system(s) which contain no aluminum parts or components. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- * While volume is important in obtaining full spray coverage, often factors such as foliage density, environmental conditions and sprayer calibration have a greater impact. Always be sure that sprayers are calibrated to spray equipment manufacturer's specifications and environmental conditions are within those recommended by State and local regulatory authorities.
- * When mixing, fill spray tank one-half full with water. Add GX-270 slowly to tank while hydraulic or mechanical agitation is operating and continue filling with water. DO NOT PRE-MIX or SLURRY GX-270. Spreaders, stickers, insecticides, nutrients, etc. should be added last. If compatibility is in question, use the Compatibility Jar Test

before mixing a whole tank or contact your chemical supplier. Observe all precautions and limitations on the labels of all products used in mixtures.

CROP CLASSIFICATION

CITRUS: Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Orange, Pummelo, Tangelo and Tangerine.

FIELD CROPS: Alfalfa, Barley, Oats, Peanut, Potato, Sugar Beet and Wheat.

SMALL FRUITS: Blackberry, Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Gooseberry, Raspberry and Strawberry.

TREE CROPS: Almond, Apple, Apricot, Avocado, Banana, Cacao, Cherry, Coffee, Filbert, Mango, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Pecan, Pistachio, Plum, Prune, Quince and Walnut.

VEGETABLES: Bean, Beet Greens, Broccoli, Brussels Sprout, Cabbage, Cantaloupe, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celeriac, Celery, Cucumber, Eggplant, Endive, Escarole, Greens (Collard, Mustard and Turnip), Honeydew, Lettuce, Muskmelon, Onion/Garlic, Pea, Pepper, Pumpkin, Spinach, Squash, Table Beet, Tomato, Watercress and Watermelon.

VINES: Grape, Hops and Kiwi.

MISCELLANEOUS: Atemoya, Carambola, Chives, Dill, Douglas Fir, Ginseng, Guava, Litchi, Live Oak, Macadamia, Mamey Sapote, Papaya, Parsley, Passion Fruit, Pecan, Sugar Apple and Sycamore.

GREENHOUSE AND SHADEHOUSE CROPS: GX-270 may be used in greenhouses and shadehouses to control diseases on any crop on this label where physiology allows greenhouse or shadehouse culture. While specific directions are presented for Citrus, Cucumber, Eggplant, Pepper and Tomato; general use may occur for any crop on this label where physiology allows greenhouse or shadehouse culture.

TURFGRASS: Algae control.

ORNAMENTALS: Species as listed.

Minimum Recommended Spray Volume (Gallons Per Acre) When Applying GX-270

| | Aerial | Gro | und |
|---------------|--------|--------|-------------------|
| | | Dilute | Concentrate |
| Citrus | 10 | 800 | 100* (Florida) |
| Field Crops | 3 | 20 | |
| Ornamentals | 10 | 100 | 50 |
| Small Fruits | 5 | 150 | 50 |
| Tree Crops | 10 | 400 | 50 |
| Vegetables | 3 | 20 | |
| Vines | 5 | 150 | 50 |
| Miscellaneous | 10 | 150 | 50 |

* Pesticide application equipment such as Curtec® or other similar sprayers which are capable of obtaining thorough coverage at low volumes may be used at as low as 20 gpa of spray volume.

The following specific instructions are based on general application procedures. The recommendations of the State Agricultural Extension Service should be closely followed as to timing, frequency and number of sprays per season.

FROST INJURY PROTECTION

BACTERIAL ICE NUCLEATION INHIBITOR

Application of GX-270 made to all crops listed on this label at rates and stages of growth indicated on this label, at least 24 hours prior to anticipated frost conditions, will afford control of ice nucleating bacteria (*Pseudomonas syringae*, *Erwinia herbicola*, and *Pseudomonas fluorescens*) and may therefore provide some protection against light frost. Not recommended for those geographical areas where weather conditions favor severe frost.

CITRUS

GX-270 may be mixed with dry foliar nutritionals (micronutrients) to create "Shot Bag" mixes to meet the various nutritional requirements of citrus and provide disease protection as described on this label. GX-270 per acre rates in these mixes must not exceed the maximum recommended labeled rates for disease control.

Adding foliar nutritionals or other products to spray mixtures containing GX-270 and applying to citrus during the post bloom period when young fruit are present may result in spray burn.

| Disease | Rate/Acre | Use Instructions |
|--|--------------|--|
| Melanose, Scab, Algal Spot | 3-9 lbs. | Apply as pre-bloom and post-bloom sprays. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Greasy Spot, Pink Pitting | 1.5-4.5 lbs. | Apply in summer on expanded new flush. Repeat on subsequent flushes where disease pressure is severe. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Alternaria Brown Spot | 3-6 lbs. | On susceptible varieties apply when the first spring flush appears and each flush thereafter. Application to fruit should start after two thirds of the petals have fallen and be repeated on a 21 day schedule or as needed. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Phytophthora Brown Rot, Septoria Spot | 3-6 lbs. | Begin application in fall before or just after the first rain and continue as needed. For Brown Rot only, apply to skirts of trees to a height of at least 4 feet. For control of Septoria Spot or where fruit have already been infected with Brown Rot, apply to entire tree. Apply also to bare ground one foot beyond skirt. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| | | NOTE: In California, in areas subject to copper injury, add 1/3 to 1 pound of high quality lime per pound of GX-270. |
| Phytophthora Foot Rot | 0.75 lb. | Mix with 1 quart of water, Tre-Hold® or latex paint. Paint trunks of trees from the soil surface to the lowest scaffold limbs. Apply in May prior to summer rains and/or in the fall prior to wrapping trees for freeze protection. Treatment serves as protection for up to 1 year, but does not cure existing infections. |
| | | NOTE: Areas where microjet or low volume irrigation hit the tree trunk may require |

retreatment due to wash off.

| Citrus | Canker |
|--------|---------|
| (suppr | ession) |

9 lbs.

