

G381A97

01/20/97 Label Revision Amendment (Ornamentals)

**Tenn-Cop® 5E**

Fungicide/Bactericide

**EMULSIFIABLE LIQUID****ACTIVE INGREDIENT**

Copper salts of fatty and rosin acids\*

58.0%

**INERT INGREDIENTS**

42.0%

**TOTAL**

100.0%

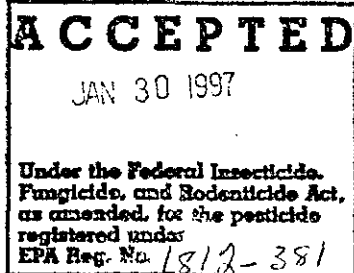
(\* Metallic Copper equivalent 5.14%)

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN****CAUTION****STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT****IF ON SKIN:** Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention.**IF SWALLOWED:** Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, or gelatin solution, or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Do not induce vomiting as it may cause aspiration pneumonia. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately.**IF INHALED:** Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.**IF IN EYES:** Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

See label for Additional Precautions and Directions for Use.

**GRIFFIN CORPORATION**

Valdosta, Georgia 31603

**EPA Reg No. 1812-381**

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**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**  
**HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)**  
**CAUTION**

Contains petroleum distillates. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical resistant gloves such as Nitrile rubber, Neoprene rubber or Polyvinyl chloride
- Chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading
- Protective eyewear
- Shoes plus socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water, or areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

## PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not spray into or near fire or open flames.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical resistant gloves such as Nitrile rubber, Neoprene rubber or Polyvinyl chloride
- Chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Protective eyewear
- Shoes plus socks

4/18

## NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated area without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry, secure place away from fire or open flame. Open dumping is prohibited. Keep container closed and reseal after use. Product is not damaged by freezing, but preferably store at temperatures above 32° F. If spilled, use absorbent materials and dispose of in approved landfill.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities, or plastic containers by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Pour Tenn-Cop 5E into spray tank at least ½ filled with water with adequate agitation. When mixed with other products proven or known to be compatible, wettable powders should be added first, followed in order by flowables and then emulsifiable concentrates including Tenn-Cop 5E.

**TANK MIX INFORMATION:** Tenn-Cop 5E can be used in tank mix with the products specified in the table below for use on the crops shown to enhance control of diseases for which the products are labeled. The products should be used as labeled in regard to dosage, timing, maximum number of applications and preharvest interval. The tank mix should be used in accordance with the most restrictive of any label's limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. Tenn-Cop 5E may be applied up to day of harvest. When tank mixed with other products, do not apply the mixture closer to harvest than stated on the product label. Tenn-Cop 5E cannot be mixed with any product bearing a label prohibition against such mixing.

NOTE: Bravo = Daconil 2787; Dithane M - 45 = Fore, Protect T/O.

Do not mix Tenn-Cop 5E with products containing diazinon, thiophanate-methyl, or fosetyl-Al.

#### CROP TANK MIX PRODUCTS\*

Apple	Dithane M-45, Manzate 200, Maneb 80WP, Polyram 80WP
Celery	Bravo 500, Bravo 720, Bravo W-75
Tomato	Dithane M-45, Manzate 200, Maneb 80WP, Bravo 500, Bravo 720, Bravo W-75
Peanut	Dithane F-45, Dithane M-45, Bravo 720, Topsin M 70W

\*Products which are equivalents of the specified products and labeled for the use can be substituted.

Do not apply this product through any irrigation (chemigation) system using aluminum parts or components as damage to the system may occur. Such application is prohibited regardless of whether the irrigation system is flushed with water after use of this product.

Apply this product only through one or more of the following types of systems: sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, traveler, big gun, plastic pipe solid set system(s) which contain no aluminum parts or components. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

#### Compatibility Information

Tenn-Cop 5E includes compatibility with Bravo (WP, 720, 500), Captan, Daconil 2787, Ferbam, Maneb (WP or Flowable), Dithane M-45 and Manzate 200, Sulfur (wetable or flowable), organophosphates. Thiodan, Bacillus thuringiensis Berliner, Guthion, Diazinon, and Malathion. Do not mix Tenn-Cop 5E with oil when applied to citrus. Do not mix Tenn-Cop 5E with chelated or liquid fertilizers. Use product with other fungicides and insecticides with caution. Observe all cautions and limitations on all products used in mixtures.

Tenn-Cop 5E should be used in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage unless specific dilutions and spray volumes have been provided in the specific crop directions.

