11/10/2005

1/8

Please read instructions on rev	rerse before completing f	erm.		Form Appr	oved.	OMB No. 20	270-0060.	Approval expires 05-31-98
United States Environmental Protection Age Weshington, DC 20460			ency	,	×	Registra Amendr Other		OPP Identifier Number
Application for Pesticide - Section I								
1. Company/Product Number 1812-350							3. Pro	oposed Classification
4. Company/Product (Name) Super Tin® 80WP			PM# 22					None Restricted
5. Name and Address of Applic Griffin L.L.C. P.O. Box 30 Newark, DE 19714-0030	6300/429)	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No						
Check if this is a new address			Product Name					
		Sec	tion -]]				
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated			Finel printed labels in response to Agency letter dated "Me Too" Application.			to	NOTIFICATION NOV 1 o 2005	
Notification - Explain bel	low.			Other - Expl	lein be	dow.		,,,,,,
Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Please accept this submission as notification of revised Section 3 labeling for Super Tin® 80WP (EPA Reg. No. 1812-350). The Warranty Section has been updated. Enclosed please find the following: 1. One (1) EPA Form 8570-1 2. Five (5) copies of the draft label identified as GL-020-1 100605 07-06-04 3. One (1) highlighted copy of the label indicating the proposed changes 4. One (1) copy of Agency Letter and Label Accepted With Comments dated July 6, 2004								
		Sec	tion - I	 _				
1. Material This Product Will Be	s Packaged In:							
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes* No * Cartification must be submitted Unit Packaging Yes No. per Unit Packaging w(jt. container		. per If "Ye	Water Soluble Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Package wgt No. per container		7	2. Type of	Container Metal Plastic Glass Paper Other (S	ipecify)
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Retail Container 5. Location of Label Directions On Label On Label On Labeling accompanying product								
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled Other								
Section - IV								
1. Contact Point (Complete ite	ms directly below for ide	ntification of Indiv	ridu a l to b	e contacted,	if nec	essary, to pr	ocess this	application.)
Name Kristi A. Barnett			1				No. (Include Area Code) 66-5051	
		On Il attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. nent may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or				6. Date Application Received (\$:amped)		
Wish A Soviet			3. Title Registration Coordinator					
4. Typed Name			5. Date					
Kristi A. Barnett			10/12/05					

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE due to carcinogenicity, potential for affecting fetal development, and high acute toxicity to humans. For retail sale to and use by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicators certification.



Super Tin® 80WP

fungicide

AGPAK® Water Soluble Pack

Active Ingredient	By Weight		
Triphenyltin Hydroxide	80.0%		
Inert Ingredients	20.0%		
TOTAL	100.0%		

EPA Reg. No. 1812-350

Contains 6.0 ounces Triphenyltin Hydroxide per 7.5 ounce pack. Contains 20.0 ounces of Triphenyltin Hydroxide per 25.0 ounce pack.

pack. Contains 1.87 pounds Triphenyltin Hydroxide per 2.34 pound pack.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER PELIGRO



POISON

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For medical emergencies involving this product, call toll free 1-800-441-3637.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate use of gastric lavage.

See Label for Additional Precautions and Directions for Use

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER-PELIGRO! Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive, causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust, vapor, or spray mist.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency has determined that triphenyltin hydroxide, the active ingredient of this product, affects fetal development in laboratory animals. Exposure to this product during pregnancy should be avoided.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or neoprene rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical-resistant category selection chart..

Handlers exposed to the concentrate or diluted product must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or neoprene rubber
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical resistant apron for mixing and loading or equipment maintenance
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- NIOSH approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter

Handlers, mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and others using engineering controls must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or neoprene rubber, during mixing and loading
- Chemical resistant apron

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS: When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Applicators and human flaggers must be in enclosed cabs. Mixers and loaders using intact water-soluble packaging are using a closed mixing and loading system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4)].

(Cont'd Next Page)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(6)].

Ground-equipment applicators and flaggers must use an enclosed cab that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides[40 CFR 170.240 (d)(5)].

All mixers, loaders, applicators and flaggers must wear the personal protection equipment specified above for the task they are performing and all (except aerial applicators) must be provided and must have immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment failure, the PPE specified above for handlers not using engineering controls.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not allow this product to drift from the target site. Do not apply with aircraft within 300 feet or with groundboom equipment within 100 feet of any natural body of water such as rivers, streams, ponds, lakes and reservoirs. Do not apply with aircraft when wind speed is greater than 10 mph. Apply this pesticide only as specified on this label. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.



Use this product only in accordance With its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR pair 170. This Standard contains requirements for protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours for all crops.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or neoprene rubber
- Shoes and socks

treated areas.

- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
 Notify workers of the application by warning them
 orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATION:

SUPER TIN® 80WP fungicide can be applied as a ground or aerial spray to control fungal infestations on listed crops. Application rates are for general use and must not be exceeded. The state agricultural extension or agricultural experiment station specialist should be consulted for specific applications and timing recommendations. With any spray application, thorough coverage is essential for good control. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system except on potatoes.

Do not allow this product to drift from the target site. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

In case of accidental exposure, see First Aid section of label..

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the airstream and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information (below).

Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information:

This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE:

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice.
 Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using lowdrift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift potential.

BOOM LENGTH: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

<u>SWATH ADJUSTMENT</u>: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by

adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller crops, etc.)

<u>WIND</u>: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential.

NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves lateral in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS: This pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

MIXING PROCEDURES

When using SUPER TIN® 80WP alone, open outer bag and place the entire water soluble pack into the filled spray tank and close tank immediately. Keep water soluble packs dry until use. Do not handle the packs with wet gloves. Do not open water soluble pack.

If boron or other micro nutrients, fertilizers or other crop protection chemicals are to be used, fill spray tank 2/3 full, with agitation running, add SUPER TIN® 80WP and close lid. Do not open water soluble pack. Allow approximately 10 minutes for the water soluble pack to dissolve. After package has dissolved, add other products and remaining water. Continue agitation during spray out. See PRECAUTION statement below on emulsifiable concentrate insecticides.

GENERAL CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system on crops other than potatoes. Apply this product only through one or more of the following types of systems: sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation system. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

For specific information about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other irrigation experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public, such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted for the duration of the restricted entry interval. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2 1/2 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER. This sign is in addition to any sign posted to comply with the Worker Protection Standard.

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION:

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

PRECAUTIONS

We do not recommend mixture with surfactants, spreaders, stickers or buffers unless testing or prior experience has shown the mixture to be non-phytotoxic to the crop. Combinations with some pesticides, micro-nutrients, spreaders, stickers, surfactants or buffering agents can increase phytotoxicity. **Phytotoxicity may be severe.** Emulsifiable concentrate insecticides can be especially injurious in combination. Do not graze dairy or meat animals in treated areas.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICATION							
Crop	Disease	Dry Oz/A	Use Directions				
Sugar Beets	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Suppression of Beet Army Worm	2.5-5.0 (15-7.5 acres/2.34 lb pack or 3-1.5 acres/7.5 oz pack or 10-5 acres/25 oz. pack)	Ground (Enclosed Cabs Only): Apply in at least 15 gallons of water. Full coverage of the foliage is necessary for best results. Aerial (helicopter or fixed wing aircraft): Apply in 5 to 10 gallons of water. Diluted spray should be directed uniformly to all parts of the plant. Use lower gallonage when plants are small and increase volume with plant size. Use the lower rate for protective sprays and the higher rates later in the season or during high infection periods. Application should begin when Leaf Spot conditions appear or when the disease is in the area and repeated at 10 to 14 day intervals. In all states EXCEPT Minnesota, North Dakota, and Michigan, the maximum amount of product that can be applied is 10 ounces of SUPER TIN® 80WP. For Minnesota, North Dakota, and Michigan, a maximum seasonal amount of 15 ounces of SUPER TIN® 80WP may be applied. Do not treat within 21 days of harvest. Do not graze or feed beet tops to livestock				
Potato	Early Blight, Late Blight, Suppression of Colorado Potato Beetle	2.5-3.75* (15-10 acres/2.34 lb pack or 3-2 acres/7.5 oz pack or 10-6.6 acres/25 oz. pack)	Ground (Enclosed Cabs Only): Apply in at least 15 gallons of water. Full coverage of the foliage is necessary for best results. A spray pressure of less than 200 psi is recommended. Aerial: Apply in 3 to 10 gallons of water. For helicopter application, fly high enough so as not to whip the vines. Chemigation: SUPER TIN® 80WP should be added through a traveling irrigation system continuously or at the last 30 minutes of solid set or hand moved irrigation systems. Agitation is recommended. Diluted spray should be directed uniformly to all parts of the plant and the gallonage increased according to the size of the plants. Application should begin with the appearance of blight weather conditions and continue on a 7 day schedule. Do not treat within 7 days of harvest. Do not exceed 11.25 ounces/acre per season. The lower rate of application should be used early in the season and the high rate mid to late season or when blight infection in is the area. *PEST MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS. When used in combination with another fungicide registered for disease control on potatoes, a 1.87 ounce/acre rate may be employed.				
Pecan	Brown Leaf Spot, Downy Spot, Leaf Blotch, Liver Spot, Powdery Mildew, Scab, Sooty Mold	5.0-7.5 (7.5-5 acres/2.34 lb. pack or 1.5-1 acre/7.5 oz pack or 5.0- 3.3 acres/25 oz. pack)	Ground (Enclosed Cabs Only): Apply in sufficient water water to provide for full coverage. Aerial: Apply in a minimum of 20 gallons of water. Diluted spray should be directed to all parts of the tree. Application should begin at pre-pollination stages when the young leaves are unfolding, and a second application made when the small nuts are forming. Apply a maximum of nine treatments during a single growing season at 2 to 4 week intervals as needed to maintain control. Use the lower rate for the first two applications or until the disease becomes severe or during dry weather. Use the higher rate during wet weather or during severe scab, powdery mildew, or other disease infections. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Apply a maximum seasonal use rate of 30 ounces of SUPER TIN® 80WP for pecans grown west of Interstate 35. Apply a maximum seasonal use rate of 45 ounces of SUPER TIN® 80WP for pecans grown east of Interstate 35.				