Spray flushes 7 to 14 days after shoots begin to grow. Young fruit may require an additional application. Number and timing of applications will be dependent upon disease pressure. Under heavy pressure, each flush of new growth should be sprayed.

NOTE: Phytotoxicity may occur on young tender flush when GX-270 is applied to citrus seedlings grown in greenhouses or shadehouses.

CITRUS Field Nursery Grown

To control Melanose, Scab, Pink Pitting, Greasy Spot, Brown Rot and for suppression of Citrus Canker, apply 3 to 6 pounds of GX-270 per acre. Apply GX-270 at 28 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity.

FIELD CROPS

| Crop | Disease | Rate/Acre | Use Instructions |
|---------|---|------------------|--|
| Alfalfa | Cercospora Leaf Spot, Leptosphaerulina Leaf Spot | 1.5 lbs. | Apply 10 to 14 days before each harvest or earlier if disease threatens. |
| | • | | NOTE: Spray injury may occur with sensitive varieties such as Lahontan. |
| Peanut | Cercospora Leaf Spot | 1.0-2.25 lbs. | Begin spraying at 35 to 40 days after planting or when disease symptoms first appear and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals or as needed. Reduce sprays to 7 day intervals during humid weather. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. Flowable sulfur may be added. |
| Potato | Early Blight, Late Blight | 0.75-3 lbs. | Apply 0.75 to 1.25 lbs. at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed starting when plants are 2 to 6 inches high in locations where |

disease is light. Apply up to 3 pounds per acre when disease is more severe. Under conditions of severe disease, control with GX-270 will be improved by tank mixing with other compatible fungicides registered for use on potatoes. Read and follow all label instructions of tank mix partners.

| | | | F |
|------------------------|---|------------------|--|
| Sugar Beet | Cercospora Leaf Spot | 1.5-3.75 lbs. | Begin applications when conditions first favor disease development and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals or as needed. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Addition of a spreader/sticker is recommended. |
| Wheat, Oats, Barley | Septoria Leaf Blotch, Helminthosporium Spot Blotch | 1.0-1.5 lbs. | Make first application at early heading and follow with second spray 10 days later. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |

SMALL FRUITS

| Crop | Disease | Rate/Acre | Use Instructions |
|---|---|-----------|---|
| Blackberry (Aurora, Boysen, Cascade, Chehalem, Logan, Marion, | Leaf Spot, Cane Spot, Purple Blotch, Anthracnose, Yellow Rust, Pseudomonas Blight | 3 lbs. | Make fall application after harvest. Apply delayed dormant spray after pruning/training in the spring. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. |
| Santiam, Thornless Evergreen) | Leaf Spot, Cane Spot, Purple Blotch, Anthracnose, Yellow Rust | 1.5 lbs. | Apply when leaf buds begin to open and repeat when flower buds show white. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. |

NOTE: Crop injury may occur if applied to foliage under certain

| | | | environmental conditions such as hot or prolonged moist periods. Discontinue applications if signs of crop injury appear. |
|------------------------|---|----------|--|
| Blueberry | Bacterial Canker | 3-6 lbs. | Make first application before fall rains and a second application 4 weeks later. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Cranberry | Fruit Rot | 6 lbs. | Make first application in late bloom. Apply one or two additional applications at 10 to 14 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. |
| | Rose Bloom | 6 lbs. | Apply 3 sprays on 10 to 14 day schedule or as needed as soon as symptoms are observed. |
| | Bacterial Stem Canker | 6 lbs. | Apply post harvest and again in spring at bud swell. Apply one or two additional applications at 10 to 14 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. |
| | Tip Blight (Monilinia), Stem Blight, Leaf Blight, Red Leaf Spot | 6 lbs. | Apply delayed dormant spray in the spring. Repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals or as needed through pre-bloom. |
| Currant, Gooseberry | Anthracnose, Leaf Spot | 7.5 lbs. | Make initial application after first leaves have expanded. Continue on a 10 to 14 day schedule or as needed during wet conditions in the spring. Make an additional application after harvest. |

| Raspberry | Leaf Spot, Cane Spot, Purple Blotch, Anthracnose, Yellow Rust, Pseudomonas Blight | 3 lbs. | Make fall application after harvest. Apply delayed dormant spray after training in the spring. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. |
|------------|---|------------------|---|
| | Leaf Spot, Cane Spot, Purple Blotch, Anthracnose, Yellow Rust | 1.5 lbs. | Apply when leaf buds begin to open and repeat when flower buds show white. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. |
| | | | NOTE: Crop injury may occur if applied to foliage under certain environmental conditions such as hot or prolonged moist periods. Discontinue applications if signs of crop injury appear. |
| Strawberry | Leaf Spot, Leaf Scorch, Leaf Blight, Angular Leaf Spot (Xanthomonas) | 1.5-2.25 lbs. | Begin application when plants are established and continue on a weekly schedule throughout season. Apply in at least 20 gallons of water. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. |

