US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	EPA REGISTRATION NO.	DATE OF ISSUANCE
OFFICE OF PESTICIDES PROGRAMS	1812-853	<u> 7 MAY 1993</u>
REGISTRATION DIVISION (75-767) WASHINGTON, DC 20460	Conditional	
	NAME OF PESTICIDE PRODU	ст
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: A REGISTRATION		
(Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended)	Trilin	n 5 .
ME AND ADDRESS OF REGISTRANT (Include ZIP code)		
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Griffin Corporation P.O. Box 1847		
Valdosta, GA 31603		
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DTE: Changes in labeling formula differing in substance	from that accounted in commercia	n with this segmenation must be
Difference in intering formula differing in substance ibmitted to and accepted by the Registration Division price oduct always refer to the above U.S. EPA registration num	or to use of the label in commer	
a the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the e Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.	above named pesticide is here	by Registered/Reregistered un
copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Re	egistration/Reregistration is ret	urned herewith.
egistration is in no way to be construed as an indorsemen		
alth and the environment, the Administrator, on his motic		cancel the teknamerion of a be
ct is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right t r others.	to exclusive use of the name or	
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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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e. We note that the Application for Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1) submitted in connection with this product lists plastic as the container type for packaging. Therefore, the container disposal statement should be revised to read "Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke."

f. On page 2 of the proposed labeling, the heading "Directions for Use" occurs in two separate locations. The second heading should be revised. "General Use Instructions" or "General Information" are examples of acceptable headings.

g. Under the directions for use on Asparagus, change the sentence "... apply after harvest in the late spring or early summer before turning begins" to read "... before ferning begins."

h. Revise the last sentence of the paragraph for directions for Trilin 5 for shattercane control in corn/grain sorghum to read "Use rates listed above." In addition, revise the first sentence beneath the rate chart for Trilin 5/Atrazine tank mix for additional weed control in corn/grain sorghum to read "When using AAtrex 4L, use the rates listed above."

i. Within the rate chart for Trilin 5/Eptam Tank Mix for Potato, correct the application rate for Trilin 5 for fine soils in areas receiving greater than 20 inches average annual rainfall to "0.8 - 1.6" pints.

j. Within the section for Wheat (Winter), rewrite the end of the Seeding Directions statement to read "... into which Trilin 5 has been incorporated."

k. Add a statement within the Liquid Fertilizer Mixing Instructions to show that compatibility agents Compat, T-Mulz 734-2, and Amoco Spray Mate are not for use in California.

1. The formula for calculating the amount of Trilin 5 to be impregnated on a ton of dry bulk fertilizer should be revised. A line should be drawn between 1000 and lbs. fertilizer per acre to show that the pints of Trilin 5 should be multiplied by 1000 and divided by lbs. fertilizer per acre.

m. Under the section for Special Precautions, change the recommended interval before planting sorghum, proso millet, or oats to 18 months after an application. In addition, change the recommended interval before planting vegetable crops other than those listed on the Trilin 5 label to 5 months after an application.

		 	CONCURRENC	25		
SYMBOL	H7505C					
RURHAME	ND. KENNY					
DATE	5/4/93			********		
EPA Form	n 1320-1A (1/90)		Printed on Recycles	l Paper	 OFFICI.	AL FILE COPY

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n. As per our telephone conversation on May 4, 1993, we acknowledge the deletion of the following tank mixes from the labeling:

i. The tank mixes with Lasso, Dual, Amiben, Amiben and Sencor or Lexone, and Vernam from the directions for use on Soybeans;

ii. The tank mix with Eptam from the directions for use on Sugarbeets;

iii. The tank mixes with Amiben and Eptam from the directions for use on Sunflower.

We understand that these tank mixes will not appear on the final printed labeling.

3. Submit five (5) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Refer to the A-79 Enclosure for a further description of final printed labeling.

4. Note that this acceptance of your label does not relieve you of your obligation to comply with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS). If any of your products are covered by the WPS, you are required to submit, and receive the Agency's approval by April 21, 1994, of a revised label reflecting the required label statements of 40 CFR 156, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on August 21, 1992 (57 FR 38102). Further guidance will be issued. According to 40 CFR 156, subpart K, specifically § 150.200(c)(3): "No product to which this subpart applies shall be distibuted or sold without amended labeling by any registrant after April 21, 1994."

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy is enclosed for your records.

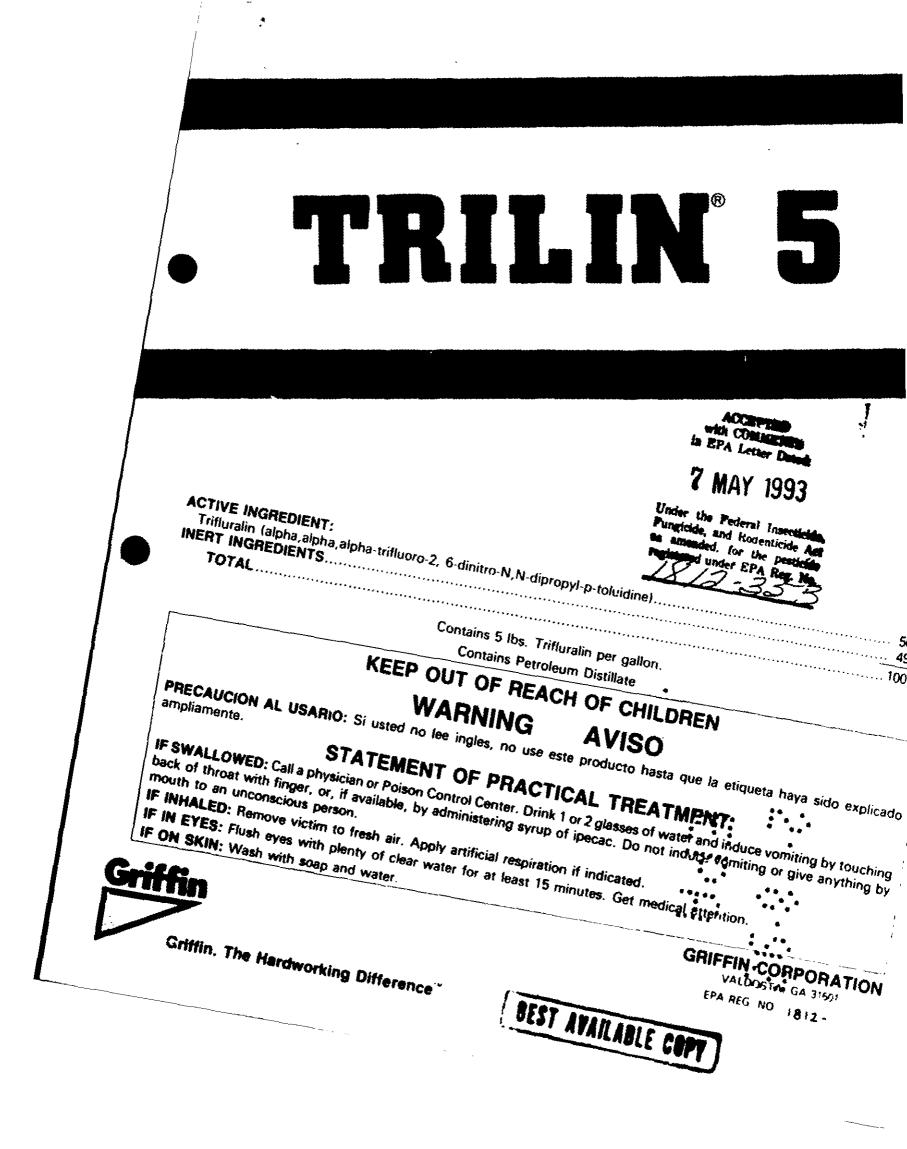
Joanne I. Miller Product Manager (23) Fungicide-Herbicide Branch Registration Division (H7505C)

Enclosures

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SYMBOL	H7505C					*****
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ECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear safety glasses when handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, or marshes). Drift or runoff from treatment areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

RE-ENTRY STATEMENTS

intervals for various Do - ot enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Because certain states may require more res rops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about this product. When oral ated st warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings if there is reason to believe VARNING — Area treated with that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written and oral warnings must include the following in Trifluralin on (date of application). Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In c of accidental exposure, follow instruc-

tions under Statement of Practical Treatment section.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. STORAGE: Avoid freezing. Store above 40°F. If frozen, poor weed control ma t store near heat or flame. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product m site or at an approved waste disposal facility. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for ioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other prohedures approved by state and local authorities

JOI CHEMI EMENT

Refer to labeling entitled Chemigation Use Instructions (City directions on chemigation. Do not apply this product through any type Cro of irrigation system unless the labeling on chemigation

ONS FOR USE DÌ

soil to provide long-lasting control of many annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. TRILIN TRILIN 5 is a preemergence herbicide which is to tr 5 controls weeds as they germinate. TRIL established weeds.

GRASSES CONTROLLED BY TRILIN 5

GRASSES

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Panicum maximum

Annual bluegrass — Poa Barnyardgrass (Waterg Brachiaria (Signalgra Bromegrass (Cheatgi v brome) – Bromus tectorum Cheat (Chess) calinus kon mooth crabgrass) — Digitaria spp. Crabgrass () rabora ss, Giant foxtail, Green foxtail, Foxtail (Bo ass, Robust foxtail, Yellow foxtail) - Setaria spp. Foxtail m Augs, Silvergrass, Wiregrass, yardgrass) --Goosegrass (Sil-Eleusine indica Johnsongrass (from seed) (Rhizon and soybean sections for special instructions) - Sorghum halepense Junglerice — Echinochloa colonum • • • • • Panicum (Fall panicum) (Spreading participrass - see cotton and soybean sections for special instructions) - Panicum dichotomiflorum **BROADLEAF WEEDS** Carpetweed – Mollugo verticillata 🗛 🗘 🐽 Chickweed — Stellaffa media Field bindweed (see frait and riut crops and vineyards section for special instauctions) - Convolvulus arvensis Florida pusley (Floring pustane, Mexican clover, Pusley) -Richardia scabra Goosefoot – Chenopodium hybridum Henbit (fall application only) - Lamium amplexicaule Knotweed -- Polygonum aviculare

Rottboellia exaltata Red Rice (see soybean section for suppression or partial control directions) — Oryza sativa Sandbur (Burgrass) — Cenchrus incertus Sprangletop - Leptochloa filiformis Stinkgrass (Lovegrass) - Eragrostis cilianesis Wild cane (Shattercane) (see soybean section for special instructions) Sorghum bicolor Wild out (Preplant only. Not for fall applications for spring seeded cereals) - Avena fatua Woolly cupgrass - Eriochioa villosa Kochia (fireweed, Mexican fireweed) - Kochia scoparia Lambsouarters -- Chenopodium album Pigweed (Carelessweed, Prostrate pigweed, Redroot, Rough pigweed, Spiny pigweed) - Amaranthus spp. Puncturevine (Western U.S. only) (Caltiop, Goathead) -Tribulus terrestris Pursiane - Portulaca eleracea Russian thistle (Tumbleweed) - Salsola kali Stinging nettle (Nettle) - Urtica dioica

Guineagrass (See sugarcane section for special instructions) -

Texas panicum (Buffalograss, Coloradograss) - Panicum texanum

Itchgrass (Raoulgrass) (see sugarcane section for special instructions) -

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Crop Residues or Existing Weeds

Ground cover, such as crop residues or existing weeds, can interfere with the incorporation of TRILIN 5 into the soil. A manageable level of such ground cover will allow the TRILIN 5 to be uniformly incorporated into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil. If the level of the ground cover is such that this cannot be done, you must till the soil prior to the application of this product.

Roughness

The soil surface should be smooth enough so that you can operate a sprayer and incorporation equipment efficiently and at speeds which insure uniform application and incorporation.

General Soll Conditions

To assure uniform incorporation, soil moisture conditions should be such that large clods can be broken up during the incorporation process.

Soli Texture Guide

The amount of TRILIN 5 you apply will vary with the soil texture and organic instter. A fine textured soil will require more per acre than a coarse soil. Choose the proper rate for each application based on the following soil texture group and specific crop recommendations. Do not exceed recommended rates.

Soll Texture	Soil Classification
Coarse Soils (Light)	Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam
Medium Soils	Loam, silty clay loam*, silt, sandy clay loam*
Fine Soils	Clay, clay loam, sity clay loam*, sity clay, sandy clay, sandy clay loam*

*Silty clay loam and sandy clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as either medium or fine textured soils. If silty clay loam or sandy clay loam soils are predominately sand or silt, they are usually classified as medium textured soils. If they are predominately clay, they are usually classified as fine textured soils.