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a clean, dry area. Store above 0° C and below 35°C. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only, and do not open outer bag until ready to use. Do not over stack pallets. When opening and handling or when cleaning up spilled or leaked material, personnel should be wearing clothing and equipment listed under the Personal Protective Equipment heading on this label. Sweep up material that has spilled or leaked and place in suitable fiberboard containers for disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty outer bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

AGPAK® and SUPER TIN® are registered trademarks of DuPont or its affiliates.

LIMITATION OF

WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read This Limitation of Warranty and Liability Before Buying or Using This Product. If the Terms Are Not Acceptable, Return the Product at Once, Unopened, and the Purchase Price Will Be Refunded.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks arise from weather conditions, soil factors, off target movement, unconventional farming techniques, presence of other materials, the manner of use or application, or other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of Griffin LLC. These risks can cause: ineffectiveness of the product; crop injury, or; injury to non-target crops or plants.

Griffin LLC does not agree to be an insurer of these risks. WHEN YOU BUY OR USE THIS PRODUCT, YOU AGREE TO ACCEPT THESE RISKS.

Griffin LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions.

GRIFFIN LLC MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL GRIFFIN LLC OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. BUYER'S OR USER'S BARGAINED-FOR EXPECTATION IS CROP PROTECTION. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF GRIFFIN LLC OR SELLER, FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT OR STRICT LIABILITY), WHETHER FROM FAILURE TO PERFORM OR INJURY TO CROPS OR OTHER PLANTS, AND RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT, OR AT THE ELECTION OF GRIFFIN LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

Griffin LLC or its Ag Retailer must have prompt notice of any claim so that an immediate inspection of buyer's or user's growing crops can be made. Buyer and all users shall promptly notify Griffin LLC or a Griffin LLC Ag Retailer of any claims, whether based on contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise or be barred from any remedy.

This Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

GL - 020-1 100605 07-06-04



CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

ACTION: Notification of Revised Section 3 Labeling per PR Notice 98-10
FEE CATEGORY: Not Applicable REGISTRATION FEE: Not Applicable

October 12, 2005

Sent Via Federal Express

Mr. Tony Kish, Acting PM-22, Fungicide Branch U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Pesticide Programs, Registration Division (7504C) Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2 1801 South Bell Street Arlington, VA 22202

Subject:

Super Tin® 80WP (EPA Reg. No. 1812-350)

Notification of Revised Section 3 Labeling per PR Notice 98-10

Dear Ms. Giles-Parker:

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statements to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under section 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Please accept this submission as notification of revised Section 3 labeling for Super Tin® 80WP (EPA Reg. No. 1812-350). The Warranty Section has been updated. Enclosed please find the following:

- 1. One (1) EPA Form 8570-1
- 2. Five (5) copies of the draft label identified as GL-020-1 100605 07-06-04
- 3. One (1) highlighted copy of the label indicating the proposed changes
- 4. One (1) copy of Agency Letter and Label Accepted With Comments dated July 6, 2004

In addition to updating the Warranty Statement, the following grammatical errors have been corrected:

- ➤ Under Controlling Droplet Size, the text has been changed to: "Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets."
- > Under Swath Adjustment, the text has been changed to: "SWATH ADJUSTMENT: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind."
- ➤ Under Temperature Inversions, the text has been changed to: "They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator."

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact me by phone at (302) 366-5051 or by email at Kristi.A.Barnett@usa.dupont.com.

Sincerely.

Kristi A. Barnett

Registration Coordinator

BARRET