TREE CROPS

| Crop | Disease | Rate/Acre | Use Instructions |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Almond, Apricot, Cherry, Plum, Prune | Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole), Bacterial Canker, Bacterial Blast (Pseudomonas) | 6-12 lbs. | Make first application before fall rains and a second at late dormant. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. |
| ∴ | | | For Cherries: Where disease is severe, an additional application shortly after harvest may be required. |
| | | | Almond only: For Bacterial Blast control in sprinkler irrigated orchards or where disease is severe, apply 0.75 pounds per acre post-bloom at 2 week intervals or as needed or just before sprinkling. |
| · | · | | NOTE: Foliar injury may occur from post-bloom sprays on almonds, especially on NePlus varieties. |
| | Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole), Blossom Brown Rot | 4.5-6 lbs. (Almond) 6-9 lbs. (All Others) | Apply during early bloom. Do not apply after full bloom or crop injury may occur. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. |
| | Black Knot (Plum) | 3-6 lbs | Make an application at bud swell up to early bloom for early season disease suppression. Apply before full bloom. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. |

| NOTE: To avoid plant injury, do |
|---------------------------------|
| not use after full bloom. |

Cherry Leaf Spot (Sour Cherries Only) 4-6 lbs.

Apply at petal fall as well as 1 to 2 times after petal fall. Use lower rates where disease infection is light and use higher rates for a dormant application or where disease infection is moderate to heavy. Do not apply to sweet cherry or the English Morello variety as severe injury will result. The addition of 1 to 3 pounds of hydrated lime per pound of GX-270 may reduce crop injury.

NOTE: Moderate to severe injury such as leaf spotting and defoliation may occur from postbloom applications.

Apple

Anthracnose, European Canker (Nectria), Blossom Blast, Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas) 9-12 lbs.

Apply before fall rains. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease.

NOTE: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick fruit before spraying.

Fire Blight, Apple Scab (Suppression) 6-12 lbs.

Make application between silvertip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.

NOTE: Moderate to severe crop injury may occur from late application; discontinue use when green-tip reaches ½ inch.

Extended spray schedule where fruit finish is not a concern:

| Fire | Blight |
|--------|---------|
| 1.11.0 | וונצווע |

0.75-1.5 lbs

Apple Scab

1.5-3 lbs.

Continued applications may be made at 5 to 7 day intervals or as needed between ½ inch green-tip and first cover spray.

NOTE: Moderate to severe crop injury may result from this extended spray schedule. It is not intended for fresh market apples or for apples where fruit finish is a concern as it is likely to cause fruit russetting. The addition of 1 to 3 pounds of hydrated lime per pound of GX-270 may reduce crop injury.

Crown Rot, Collar Rot

3 lbs.

Mix in 100 gallons of water. Apply 4 gallons of suspension as a drench on the lower trunk area of each tree. Apply in early spring or in fall after harvest for best results. Do not apply to foliage or fruit.

NOTE: Do not use if soil pH is below 5.5 since copper toxicity may result.

Avocado

Anthracnose, Blotch,

Scab

6-9 lbs.

Apply when bloom buds begin to swell and continue application at monthly intervals for five to six applications. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease.

Banana

Sigatoka (black and yellow)

1.5 lbs.

Apply by air in 3 gallons of water. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added.

Apply on a 14 day schedule or as

| | | | needed throughout the wet season. Apply at 21 day intervals or as needed during dry periods. |
|--------|---|--------------|---|
| | Black Pitting | 3 lbs. | Mix in 100 gallons of water. Apply to the fruit stem and the basal portion of the leaf crown. Apply during the first and second weeks after fruit emergence. |
| Cacao | Black Pod | 1.5-6.5 lbs. | Begin applications at the start of the rainy season and continue while infection conditions persist. Apply 1.5 to 3.5 pounds at 14 to 21 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. For drier areas, make two to four applications using 4.5 to 6.5 pounds per acre according to disease incidence and planting density. |
| Coffee | Coffee Berry Disease (Colletotrichum coffeanum) | 4.5-6 lbs. | Apply first spray after flowering and before onset of long rains and then at 21 to 28 day intervals or as needed until picking. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| | Bacterial Blight (Pseudomonas syringae) | 4.5-6 lbs. | Begin spray program before the onset of long rainy periods and continue throughout the rainy season at 14 to 21 day intervals or as needed. The critical time of spraying to control this disease is just before, during and after flowering(s), especially when coinciding with wet weather. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. |
| | Leaf Rust (Hemileia | 1.5-3 lbs. | Apply before the onset of rain |

| | vastatrix) | | and then at 21 day intervals or as needed while the rains continue. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. |
|---------|--|------------|---|
| | Iron Spot (Cercospora coffeicola), Pink Disease (Corticium salmonicolor) | 1.5 lbs. | Use concentrate or dilute spray. Begin treatment at the start of wet season and continue at monthly intervals for three applications. |
| Filbert | Bacterial Blight | 12-18 lbs. | Apply as a post harvest spray. In seasons of heavy rainfall apply a second spray when three-fourths of the leaves have dropped. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. |
| | Eastern Filbert Blight | 12-18 lbs. | Apply as a dilute spray in adequate water for thorough coverage. Make applications starting at bud swell to bud break and continue at 2-week intervals or as needed until early May. Thorough coverage is essential. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil or sticking agent may be added. |
| Mango | Anthracnose | 6-7.5 lbs. | Apply monthly after fruit set until harvest. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. |
| Olive | Peacock Spot, Olive Knot | 6-9 lbs. | Make first application before winter rains begin. A second application in early spring should be made if disease is severe. |