MIXING AND APPLICATION DIRECTIONS



TRILIN 5 Start with a clean spray tank. Fill sprayer ½ to ½ full with clean water. Start agitation. Add correct quantity of TRILIN 5, continue agitation and finish filling tank.

TRILIN 5 Tank Mix in Water

Vigorous, continuous agitation is required for all tank mixes. (Sparger pipe agitators generally provide the best agitation in spray tanks). Avoid stirring or splashing air into the mixture during filling to prevent foaming. To do this, place the end of the fill pipe below the surface of the water in the spray tank. Do not allow the mixture to siphon back into the water source.

Mixing Order — Fill the tank ½ to ½ full with clean water. Start the agitation. Add dry flowables, wettable powders (WP), aqueous suspensions (AS), flowables (F), and liquids (L) to the water and agitate until the product(s) are completely dispersed in the water. Allow additional mixing and dispersion time when using dry flowable products. Continue agitation and fill tank to ½ full, add the **TRILIN 5**, mix thoroughly. Then add any solution (S) formulations, agitate and finish filling. Maintain agitation during filling and through application. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. In this case, it is important to resuspend all of the material in the bottom of the tank before continuing the spray application. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose. Sometimes it is more difficult to resuspend settled material than it is to suspend it originally.

Read and carefully follow all label instructions for each material added to the tank. Premixing dry and flowable formulations with water (slurring) and pouring the slurry through a 20 or 35 mesh wetting screen in the top of the tank will help assure good initial dispersion in the tank water. Line screens in the tank should be no finer than 50 mesh (100 mesh is finer than 50 mesh).

If you see a buildup of material on the walls of the sprayer tank, wash the tank with soapy water between fillings, rinse and continue the spraying operation. Clean the tank, lines, and screens thoroughly after use.

As the spray volume decreases, the importance of accurate calibration and uniform application increases. Check the sprayer daily to insure proper calibration and uniform application. Do not apply TRILIN 5 when the wind can cause drifting of spray particles which can result in non uniform application. TRILIN 5 should not be applied to soils which are wet or are subject to prolonged periods of flooding as poor weed control may result.

Ground Application

Apply TRILIN 5 in 5 to 40 gallons of water or liquid fertilizer per acre (broadcast basis), use any properly calibrated, low pressure herbicide that will apply the spray uniformly.

Aerial Application

Apply TRILIN 5 in 5 to 10 gallons of water or liquid fertilizer per acre. Adjust pump pressure, nozzle arrangements, speed and height to provide a uniform application to the soll surface. Use swath markers or flagmen to assure proper application spray widths.

INCORPORATION DIRECTIONS

Incorporation Equipment — General Directions

Use incorporation equipment that mixes TRILIN 5 into the top 2 to 3 inches of the final seedbed, or erratic weed control and / or crop injury may result. Incorporation equipment such as a disc will mix approximately half as deep as the equipment is set to operate. For example, a disc set to cut 4 inches deep will incorporate most of the TRILIN 5 within the top 2 inches of soil.

Incorporation Before Planting

TRILIN 5 must be incorporated one time within 24 hours after application. Then any time prior to planting, a second incorporation is necessary, this time running the equipment in a different direction from the first. You should incorporate the TRILIN 5 uniformly into the top 2 to 3 inches of the final seedbed.

Incorporation After Planting

Check specific crop for incorporation directions after planting



For effective weed control, TRILIN 5 needs to be incorporated into the top 2 to 3 inches of the final seedbed.

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Application Prior to Bedding --- Apply TRILIN 5 and incorporata it one time with recommended equipment. The bedding operation serves as the second incorporation. Do not expose untreated soil during postbedding operations.*

Application After Bedding — Knock off beds to planting height before applying TRILIN 5. Apply and incorporate it with recommended equipment that will conform to the bed shape. Do not leave treated soil exposed.*

*Avoid removal of untreated soil from the seedbed before or during the planting operation. This would expose untreated soil, allowing weeds to germinate in the drill row, Recommended Equipment

Any recommended incorporation tool may be used alone or in combination with any other recommended tool. Two incorporation passes are required unless specifically stated. The second incorporation should not be deeper than the first.

Disc - Set to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operate at 4 to 6 mph.

Field Cultivator — Set to cut 3 to 4 inches deep and operate at 5 mph or more. A field cultivator is defined as an implement with 3 to 4 rows of sweeps, spaced at intervals of 7 inches or less and staggered so that no soil is left unturned. Chisel points should not be used.

Combination Seecihed Conditioners — Set to cut 3 to 4 inches deep and operate at a speed of at least 5 mph. These implements are defined as three or more tillage devices combined and used as a single tool. For example, 2 to 3 rows of field cultivator C- or S- shaped shanks with an effective sweep, spacing of 6 to 9 inches (staggered so that no soil is left unturned), followed by a spike-tooth or flextine harrow, followed by a grounddriven reel or basket. TRILIN 5 can be incorporated with one pass when using combination seedbed conditioners when soil conditions allow for optimum mixing of soil. Soil conditions such as excessive trash, roughness, cloddiness, moisture extremes or high clay content which prevent optimum soil mixing action will require two incorporations.

Rolling Cuttivator — Set to cut 2 to 4 inches deep and operate at 6 to 8 mph. Rolling cultivators are adequate for use on coarse and medium texture soils only, except when used in sugarcane where the rolling cultivator may be used on fine textures soils.

Bed Conditioner (Do-All) — Set to cut 2 to 4 inches deep and operate at 4 to 6 mph. The do-all is adequate for use on coarse and medium textures soils only. When using the do-all in bedded culture, only one incorporation passes is required. However, two passes with a do-all are required in flat planted culture.

Mutch Treader (other similar disc-type implements)

Set to cut 3 to 4 inches deep and operate at 5 to 8 mph.

P.T.O. Driven Equipment (tillers, cultivators, hoes): Adjust to incorporate into the top 2 to 3 inches of the seedbed with rotors spaced to provide a clean sweep of the soil. Only one incorporation is necessary. P.T.O. Driven equipment should not be operated at a speed greater than 4 mph

Other equipment, including the flexible tine-tooth harrow (Flextine Mekroe), in also recommended but only for the special programs for which it is specified in this label.

CULTIVATION AFTER PLANTING

Soil treated **TRILIN 5** may be shallow cultivated without reducing the product's weed control activity. Do not cultivate deeper than the treated soil since this may bring untreated soil to the surface, and poor weed control may result.

FALL APPLICATION

General: (Areas receiving more than 20" average annual rainfall) — See specific crop recommendations. For all crops for which there are no specific fall application instructions and for which TRILIN 5 is recommended as a preemergence application, use the rates listed for spring applications. Do not apply TRILIN 5 in the fall for sugarbeets, potatoes, and direct seeded tomatoes.

In most states apply and incorporate **TRILIN 5** any time between October 15 and December 31. In Minnesota, Montana, North and South Dakota, and California, apply and incorporate anytime between September 1 and December 31. Ground may be left flat or bedded-up over winter. On bedded ground knock beds down to desired height before planting, moving some treated soil from beds into furrows. Where soil is left over winter, be careful not to turn up untreated soil during spring bedding operations.

Destroy established weeds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during bedding, destroy these weeds before planting. Do not apply in the fall to soils which are wet, are subject to prolonged periods of flooding or where rice was grown the previous year.

CROP RECOMMENDATIONS

These recommendations are given as the broadcast rates of TRILIN 5 per acre. For band applications, decrease the amount in proportion to the amount of surface treated per acre. Apply any time after January 5 we rates soil can be worked and is suitable for good incorporation. TRILIN 5 can be applied in the fall — see previous paragraph and specific crops for recommendations. Where a rate range is shown, use the lower rate for coarse soils or soils with lower organic matter. TRILIN 5 should not be used on soils containing more than 10% organic matter.

COTTON TRILIN 5 ALONE

TRILIN 5 can be applied and incorporate state fore or at planting, immediately after planting, and from four true leaf stage to 1.8 by. COTTON — PREEMERGENCE •••••• Broadcast Rates Per Acre Areas receiving less Areas receiving greater

	Areas receiving less than 20" average	Areas receiving greater
Soil Texture	annual rainfall* (pints)	han 20" average a a aannuat rainfall' (pints)
Coarse	08	08
Medium	10 12	12
Fine	BEST AVAILABLE	COPY 16

*Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1.6 on fine soils with 2-5% organic matter. Use 1.6 to 2 pints on all soils with 5-10% organic matter.

Incorporation with Bedding Implements

Bedding implements (listers and hippers) may be used to incorporate TRILIN 5 into the soil for weed control in cotton.

Since bedding equipment does not provide thorough incorporation under all conditions, it is important to closely follow the directions below to optimize weed control performance. Weed control resulting from single pass incorporation with bedding implements will be reduced compared to conventional double pass incorporation. Apply the amount of TRILIN 5 recommended in the label.

Soll Preparation - See general soil preparation.

Bedder Use Directions - Either a lister or disc bedder maybe used. Operate the bedder in the manner recommended by the equipment manufacturer in order to bed to the desired height. A ripper shank, sweep or chisel shank should be mounted on the bedder behind the spray nozzles and ahead of the bedder tool to help distribute **TRILIN 5** in the center of the bed. The use of bed tillage equipment such as rolling cultivators, P.T.O. driven rod weeders or bed conditioners after the bedding operation will provide additional mixing of the soil.

Weather conditions, cultural practices, bed tillage and planting procedures will deter-mine location of the TRILIN 5 in the soil. Weed control obtained will be dependent upon location of the TRILIN 5 at the time of planting.

If TRILIN 5 is moved during bed tillage or planting, a band application of TRILIN 5 at planting or a postemergence application of TRILIN 5 may be required to ensure good weed control

Precautions

Do not incorporate with the bedder if the soil is too wet for good mixing.

COTTON - POSTPLANT

When incorporating TRILIN 5 after planting (postplant), be careful not to disturb the seed. **COTTON — POSTEMERGENCE — Directions for Use**

TRILIN'S can be used as a post-emergence scil incorporated application in cotton. TRILIN'S may be applied after the final bed preparation any time from the four true leaf stage up to layby but not less than 90 days before harvest.

Nication Directions

Application Directions TRILIN 5 may be applied to cotton from the four true leaf stage as either a broadcast application or as a post directed spray. Drop nozzles should be used if cotton foliage prevents uniform coverage of the soil surface. Refer to TRILIN 5 label for ground and aerial application directions.

Application Rates

Apply TRILIN 5 to cotton at the following broadcast rates per acre:

Soil Texture TRILIN 5 (pints)

Coarse	0.6 08	
Medium	0.8 - 1 2	
Fine	1.2 - 1.6	

Incorporation Directions

Final beds should be established before the TRILIN 5 application is made. The soil surface should be free of existing weeds and excessive trash or clods. TRILIN 5 should be incorporated within 24 hours following application and may be accomplished in one pass with a sweep type of a rolling cultivator. The sweep type cultivator should have 3 to 5 sweeps per row middle and be operated at 6 to 8 mph. Set sweeps to provide maximum soil mixture and to insure movement of treated soil into the crop row. One pass with the sweep cultivator properly set will provide adequate soil incorporation. The rolling cultivator should be set to provide maximum suil mixing and to insure movement of treated soil into the crop row. The rolling cultivator should be operated at 6 to 8 mph. Care should be taken to insure that middle sweeps do not expose untreated soil, One pass with the rolling cultivator properly set will provide adequate incorporation

Rotational Crops

Wheat or barley can be planted in fall following this application at recommended rates. **Special Precautions**

Do not apply to cotton before the four true leaf stage or crop injury may result.

Soil treated with TRILIN 5 may be shallow cultivated, rotary hoed, or hand hoed without reducing the weed control activity of the product. Do not cultivate deeper than the treated layer of soil (1 to 2 inches) since this may bring untreated soil to the surface and poor weed control may result.

COTTON — FALL APPLICATION Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 any time between October 15 and December 31. The ground may be left fla or bedded-up over the winter. On bedded ground, knock beds down to desired height 1-afore planting, moving some treated soil from beds into fur-rows. Where soil is left flat over winter, be careful not to turn up untreated soil during spring bedding operations. Destroy established wreds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established to furrows due to uncomprise of unstanted coil during the weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during bedding, destroy these weeds before planting. In the fall, do not apply TRILIN 5 to soils

ding, destroy these weeds before planting. In the fall, do not apply THILIN 5 to soils which are wet or subject to prolonged periods of flooding. Broedcast Plates Pen Acre - Fall Argentiate Only In Alabama, Arkansas, flottherif Florid. (Comparison Only Missouri, bootheel North Carolina, New Strett, and Comparison South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, apply and incorporate at the production of the pints per acre on coarse and medium and 2 pints on fine soil

In Arizona, California and Nevada, ap 1935 of the solution of 12 pints on time solution of 12 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1, fint the solution of 2 pints on fine solution for cotton grown in other states, apply a fill the solution of 0.8 pints on coarse soils at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pints on coarse soils at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pints on coarse soils with 2-5% organic matter and 1.6 up to 5 fill solution with 5-10% organic matter.

