PM 25 1812-320

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

MAY 5 1993

Ms. Carol Eakins Griffin Corporation Rocky Ford Road P. O. Box 1847 Valdosta, GA 31601

Dear Ms. Eakins:

Subject: Linex 50DF

EPA Reg. No. 1812-320

Re: Approval of Change in Replanting Instructions

Your Submission Dated March 25, 1993

The above mentioned amendment submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA is acceptable with the deletion of the section highlighted in the replanting instructions.

The environmental hazard statement should also be revised to include the statement "Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark."

A stamped copy is enclosed for your records. Please submit five copies of the revised label.

Sincerely,

Robert J. Taylor Product Manager (25) Fungicide-Herbicide Branch Registration Division (H7505C)

Enclosure

| CONCURRENCES | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--------|--|
| SYMBOL) H 7505 | | | | |
| SURHAME & COLLEGE | | | •••••• | |
| DATE \$ 5-5-93 | | | | |

EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)

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Griffin

with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Date:
MAY 5 1993

Jof 7

Under the formal Insecticide, odenticide Act the posticide as amends the posticide Registered under EPA Reg. No.



DRY FLOWABLE

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT...

IF SWALLOWED: Induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN: Remove by washing with soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Wash with large amounts of water and get medical attention.

GRIFFIN CORPORATION

VALDOSTA, GA 31601

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EPA REG NO. 1812-320

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS **CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed. May irritate eyes, nose, throat, and skin. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. In case of skin contact, wash with soop and water. In case of contact with eyes, immediately flush with copious amounts of water. Get medical attention if irritation ersists. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water or wetlands. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disp

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture litary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Paper and Plag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and If burned, stay out of smoke. empty burning.

RE-ENTRY STATEMENT

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being ated st be vacated by unprotected persons.

Do not re-enter treated areas for 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is worn.

Because certain states may require more restrictive entry intervals for various crops treated with this produ Q. our State Department of Agriculture follows further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area q an area abo be treated with this product. (Indicate specific , period of time field must be vacated and aporal warnings which inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific ective clot o in a language customarily understood by workers orkers. Written warnings must include the following propriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure). When oral warnings are given, warnings Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be unders information: CAUTION: Area treated with Linex 50 DF on (date of application). Do t re-enter to re-enter trea eas for 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is worn. In case of accidental exposure see Statement of Practical Treatme

PERSONAL PEOT

en fabric as specified in the USDA/EPA Guide to Commercial Applicators. One piece overalls which have long sleeves and long pants constru of finally v ler Wide brimmed hats. Chemical resistant gloves which are mid-fore Clothing which has been drenched or has otherwise absorbed of Any article worn while applying linuron must be cleaned before re-using be must be disposed of in a sanitary landfill, or incinerated, or if allowed d postic nd e 1975 by state and local authorities, by burning. Instead of clothy men cified above, the applicator can use an enclosed tractor cab which provides a filtered air supply (as described by Taschenberg and Bo oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product.

TAL INFORMATION

Linex 50 DF is a dispersible granule to be micontrol on non-cropland areas. Linex 5000E is optied as a spray for selective control of weeds on certain crops and for non-selective weed to equipment, non-flammable, and non-volatile. is' cont

To control susceptible weed seedling in exte Liperiod of time, apply Linex 50 DF to soil before weed emergence. The degree of control and duration chemical appl ter will uire pping, soil texture, rainfall and other conditions. Higher dosages are needed for soils high in clay or organic uire lower dosages to obtain equivalent herbicide performance. Since moisture is needed to activate Linex 50 of effect will vary with the amount; matter. Soil low in clay or organic DF, rainfall or irrigation is n 2 v s of application.

When using Linex 50 D eds best results are obtained on succulent weeds growing in temperatures of 70° or higher with high humidity. Where recommended. a surfactant to the spray increases contact effects of Linex 50 DF

It is suggested that ist use to small areas as the effect of Linex 50 DF varies with soils, uniformity of application and environmental conditions. Follow all lab any product used in mixtures.

GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED BY LINEX 50DF

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is as they germinate.

ed, Chicle

Galineoga

Devito Contimon 4 Florida Pusley 🗽

Nettleleaf goosefoot Lambsquarters Mustard Pirment,

Purslane Radish, Wild

Ragweed, Common Smartweed

Grasses Barnyardgrass (Watergrass) Canarygrass Crabgrass

Foxtail (Including Grant) Goosegrass Fall Panicum

Linex 50 DF will provide partial crintral of the following:

_ Africal Morningglory Cocklebur

Prickly Sida (Teaweed)

Sickleood

Velvetical (Buttonweed)

Linex 500F will riot 60 itrol established perennials such as:

Bermudagrass Casada thiatle c Field bindweed

Johnsongrass

Purple nutsedge

On lighter soils lower dosage rates will, he effective. Use higher rates on heavier soils and the more resistant seedling weeds. Moisture in the form of rainfell or sprinkler in witten is necessary after treatment to carry the chemical into the root zone of germinating weeds. Best results are obtained if moisture of 1/2" to 1" on moist soils; 1" on dry soils is applied within two yieghs after application.

POSTEMERGENCE USE

Linex 50 DF will critical seedlings of these weeds

Broadlesf Weeds Carpetweed į , , , Cocklebur

Dayflower, Common Dog Fennel Fiddleneck (Amsinckie) Florida Beggerweed

Florida Purslane (Florida Pusley) Groundsel

Knawel .ambaouarters **Annual Morningglory** Nettleleaf Goosefoot Pigweed Prickly Sida (Teaweed) Purslane Sesbania Sicklepod

Smartweed Velvetleaf (Buttonweed) Wild Buckwheat

Barnyardgrass (Watergrass) Broadleaf (Signalgrass) Canarygrass Crabgrass Fall Parvicum

Foxtail (Including Grant)

Goosegrass **Rattail Fescue** Ryegrass, Annual Texas Panicum

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APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Linex 50DF should be used only in accordance with recommendations on this label. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Injury to or loss of desirable trees or other plants may result from failure to observe the following:

AERIAL APPLICATION --- Preemergence Onty --- Potatoes and Soybeans --- Apply Linex 50 DF in a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. Avoid applications under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where extensive spray drift may occur. Avoid applications directly to human or animals. Flagmen and loaders should avoid inhalation of spray mist and contact with skin. Wash thoroughly before eating and at the end of each days operation.

GROUND APPLICATION: Use a fixed-boom power sprayer calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery. Openings in acreen should be equal to or larger than 50 mesh. Continuous agitation in the spray tank is necessary to keep the material in suspension. Agitation can be by hydraulic or mechanical means. If a by-pass or return line is used it should terminate at the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Avoid overlapping of apray swaths and shut off spray booms white starting, turning, slowing or stopping or crop injury may result.

For preemergence application, use a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. For postemergence application, use sufficient volume of water (minimum of 25 gallons per acre) thorough coverage of weed foliage. Always apply in a manner and under condition favorable to avoid spray drift.

CLEANING: Equipment should be cleaned of all traces of Linex 50 DF immediately after use. Nozzle tips and screens should be removed and cleaned separateby. Flush tank, pump, hoses and boom with several changes of water. Equipment should not be flushed or drained or Linex 50 DF applied near desirable trees or other plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. Linex 50 DF should not be used on home plantings of trees, shrubs or herbaceous plants, lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts or similar areas. Keep drift of dry powder or spray from desirable plants.

SPRAY PREPARATION:

The tank should be 1/4 filled with clean water. Start agitation system, add Linex 50 DF and continue adding water. Each component of any tank mix should be added separately while adding water. Surfactant, if used, should be added last when the tank is nearly full. Agitation should continue throughout. If poor mixing should occur with any component, premix the component with two parts water before adding to the spray tank.