| | | | Apply the high rate for heavy disease pressure or when conditions favor disease development. |
|---------------------|---|-----------|--|
| Peach, Nectarine | Leaf Curl, Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole), Bacterial Canker, Bacterial Blast (Pseudomonas), Bacterial Spot (Xanthomonas) | 6-12 lbs. | Make first application before fall rains and a second at late dormant. For Peach Leaf Curl, late dormant application must be made before leaf buds swell. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. |
| | Blossom Brown Rot, Leaf Curl, Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole) | 6-9 lbs. | Full cover spray at pink bud. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| | Bacterial Spot | 0.75 lb. | Post-bloom application applied at first and second cover sprays. |
| | | | NOTE: Do not spray 3 weeks prior to harvest. Use only recommended rates. Spotting of leaves and defoliation may occur from use in cover sprays. |
| Pear | Fire Blight | 0.75 lb. | Apply at 5 day intervals or as needed throughout the bloom period. |
| | | | NOTE: Russetting may occur in copper sensitive varieties. Excessive dosages may cause fruit russet on any variety. |
| | Blossom Blast (Pseudomonas) | 9-12 lbs. | Apply before fall rains and again during dormancy before spring growth starts. Use higher rates when disease pressure is high or when conditions favor disease |

development.

| Pecan | Shuck Rot, Kernel Rot (Phytophthora cactorum), Zonate Leaf Spot (Cristulariella pyramidalis) | 1.5-3 lbs. | For suppression, apply in sufficient water to ensure complete spray coverage at 2 to 4 week intervals or as needed starting at kernel growth and continue until shucks open. Use higher rates and shorter interval if frequent rainfall occurs. |
|-----------|--|------------|--|
| Pistachio | Botrytis Blight, Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight, Septoria Leaf Blight, Late Blight (Alternaria alternata) | 3-6 lbs. | Make initial application at bud swell and repeat on a 14 to 28 day schedule or as needed. If disease conditions are severe, use higher rates and shorter spray intervals. |
| Quince | Fire Blight | 0.75 lb. | Apply at 5 day intervals or as needed throughout the bloom period. Apply in adequate water for thorough coverage. |
| Walnut | Walnut Blight | 6-9 lbs. | Apply first spray at early pre- bloom prior to or when catkins are partially expanded. Make additional applications during bloom and early nutlet stage or as needed when frequent rainfall or extended periods of moisture occur. Thorough coverage of catkins, leaves and nutlets is essential for effective control. |
| | | | NOTE: Adequate control may not be obtained when copper tolerant species of Xanthomonas bacteria are present. |

VEGETABLES

| Crop | Disease | Rate/Acre | Use Instructions |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| Bean (Dry, Green) | Brown Spot, Halo Blight, Common Blight | 0.75-2.25 lbs. | Use higher rates for more severe disease. For protective sprays, make first application when plants are 6 inches high; repeat on a 7 to 14 day schedule or as needed depending on environmental conditions. |
| Beets (Table Beets, Beet Greens) | Cercospora Leaf Spot | 1.5-3.75 lbs. | Begin applications when conditions first favor disease development and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals or as needed. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Carrot | Alternaria Leaf Spot, Cercospora Leaf Spot | 1.5 lbs. | Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. |
| Celery, Celeriac | Cercospora Early Blight, Septoria Late Blight, Bacterial Blight | 1.5 lbs. | Begin applications as soon as plants are first established in the field, repeating at 5 to 7 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity and environmental conditions. |
| Crucifers (Broccoli, Brussels Sprout, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collard Greens, Mustard Greens, Turnip Greens) | Black Rot (Xanthomonas), Black Leaf Spot (Alternaria), Downy Mildew | 0.75-1.5 lbs. | Apply at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed. Begin application after transplants are set in the field, or shortly after emergence of field seeded crops or when conditions favor disease development. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| | | | NOTE: Reddening of older leaves may occur on broccoli and a flecking of wrapper leaves may |

| Occur ou oucougo | occur | on | cabbage. |
|------------------|-------|----|----------|
|------------------|-------|----|----------|

| Cucurbits (Cantaloupe, Cucumber, Honeydew, Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon) | Alternaria Leaf Spot, Angular Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Watermelon Bacterial Fruit Blotch (suppression) | 1-2.25 lbs. | Begin applications prior to disease development and continue while conditions are favorable for disease development. Repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals or as needed. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. NOTE: Crop injury may occur from application at higher rates and shorter intervals. Discontinue use if injury occurs. |
|--|--|------------------|---|
| Eggplant | Alternaria Blight, Anthracnose, Phomopsis | 1.5 lbs. | Begin applications prior to development of disease symptoms. Repeat sprays at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. |
| Lettuce, Endive, Escarole | Downy Mildew | 0.75-1.5 lbs. | Begin treatment when disease first appears and repeat every 7 to 10 days or as needed to suppress disease. Use shorter intervals and higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| | | | NOTE: Flecking and/or yellowing of leaves may occur under certain environmental conditions such as extended periods of moist weather, acid rains, or other conditions favoring reduced pH on leaf surfaces. Injury may be severe enough to reduce crop value. |
| Onion, Garlic | Purple Blotch, Downy Mildew Bacterial Blight | 1.5 lbs. | Begin when plants are 4 to 6 inches high and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. |