COTTON - SPECIAL USE DIRECTIONS

Apply and incorporate TRILINES at the broadcast rate of 1 6 nints per acre on both coarse and medium soils

COTTON - RHIZOME JOHNSONGRASS

COTTON — HHIZONIC JURINGONGAGE In all cotton-producing states except Arizona and California, you can obtain commer-cially acceptable control of rhizome johnsongrass with a double rate program which you apply for 2 consecutive years in accordance with the following directions.



Proper preparation of the soil before application is very important for satisfactory results. Use a chisel plow or similar implement to bring rhizomes to the top of the soil. Then follow with a disc two times before application to cut the rhizomes into small (2 to 3 inch) pieces. This should also destroy any emerged johnsongrass.

Application

Choose the one application program that best fits your cultural practices:

Spring Application — Apply TRILIN 5 any time before planting in the spring for 2 years in a row. Use a broadcast rate of 1.6 pints per acre on coarse soils, 2.4 pints on medium soils and 3.2 pints on fine soils.

OB

Fall Application — Apply TRILIN 5 between October 15 and December 31 for 2 years in a row at the same rates as a spring application for the control of rhizome johnsongrass.

Incorporation

Deep incorporation is essential for good rhizome johnsongrass control. Incorporate TRILIN 5 thoroughly with a disc set to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operate at 4 to 6 mph. Two passes are necessary, with the second pass in a different direction from the first.

Cultivation

Some johnsongrass plants will escape. Timely cultivations during the crop season to remove ascaped plants are necessary to obtain commercially acceptable control. You cannot obtain commercially acceptable control with only 1year of double rate use.

Crop Rotation

In the season following a double rate treatment, plant only rice and those crops for which TRILIN 5 can be applied as a preplant treatment or injury may result.

COTTON -- PIGWEED AND SEEDLING JOHNSONGRASS CONTROL

In Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Missisippi, southeastern Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and southern Virginia, TRILIN 5 may be applied preplant at a broadcast rate of 0.8 to 1.2 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1.2 to 1.6 pints on medium soils and 1.6 pints on fine soils. In the state of Louisiana, 2.4 pints per acre are recommended on fine soils.

COTTON — ADDITIONAL WEEDS AND GRASS CONTROL (Texas Gulf Coast) In the Texas Gulf Coast counties of Brazoria, Calhoun, Chambes, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Jackson, Jefferson, Liberty, Matagorda, Orange, Victoria, Waller and Wharton, TRILIN 5 may be applied up to 2 weeks before planting at a broadcast rate of 1.2 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1.6 pints on medium soils and 2.4 pints on fine soils.

COTTON PRECAUTIONS

Cotton should be planted after early season adverse weather conditions have passed, especially when using higher rate programs. Cool, wet weather early in the growth cycle causes additional stress to the cotton plant. This may result in reduced stands, delayed maturity and reduced yields.

COTTON — TANK MIXES AND OVERLAYS

Follow recommended soil preparation and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5. COTTON - TRILIN 5/CAPAROL TANK MIX for Cotton Grown in California,

Arizona, New Mexico and West Texas The TRILIN 5 / Caparol will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds listed for TRILIN 5 alone plus the following weeds:

Smartweed Prickly sida (Teaweed) Annual morningglory Ragweed

Groundcherry (annual) Mustard Malva Wild Oat

The tank mix also controls shallow germinating seedlings of cocklebur and coffeeweed **Broadcast Rates Per Acre**

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	Caparol 80W (pounds)
Coarse	0.8	2
Medium	1.0 to 1 2	2.5
Fine	16	2.5

*Do not use on sands and loam sands. For band applications use proportionately less.

Mixing Directions

Carefully follow the procedures on the Caparol 80W label for making a slurry and adding it to a partially filled tank of water. After the Caparol is thoroughly mixed with the partially filled tank of water, add the TRILIN 5 and continue filling. Agitate continuously during the filling and spraying operation

Avoid leaving the spray mixture in the tank without constant agitation. If bypass agita tion is used, the bypass line should stop at the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming

Additional Precautions

The combination of TRILIN 5 / Caparol should not be used in the cut areas of newly leveled fields, in areas of excess salt, or where flooding over the beds is likely to happen Do not plant cotton in tractor wheel depressions. These conditions may cause crop injury. On mulch planted cotton, water back only after cotton seedlings are well established **Crop Rotations**

Cabbage, okra, onions and peas may be planted in the fall after a spring application of TRILIN 5 plus Caparol. Winter barley, winter rye and winter wheat can be planted in the fall also, if they are plowed down and not used for food or feed. Refer to the Caparol label for directions, cautions and precautions.

COTTON -- TRILIN 5/COTORAN TANK MIX (except in Arizona and California) Follow recommended soil preparation and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5

The TRILIN 57 Cotoran tank mm effectively controls all the annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed for TRILIN 5 alone plus these additional weeds

Rvegrass Buttonweed Cocklebur Groundcherry, Wright Jimsonwaad Morningglory









Broadcast Rates Per Acre

TRULIN 5

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	Cotoran 80W (pounds)
Coarse	0.8	1.25
Medium	1.2	2
Fine	1.6	2.5

Mixing Directions Carefully follow the procedures on the Cotoran label for making a Cotoran slurry and adding it to a partially filled tank of water. After the Cotoran is thoroughly mixed with the partially filled tank of water, add the TRILIN 5 and continue filling. Agitate continuousby throughout the filling and application operations. Do not leave spray mixture in tank without constant agitation. If bypass agitation is used, the bypass line should stop at the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Apply in 15 - 40 gallons of water per acte.

Additional Precautions

Do not plant crops other than cotton on the treated land within 6 months after the ap-plication of TRILIN 5 plus Cotoran, or crop injury may result. Do not feed foliage from treated cotton plants or gin trash to livestock. Do not mix TRILIN 5 plus Cotoran with liquid fertilizer.

West Texas Only

Do not use the tank mix of TRILIN 5 plus Cotoran on sandy, loamy sand or fine sandy loam soils. Do not use on cotton planted in furrows.

Arkansas, Louisiana, and Mississippi Only

Use 1 pound Cotoran 80W in tank mix with TRILIN 5 on sandy loam soils low in organic matter.

New Mexico

Do not plant treated land with crops other than cotton until 1 year after the last application. Do not use on sandy or coarse textured soils of less than 1% organic matter.

COTTON --- TRILIN 5 PREPLANT FOLLOWED BY KARMEX OVERLAY

For cotton grown east of the Mississippi River plus Arkansas, Southeastern Missouri, Louisiana and Eastern Texas, incorporate before planting. Then follow with a preemergence application of Karmex. This will effectively control all the weeds control-ed by TRILIN 5 alone plus these additional weeds:

Ragweed Annual groundcherry Dogtennel Pennycress Annual morningglory		Shepherdspurse Velvetgrass Wild lettuce Wild mustard
Broadcast Rate Per Acre Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	Karmex 80W (pounds)
Coarse	C.8	<u> </u>
Medium	1.2	
Fine	1.6	<u> </u>

Additional Precautions

Do not use Karmex on soils with less than 1% organic matter as crop injury may result. Do not allow livestock to graze on cotton treated with Karmex. Consult the Karmex label for additional instructions, cautions and precautions

SOYBEAN — TRILIN 5 ALONE

SOYBEAN - PREEMERGENCE Follow recommended soil preparation, application, and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	
Coarse	0.8	
Medium	1.2	
Fine	1.6	

*Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium textured soils and 1.6 pints on fine soils with 2 5% organic matter. Use 1.6 - 2 pints on all soils with 5 - 10% organic matter. SOYBEAN - FALL APPLICATION

Apply and incorporate anytime between October 15 and December 31. Ground may be left flat or bedded-up over winter. On bedded ground, knock beds down to desired height before planting, moving some treated soil from tops into furrows. Where soils if left flat over winter, take care during spring bedding operations to prevent turning up untreated soil. Destroy established weeds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during listing, destroy these weeds before planting. Do not fall apply to soils which are wet, are subject to prolonged periods of flooding, or where rice was grown the previous year.

For soybeans grown in Alabama, Arkarisas, northern Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississione courtheastern Missouri Bootheel, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas, apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate of 1.6 pints per acre on coarse and medium soils and 2 pints on fine soils.

For soybeans grown in states other than those listed above, apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1.2 pints on medium soils, 1.6 pints on fine soils, 1.2 pints on coarse soils with 2 - 5% organic matter and 1.6 to 2 pints on soils with 5 - 10% organic matter.

SOYBEAN - SPECIAL USE DIRECTIONS SOYBEAN - FALL PANICUM

Apply TRILIN 5 at the broadcast rate of 1.6 pints per acre on both coarse and medium sovis.

SOYBEAN - PIGWEED AND SEEDLING JOHNSONGRASS

In Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, southeastern Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahcina, South Carolina, Tennessee and southern Virginia. TRILIN 5 may be applied at a bro. Idast rate of 0.8 to 1.2 pints per adre on coarse soils, 1.2 to 1.6 pints on medium soils ar . 1.6 pints on fine soils. Exception. in the state of Louisiana, 2.4 pints per acre are recommended on fine soils

SOYBEAN - ADDITIONAL WEED AND GRASS CONTROL (Texas Gulf Coast) In the Texas Gulf Coast counties of Brazona, Calhoun, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Jackson, Jefferson, Liberty, Matagorda, Orange, Victoria, Waller and Wharton TRILIN 5 may be applied up to 2 weeks before planting at a broadcast rate of 1 2 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1.6 pints on medium soils and 2.4 pints on fine soils.



SOYBEAN - CHAR L SOILS in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississipp

Newly cleared land often contains high organic matter (5 - 10%) and charcoal irom burning debris. This charcoal and / or organic matter tends to bind TRILIN 5 and reduce its weed control activity. Under these conditions, higher rates of TRILIN 5 are necessary for weed control. Increased rates, however, can cause crop injury if charcoal or organic matter is not present to bind some of the TRILIN 5. In the burn row a high level of charcoal is present; consequently, poor weed control may result even with an increased rate of TRILIN 5.

Apply at the broadcast rate of 1.6 to 2 pints per acre on coarse soils, 2 pints on medium soils and 2.4 pints on fine textured soils. Follow recommended soil preparation, application and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5.

SOYBEAN --- RED RICE in Arkanaes, Louisians, Mississippi and Texes Only You can obtain suppression or partial control of red rice when you apply TRILIN 5 at the following recommended rates. Follow recommended soil preparation and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5.

Apply and incorporate in the spring before planting. Broadcast Rates Per Acre

TRILIN 5 Application Application Soli Texture Year 1 (pints) Year <u>2 (pints)</u> Coarse 1.6 0.8 Medium 2.4 1.2 Fine 3.2 1.6 Coarse soils with 1.2 2 to 5% organic matter 2.4 Soils with 5 to 10% organic matter 1.6 - 2 3.2

If a combination of high organic matter (5 - 10%) and charcoal are present in the soil, apply TRILIN 5 the second year at the following rates for charcoal soils in Arkans Louisiana and Mississippi:

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	
Coarse	1.2 - 2	
Medium	2	
Fine	24	

For more information on charcoal soils (see above).

Crop Rotation

The program for red rice control in soybeans is a 2-year program. Use the rates listed for first year application and plant soybeans. The second year use the normal rates listed for your soil type and charcoal level and plant only those crops for which TRILIN 5 has been registered as a preplant treatment, or crop injury may result. Do not plant rice the second year. Rice may be planted the third year.

SOYBEAN - RHIZOME JOHNSONGRASS (Eastern United States and the State of Texas)

You can obtain commercially acceptable control of rhizome johnsongrass with a double rate program applied for 2 consecutive years in accordance with the following directions. Soll Preparation

Proper preparation of the soil before application is very important for satisfactory results. Use a chisel plow or similar implement to bring rhizomes to the top of the soil. Then follow with a disc two times before application to cut the rhizomes into small (2 to 3 inch) pieces and to destroy any emerged johnsongrass

Application

Choose the one application program that best fits your cultural practices:

Spring Application - Apply TRILIN 5 anytime in the spring before planting for 2 years in a row. Use a broadcast rate of 1.6 pints per acre on coarse soils, 2.4 pints on medium soils, 3.2 pints on fine soils, 2.4 pints on coarse soils with 2 + 5% organic matter and 3.2 pints on soils with 5 10% organic matter

OR

Fall Application — Apply TRILIN 5 between October 15 and December 31 for 2 years in a row at the same rates as a spring application for the control of rhizome johnsongrass OB

Split Application -- Apply TRILIN \$ at the same rate in both the spring and fall for 2 years in a row using the rates in the following table

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 Spring and Fall (pints)		•
Coarse	08		-
Medium	12		-
Fine	16		-
Coarse soils with 2 5% organic matter	12	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	-
Soils with 5 10% organic matter	1.5		_

Incorporation

Deep incorporation Deep incorporation is essential for good hypom johnsongrass control. Incorporate TRILIN 5 thoroughly with a disc set to cut 4 to 6 inclues deep and operate at 4 to 6 mph. Two passes are necessary, with the second pass in a different direction from the first.