RATES:

All rates are expressed as broadcast rates. Use proportionately less for band troatment. Use the lower rate on soil low in clay or organic matter (coarser soils) and the higher rate on soils high in clay or organic matter (finer soils). For postemergence application the lower rate should be used on smaller weeds and the higher rate on larger weeds.

SOIL LIMITATIONS:

Do not use on sand, loamy sand, gravelly soils or exposed subsoils or soils containing less than 1% organic matter unless otherwise directed as injury to crops may result.

REPLANTING:

The same crop may be replanted in soil treated preemergence with Linex 50 DF if initial seedling fails to produce a stand. Soil should be reworked before replanting. Do not extract the first decrease the content of t replanting. Do not retreat the field during the same crop year as crop injury may result. Do not replant treated areas to any other crop within 4 months after last application unless otherwise stated as injury to crops may result.

Do not rotate crops used for food or feed which are not registered for use with linuron into areas previously treated with this chemical.

CROP ROTATION RECOMMENDATIONS:

Unless otherwise directed, any crop may be planted after 4 months except for cereals where only barley, oats, rye and wheat may be planted.

West of the Rocky Mountains: Carrots or celery may be planted 4 months after last application; do not plant any other crop until 1 year after the last application as injury may result.

FERTILIZER SPRAY MIXTURES: For preemergence application, nonpressure nitrogen or fertilizer solution may be used in the spray mixture unless otherwise directed. Small quantities should be tested for compatibility by the following procedure before full scale mixture.

- 1. Measure one pint of intended spray water or fertilizer solution into a jar.
- 2. Add in the order given, the intended ingredients, shaking after each addition.
 - (a) Surfactants (spreaders), acidifers, compatibility agents and activators: add one teaspoon for each pint/100 gallons.
 - (b) Dry ingredients (wettable powders, dry flowables): add one tablespoon for each pound/100 gallons.
 - Soluble ingredients: add one tablespoon for each pound/100 (c) gallons
 - (d) Flowables: add teaspoon for each pint/100 gallons.
 - (e) Spreaders/stickers: add one teaspoon for each pint/100 gallons.
- 3. The final mixture should be uniform and smooth with no evidence of coagulation occurring

If competibility is evident, begin test again with a competibility agent

added first. Six drops is equivalent to four ounces per 100 gallons. If this does not smooth the mixture, try higher concentrations and other compatibility agents.

Allow the mixture to stand undisturbed thirty minutes. If separation occurs, shake and observe the resulting mixture.

If mixture is smooth proceed with spraying, provided the tank has good acitation.

If mixture is not smooth do not spray. You may try:

(a) more compatibility agents.

(b) different formulations of the active ingredients (switch from WP or EC to flowable or from WP to EC).

(c) change to active ingredients; some combinations will not tank mix.

ASPARAGUS California, Michigan, Minnesota, North Carolina, Oregon, Washington only

Direct Seeded or Newly Plented Crowns:

Do not exceed 4 lbs. total per acre per season; do not use surfactant or fertilizer solution in spray mixture.

Preemergence Application: Make a single application of 2 to 4 lbs. per acre after planting seed 1½" deep in coarse soil and 1" deep in fine soils. During planting operation, spray activated charcoal as a 1" band on soil surface directly over seed rows at the rate of 300 lbs. per acre (equivalent to 15 lbs. p 'r acre of crop with 20" row spacing). Preemergence weed control will be reduced in soils with high organic matter (greater than 5% and peat or muck).

Postemergence Application: Make 1 or 2 applications of 1 to 2 lbs. per acre when ferns are in 6" to 18" stage and weeds are not over 4" tall.

Established Beds:

Lo not apply within 1 day of harvest. Do not exceed 8 lbs. total per acre per season. Do not use surfactant c. fertilizer solution in spray mixture. Do not reenter treated areas for 24 hours following application unless protective clothing

Preemergence Application: Make a single application of 2 to 4 lbs. per acre. Preemergence weed control will be reduced in soils with high organic matter (greater than 5% and peat or muck).