| | | | Can cause phytotoxicity to leaves. |
|------------|---|------------------|---|
| Pea . | Powdery Mildew | 1-2.25 lbs. | Begin applications when disease symptoms first appear and repeat at weekly intervals or as needed. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Pepper | Bacterial Spot, Anthracnose, Cercospora Leaf Spot | 1.5-2.25 lbs. | Begin applications when conditions first favor disease development and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Spinach | Anthracnose, White Rust, Blue Mold, Cercospora Leaf Spot | 1.5-2.25 lbs. | Begin application when disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. NOTE: Flecking may occur on Spinach leaves. |
| Tomato | Anthracnose, Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot | 1.5-3 lbs. | Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 5 to 10 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Watercress | Cercospora Leaf Spot | 1.5 lbs. | Begin applications when plants are first established in the field, repeating at 7 to 14 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. Do not exceed four applications per crop. Apply using ground spray equipment at no less than 50 gallons of spray solution per |

acre.

VINES

| Crops | Disease | Rate/Acre | Use Instructions |
|---------|--|---------------|---|
| Grape | Black Rot, Powdery Mildew, Downy Mildew | 1.5 lbs. | Begin applications at bud break with subsequent applications throughout the season depending on disease severity. |
| · | | | NOTE: Foliage injury may occur on copper sensitive varieties such as Concord, Delaware, Niagara and Rosette. Either test for sensitivity or add 1 to 3 pounds of hydrated lime per pound of GX-270. |
| Hops | Downy Mildew | 1.5 lbs. | Make crown treatment after pruning, but before training. After training, additional treatments are needed at about 10 day intervals. |
| · | | | NOTE: Discontinue use two weeks before harvest. |
| Kiwi | Pseudomonas syringae, Erwinia herbicola, Pseudomonas fluorescens | 6 lbs. | Apply in 200 gallons of water per acre. Make applications on a monthly basis. A maximum of three applications may be made. |
| | MISCE | CLLANEOUS | |
| Crop | Disease | Rate/Acre | Use Instructions |
| Atemoya | Anthracnose | 2.25-3.5 lbs. | Make initial application just before flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before |

harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage.

| | | | Use higher rates for severe disease. |
|-------------|---|--------------|---|
| Carambola | Anthracnose | 4.5-6 lbs. | Make initial application just before flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use higher rates for severe disease. |
| Chives | Downy Mildew | 1.5 lbs | Begin applications when plants are established in the field. Repeat applications every 7 to 10 days or as needed depending on disease conditions. |
| Dill | Phoma Leaf Spot, Rhizoctonia Foliage Blight | 1.5-2.25 lbs | Begin applications when plants are first established in the field and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity and environmental conditions. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Douglas Fir | Rhabdocline Needlecast | 1.5-2.25 lbs | Begin applications at bud break and repeat at 3 to 4 week intervals or as needed. Use higher rates for severe disease. |
| Ginseng | Alternaria Leaf Blight, Stem Blight | 2-3 lbs. | Use as a tank mix with 2 pounds Rovral® 50W in 100 gallons of water. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing. Begin GX-270/Rovral applications as soon as plants have emerged in spring. |

Applications should be repeated every 7 days or as needed until plants become dormant in fall. Apply fungicides at least 8 hours before rain. Use of a spreader-sticker or sticker is advised.

NOTE: Alternaria Leaf and Stem Blight is most severe in humid conditions such as those found in the dense canopies of 2 to 4 year old Ginseng. It is very important that the stems be thoroughly covered with fungicide; therefore, use a spray apparatus which distributes the fungicide throughout the canopy.

moss tufts thoroughly. A second application may be required after

12 months.

| Guava | Anthracnose, Red Algae | 2.25-3.5 lbs. | Make initial application just before flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use higher rates for severe disease. |
|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|
| Litchi | Anthracnose | 2.25-3.5 lbs. | Make initial application just before flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use higher rates for severe disease. |
| Live Oak, Pecan | Ball Moss | 4.5-6 lbs. | Apply in 100 gallons of water in the spring when ball moss is actively growing, using 1½ gallons of spray per foot of tree height. Make sure to wet ball |

| NOTE: GX-270 may be |
|---------------------------------|
| injurious to ornamentals grown |
| under live oaks or pecans. This |
| product may be reactive on |
| masonry and metal surfaces such |
| as galvanized roofing. Avoid |
| contact with metal surfaces. Do |
| not spray on cars, houses, lawn |
| furniture, etc. |
| |

| Macadamia | Anthracnose | 4.5-6 lbs. | Initiate sprays at first sign of flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use higher rates for severe disease. |
|--------------|--|--------------|---|
| · | Phytophthora Blight (P. capsici), Raceme Blight (Botrytis cinerea) | 3.5-4.5 lbs. | Apply during raceme development and bloom periods. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Mamey Sapote | Anthracnose, Algal Leaf Spot | 4.5-6 lbs. | Apply when conditions favor disease development. Repeat on 14 to 30 day schedule or as needed as disease severity and environmental conditions dictate. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Papaya | Anthracnose | 3-7.5 lbs. | Apply before disease appears. Apply at 10 to 14 day intervals under light disease pressure and 5 to 7 day intervals or as needed under heavy disease pressure. The addition of an approved spreader is desirable. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Parsley | Bacterial Blight | 2.25 lbs. | Begin applications when plants |

| | (Pseudomonas sp.) | | are first established in the field and repeat at 5 to 7 days intervals or as needed depending on disease severity and environmental conditions. |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Passion Fruit | Anthracnose | 4.5-6 lbs. | Make initial application just before flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Sugar Apple (Annona) | Anthracnose | 9-13.5 lbs. | Make initial application just before flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Sycamore | Anthracnose | 1.5-2.25 lbs. | Apply as a full cover spray in 100 gallons of water or sufficient volume for thorough coverage. Make first application at bud crack and second application 7 to 10 days later at 10% leaf expansion. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |

TURFGRASS

To control algae in turfgrass, apply 1 pound GX-270 per 1,000 square feet in five gallons of water. GX-270 may be used alone or in combination with other registered turf fungicides as a maintenance spray. Observe all precautions and limitations on the label of each product used in tank mixes.

NOTE: Phytotoxicity may occur depending on varietal differences. Apply the recommended rate to a small area and observe for 7 to 10 days for signs of injury. If phytotoxicity occurs, discontinue use. Do <u>not</u> apply in spray solutions with a pH of less than 6.5.

GREENHOUSE AND SHADEHOUSE CROPS

Notice to User: GX-270 may be used in greenhouses and shadehouses to control diseases on crops which appear on this label, and specific instructions have been developed for the crops listed. The grower should bear in mind that the sensitivity of crops grown in greenhouses and shadehouses differs greatly from crops grown under field conditions. Neither the manufacturer nor seller has determined whether or not GX-270 can be used safely on all greenhouse and shadehouse grown crops. The user should determine if GX-270 can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the recommended rates to the plants in question, i.e., foliage, fruit, etc., and observe for 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity prior to commercial use.

Apply GX-270 according to specific rates given for those crops in pounds per acre. One level tablespoon of GX-270 per 1,000 square feet is equivalent to 1 pound per acre. GX-270 should be applied in adequate water for thorough coverage of plant parts. Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals or as needed; use shorter interval during periods when severe disease conditions persist.

NOTE: Do not use GX-270 on citrus seedlings less than two years old grown in greenhouses or shadehouses.

| Crop | Disease | Rate Per 1,000 Sq Ft | Use Instructions |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
| Citrus (Non- Bearing Nursery) | Melanose, Scab, Pink Pitting, Greasy Spot, Brown Rot, Citrus Canker | 3 TBSP | Begin applications when disease first threatens. Repeat at 30 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. |
| Cucumber | Angular Leaf Spot, Downy Mildew | 1-2½ TBSP | Apply weekly when plants begin to vine. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Eggplant | Alternaria Blight, Anthracnose, Phomopsis | 1½ TBSP | Begin applications prior to development of disease symptoms. Repeat sprays at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. |
| Pepper | Bacterial Spot | 1½-2½ TBSP | Begin applications when conditions first favor disease |

development and repeat at 5 to 10 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease.

Tomato

Anthracnose,
Bacterial Speck,
Bacterial Spot, Early
Blight, Gray Leaf
Mold, Late Blight,
Septoria Leaf Spot

11/2-3 TBSP

Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 5 to 10 day intervals or as needed depending on disease severity. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease.

ORNAMENTALS

Notice to User: Plant sensitivities to GX-270 have been found to be acceptable for specific genera and species listed on this label under the conditions tested. However, phytotoxicity may occur. Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamental and nursery plants, and the widely varying growth conditions, it is impossible to test every one for sensitivity to GX-270. Neither the manufacturer nor seller has determined whether or not GX-270 can be safely used on ornamental or nursery plants not listed on this label. The user should determine if GX-270 can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the recommended rates to the plants in question, i.e., bedding plants, foliage, etc., and observe for 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity prior to commercial use.

Use GX-270 on container, bench or bed-grown ornamentals in greenhouses, shadehouses and outdoor nurseries, for professional use on ornamentals grown for indoor and outdoor landscaping, and for control of bacterial and fungal diseases of foliage, flowers and stems.

For Control of Diseases on Ornamentals in Greenhouses, Shadehouses, Fields and Nurseries: For ornamental crops in dormancy, apply as a thorough cover spray at rates ranging from 0.75 to 3.0 pounds per acre of GX-270. When new growth is present, apply as a thorough cover spray at rates ranging from 0.75 to 2.0 pounds per acre of GX-270. One level tablespoon of GX-270 per 1,000 square feet is equivalent to 1 pound per acre. Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals or as needed; use shorter interval during periods of frequent rains or when severe disease conditions persist.