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Cultivation Some johnsongrass plants will escape all michy cultivations during the crop season to remove escaped plants are necessally it J altain commercially acceptable control. .

Crop Rotation season following a double rate treatment, plant only rice and those crops for which TRILIN 5 can be applied as a preplant treatment or indury may result

SOYBEAN -- RHIZOME JOHNSONGRASS

TRILIN 5 / Sencor or TRILIN 5 / Lexone Tank Mix TRILIN 5 may be used with Sencor or Lexone for thizome johnsongrass control and for the control of those weeds listed for TRILIN 5 alone. For the additional weeds controlled by Sencor or Lexone in tank mix, (see below). Follow procedures for soil



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preparation, incorporation, and cultivation recommended if **Rhizome** johnsongrass section.

Apply TRILIN 5 / Sencor for Lexone up to two weeks before planting for two consecutive years at the following broadcast rates per acre:

Soli Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	Lexone 50WP / 4L or Sencor 50WP / 4 (pounds / pints)	Lexone (Dry Flowable) or Sencor (Dry Flowable) (lbs.)
Coarse*	1.6	%	<u> </u>
Medium	2.4	*	*
Fine	3.2	1	

*Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Read and follow all additional precautions listed for the TRILIN 5 / Sencor or Lexone tank mix (see below).

SOYBEAN - WILD CANE (Sheltercar

Follow recommended soil preparation and application procedures for TRILIN 5.

Wild cane (shattercane) can germinate throughout the growing season and from greater soil depth than most other weed seeds. Commercially acceptable control of wild care can be obtained with the following increased rates of TRILIN 5. Apply at the broadcast rate of 0.8 pints per ocre on a coarse soil, 1.6 pints on a medium soil and 2 pints on a fine textured soil.

Incorporation

there processories and the second state of the passes are necessary with the second pass in a different direction from the first. Cultivation

Cultivations during the crop season will also contribute to control.

SOYBEAN PRECAUTIONS

Soybeans should be planted after early season adverse weather conditions have passed. especially when using higher rate program. Cool, wet weather early in the growth cycle causes additional stress to the soybean plant. This may result in reduced stands, delayed maturity and reduced vields

SOYBEAN — TANK MIXES AND OVERLAYS SOYBEAN - TRILIN 5 / SENCOR OR TRILIN 5 / LEXONE TANK MIX

grasses and broadleaf weeds controlled by TRILIN 5 plus these additional weeds:

Jimsonweed	Ragweed, common
Mallow, Venice (Flower-of-an-hour)	Sesbania, hemp
Mustard, wild	Smartweed, Pennsylvania
Prickly sida	Velvettaaf

Control of cocklebur, morningglory and giant ragweed (horseweed) may be erratic. Cor-trol may be improved with timely cultivation. Where cocklebur is a serious problem, an overlay of Sencor or Lexone may be preferred to the **TRILIN 5** / Sencor or Lexone tank nvix.

Follow recommended procedures for soil preparation, incorporation, and cultivation of TRILIN 5. Mix according to instructions under general mixing and application directions. The tank mix can be applied from 2 weeks before planting up to planting Broadcast Rates Per Acre

		Lexone 5GWP / 4L or	Lexone (dry flowable)
Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	Sencor 50WP / 4 (pounds / pints)	Sencor (dry flowable) (lbs.)
Coarse*	08	15	
Medium	1.2	¥4	1/2
Fine	16	1	2/1

*Do not use Sencor / Lexone on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter **Additional Precautions**

Do not plant any crop other than soybeans within 4 months after treatment. Over application, uneven application, or improper soil incorporation may result in crop injury, herbicide residue, or erratic weed control. Additional stress factors are seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, soil pH over 7.5, high salt concentration, or drought. Any of these may weaken crop seedlings and increase possibility of damage from the tank mix. These additional factors may also delay crop development or reduce yields when Sencor or Lexone is applied. Observe all cautions and limitations on the Sencur and Lexone labels. Do not use the foliage from soybeans treated with the tank mix for feed or forage

SOYBEAN - TRILIN 5 PREPLANT FOLLOWED BY SENCOR OR LEXONE AS AN OVERLAY

Apply TRILIN 5 as a preplant incorporated herbicide. As a separate operation, make a single application of Sencor or Lexone as either a barid or broadcast spray during planting or as a separate operation after planting, but before the soybeans emerge. Do not spray Sencor or 1.exone over the top of emerged soybeans, or crop injury may result. Use Directions *****

Follow directions on the Sancor or Lexon lagels for specific instructions regarding each herbicide

Broedcast Rat	es Per Acre	e e e e e e Postplant / Pi	reemergence
Soil Texture	TRILIN So o (pints)	"Lexône 50WP / 4L* Sence#50WP / 4_or (po§nds?) pints)	Lexone (dry flowable) Sencor (dry flowable) (lbs.)
Coarse**	0.8	% en Ain e 1	14 OF 12 3
Medium	42	% - 1 or % 15	'i of 'a 1
Fine	1	1 or 1 1 1/4	i or '/ 1'

*Lexone rates are given first, followed by Sencor rates **Do not apply Lexoned sackor soils with less than ½% organic matter. Do not apply Sencor to coarse soils (sandy loam and loamy sand) containing less than 2°, organic matter

Additional Sencor and Lexone Precautions

Do not use Lerone or Sencor on Tracy, Semmes, Altona, Vansoy or Coker 102 scy-beans. These varieties are sensitive to Lexone or Sencor and crop injury may result. Seed must be planted at least 1% inches but not more than 2 inches below the soil

cation. Do not apply Sencor or Lexone at these surface before a Sencor or Lexone rates more than once per season. Do not replant areas treated with Sencor or Lexone with any crop other than sovbeans within 4 months after treatment. Injury to sovbeans may occur if you use Lexone or Sencor on soils having a calcareous surface or pH of 7.5 or higher or if you use them in conjunction with soil - applied organic phosphate pesticides. Do not use the foliage from treated soybeans for feed or forage. SOVBEAN — TRILIN 5/LASSO TANK MIX PREPLANT INCORPORATED OR TRILIN 5 PREPLANT INCORPORATED WITH LASSO SURFACE APPLIED TRILIN 5 / Lasso tank mixed with TRILIN 5 proplant incorporated followed by Lasso surface applied control those weeds listed on the TRILIN 5 label plus these additional

reeds: Galinsoga Nightshade, Nightshade, Rice, red**

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Additional weeds purially controlled by this combination includ Beggarweed, Florida Side, spiny (Jet Regweed, common

Side, spiny () Smartweed

Witchgrass usley, Florida

Nutsedge, yellow

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**check rate table for additional information.

For TRILIN 5 / Lasso Tank Mix Follow recommended soil preparation recommendations for TRILIN 5. Apply TRILIN 5 / Lasso in a minimum of 15 gallogs of water or liquid fertilizer per acre. Set incorpora-tion equipment to work the soil no degree than 4 incres. Apply the tank mix up to seven days prior to planting.

For TRILIN 5 Preplant Incorporated Folloyed by Lasso Surface Applied Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 according to recommended soil preparation application and incorporation procedures. Refer to the Lasso label for additional application direc-tions, cautions, and precautions prior to use.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

TRILIN 5 / Lesen Tenir Mix Dr

Soll Texture	 AILIN 5 (pints)	\mathbf{N}	Lasso (quarts)
Coarse	 0.8		21/2
Medium	 1.2		3 - 3%
Fine	 1.6		3½-4

Soil Texture (pints)		less than 3% organic matter	Lasso greater than 3% organic matter		
Coarse	(pints) 0.8	(quarts) 2	(qtuerts) ک		
Madium	1.2	2%	213 - 2		
Fipe	1.6	3	3 . 4		

minimum of two and one-half guarts of Lasso to control these weeds • Use three to four quarts of Lasso per acre applied alone or, on medium and fine tex-tured soils, in tank mix combination preplant incorporated only for control of these weeds. SOURCEAN — TRILIN 5 / DUAL TANK MIX PREPLANT INCORPORATED AND TRILIN 5 / DUAL TANK MIX PREPLANT INCORPORATED AND TRILIN 5 Oual effectively controls those weeds listed on the label for TRILIN 5 plus these additional weeds:

Black nightshade Prairie cupgrass Red rice

Broadcast Dates Dat Acre

Southwestern cupgrap Yellow nutsedge

Additional weeds partially controlled by this combination include. Hairy nightshade Volunteer sorghum

Follow recommended soil preparation and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5 Apply TRILIN 5 / Dual in 10 - 40 gallons of water per acre with conventional low pressure sprayers and in a minimum of 5 gallons of eater per acre by air. TRILIN 5 Dual tank mix can also be applied preplant incorporated and followed by Dual at planting or after planting as a banded or broadcast application.

		Du	AL-BE
Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	less than 3% organic matter (pints)	greater than 3% organic matter (pints)
Coarse	0.8	1 1/2 - 2	4
Medium	1.2	2 2 %	2 2 1
Fine	16	2 2 3	2% . 3

Check the Dual label for additional directions for use, cautions, and precautions prior to application.

SOYBEAN - TRILIN 5 / AMIBEN TANK MIX OR OVERLAY

Tank Mix Amiden may be applied several days prior to planting as a broadcast tank mix with TRILIN 5. Weeds controlled by this tank mix, in addition to those controlled by TRIKIN 5 alone, are smartweed, velvetleaf and ragweed. The tank mixture should be used as a spring preplant incorporated treatment.

Overlay Amben may be applied breadcast or in a ban over the sorbean row at planting time in fields where TRILIN 5 has been preplant incorporated. Weeds controlled by Amben when surface applied, in addition to those controlled by TRILIN 5 alone are Coffeeweed (Sesbania) Spurge, annual

Mustard, wild Nightshade, black Prickly sida (Teaweed)

Ragweed, common

Spurge, annual Smartweed, Pennsylvania Stinkgrass Velveileaf

Apply TRILIN 5 as a tank only with Amilten, or apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 alone followed by an overlay application of Amilten at these rates:

Soll Texture Coarse	TRIL IN 5 (pints) 0 8	Amiben 2S (quarts)
Medicin	12	4 6
Ene	16	4 6
6	AFST AVAL	ARIF COPY

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"Use the higher rate where you expect heavy populations or smartweed, velvetleaf, regived, wild mustard or black nightshade. Do not use on mulch or charcoal soils. Read and observe all directions and cautions on the Amiben label.

SOVAEAN TRILIN 5 / AMBEN / SENCOR OR LEXONE TANK MIX The TRILIN 5 / Amiben / Sencor or Lexone tank mix effectively controls all weeds listed for TRILIN 5 / Amiben and TRILIN 5 / Sencor or Lexone tank mixes.

Follow recommended soil preparation, application, and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5. The tank mix may be applied from several days prior to planting up to planting in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use screens no finer man 50 mesh. Apply the tank mix at the following broadcast rate per acre:

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	Amilien 25 (quarts)	Lexone 50WP/4L or Sencor 50WP/4 (libe. / pints)	Lexone (dry flowable) or Sencor (dry flowable) (lbs.)
Coerse*	0.8	3 - 4** 🗙	Х	<u>א</u>
Medium	1.2	3 - 4*	¥ - ¥ ···	% - %***
Fine	1.6	4/5		%***

*Do not use Sencor or Lexone or coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Use the higher rate of Amilian when valvetleaf or black nightshade is a problem. *On Clarion / Webster solis in Minnesota and lowa or on similar alkaline (calcareous) soils with a pH of 7.5 or above, apply Sencor or Lexone at the rates listed below:

Soil Texture	Lexone 50WP / 4L or or Sencor 50WP / 4 (pounds / pints)		Lexone (dry flowsble) or Sencor (dry flowsble) (pounds)	
Medium	*		*	
Fine	<u> </u>		% %	

*Use the higher rate only where soil pH is less than 7.5 and where weed pressure is heavy Additional Precautions

The TRILIN 5 / Amiben / Sencor or Lexone tank mix will not harm the treated crop when treated pplication, uneven application or improper soil incorporation of the tank mix can

policition, uneven application or improper soil incorporation of the tank mix can result in errate weed control or crop injury. Additional stress factors are seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, soil pH over 7.5, high salt concentra-tion, or drought. These additional factors may weaken crop seedings and increase the possibility of damage from the tank mix. These additional factors may also delay crop development or reduce yields. Observe all cautions and limitations of all products used in mixtures. Do not use the foliage from soybeaps treated with the TRILIN 5 / Amiben / Sencor or Lexone tank mix for feed or forage.