Postemergence Application: Make 1 to 4 applications of 1 to 2 lbs. per acre before weeds exceed 4" in height. Apply before cutting season or immediately after cutting. Do not re-enter treated areas for 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is worn.

Directed Postemergence Application (Fern Stage):

Make a . ingle application of 4 to 8 lbs. per acre as directed; spray to base of plants for control of dudain melon.

Note: If more than 4 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre is applied per season, do not plant any other crop until 1 year after last application. Do not enter areas treated posternergence for 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is

In California, dudain melon and annual nightshade are controlled.

BULBS

Tulip, Calla Lilly, Daffodil and Dutch Iris Only California

After planting of bulbs, settle the soil with sprinkler irrigation (rainfall will serve the same purpose); then before emergence of plants (bulbs), apply 2 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. Treat only once during the growing season.

CARROTS

Preemergence Application — Florida, Michigan, Ohio and Wisconsin:

A single application of 1 to 3 lbs. per acre should be made after planting but prior to carrots emerging. Seed should be planted at least 1/2" deep. The lower rate should be used on lighter soils and the higher rate on heavier soils. Additional postemergence applications may be made as long as the total does not exceed 4 lbs. of Linex 50 DF per acre per season.

NOTE: To prevent possible crop injury in various varieties of carrots determine tolerance to Linex 50 DF before adoption as a field practice. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Postemergence — Entire U.S.:

Apply 1½ to 3 lbs. per acre as a port-hirected spray after carrots are at least 3" tall. Apply before annual grassos exceed 2" in height and before broadleaf weeds exceed 6" in height. Repeat application may be made but do not exceed 4 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre (West of Rocky Mountains, do not exceed 3 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre). Do not exceed 40 psi spray noz.:le pressure as crop injury may result.

Linex 50 DF may be applied following an application of Gloddard solvent provided treatments are at least one day apart. Stoddard solvent may be applied following application of Linex 50 DF provided treatments are at least 2 weeks apart. Shorter time intervals between applications may result in injury to the crop. Do not apply Linex 50 DF as a tank mixture with Sold-fard solvent, surfactions are facilities applied other personals. tants, nitrogen or fertilizer solution, other pesticides; r.c. when temperature exceeds 85°F as crop injury may result.

NOTE: Because carrot varieties vary in their resistance. Netermine tolerance to Linex 50 DF prior to adoption as a field practice to prevent possible crop injury. Do not treat susceptible varieties which show an initial burning of foliage following postemergence treatment with Linex 50 DF. Do not re-enter treated areas treated posternergence for 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is worn. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

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Postemergence Application — Alternate Treatment for New York: For control of emerged broadleaf weeds early in the development of the carrot crop, apply 0.25 lb. per acre to carrots having at least one fully developed true leaf and 0.5 lb. per acre to carrots having three or more leaves. A single application applied prior to the five-leaf stage of carots may not provide adequate season-long control. Multiple applications at 1- and 3- and 2- and 4-, or 3- and 5-leaf stages will significantly improve weed control. Early crop injury can occur, however the effects should be transitory, with no yield icsses attributable to crop injury. At normal rate recommendation, carrots must be at least three inches tall at the time of application. Failure to control weeds before this stage of development will result in significant yield losses due to weed competition. Note: The activity of Linex 50 DF on both carrots and weeds is increased if applied after three or more cloudy days. If spraying is done under these conditions, the dosage of Linex 50 DF must be reduced. Do not apply when the temperature exceeds 85°F. Linex DF often interacts with other herbicides of insecticides and damages carrots when the chemicals are tank mixed or applied acquentially at close intervals. Several days, preferably a week should elapse between Linex 50 DF applications and application of insecticides.

CELERY East of Rocky Mountains only

Post-transplant Application:

Make a single application of 1½ to 3 lbs. per acre. Apply as a non-directed spray after celery is transplanted and established, but before celery is 8" tall. Apply before annual grasses exceed 2" in height and before broadleaf weeds exceed 6" in height. In the Northeast, use only on celery grown on muck soils. Do not exceed 40 psi spray nozzle pressure, and do not apply when temperature exceeds 85°F nor as a tank mixture with surfactants, nitrogen or fertilizer solution, or other pesticides as injury to the crop may result. Do not replant to crops other than celery or carrots within 4 months after application as injury to subsequent crops may result. Do not re-enter treated areas for 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is worn.