GX-270 may be used alone or in combination with other fungicides registered for use on ornamentals as a maintenance spray. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

| Сгор | Scientific Name | Disease |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Aglaonema | Aglaonema sp. | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Althea (Rose of Sharon) | Hibiscus syriacus | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Andromeda, Japanese* | Pieris japonica | Leaf Spot, Twig Blight |
| Aralia | Dizygotheca elegantissima | Xanthomonas Leaf Spot, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Alternaria |
| Arborvitae | Thuja sp. | Alternaria Twig Blight, Cercospora Leaf Blight |
| Aster* | Aster sp. | Downy Mildew, Leaf Spot |
| Azalea <u>1</u> / | Rhododendron sp. | Cercospora Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight, Phytophthora Dieback, Powdery Mildew |
| Beech* | Fagus sp. | Leaf Spot |
| Begonia | Begonia semperflorens | Bacterial Leaf Spot (Xanthomonas sp., Erwinia sp., Pseudomonas sp.) |
| Boston Fern | Nephrolepis exaltata | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Bougainvillea | Bougainvillea spectabilis | Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Boxwood* | Buxus sp. | Leaf Spot |
| Camellia | Camellia japonica, C. sasanqua | Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Camphor Tree | Cinnamomum camphora | Pseudomonas Leaf Spot |
| Canna | Canna sp. | Pseudomonas Leaf Spot |

| Carnation <u>1</u> / | Dianthus sp. | Alternaria Blight, Pseudomonas Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Cedar* | Cedrus sp. | Tip Blight |
| Chinese Tallow Tree | Sapium sebiferum | Bacterial Leaf Spot (Xanthomonas sp., Pseudomonas sp.) |
| Chrysanthemum <u>1</u> / | Chrysanthemum morifolium | Septoria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight, Pseudomonas Leaf Spot |
| Cotoneaster | Cotoneaster sp. | Botrytis Blight |
| Crabapple* | Malus sp. | Fire Blight |
| Cypress* | Cupressus sp. | Twig Blight |
| Dahlia | Dahlia pinnata | Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Gray Mold, Cercospora Leaf Spot |
| Date Palm | Phoenix canariensis | Pestalotia Leaf Spot |
| Delphinium* | Delphinium sp. | Leaf Spot |
| Dianthus | Dianthus sp. | Bacterial Spot, Bacterial Soft Rot |
| Dogwood | Cornus florida | Anthracnose |
| Dracaena | Dracaena marginata | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Dumb Cane | Dieffenbachia sp. | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Dusty Miller | Senecio cineraria | Bacterial Leaf Spot (Pseudomonas cichorii) |
| Easter Lily <u>2</u> / | Lilium longiflorum | Botrytis Blight |
| Echinacea | Echinacea sp. | Bacterial Leaf Spot |

(Pseudomonas cichorii)

Elm, Chinese Ulmus parvifolia Xanthomonas Leaf Spot

Euonymus sp. Botrytis Blight,
Anthracnose

European Fan Palm Champaerops numilis Pestalotia Leaf Spot

Filbert (Ornamental)* Corylus sp. Filbert Blight

Gardenia Gardenia jasminoides Alternaria Leaf Spot,

Botrytis Bud Rot, Cercospora Leaf Spot

Geranium Pelargonium sp. Alternaria Leaf Spot,

Botrytis Gray Mold, Cercospora Leaf Spot

Gladiola Gladiolus sp. Alternaria Leaf Spot,

Anthracnose, Botrytis
Gray Mold, Bacterial Leaf

Blight

Golden Rain Tree Koelreuteria paniculata Bacterial Leaf Spot

Grape Ivy Cissus sp. Bacterial Leaf Spot

Hawthorn* Crataegus sp. Fire Blight

Hibiscus 4/ Hibiscus sp. Bacterial Leaf Spot

Holly* Bacterial Blight, Leaf Spot

Pseudomonas Leaf Spot

Holly Fern Cyrtomium falcatum

Honeylocust Gleditsia triacanthos Bacterial Leaf Spot

Impatiens Impatiens sallerana Bacterial Leaf Spot

Indian Hawthorn <u>5</u>/ Raphiolepis indica Anthracnose,

Entomosporium Leaf Spot

| Iris <u>4</u> / | Iris sp. | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Ivy (English, Algerian) 1/ | Hedera helix, H. canariensis | Xanthomonas Leaf Spot |
| Ixora | Ixora coccinea | Xanthomonas Leaf Spot |
| Juniper | Juniperus sp. | Anthracnose, Twig Blight |
| Lantana | Lantana camera | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Lilac | Syringa sp. | Cercospora Leaf Spot |
| Linden* | Tilia sp. | Anthracnose, Leaf Blight |
| Loblolly Bay | Gordonia lasianthus | Anthracnose |
| Loquat | Eriobotrya japonica | Entomosporium maculata, Colletotrichum sp. |
| Magnolia (Southern) | Magnolia grandiflora | Algal Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Magnolia (Sweetbay) | Magnolia virginiana | Anthracnose |
| Magnolia (Oriental) | Magnolia soulangiana | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Mandevilla | Mandevilla sp. | Anthracnose |
| Maple* | Acer sp. | Pseudomonas Leaf Blight |
| Marigold | Tagetes sp. | Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Leaf Rot, Flower Rot, Cercospora Leaf Spot |
| Mountain-ash* | Sorbus sp. | Fire Blight |
| Mulberry, Contorted | Morus bombycis | Bacterial Leaf Spot |
| Mulberry, Weeping | Morus alba | Bacterial Leaf Spot |