SOYBEAN — TRILIN 5 / VERNAN TANK MIX/

The TRILIN 5 / Vernam tank mix effectively controls those weeds listed for TRILIN 5

alone plus these additional week	ds: >	<
Purple nutsedge (nutgrass)		Coffeeweed
Yellow nutsedge (nutgrass)		Velvetleaf
Annual morningglory		

Follow recommended soil preparation procedures for TRICIN 5

You may apply the tank may up to 10 days prior to planting. Incorporate the tank mix immediately after application. Apply 7 XLIN 5 Vernam at these area.

Soil Texture	cre TRILIN 5 (pints)	Vernam 75 (pints)
Coarse	0.8	134 - 27
Medium	1.2	2% . 3.
Fine	16	3 - 3%

For nutsedge, wild cane and velvetleaf control. Use the higher rate of 3 pints per acre pedium textured soils

ALFALFA — ESTABLISHED

In areas receiving less than 20" average annual rainfall per year, apply TRILIN 5 in established alfalfa stands at a broadcast rate of 1.2 pints per acre on coarse soils and 1.6 pints on medium and fine soils. Use incorporation equipment that will insure thorough soil mixing with minimum damage to the established alfaifa.

ASPARAGUS — ESTABLISHED

Follow recommended soil preparation, application and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5.

TRILIN 5 can be applied to established asparagus as a single or as a split application. In the winter or early spring, apply to asparagus after ferns are removed but before spear emergence. Or, apply after harvest in the late spring or early summer before turning begins. TRILIN 5 will suppress volunteer seedling asparagus and field bindweed if you use the following recommended rates and application schedules. **Broadcast Rates Per Acre**

I RILIN S		
Split A	pplication	Single Application
Before	After	Before After
Harvest (P	+ Harvest Ints)	or Harvest Harvest (pints)
0.8	+ 08	1.6 or 1.6
12	+ 12	2.4 or 2.4
16	+ 1.6	32 or 32
-	Before Hervest (p 0.8 1 2	Split Application Before After + Harvest Harvest (pints) 0.8 + 0.8 1.2 + 1.2

In any single calendar year, the maximum TRILIN 5 to apply is 1.6 pints per acre on coarse soils; 2.4 pints on medium soils; and 3.2 pints on fine soils

FOR THE FOLLOWING CROP GROUPING. USE THE RATE TABLE BELOW

CARROT CASTOR BEAN CELERY





Direct seeded and transplant in areas receiving less than 20" average annual rainfall COLE CROPS - TRANSPLANT

Apply and incorporate prior to transplanting only. (Broccoli, Brussel Sprout, Cabbage and Cauliflower). See next section for direct seeded.

OKRA PEPPER - TRANSPLANT

Apply and incorporate prior to transplanting only

SOUTHERN PEA

Apply and incorporate before planting, at planting, or immediately after planting, unless otherwise indicated.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

	TRN	LIN 5
Soll Texture	Areas receiving less than 20'' everage annual raintall (pints)*	Areas receiving greater than 20" average annual raintalt (pints)*
Coarse	0.8	0.8
Medium	1.0 - 1.2	1.2
Fine	1.2	1.6

"Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium textured soils and 1.6 pints on fine soils with 2 - 5% organic matter. Use 1.6 pints on all soils with 5 - 10% organic matter. COLE CROPS - DIRECT SEEDED (Broccoli, Brussel Sprout, Cabbage, and Cauliflower)

See above section for transplant

For direct-seeded cole crops, apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 before planting at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pints per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1.2 pints on fine soils and soils with 2-5% organic matter. Diract-seeded cole crops have exhibited marginal tolerance to recommended rates of TRILIN 5. Stunting or reduced stands may occur. CUCURBITS — POSTPLANT EMERGED (Cantaloupe, Cucumber, and Watermelon) Western United States including Texas CUCURBITS

Apply as a directed spray to the soil between the rows and beneath plants which are in the 3 to 4 true leaf stage.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre TRILIN 5 Areas receiving Areas receiving less than 20' greater than 20 average annual rainfall (pints)* average annual rainfail (pints)* Soil Texture Coarse 0.8 0.8

1.0 - 1.2 Medium 1.2 12 1.6 Fine

*Use 1.2 pints on coarse and medium textured soils and 1.6 pints on fine soils with 2-5% organic matter. Use 1.6 pints on all soils with 5 - 10% organic matter.

Set incodoration equipment to throw treated soil around the plants during incorporation DRY BEAN - TRILIN 5 ALONE

Apply and incorporate before planting using the following rates:

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

	TRILIN 5		
Soil Texture	Areas receiving less than 20'' average annual rainfall (pints)*	Areas receiving greater than 20" average annual rainfall (pints)"	
Coarse	08	0.8	
Medium	1.0 - 1.2	1.2	
Fine	1.2	1.6	

*Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium textured soils and 1.6 pints on fine soils with 2 - 5% organic matter. Use 1.6 pints on all soils with 5 - 10% organic matter.

DRY BEAN - TRILIN 5 / EPTAM TANK MIX

The TRILIN 5 / Eptam tank mix effectively controls all the following weeds in addition to those weeds listed for TRILIN 5:

Henbit (Spring applications)	Oat, wild
Nightshade, black	Ragweed, common
Nightshade, hairy	Smartweed, Pennsylvania
Nutsedge	Velvetleaf (Buttonweed)

Follow recommended soil preparation and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5. The tank mix should be applied from 2 days before planting up to planting. Incorporate immediately after application.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

Soil Texture	Areas receiving < 20" average annual rainfail* (pints)	Areas receiving a 29's storage conset rainfail (pints)	Eptam 7E
Coarse	0.8	0.6	25-35**
Medium	1 1 2		2.5 - 3.5
Fine	1.2	1.5	2,5 3.5

"Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium textu at a tills and 1.6 pt to Un fine soils with 2 5% organic matter. Use 1.6 pints on all soils with 5 - 10% organic matter.

**Use Eptam 7E at a rate of 2.5 pints per acre to bdr/h/b/annual grasses, 1.5 pints to control nutsedge and additional broadleaf weeds o

Precaution

Read the Eptam label before using. Observe all cautions and limitation a of all products used in mixtures. The combination of TRILIN 5 and Eptam should not be available on soy beans, black eved peas (beans), lima beans and other flat podded beans, except Romano Do not use the foliage from a crop treated with this tank mix for feed or for grazing

DRY BEAN — FALL APPLICATION For Dry Bean Grown in Idaho. Oregon. and Washington.

Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 any time between October 15 and December 31 at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1 to 1.2 pints on medium soils and 1.2 pints on fine soils. Destroy established weeds during seethed preparation

FOR THE FOLLOWING CROP GROUPING. USE THE RATE LISTED BELOW

BEANS - (Guar and Mungbean), GREENS - Turnip greens grown for processing. Collard, Kale and Mustard green:

MUSTARD --- Grown for seed or processing for food in Minnesota, Montana and North Dakota.

Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 before planting at 0.8 pint per acre on coarse soils and 1.2 pints on medium and fine soils.

BEANS - (Lima Bean and Snap Bean) - Apply and incorporate before planting at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pint per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1.2 pints on fine soil CORN (Field Corn) and GRAIN SORGHUM (Mile) — Apply TRILIN 5 to field corn, or grain sorghum (8 inches or taller) as an over-the-top or directed spray to effectively control weeds listed for TRILIN 5.

Soil Precerction

Cultivate before a TRILIN 5 application to insure loose, friable soil, to remove established weeds and to cover the base of plants with soil.

Application Directions TRILIN 5 should be applied and incorporated at the recommended rates for the soil tex-ture when the crop is well established (8 inches or taller). TRILIN 5 may be applied either as an over-the-top scray or as a directed spray. Drop nozzles should be used if foliage prevents uniform coverage of soil surface. Soil incorporation may be accomplished with only one pass of a sweep-type cultivator or a properly adjusted rolling cultivator.

The sweep-type cultivator should have 3 to 5 sweeps per row middle and be operated at 6 to 8 mph. Set the middle sweeps so as to avoid exposing untreated soil. Adjust the incorporation tools to prevent crop injury.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

Soll Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)
Coarse	0.6 - 0.8*
Medium	0.8 - 1.2 •
Fine	1.2 - 1.6

Use the lower rates when you anticipate light weed pressure and the higher rates when you anticipate heavy weed pressure.

Com Only

Apply 0.8 to 1.2 pints per acre in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia to control fall panicum and Texas panicum.

CORN / GRAIN SORGHUM - TRILIN 5 FOR SHATTERCANE CONTROL AND TRILIN S / ATRAZINE TANK MIX FOR ADDITIONAL WEED CONTROL

TRILIN 5 applied as an over-the-top spray or as a directed spray in field corn / grain sorghum will control shattercane in addition to those other weeds listed on the label for TRILIN 5. Use rates listed below.

TRILIN 5 can be tank mixed with atrazine for additional weed control in field corn / grain sorghum.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5(pints)	Atrazine 4L (pints)*
Coarse (sendy loam only)	06 08	2.4
Medium	08 12	4.75
Fine	1.2 - 1.6	6.0

*When using AAtrex 4L use the rates listed below. For other Atrazine formulations, equivalent rates. When using AAtrex NineO 1 pint of 4L = 0.55 pound of NineO. One pint of 4L equals 0.62 pounds of Atrazine 80W

Apply and incorporate the TRILIN 5 / Atrazine tank mix as directed on the TRILIN 5 label for field corn and grain sorghum

Check the Atrazine label for additional directions, cautions, and precautions prior to use. Precaution

Do not apply TRILIN 5 to corn grown for seed. Do not apply to corn or sorghum as a preplant or preemergence treatment or crop injury may occur.

HOPS - Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 while the crop is dormant. Use a broadcast rate of 0.8 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1 to 1.2 pints on medium soils and 1.2 pints on fine soils and soils with 2 - 10% organic matter.

MINT — (Established Peppermint and Spearmint) — Apply at a rate of 0.8 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1.0 pint on medium soils and 1.2 pints on fine soils. Use incorporation equipment that will insure thorough soil mixing with minimum damage to the crop.

PEA --- (Dry and Engish) -- TRILIN 5 Alone --- Apply and incorporate before planting at a rate of 0.8 pint per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1.2 pints on fine soils

PEA - TRILIN 64 Far-Go Tank Mix for Pea in Idaho, Oregon and Washington -The tank trix combination of TRILIN 5 plus Far Go will provide control of wild addition to other annual gasses and broadleaf weeds controlled by TRILIN 5. d oat in

Application Rates

Broadcast 0.6 pint of TRNIN 5 per acre on coarse and medium soils, 0.8 pint on fine soils. Use 1.25 quarts of Funding acre for all soil textures

Incorporation Directions Apply and Incorporate up to Sweeks before planting. Follow recommended incorpora-tion procedures for TRILIN 5

Precaution Do not apply to lentils. Lest capture and delayed maturity of peas may occur, particularly on calyx points insthe northwest; but this is usually more than offset by a reduction of wild oat. Do not use foliage from treated peas for feed or forage. Refer to the cautions, precautions, and directions on the Far Go label

PEA — Fat Application to Dry Pea and English Pea in Idaho, Oregon and Washington — Apply and incorporate anytime between October 15 and December 31 at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pint per acre on coarse shits, 1 to 1.2 pints on mertium soils. and 1.2 pints on fine soils. Destroy established wreds during seedbed preparation. Do not apply in the fall to soils which are wet or are subject to prolonged period of flooding.

PEANUT -- (Spanish Peanut in Texas and Oklahoma) -- Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 before planting, at planting or immediately after planting at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pint per acre on coarse soils. When incorporating after planting, take care not to disturb the seed

PEANUT — TRILIN 5 / Vernem Tenk Mix (Spanish Peenut in Texas and Oklahoma) — TRILIN 5 / Vernem tank mix effectively controls those weeds listed for TRILIN 5 akit.

plus these additional weeds: Purple nutsedge (nutgrass) Yellow nutsedge (nutgrass)

Coffeewaard Velvetleaf

Annual morningglory Follow recommended soil preparation procedures for TRILIN 5. You may apply the to mix up to 10 days prior to planting. Incorporate the tank mix immediately after at -tion. Apply the tank mix at these rates:

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	Vernam 7E (pints
Coarse	0.8	2 ½

POTATO — (All states except Maine) — Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 after planting, before emergence, or immediately following dragoff or after the potato plants have fully emerged.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

TRN Areas receiving less than 20'' average annual reinfall* (pints)	LN 5 Areas receiving greater than 20' average annual rainfall' (pints)
0.8	0.8
1.0 - 1.2	1.2
1.2	1.6
	Areas receiving less than 20'' average ennual reinfall* (pints) 0.8

*Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium soils with 2 - 5% organic matter. Use 1.6 pints on all soils with 5 - 10% organic matter.