#### FRUITS AND NUTS

Crop	Disease	Rate	Use Instructions
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6/18

Apple	Fireblight	2½-3 pts. Per 100 gals (Spray volume)	Tank mix Tenn-Cop 5E with recommended rates of Dithane M-45, Manzate 200, Maneb 80WP, Polyram 80WP or equivalent in other formulations of these products. (NOTE: The quantity of each formulation must be calculated based on the contained active ingredient.) Spray at silver tip and bud break and repeat on 3 to 5 day intervals as needed up to petal fall. Use the lower rate if disease pressure is light and higher rate when conditions favor heavy disease pressure. NOTE: Tenn-Cop 5E as used in this recommendation may cause severe russetting of Golden Delicious and similar susceptible apple varieties. Mild russetting of these varieties may occur when used on bearing trees. Preferred use is on non-bearing or processing varieties where russetting is not a problem. Treatment after leaves emerge may cause limited defoliation of young leaves.
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Avocado	Anthracnose, Blotch (Cercospora Leaf Spot)	6 qts.(acre)	Apply when bloom buds begin to swell. Repeat monthly until September.
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Berry (Blackberry, Boysenberry, Dewberry,	Anthracnose, Leaf and Cane Spots, Yellow Rust	4-6 pts. (Acre)	Apply when leaf buds begin to open. Repeat when flower buds show white and continue at 10-14 intervals until harvest. Also make a post-harvest
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Loganberry,  
Raspberry)

spray after pruning but before fall  
rains using 4 qts. 100 / gal.

Cherry (Sour)	Bacterial Canker ( <u>Psuedomonas syringae</u> ), Leaf Spot,	3 pts./100 gal. (spray Volume)	Apply in spring as buds begin to swell. Repeat at bud burst and weekly thereafter as needed for up to 6 sprays. In fall apply a spray at both 10 and 80% leaf fall. <b>CAUTION:</b> Sprays after leaf emergence may cause some leaf defoliation.
	Brown Rot Blossom Blight	3 Tbsp./100 Gal. (Spray Volume)	Apply at popcorn bud, full bloom and at petal fall. During wet weather additional bloom sprays may be necessary.
Citrus	Melanose	1 1/8 -1 1/2 gal In 10 gal Water	Apply by aircraft.
		3 qts./ 500 Gal water	Apply 1-3 weeks after petal fall and repeat 4 weeks later. Do not apply with any oil on any oil as some defoliation may occur
Citrus	Red Algae	1 1/2 gal In 500 gal Water	Apply in spring as a preventative spray. Repeat in late summer to control new alga colonies. Do not apply with any oil as some defoliation may occur.
Grapes	Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Black Rot (suppression)	1 1/2 -4 1/2 pts. (Acre)	For dilute spray mix 1 1/2 pints/100 gallons of water or for concentrate sprays mix 3 to 4 1/2 pints Tenn-Cop 5E in 20 to 250 gallons of water and apply to 1 acre. Begin spray when new growth is 1/2 inch long. Repeat every 7-10 days throughout growing season.

0218

**NOTE:** Do not mix with lime.  
Certain varieties and hybrids may be slightly sensitive to copper sprays resulting in marginal leaf burn.

Mangoes	Anthracnose	6 qts. (Acre)	Apply weekly beginning when panicles are 2 inches long until fruit are set. Repeat monthly through September.
Olive	Olive Leaf Spot (Peacock Spot)	6-9 qts. (Acre)	Apply before fall rains begin. Make a second application in late winter or early spring before bud swell if disease is severe.
Peaches Nectarines	Leaf Curl, Shot Hole, Blossom Brown Rot	6-9 qts. (Acre)	Apply at leaf fall and repeat in late dormant up to bud swell and at pink bud. May be mixed and used with dormant spray oil. Do not apply after full bloom
	Bacterial Spot	3 pts./100 gal water	Apply late dormant but no later than late bud swell.
		¼ pt./ 100 gal. water	Apply post-bloom cover spray. Do not make more than 6 applications. NOTE: Slight defoliation and spotting of leaves may occur.
Pecan	Phytophthora Blight (Shuck and Kernel Rot) Zonate Leaf Spot, (suppression)	3 - 5 pts. (Acre)	Begin application when nuts begin to form and repeat at 10 to 21 day intervals through September. Use higher rate and narrower intervals during wet periods.
Strawberry	Leaf Spot, Scorch	3 - 4 pts. (Acre)	Apply beginning when new growth starts and repeat at 7-10 day intervals until harvest.
Walnuts	Bacterial Blight	2½ gal./ 500 gal.	Apply beginning when leaflets start to unfold and before 1% pistillate



Water  
(Acre)

blooms. Repeat weekly as needed, especially during rainy periods. Four pints per 100 gallons of water is equal to 2½ gallons in 500 gallons of water per acre.