Narcissus* Narcissus sp. Leaf Blight Syngonium podophyllum Bacterial Leaf Spot Nephthytis Oak* Quercus sp. Leaf Spot Oak, Laurel Quercus laurifolia Algal Leaf Spot (Cephaleuros virescens) Oleander Nerium oleander Bacterial Leaf Spot, Fungal Leaf Spot Oregon Grapeholly* Mahonia acquifolium Leaf Spot Pachysandra Pachysandra procumbens Volutella Leaf Blight Parlor Palm Chamaedorea elegans Bacterial Leaf Spot Peach (Flowering) 3/* Prunus sp. Fire Blight, Bacterial Blast, Brown Rot Pear (Flowering) Pyrus calleryana Fire Blight, Leaf Spot Pentas (Egyptian Star) Bacterial Leaf Spot Pentas sp. (Xanthomonas sp.) Peony Paeonia sp. **Botrytis Blight** Periwinkle Catharanchus roseus, Phomopsis Stem Blight Vinca sp. Philodendron Philodendron selloum Bacterial Leaf Spot Phlox Alternaria Leaf Spot Phlox sp. Photinia (Red Tip) Photinia x fraseri, P. Anthracnose, glabra Entomosporium Leaf Spot Pine* Needle Blight Pinus sp. Pistachio Pistacia chinensis Anthracnose

Bacterial Leaf Spot

Hosta sp.

Plantain Lily 6/

Plum (Flowering) 3/* Prunus sp. Fire Blight, Bacterial Blast, Brown Rot **Pothos** Bacterial Leaf Spot Scindapsus sp. Powder Puff Plant Bacterial Leaf Spot Callindra sp. Pyracantha sp. Fire Blight, Scab Pyracantha Exosporium Leaf Spot, Queen Palm Arecastrum romanzoffianum Phytophthora Bud Rot Alternaria Flower Spot Rhododendron Rhododendron sp. Rose 1/Rosa sp. Powdery Mildew, Black Spot Anthracnose, Dieback, Snapdragon Antirrhinum majus Downy Mildew Spathe Flower Bacterial Leaf Spot Spathiphyllum sp. Spirea* Fire Blight Spiraea sp. Spruce* Picea sp. Needle Cast Tatarian Honeysuckle Bacterial Leaf Spot Lonicera tatarica Tulip Anthracnose, Botrytis Tulipa sp. Blight Umbrella Tree Schefflera sp. Bacterial Leaf Spot Verbena Xanthomonas Leaf Spot Verbena sp. Viburnum Viburnum odoratissimum, Anthracnose V. suspensum, V. plicatum Viola (Pansy, Violet)* Downy Mildew Viola sp. Washingtonia Palm Washingtonia robusta Pestalotia Leaf Spot

Bacterial Leaf Spot

Ficus benjamina

Weeping Fig

Willow

Salix sp.

Anthracnose

Yew*

Taxus sp.

Needle Blight

Yucca (Adam's Needle)

Yucca sp.

Cercospora Leaf Spot,

Septoria Leaf Spot

Zinnia*

Zinnia sp.

Leaf Spot

- 1/ Discoloration of foliage and/or blooms has been noted on some varieties. To prevent residues on commercial plants, do not spray immediately before selling season.
- <u>2/</u> Apply GX-270 at 2.25 to 3.75 pounds per acre.
- $\underline{3}$ / Apply dormant through bloom only.
- 4/ Hibiscus Do not apply to plants in flower.
- 5/ For Indian Hawthorn use 1.5 to 3.0 lbs. per acre.
- $\underline{6}$ / Some cultivars may be sensitive to GX-270.

NOTE: Phytotoxicity may depend on varietal differences. If unfamiliar with the use of GX-270, apply the recommended rate to a few plants and observe after 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity.

GENERAL CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

Do not apply this product through any irrigation (chemigation) system using aluminum parts or components as damage to the system may occur. Such application is prohibited regardless of whether the irrigation system is flushed with water after use of this product.

Apply this product only through one or more of the following types of systems: sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, traveler, big gun, or plastic pipe solid set system(s) which contain no aluminum parts or components. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists,

^{*}Use in all states except California

equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Shut off injection equipment after treatment and continue to operate irrigation system until GX-270 has been cleared from the last sprinkler head.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into the reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction.

There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

NOTE: It must be determined if proper application equipment is available and if waste associated with its use can be properly handled. Agricultural chemicals are often reactive with the materials used in the construction of application equipment such as aluminum, rubber and synthetic materials. This factor should be taken into consideration when selecting proper application equipment. It is necessary that all application equipment be thoroughly flushed with clean water after each day's use.

When mixing, fill nurse tank half full with water. Add GX-270 slowly to tank while hydraulic or mechanical agitation is operating and continue filling with water. DO NOT PRE-MIX OR SLURRY GX-270. Stickers, spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. should be added last. If compatibility is in question, use the Compatibility Jar Test before mixing a whole tank. Because of the wide variety of possible combinations which can be encountered, observe all precautions and limitations on the labels of all products used in mixtures. Agitation of the mixture in the nurse tank is recommended.

GX-270 should be added through a traveling irrigation system continuously or at the last 30 minutes of solid set or hand moved irrigation systems. Shut off injection equipment after treatment and continue to operate irrigation system until GX-270 has been cleared from the last sprinkler head.

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

NOTE: It must be determined if proper application equipment is available and if waste associated with its use can be properly handled. Agricultural chemicals are often reactive with the materials used in the construction of application equipment such as aluminum, rubber and synthetic materials. This factor should be taken into consideration when selecting proper application equipment. It is necessary that all application equipment be thoroughly flushed with clean water after each day's use.

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WARRANTY STATEMENT

GRIFFIN warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of GRIFFIN. In no case shall GRIFFIN be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. The exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use, handling or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid for this product or at GRIFFIN'S election, the replacement of this product. GRIFFIN MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

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