Set incorporation equipment so that the bed and furrow will be uniformly covered with a layer of treated soil. If the layer of treated soils is not uniform and the herbicide is con centrated over the bed, potato emergence may be retarded, and stem brittleness can occur. When applying and incorporating TRILIN 5 after potato plants have fully emerg ed, do not completely cover foliage at subsequent cultivations. Be careful that incorporation machinery does not damage potato seed pieces or elongating sprouts.

POTATO - Split Application in Idaho, Oregon and Washington - In all soils ty and incorporate 0.6 pint of TRILIN 5 per acre before planting and 0.6 pint after ting when potato plants have fully emerged. Do not apply to soils containing 2% o organic matter. Follow incorporation directions listed above for application to potato planting.

POTATO — TRILIN 5 / Eptam Tank Mix for Potatoes Grown in Kansas, Minneso: Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Texas — The TRILIN 5 / Eptatank mix effectively controls the the following weeds in addition to those weeds con-trolled by TRILIN 5:

Henbit (Spring applications)	Oat, wild
Nightshade, black	Ragweed, common
Nightshade, hairy	Smartweed, Pennsylvania
Nutsedge	Velvetleaf (Buttonweed)

Follow recommended soil preparation and application procedures for TRILIN 5. The tank mix may be applied after planting, but prior to crop emergence. In areas where potatoes are normally dragged off, the tank mix should be applied and incorporated up to or im mediately following drag off

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

TRILIN 5			
Sol Texture	Areas receiving < 20" average annual rainfall" (pints)	Areas receiving > 20" average annual rainfall* (pints)	Eptam 7E (pints)
Coarse	08	0.8	1.75 - 7**
Medium	0.8 1.2	0.8 1.2	1.75 7
Fine	0.8 - 1.2	0.8 1.6	1 75 - 7

*Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium soils with 2 - 5% organic matter.

**Use the higher rate of Eptam 7E for nutsedge control

Precaution

Read the Eptam label before using. Observe cautions and limitations of products used in mixtures. Do not graze or feed forage to livestock from fields treated with TRILIN 5 / Eptam tank mix

POTATO — TRILIN 5 / Eptam Application Before Planting in Washington, Idaho and Oregon — TRILIN 5 / Eptam may be applied before planting at a broadcast rate of 0.6 pint of TRILIN 5 per acre and 3 5 pints of Eptam 7E per acre on all soil textures incorporate immediately.

Precaution

Do not use this tank mix both before and after planting in the same season. Read the Eptam label before using. Chserve all cautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures. Do not use foliage from treated crops for feed or forage

SAFFLOWER

Follow recommended soil preparation, application and incorporation procedures for TRILIN* 5

Apply and incorporate in the spring before planting or in the fall between October 15 and December 31

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

	TRI	LIN 5
Soil Texture	Areas receiving less than 20'' average annual rainfall* (pints)	Areas receiving greater than 20' average annual rainfall' (pints)
Coarse	08	08
Medium	10 12	10 12
Fine	12	16

"Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium textured soils and 1.6 pints on fine soils with 2 5% organic matter. Use 1.6 to 2 pints on all soils with 5 10% organic matter SAFFLOWER - FALL APPLICATION in Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming

Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 any time between October 15 and December 31. Ground may be left flat or bedded up over winter. On bedded ground, knock beds down to desired height before planting, moving some treatenebil from tops into furrows. Where soli is left flat over winter, take care during spring bedding operations to prevent turning up untreated soil. Destroy established weeds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during listing, destroy these weeds before planting. Apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate of 1.2 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1.6 pints on medium soils and 2 pints on fine soils.

Do not apply TRILIN 5 in the fall to soils which are wet or are subject to periods of flooding.

SUGAR BEET

Apply TRILIN 5 as a broadcast, overtop spray when plants are between 2 to 6 inches tall at a rate of 0.8 pint per acre on coarse soils and 1 to 1.2 pints on medium and fine soils. Use the higher rate for medium and fine soils in areas receiving more than 20" average annual rainfall. Set incorporation machinery to throw treated soil toward the plants in the row. Be careful that incorporation machinery does not damage the sugar beet taproot.

Precaution

Exposed beet roots should be covered with soil before an application to reduce the possibility of girdling.

SUGAR BEET — INCOMPORATION WITH "INE-TOOTH HARROW in California, Colorado, Idaho, Monta.a, Nebraska, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington and Wyoming — A properly operated tine-tooth harrow (Flextine or Melroe) can incorporate TRILIN 5 for effective weed control in sugar beet. Operate the tine-tooth harrow 2 times over the field in opposing directions at a speed of 3 to 6 mph. Set the harrow to cut 1 to 2 inches deep. Be careful that the tine-tooth harrow does not damage the sugar beet taproot. Follow recommended application procedures and broadcast rates per acre for sugar beet. (Ses preceding paragraph).

SUGAR BEET — TRILIN 5 / EPTAM TANK MIX APPLIED AS AN OVERTOP SPRAY AND NICORPORATED — TRILIN 5 may be tank mixed with Eptam and used as an overtop spray and incorporated for weed control in sugar beets. Apply the tank mix anytime after the first true leaves have formed until the beets are six inches tall.

Broadcast Rates	Rer Acre		-
Seil Texture		TRILIN 5 (piets)	Eptam 7E* (pints)
		0.8	2.25 - 3.5
header / Fine		1.0 . 1.2**	2.25 3.5

*Check the Eptano lebel for proper rate for your area.

**Use the higher rate of TRILIN 5 for medium and fine some meters receiving more than 20" average annual rainfall.

SUGARCANE — (Plant Cane)

Apply and incorporate **TRILIN 5** twice a year at a broadcast rate of 1.6 to 3.2 pints per acre for all soil textures. Make the first application in the fall on firmly packed beds immediately after the seed pieces are planted. Make the second application in the spring before or shortly after the cane emerges Loosen rain packed beds 2 to 3 inches deep before the spring application. Take care that incorporation machinery does not damage the seed pieces or emerging shorts.

SUGARCANE -- POSTPLANT in Hawaii for control of most annual grasses, including guineagrass -- Surface apply TRILIN 5 after planting (for plant cane) or after harvesting (for ratioon cane), before weeds and cane emerge. Use a broadcast rate of 4.8 to 6.4 pints per acre for all sol textures. In plant cane, the beds should be formed or rolled before application. In ratioon cane, the crop residue should be removed before application. If large amounts of crop residues are present, TRILIN 5 will not be effective. Apply just before anticipated rainfall or sprinkle irrigate immediately after application.

SUGARCANE — APPLICATIONS UP TO LAYBY FOR PLANT CANE OR RATOON CANE Grown in Louisiana or Texas — Apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 at a broadcast rate of 1.6 to 3.2 pints per acre for all soil textures. Do this in the spring from before or chortly after the cane emerges up to layby. Apply the TRILIN 5 after the beds have

In shared or false shared. Loosen rain packed bed 2 to 3 inches deep before apbin. Be careful that incorporation machinery does not damage seed pieces or emerging shoots. You may use a rolling cultivator or bed chopper to incorporate layby applications in sugarcane on all suit textures. Follow normal incorporation directions for the rolling cultivator. Set bed chopper to cut 3 to 4 inches deep and operate at 4 to 6 mph. Two incorporation passes are necessary.

SUGARCANE — ITCHGRASS (RAOULGRASS) CONTROL in Louisiana — Apply and incorporate on either plant or ration cane at a broadcast rate of 3.2 pints per acre for all soil textures. Follow the directions above for sugarcane layby application in Louisiana and Texas

SUNFLOWER — TRILIN 5 ALONE

Apply and incorporate in the spring or in the fall between October 15 and December 31. Follow recommended soil preparation, application and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

	TAN	LIN 5
Soil Texture	Areas receiving less than 20'' average annual rainfell* (pints)	Areas receiving greater than 20" average annual rainfail" (pints)
Coarse	08	08
Medium	10-12	12
Fine	1 2	16

*Use 1.2 to 1.6 pints per acre on coarse and medium soils with 2 -5% organic matter and 1.6 pints on all soils with 5 -10% organic matter

SUNELOWER - TRILIN S / AMIBEN TANK MIX OR OVERLAY - Follow recommended som procedures for TRILIN S

Amiten may be applied in a bank or twoadcast over surflewers at planting in fields where TRILIN 5 has been incorporated prior to planting. On the tank mix may be incorporated prior to planting. The tank mix improves mustard, smartweed, rejectical, and ragweed control in addition to these weeds controlled by TRILIN 5 alone.

Apply TRILINS. Amben or TRILIN 5 with an Amben overlay at the following bloadcast cases per acre-

-Soil Texture	TRICIN 5 (pints)	Amiben 2S (quarte)_
Coarse	0.8	4
Medium	1.2	6'
Fine	16	4.6

*For best control of mustard, common canweed or black nightshade, use the 6 quart rate. In coarse textured soils, heavy rains on the discorporated Amiben may move it below the weed seed germination zone, and erratic weed control may result. If sufficient rain does not fall within 7 days after preemergence application of Amiben, but there is enough soil moisture to germinate weeds and grasses, a light cultivition with a rotary hee or similar tool will throat these small broadleaf weeds and grasses. The shallow mixing of Amiber in the surface soil will not interfere with 's eaction of Amiber when rains come. SUNFLOWER — TRILIN 5 / EPTAM TANK MIX FOR WEED CONTROL in Sunflower. In the States of Minnesota, North Dekota and South Dekota — TRILIN 5 / Entam (EPIC) may be tank mixed and preplant incorporated for weed control in sunflower. The tank mixed and preplant incorporated for weed control in sunflower.

trolled by TRILIN 5 alone:	
Annuel Weeds	
Ryegrass (Italian)	
Bermudagrass (sendling)	
Rescuegrass	
Volunteer grains (Barley, cats, whe	at)
Wild oats	
Morningglory, annual	
Perennial Weeds	
Nutsedge, Lurple and vellow	

Nightshade, black Nightshade, hairy Spurry, Corp Fiddleneck Nettlekal, goosefoot Shepherdspurse Pigweed, tumble Bermudao;ass

Follow recommended soil preparation, application and incorporation procedures for TRILIN 5. Apply and immediately incorporate the tank mix prior to planting in the spring. The tank mix may also be applied in the little fall before the ground freezes.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre TRILIN 5					
Soil Texture	Areas receiving less than 20'' average annual rainfall (pints)	Areas receiving greater than 20'' average annual rainfatt (phits)	Eptam 7E Spring Fall (pints)		
Coarse /	0.8	0.8	2.5 2.5		
Medium	1.0 - 1.2	1.2	3.5 3.5		
Fine	1.2	1.6	3.5 3.5		

Refer to Eptam label for all cautions, precautions and directions regarding use of this product.

TOMATO

For direct-seeded tomato, apply TRILIN 5 at blocking or thinning as a directed spray to the soil between rows and beneath the plants, and incorporate. For transplant tomato, apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 preplant, postplant or at lay-by.

	TRILIN 5		
Soil Texture	Areas receiving less than 20'' average annual rainfall" (pints)	Areas receiving greater than 20" average annual rainfall* (pints)	
Coarse	08	08	
Medium	1.0 1.2	1.2	
Fine	12	16	

*Use 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium textured soils and 1.6 pints on fine soils with 2 - 5% organic matter. Use 1.6 pints on all soils with 5 - 10% organic matter

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS AND VINEYARDS

For Areas Receiving More Than 20" Average Annual Rainfall — For new planting of vineyards, citrus and pecan trees, apply and incorporate TRILIN 5 before planting at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pint per acre on coarse sols, 1.2 pints on medium soils, 1.6 pints on fine soils, 1.2 pints on fine soils with 2 - 5% organic matter and 1.6 pints on soils with 5 - 10% organic matter.

For non-bearing, established plantings of citrus and pecan trees and bearing plantings of grapefruit, lemon, Grange, pecan, tangelo, tangerine trees, apply at a broadcast rate of 1.6 to 3.2 pints per acre for all soil textures.