### VEGETABLES

Beans (Green, Snap, Dry Colored, Navy)	Bacterial Blight	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply by air, ground or sprinkler Irrigation equipment beginning at trifoliate and continue at 7-10 day intervals to harvest. Use 7 day intervals during wet weather. When applying by sprinkler irrigation, also read and follow special use directions elsewhere on this label.
Beets (Red Table)	Cercospora Leaf Spot	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed up to day of harvest.
Broccoli, Brussels Sprout, Cauliflower,	Downy Mildew, Alternaria Blight	¾ pts. (Acre)	Apply beginning when disease is expected and repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed. <b>CAUTION:</b> A slight reddening of older leaves may occur, especially in late fall. Do not add spreader - stickers to spray. Do not spray when plants are under environmentally stressful conditions.
Cabbage		1½ pts. (Acre)	
Carrots	Early Blight, Late Blight, Leaf Spot	3-4½ pts. (Acre)	Apply two week before disease usually appears. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed up to day of harvest.
Celery	Early Blight, Bacterial Blight	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed up to day of harvest. If disease pressure is heavy, use 3 pints tank mixed with recommended rates of Bravo 500, 720, W-75 or other recommended

10/15

			compatible fungicide.
Cucurbits, Cucumbers, Cantaloupe, Muskmelon, Squash, Pumpkins, and Watermelons)	Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Alternaria Blight, Scab, Angular Leaf Spot (Cucumber only)	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply 2 weeks before disease normally appears. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed up to day of harvest.
Lettuce	Downy Mildew	1½-3 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed up to day of harvest. Full season use of the 3 pint rate may result in some yellowing of leaf margins on some varieties. Use lower rate when disease pressure is low or on copper sensitive varieties of iceberg head lettuce.
	Bacterial Soft Rot, Bottom Rot (Hawaii only)	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed up to day of harvest.
Onion	Downy Mildew, Gray Mold Neck Rot, Bacterial Soft Rot	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat conditions favor disease and repeat every 7 days up to harvest. When applied by sprinkler irrigation, read and follow special use directions on this label.
Peas	Powdery Mildew, Bacterial Blight	3-4 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat conditions favor disease and repeat every 7 days up to harvest.
Peppers*	Bacterial Spot, Cercospora Leaf Spot	3-4½ pts. (Acre)	Apply 2 weeks before disease normally appears. Repeat at 7- 10 day intervals up to harvest.
Potatoes	Late Blight Early Blight	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply beginning when weather conditions favor disease and repeat every 7 days up to harvest. When

applied by sprinkler irrigation, read and follow special use directions on this label.

Spinach	Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Cercospora Leaf Spot	3-4 pts. (Acre)	Apply 2 weeks before disease normally appears. Repeat at 7- 10 day intervals up to harvest.
Tomatoes*	Bacterial Spot, Bacterial Speck, Early Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot, Anthracnose	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed up to day of harvest. When applied by irrigation, read and follow special use directions listed elsewhere on this label. Control of bacterial speck and spot may be enhanced by adding Maneb 80WP, Dithane M-45 or Manzate 200 at recommended rates to the tank mix. If anthracnose is also a problem, add Maneb 80WP, Dithane M-45, Manzate 200 or Bravo 500, 720 or W-75 at recommended rates with Tenn-Cop 5E in the tank mix. Where anthracnose is not an important problem, bacterial speck and spot, early blight and septoria can be controlled with a tank mix of Tenn-Cop 5E at 3 pints and recommended rates of Bravo 500, 720, or W-75 per 1 acre. Apply by overhead irrigation only those fungicides with Tenn-Cop 5E that are specifically labeled by its manufacturer for irrigation applications.

\* For control of disease on these crops in home greenhouses, gardens and garden plant beds.