For Areas Receiving Less Than 2011 Average Annual Rainfall — For new plantings of almond, apricot, citrus, nectarine, peach, pecan and walnut trees, apply and incorporate before planting at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pint per acre on coarse soils, 1 to 1.2 pints on medium soils, 1.2 pints on fine soils, 1 2 to 1.6 pints on soils with 2.5% organic matter and 1.6 pints on soils with 5.10% organic matter.

pints on medium soils, 1.2 pints on fine soils, 1.2 to 1.6 pints on soils with 2. 5% organic matter and 1.6 pints on soils with 5 - 10% organic matter. $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$ For new planting of vineyards, apply and incorporate be or splanting at a broadcast rate of 0.8 to 1.2 pints per acre on coarse soils, 1.2 to 2.4 pints on medium-soils and 2.4 to 3.2 pints on fine soils or soils with 2 - 10% organic matter. Do not use more than 1.6 pints per acre on heat-treated grape rootings (1.3) (2.3)

For postplant application on bearing or non-bearing, stabilished plantings of vineyards and almond, apricot, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange beach, plury, pruge, tangelo, tangerine and walnut trees, apply at a broadcast rate of 1.6 to 3.2 pints par core for all soil textures. Do not apply to vineyards within 60 dcg-2 of harvest.

In established plantings, apply TRILIN 5 as a directer spraw to the soil and use incorporation methods not injurious to the trees or villes.

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS AND VINEYARDS — RHIZOME JOHNSONGRASS CON-TROL — For Areas Receiving Less Than 20" Average Annual Ramiath— You can obtain commercially acceptable control of rhizome johnsongrass with postplant applications in bearing and nonbearing established plantings of vineyards and almond, apricot, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange, peach, pecan, tangelo, tangerineraid whathut trees with a TRILIN 5 prograin when applied for 2 years in a row Soil Preparation

Work the soil thoroughly to bring the inizomes nearer the surface

Application

9

Apply TRALIN 5 at a broadcast rate of 1.6 quarts per acre on all soil textures each year for 2 years in a row. Do not apply to vineyards within 60 days of harvest.



Incorporation



Incorporate thoroughly with a disc set to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operate at 4 to 6 mph. Two incorporation passes are necessary, with the second pass in a different direction from the first.

Cultivation

Some johnsongrass plants will escape. Timely cultivations are necessary to obtain com-mercially acceptable control. You cannot obtain commercially acceptable control with only 1 year of TRILIN 5 use.

Precautions

Precautions Do not use the 1.6 quart rate on new plantings, or crop injury may result. Do not in-terplant orchards or vineyards with other crops. If the treated vineyards and orchards are diverted to other crop uses, plant only those crops for which TRILIN 5 has been registered as a proplant treatment for the next cropping season.

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS AND VINEYARDS --- BINDWEED CONTROL in California - TRILIN 5 can be used for the control of field bindweed in vineyards and for al-The interview of the state of the control of the control of the control of the control of the termine, or angle, peach, pecan, tangelo, tangerine and weinut trees. Apply at a broadcast rate of 3.2 pints per acre on all soil wattines. THELIN 5 must be applied in the spring with a specially designed spray blade which applies a thin, concentrated layer at a soil depth of 4 to 6 inches. This layer of TRILIN 5 prevents. bindweed shoots from emerging.

Land Preparation

Destroy all weeds and grasses with soil tillage before applying. This tillage is necessary to prevent trash from interfering with the operation of the spray blade.

Equipment

This operation requires a spray blade capable of running 4 to 6 inches below the surface of the soil. The spray blade should be equipped with nozzles located under the blade and directed so that the spray will be trapped under the soil which is flowing over the blade as it is pulled through the soil. Use a sufficient number of nozzles with spacing that will uniformly apply the TRILIN 5 underground in a thin, horizontal layer.

Application

Apply in 40 to 80 gallons of water per acre. Operate the spray blade at a depth of 4 to 6 inches

Precaution

Some soils develop cracks as they dry after rainfall or irrigation. Field bindweed may emerge if the cracks extend through the TRILIN 5 layer. Prevent or eliminate cracks by shallow discing or other tillage. Avoid deep tillage which disturbs the subsurface layer. Cultivation or tillage also aids the control of germinating seeds.

CHEMIGATION USE INSTRUCTIONS (Citrus Crops Only)

Apply this product only through sprinkler including solid set and hand moved or drip irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not apply this product in an irrigation system connected to a public water supply. Crop injury, lack of effctiveness or illegal pesticides residue in the crop can result from non uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its opera tion, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Irrigation System Requirements:

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and a low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamina-tion from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick - closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid - operared valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must con-tain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Application Instructions:

Application of TRILIN 5 through irrigation systems should be used as a supplemental weed control practice to suppress break through weeds at irrigation points.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment, when system connections leak or when emitters do not provide uniform distribution.

Before use, remove scale, pesticide residues and other debris from the mix tank and the pump system. Flush system with clean water.

Calibration and distribution will be more accurately achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more diluge solution over time, if desired, dilute TRILIN 5 with water prior to injection and mission sufficiently evaluated, under tritish a with water provide injection and mission sufficiently evaluated to deliver a volume of 4 - 50 gallons per hour (gph) per emitter. Drip systems should be set at 0.5-3 gph per emitter.

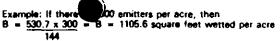
Inject TRILIN 5 into the system during the last stage of an irrigation cycle. The applica-tion interval should be such that at one period of time during the injection the first and last emitters in the system configure TRILIN 5 treated water. After application is completed flysh endipment with lean water, then continue to irrigate for one and a half to two hours.

Calculation of Use Rate: Calculation of use rate is based on wetted area around emitters NOT on tree acres. Apply THELING according to the dosages on this label. To determine the correct amount of TRILIN'S, "Se the following formula:

 Treated are:eper each emitter = A
 A = 1 4 x (radius x radius)
 Example if the average distance from emitter to perimeter of wetted area (measured) ene inch below soil surface) = 13 inches, then

- A = 3.14 x (13" x 13") = 530.7 square inches
- 2 The area in square feet wet in each acre = B

B = A x emitters / acre 144



- 3. The total area (in square feet) wet by your system = C C = B x acres covered by system
 - Example: If the system covers 20 acres, then C = 1105.8 square feet per acre x 20 acres
 - = 22,112 square feet wetted by system.
- 4. The total area (in acres) wet by your system = D D = 22,112 = total acreage wetted by system = .51 43,580
- 5. D x desired acre rate of TRILIN 5 = amount to be injected into system. Example: If desired rate is 3.2 pints per acre, then 3.2 pints x .51 acre = 1.6 pints TRILIN 5 injected into irrigation system

WHEAT (WINTER)

(Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Washington)

TRILIN 5 may be applied for proplant preamargance control of cheatgrass and other annual grasses and broadleaf weeds controlled by TRILIN 5. The growth, development and yield of winter wheat will not be adversely affected, provided the seed is placed bet the zone of soil treated with TRILIN 5.

Apply any time during a period from 3 weeks up to immediately prior to planting. Bro cest at a rate of 1.2 pints per acre on coarse soils and medium soils and 1.6 pints fine soils.

Incorporation Directions

Incorporate into the soil with a flexible tine-tooth harrow (Flextine, Melroe) set to cut 1 to 2 inches deep and operate at 3 to 6 mph. Incorporate one time within 24 hours after application, followed by a second incorporation in a different direction from the first prior to planting. Do not till the soil with a disc after the TRILIN 5 has been incorporated with flexible tine harrow.

Seeding Directions

Use only a deep furrow or semi-deep furrow drill that will place the seed below the zone of soil into which TRILIN 5.

Precaution

Wheat planted in direct contact with treated soil may suffer crop injury in the for delayed emergence and development.

WHEAT (WINTER) - FALLOW SOIL APPLICATION in Washington and Orego TRILIN 5 applied and shallowly incorporated into fallow soil up to four months ahea of planting will control cheatgrass and certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. The growth, development, or yield will not be adversely affected as long as the seed is plac ed below the zone of soil treated with TRILIN 5. Use deep or semi-deep furrow drills. Broadcast rates are 1.2 pints per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1.6 pints on fine soils. Apply any time from May to September prior to the fall planting of winter wheat. Incorporation

Incorporate with a flexible time-tooth harrow (Flextine or Melroe) set to cut 1 to 2 inches deep and operated at 3 to 6 mph. For thorough incorporation, two passes of the equip ment in different directions over the field are necessary. Incorporate one time within 24 hours after application followed by a second incorporation prior to seeding. Do not till the soil with a disc after TRILIN 5 has been applied with a flexible tine harrow

Precaution

Use only deep furrow or semi-deep furrow drills. Place seed below the zone of soil into which TRILIN 5 has been incorporated. Do not plant wheat directly into the zone of soil treated, injury to the crop or delay in its emergence and development may occur

WHEAT (SPRING), DURUM AND BARLEY TRILIN 5 ALONE

TRILIN 5 is recommended as a postplant incorporated treatment to control fortail (pigeongrass)

Apply at a broadcast rate of 0.8 pint per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1. on fine soils

Plant 2 to 3 inches deep in a well tilled seedbed. Apply TRILIN 5 after seeding but before the crop emerges. To incorporate use flex-tine or diamond harrows operated two times in different directions, at speeds of at least 5 mph. Incorporate by operating equipment 1 to 1 5 inches deep. Application and the first incorporation should be done in the same operation if possible. Both incorporations must be done within 24 hours

WHEAT (SPRING), DURUM, BARLEY (FALL APPLICATION)

Foxtell / Pigeongrass Control TRILIN 5 maybe fall applied for foxtail / pigeongrass control in spring wheat, durum and barley planted the following spring. TRILIN* 5 may be applied to ground that has a manageable trash level, has been fallowed or pre-tilled. The first incorporation is required within 24 hours after application. A second incorporation is required prior to plan ting to destroy emerged weeds and to ensure an even distribution of treated soil. **Broadcast Rates Per Acre**

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	
Coarse	0.8	
Medium	0.8	
Fine	1.2	

Incorporation Directions

Any of the following tools are recommended for fall incorporation. The disc or field cultivator may be used for the spring incorporation pass. Care should be taken to operate the tool at a more shallow depth than the fall incorporation

Chisel Plow — May be used for the first pass only. Operate at 4 5 inches deep at 4. 6 mph. A chisel plow is defined as having 3 rows of up to 18 inch sweeps on no greater than 12 inch centers. Stagger sweeps so that no soil is left unturned.

2 - Tandem Disc - Operate at 3 4 inches at 4 6 mph

3 — Field Cultivator — Operate at 3 - 4 inches deep at 5 mph or more. A field cultivator is defined as having 3 to 4 rows of sweeps with "C" or "S" shaped shanks, spaced 7 inches or less and staggered so that no soil is left unturned.

Planting Directions

Wheat, durum, or barley should be approximately 2 inches of

Precaution

While use of this practice may result in a stand reduction, slight stand reductions do not normally affect yield.

WHEAT (SPRING), DURUM AND BARLEY TRILIN 5/Far-Go Tank Mix

TRILIN 5 / Far-Go applied as a postplant incorporated treatment will control foxtail (pigeongrass) and wild out.

Plant 2 to 3 inches deep in a well-tilled seedbed. Apply TRILIN 5 / Far-Go after seedling but before crop emerges. To incorporate, use flex-time or diamond harrows two times, operated in different directions, at speeds of at least 5 mph. Incorporate by operating equipment 1 to 1.5 inches deep. Application and the first incorporation should be done in the same operation if possible. If not, incorporate immediately after application. **Broadcast Rates Per Acre**

	TRILIN 5 Barley		Far-Go		
Soil Texture	Durum Spring Wheat (pints)	Durum Spring Wheat (pints)	Barley (pints)		
Coarse	0.8	2.5	2		
Medium	0.8	2.5	2		
Fine	1.2	2.5	2		

Precaution

Over application may result in crop injury. Read the Far-Go label carefully before using.

FLAX — FALL APPLICATION

IN 5 may be applied and incorporated in the fall for weed control in spring seeded flax. Ground cover from existing weeds or previous crop should be at a manageable level so that there is no interference with incorporation.

Apply as the broadcast rates per acre of 0.8 pint for coarse soils, 1.2 pints for medium soils and 16 pints for fine soils.

Incorporation Directions

Incorporate one time within 24 hours after application. The second incorporation should be performed in the spring prior to seeding flax. The incorporation operations should result in a thoraugh mixing of TRILIN 5 with the soil. Otherwise, erratic weed control may result

Incorporation Equipment

Use machinery that mixes TRILIN 5 thoroughly with the soil. Recommended equipment includes:

Disc - Set to cut 3-4 inches deep and operated in 2 different directions at 4 to 6 mph. A tandem or double disc operated one time does not provide adequate incorporation. Field Cultivator - Set to cut 3-4 inches deep and operated at 5 mph or more. The field cultivat - used alone or in combination with the double-disc will provide effective incorporation providing the following instructions are used:

1 -- Two passes over the field with a field cultivator with second pass running at an angle to the first. Do not set cultivator to cut deeper than 4 inches. Be sure a depth of not greater than 4 inches is maintained on the second pass since untreated soil may be turned up

2 - Field cultivator used for the first pass and the double-disc used for the second pass. Double-disc used on the first pass and the field cultivator used for the second pass.

A field cultivator is defined as an implement with 3 to 4 rows of sweeps spaced rvals of 7 inches or less and staggered so that no soil is left unturned. Chisel points should not be used

Mulch treader and other similar disc-type implements - Set to cut 3 - 4 inches deep and pretrated at 5 to 8 mph in two different directions

Special Instructions for Flax

1 — Incorporation operations or any other tillages performed in the spring prior to seeding should be relatively shallow so as to maintain a firm seedbed, and the seedbed should be packed just prior to seeding.

2 - Seeding should be done with a press drill or hos drill. Seed into a moist seedbed no more than 1.5 inches deep.

3 - Flax should not be seeded until the seedbed has warmed up.

. Refer to special precautions statement on this label regarding stresses that can lead to crop injury or yield reduction.

Note: Do not delay the first incorporation more than 24 hours after application.

ONIONS (Grown for Dry Bulbs Only) **Application Directione**

Apply TRILIN 5 as a directed spray to the soil between the onion rows. Avoid spraying the onion tops or exposed bulbs.

Preharvest Interval

Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre

Soil Texture	TRILIN_5 (pints)	
Coarse	0.6 - 0 8	
Medium	0.8 - 1.0	

For band applications, use proportionately less TRILIN 5. Use the lower rates where light weed pressure is anticipated.

Incorporation Directions

Soil incorporation may be accomplished by operating sweep type or rolling cultivators.

2 to 4 inches deep at 6 to 8 mph. Interpretation equipment must mix TRILIN 5 uniformly in the soil. Incorporate with two passes. The first pass must be within 24 hours of application or erratic weed control may result. Avoid covering exposed onion bulbs with treated soil during incorporation as injury to the crop may occur. Care should be taken to avoid injury to the roots during incorporation.

Precautions

Applied according to these directions and under normal growing conditions, TRILIN 5 will not adversely affect onions. Diseases, in proper incorporation depth, excessive moisture, high salt concentration or drought may weaken the crop and increase the possibility of damage from TRILIN 5. Under these conditions, delayed crop develop ment or reduced yields may result.

RAPESEED

TRILIN 5 as a broadcast application will control certain annual grasses and broadlest weeds in repeased.

For Use in AN States Except Alaska Follow recommended procedures for soil preparation and application for TRILIN 5. TRILIN 5 may be applied in the fall or early spring prior to seeding. Set incorporation equipment to incorporate to a depth of 3 to 4 inches with equipment specified in this label. **Broadcast Rates Per Acre**

Soil Texture	TRILIN 5 (pints)	
Coarse	<u>```</u>	
Medium	1.2	
Fine	1.6	

FERTILIZER USE DIRECTIONS APPLICATION WITH LIQUID FERTILIZERS

TRILIN 5 may be mixed with most liquid fertilizer materials. The combination with solutions and suspension-type fertilizers has provided weed and grass control equal to the same rates of TRILIN 5 applied in water. Follow TRILIN 5 label recommendations regar ding rates per acre, crops, incorporation directions, special instructions, cautions and special precautions.

Individual state regulations relating to liquid fertilizer mixing, registration, labeling and applications are the responsibility of the individual and / or company selling the fertilizer and chemical mixture.

Testing for Tank Mix Compatibility in Liquid Fetilizers

TRILIN 5 alone or in tank mixture with dry flowables, wettable powders (WP), aqueous suspensions (AS), Flowables (F), liquids (L), or solutions (S) may not combine properly with some fluid factilizer materials. Small quantities should always be tested before fullscale mixing. This will determine whether a compatibility agent is needed, and which agent does the best job. The seven agents listed below have been thoroughly tested. There are many other surfactants on the market which were not designed for use with liquid fertilizer. Use the following test to select the correct agent for your mixture.

1 - Put 1 pint of the liquid fertilizer in a quart jar.

2 - Add 1 to 4 teaspoonfulls) of the dry flowable, WP, AS, F, or L formulation (depending on the recommended rate per acrel to the liquid fertilizer. Close jar and agitate until the materials are dispersed eventy in the fertilizer. If the materials do not disperse well, at maybe necessary to slumy the chemicals in water before addition to the fertilizer.

3 — After dispersing the materials (Step 2), and 3 to 4 teaspoonsfulls of TRILIN 5 to the jar and shake well. Add solution herbicides to the mixture last and agitate. Observe а. the jer for about 10 minutes. If the materials rise to the surface and form a thick layer (oily curds) which will not redisperse when agitated, a compatibility agent is needed. If the mixture is easily redispersed to its original state with slight agitation, no agent is needed but good agitation must be provided in the fertilizer spray tank

- If the need for a compatibility agent is shown on Sept 3, using a clean quart jar, start at Sept 1 above, add 0.5 terspoon of the compatibility agent to the liquid fertilizer, mix well, then repeat Steps 2 and 3.

An effective compatibility agent will cause the mixture to remain uniformly mixed with little or no separating or oil rising to the surface for one half hour or longer. If slight separation does occur, 2 to 3 inversions of the jar should give a uniform remix. If oily curds form which will not redisperse, more agent or another agent should be tried.

Use a clean jar for each test. The compatible mixture will have a uniform appearance and will be relatively easy to keep mixed with gentle agitation of the jar.

LIQUID FERTILIZER MIXING INSTRUCTIONS TRILIN 5 in Liquid Fertilizer - Emulsifiable consentrates such as TRILIN 5, can be

THILIN'S in Liquid Fertilizer - Emulsitiable consentrates such as THILIN 5, can be mixed with liquid fertilizers. In all cases, continuous egitation is required to prevent the THILIN 5 from rising to the surface as an oily layer. Write necessary, (see Testing for Tank Mix Compatibility in Liquid Fertilizers, above) a compatibility agent can be used to cause the **TRILIN** 5 to emulsify property (i.e., have a milky appearence rather than an oily layer). The use of compatibility agents is especially important when that mixing emulsifiable concentrates (EC) with dry flowables, writtable powders (VVP), aqueous suspensions (AS), flowables (F), liquids (L), or solutions (Sain liquid fertilizer. If the emulsuspensions (AS), increases (F), increases (F), increases (Sami legitid terminary. If the emul-sion is not properly formed and the TRILIN 5 rises to the surface of the fertilizer as an oil ("oils out") the oil rney combine with the wettable powder, floyable, of suspension to form oily curds (viacous phase) which is difficult to redisperse. Arguing of the com-patibility agents listed below is helpful in causing liquid concentrates to form non-orling mixtures with liquid fertilizers. Thes, compatibility agents can be used at rates as low as 1.5 to 2 pints per ton of liquid fertilizer and should be mixed with with the fertilizer before adding the liquid concentrate. Read the label on the compatibility agent and follow the directions.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

- 1 -- Sponto 168D (Witco Chemicals Co., Chicago, IL)
 - Compat (Farm Chemicals, Inc., Aberdeen, NC)
 - Unite (Hopkins Ag Chemical, Madison, WI)
- 4 --- T-Mulz 734-2 (Thompson-Hayward Chemical Co.)

3

- uckner, KY) 5 - Rigo Compatibility Agent (Rigo Compan
- 6 Amoco Spray Mate" (Amoco Oil Co., Chicago, IL)

7 .. Kem - Link (Universal Coop, Minneapolis, MN)

All of the above are phosphate, ester-type surfactants designed to be used with liquid fertilizers. They usually do not work as compatibility agents in tank mixtures in plain water Application

Spread the fertilizer / pesticide mixture with a properly calibrated applicator. Be certain the material is applied uniformly to the soil surface.

Incorporation

Follow normal TRILIN 5 incorporation procedures.

TRILIN 5 application with dry bulk fertilizers — Dry bulk fertilizers may be impregnated or coated with TRILIN 5. Application of dry bulk fertilizers impregnated with TRILIN 5 has provided weed and grass control equal to the same rates of TRILIN 5 applied in water

All TRILIN 5 label recommendations regarding rates per acre, approved crops, incorporation, a use instructions, cautions, and special precautions must be follow

Apply a minimum of 200 pounds per acre of dry fertilizer impregnated with TRILIN 5 at the recommended rates. Any Lommonly used dry fertilizers can be used for TRILIN 5 impregnation except coated ammonium nitrate and straight limestone. These materials will not absorb the herbicide. Blends containing mixtures of these materials can be impregnated

Impregnation

Use any closed drum, belt, ribbon or other commonly used dry bulk fertilizer blender. Apply TRILIN S uniformly to the fertilizers.

Rates

Check specific crop recommendations for the rate of TRILIN 5 per acre. See the rate table which follows to determine the amount of TRILIN 5 to be impregnated into the ton of dry bulk fertilizer based on the amount of fertilizer which will be applied per acre (see rate chart below)

Application

Spread the fertilizer / chemical mixture with a properly calibrated applicator. Be certain the material is applied uniformly to the soil surface.

Incorporation

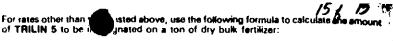
Enstilian

Follow TRILIN 5 incorporation procedures.

RATE CHART FOR IMPREGNATING **FERTILIZER WITH TRILIN 5** (TRILIN 5 added to a Ton of Fertilizer)

TRILIN 5 Rate Per Acre

Rate Per Acre	0.8 pint	1.2 pints	1.6 pints	2.4 pints	3.2 pints
200 pounds	4 gts / ton	6 qts/ton	8 qts/ton	12 gts/ton	16 qts/ton
250 pounds	3.2 qts/ton	4.8 gts/ton	6.4 gts/ton	9.6 qts/ton	12.8 ats/ton
300 pounds	2.7 gts/ton	4 gts/ton	5.6 ats/ton	8 cts/ton	10.8 qts/ton
350 pounds	2.3 qts/ton	3.6 gts/ton	4.8 qts/ton	6.8 gts/ton	9.2 gts/ton
400 pounds	2 qts/ton	3 qts/ton	4 gts/ton	6 gts/ton	8 gts/ton
450 nounds	1.8 ats/ton	2.7 ats/ton	3.6 ats/ton	5 4 ats/100	7.2 ots/ton



Pints 1000 RILIN 5 per X Ibs. fertilizer cre per acre	=	quarts TRILIN 5 per ton of fertilizer
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All individual state regulations relating to dry bulk fertilizer blending, registration, label-ing and application are the responsibility of the individual and / or company selling the ferblizer and chemical mixture.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Applied according to directions and under normal growing conditions, TRILIN 5 will not application of improper soil incorportion of TRILIN 5 can result in erratic weed control or crop injury. Seeding disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, high salt concentration or drought may weaken crop seedlings and increase the possibility of damage from TRILIN 5. Under these conditions, delayed crop development or reduced yields may result.

In Arizona, Colorado, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah. Washington and Wyoming, sugarbeets, red beets or spinach should not be planted for 12 months after a spring application or for 14 months after a fall application. Plow the land to a depth of 12 inches prior to planting sugar beets to prevent the possibility of crop injury. Sorghum (milo), proso millet, corn or cats should not be planted for 14 months after a spring applicatio 1 or for 16 months after a fall application to avoid crop injury. If land has not been irrigated, do not plant any of these crops for 18 months after a spring application or 20 months after a fall application. In those portions of Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Texas where at least 20 inches of irrigation and / or rainfall (total) was used to produce the crop, sorghum or oats should not be planted for 12 months after an application.

If less than 20 inches of total water was used to produce the crop, do not plant sorghum, proso millet, or oats for 8 months after an application. Cool, wet weather conditions during the early stage of growth may increase the possibility of injury to sorghum.

In all other areas receiving greater than 20" rainfall / year, Moldboard plow before plan-ting sugar beets where a spring application of TRILIN 5 was made the previous season. Also note planting restrictions listed in the section on control of rhizome johnsongrass

and other higher rate programs. Vegetable Growing Areas

Vegetable crops other than those listed on this label should not be planted within 3 r following the application of TRILIN 5.

NOTICE OF WARRANTY

GRIFFIN warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as wrather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of thich are beyond the control of GRIFFIN. In no case shall GRIFFIN be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer, GRIFFIN MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF ME "CHANTABILI-TY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER E: "RESS OR IM-PLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

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