#### FIELD CROPS

Corn (field)	Southern Leaf Blight (North Central States only)	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat at 10-20 day intervals until corn is mature.
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Peanuts	Sclerotinia Blight, Stem Rot suppression	8-18 pts. Broadcast 3-6 pts 18 inch band (Acre)	Apply at emergence, tea cup size and first bloom which are generally 10 to 14 day intervals. Highest rate suggested for severe disease history. For most effective control, continue the leaf spot spray program which follows.
	Leaf Spot and Web Blotch	3-4 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease usually 25 to 40 days after emergence. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed up to day of harvest. In tank mixes, apply 1½ pints of Tenn-Cop 5E plus 1 pint of Bravo 720 or 2 to 3 pints of Tenn-Cop 5E plus any of the other products specified for peanuts. See <b>TANK MIX INFORMATION</b> . If Sclerotinia is a problem, make first application 10 to 14 days after the last Sclerotinia spray applied at first bloom and continue until harvest. Use higher rates of Tenn-Cop 5E in leaf spot sprays when leaf spot is heavy or when or where Sclerotinia blight and stem rot infection is expected to be heavy. When above treatments are applied through an overhead sprinkler, be sure that good coverage is achieved with your sprinkler. Also read and follow special use directions elsewhere on this label when applying by sprinkler irrigation.
Sugarbeet	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Powdery Mildew	3 pts. (Acre)	Apply at first sign of disease. Tenn-Cop 5E can be mixed with 2 pounds of sulfur (wetttable or flowable) per acre. Repeat applications of Tenn-Cop 5E alone every 7 days or the Tenn-Cop 5E-sulfur tank mix every 10 to 14

days, depending on disease pressure. When above treatments are applied through an overhead sprinkler, be sure that good coverage is achieved with your sprinkler. Also read and follow special use directions elsewhere on this label when applying by sprinkler irrigation.

#### ORNAMENTALS

Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals as needed. Use higher rates or shorter intervals when disease pressure is high. Spray foliage and stems to run-off.

One tablespoon of Tenn-Cop SE per gallon of water equals 3 pints Tenn-Cop SE per 100 gallons of water.

PLANT	PEST	RATE/GAL. WATER	REMARKS
Azaleas*	Cercospora Leafspot, Botrytis Blight, Leaf Gall, Phytophthora Dieback, Powdery Mildew	3-5 tsp.	
Begonias	Xanthomonas Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Powdery Mildew	3-5 tsp.	
Camellias	Phytophthora Dieback	3-5 tsp.	
Chrysanthemum Gardenia, Philodendron*	Bacterial Blight	3-5 tsp.	
Cotoneaster	Botrytis Blight	3-5 tsp.	
Hydrangeas	Leaf spots, Powdery Mildew	3-5 tsp.	
Ixora, Magnolias, Palms	Leaf spots	3-5 tsp.	
Iris*	Scab	3-5 tsp.	

10/18

Ivy	Bacterial Leafspot, Xanthomonas Leafspot	3-5 tsp.	
Pachysandra	Volutella Blight	3-5 tsp.	
Pyracantha	Fire Blight, Scab	3-5 tsp.	Begin spray during bloom period. Repeat at 3-4 day intervals. After bloom period continue at 7-10 day intervals.
Roses*	Powdery Mildew Black Spot (suppression)	3-5 tsp.	
Pine beginning as new needle (Austrian, sheaths. Ponderosa, Mugo, Scotch)	Dothistroma Needle Blight	3 tsp./Gal. (3 pts/ 100 gal.)	Apply to run-off needles emerge from Repeat 3-4 weeks later.
	Diplodia Tip Blight	3 tsp.(3 pts./ 100 gal.)	Make first application when shoot buds open. Repeat weekly until needles break through needle sheaths.
Juniper	Cercospora Needle Blight	3 tsp./Gal. (3 pts./ 100 gal.)	Make first application as new growth begins. Repeat monthly making at least 2-3 sprays.
Maple, Oak,	Anthracnose, Leaf spots	3 tsp./Gal. (3 pts./ 100 gal.)	Make first application just before Sycamore bud swell. Repeat at 7 day intervals as needed. Make at least 3 sprays.
Cedar	Cedar Apple Rust	3 tsp./Gal. (3 pts. /100 gal.)	Apply weekly in July and August.

\* Discoloration of blooms may occur on certain varieties or colors of these plants. To avoid problem, do not spray just before or during flower period.

### GENERAL CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply this product only through center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, solid set or hand move sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not apply this product with any sprinkler irrigation system connected directly to a public water system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

### SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution

is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### **SPECIAL USE DIRECTIONS FOR SPRINKLER APPLICATION OF TENN-COP 5E**

To apply Tenn-Cop 5E and/or tank mixes with it through a sprinkler irrigation system on crops so labeled, apply the recommended rate to each sprinkled acre. Any sprinkler irrigation system must give thorough, complete and uniform coverage for best disease control. Use irrigation and injection equipment that complies with label instructions above.

Depending on the type of injection equipment, Tenn-Cop 5E may be injected undiluted into the irrigation lines or preferably it may be diluted with water for easier metering. If diluted, mix at least the same volume of water or more than the volume of Tenn-Cop 5E added to the tank. Add water first with agitation to mix pesticide with the water, and add Tenn-Cop 5E to the water. Use sufficient initial agitation to effect mixing and continue agitation during application. If tank mixed with other compatible products, add them to the water with agitation by first adding wettable powders, flowables and then emulsifiable pesticides including Tenn-Cop 5E. When Tenn-Cop 5E is used undiluted with water in the injection tank, the tank must be free of any water residue and make sure no water enters the tank until Tenn-Cop 5E has been completely emptied, as jelling may occur. Should water enter tank, and product has jellied, add additional water so that new added water volume at least equals the amount of Tenn-Cop 5E remaining and mix until jell returns to solution. If this dilution step is necessary, re-adjust injection device to compensate for this dilution.

Tenn-Cop 5E may be applied with up to 1.5 inches of irrigation water per acre in each irrigation. However, do not exceed rates for your soil that causes runoff.

#### **SOLID SET (Lateral move, end tow, side roll, solid set or hand move) - Calibration and Use**

Measure the acreage covered by the sprinklers in each set. Operate the solid set irrigation system and injection equipment at normal pressures. Add the required amount of Tenn-Cop 5E for this acreage to the injection tank with dilution water as required so that flow rate of the injection equipment will inject contents of injection tank over a 10 to 20 minute period. Preferably inject Tenn-Cop 5E in the last 30 minutes of the solid set irrigation set. Continue irrigation after pesticide addition, giving sufficient time to completely flush all sprinkler lines.



For example: If a solid set sprinkles an area 1000 feet long and 65 feet wide per set, if Tenn-Cop 5E is to be applied at 3 pints/acre, and if the injection equipment is set to inject 5 gallons in a 20 minute period, then the following calculations demonstrate the above directions:

1. Acreage covered =  $\frac{1000 \text{ feet} \times 65 \text{ feet}}{43,560 \text{ square feet/acre}} = 1.5 \text{ acres/set}$
2. Tenn-Cop 5E at 3 pints/acre -  $3 \text{ pints} \times 1.5 \text{ acres} = 4.5 \text{ pints/set.}$
3. Add 4.5 pints Tenn-Cop 5E to injection tank plus 35.5 pints water to give a 5 gallon dilution and injection on each solid set.

### **Center-Pivot (or other continuous moving systems) - Calibration and Use**

Do not use in water driven units in which water spills on plants or soil.

Tenn-Cop 5E can be applied in up to 1.5 inches of water/acre/application assuming thorough uniform coverage of the sprinkler.

Determine the acreage to be irrigated in each circle or field to be treated. Determine the time in hours that will be required to cover the proposed treated area to apply the desired water. Add the required Tenn-Cop 5E to treat entire field to injection tank along with the needed volume of dilution water so that entire quantity of Tenn-Cop 5E will be applied to the field or acreage to be treated. Using adequate agitation and an injection device or proportional positive displacement metering pump adjust the flow rate per hour to inject the recommended rate of Tenn-Cop 5E per acre sprinkled.

For example: If Tenn-Cop 5E is to be applied at 3 pints/acre sprinkled, if sprinkler is applying 600 gallons per minute of irrigation water, and if each acre is to receive 1 inch of water (27,156 gallons), then the time to sprinkle 1 acre =

1.  $\frac{27,156 \text{ (gallons 1 acre inch of water)}}{600 \text{ (gallons per minute pumped)}} = 45.25 \text{ minutes}$
2. If the proportional injection pump is set and calibrated to inject 2 gallons of water in a 45.25 minute period, one would add 3 pints Tenn-Cop 5E plus 13 pints of diluting water to injection tank for each acre to be treated.
3. If sprinkler is set to cover 1 acre in a given time, inject the recommended per acre rate of Tenn-Cop 5E, or tank mix so labeled, plus any needed dilution water in that same time needed to cover 1 acre.

Consult State Agricultural Experiment Stations or State Agricultural Extension Service for

additional information as the timing needs may vary with local conditions.

#### WARRANTY STATEMENT

**GRIFFIN** warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of **GRIFFIN**. In no case shall **GRIFFIN** be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. The exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use, handling, or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid for this product or at Griffin Corporations election, the replacement of this product. **GRIFFIN MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.**

Bravo and Daconil 2787 are registered trademarks of ISK Biotech

Dithane is a registered trademark of Rohm and Haas

Manzate is a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Numbers & Co.

Thiodan and Polyram are registered trademarks of FMC Corporation

Guthion is a registered trademark of the Parent Company of Farbenfabriken Bayer, GmbH

Topsin is a registered trademark of Elf AtoChem North America

Ferban is a registered trademark of UCB Chemicals Corporation

Tenn-Cop is a registered trademark of Griffin Corporation.