CORN (Field) East of the Rocky Mountains only

Preemergence Application:

Select one of the following herbicide treatments for application as a tank mixture. A single application should be made after planting but prior to crop emergence. Seed should be planted at least 1 3/4" deep on either flat or raised seedbeds only or injury to the crop may rosult. Do not spray over top of emerg-

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF + Lasso³:

Soil Texture 1 to 3 % Organic Matter

| Denduct Des | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|
| Product Per Acre | Sandy Loam | Sift Loam | Clay Loam | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 2/3 - 1 1/4 | 1 - 1 2/3 | 1 1/4 - 2 | |
| Lasso (quarts) | 3/4 - 1 | 1 - 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 - 2 | |
| , | 3 to 6% Organic Matter | | | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1 1/4 - 2 | 1 2/3 - 2 1/2 | 2 - 3 | |
| Lasso (quarts) | 1 - 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 - 2 | 2 - 2 1/2 | |

Replanting: Corn or soybeans may be replanted within 4 months. After 4 months, any crop may be planted.

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF + Atrazine

Soil Texture 1 to 2 % Organic Matter

| Product Per | TO E / Organic matter | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Acre | Sandy Loam | Sift Loam | Clay Loam | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 2/3 to 1 | 1 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/3 to 1 2/3 | |
| Atrazine 60% (lbs.) | 1/2 to 2/3 | 2/3 to 1 | 3/4 to 1 | |
| | 2 to 5 % Organic Matter | | | |
| Linex 50 D/ (lbs.) PLUS | 1 to 2 | 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 | 1 2/3 to 3 | |
| Atrazine 80% (lbs.) | 2/3 to 1 1/4 | 1 to 1 1/2 | 1 to 2 | |

ີ່ CORN (rigid and Sweet)

Directed Posturingance Application

A single application as a directed spray should be made after corn is at least 15" high. Do not spray over top of corn, There should be sufficient differential between height of corn, and weeds so that the directed spray thoroughly covers all weed foliage without contact of upper leaves or whort of corn by spray or drift. Such contact flay cause crop injury. Early cultivation will aid in achieving proper differential between height of corn and weeds.

Apply 1 1/4 to 3 ft/d. I (nex 50 DF per scre. A pint of surfactant for each 25 gallons of spray mixture may be added. For field corn, non-pressurized nitrogen solution may be substituted for all or part of the water. On lighter soils (low in clay or organic matter) the lower rate should be used and when weeds do not exceed 2" in height. The higher rate should be used on heavier soils (soils high in clay or organic matter) and for weeds up to 5" in height.

COTTON **East of Rocky Mountains only**

Directed Posten.ergence Application:

Linex 50 DF should be applied as a directed spray with nozzles adjusted to minimize contact to cotton leaves with spray or drift to that crop injury does not result. Do not spray over top of cotton.

When cotton is at least 8" tall and weeds are not over 2" tall, apply 1 to 1 1/2 this. Linex 50 DF. One pint of surfactant for each 25 gallons of spray mixture may be added. If a second application is needed use the same rate and apply one week or later after first treatment. Alternatively, a single application of 2 to 3 lbs.: er acre following last cultivation can be made after cotton is 20" tall. if emerged weeds are present add surfactant as directed above.

NOTE: Should not be used on Pima varieties of cotton. Do not feed forage or gin trash from treated areas to livestock. Do not graze treated fields.

HYBRID POPLAR Midwest

Apply 2 to 4 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre before bud break in the spring. For application after bud break, apply 2 to 4 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre as a directed spray. Spray should be directed to weed growth and to avoid contact with the poplar plant. Do not spray over the top of the poplar as injury to the plant will result.

Use the lower rate on light soils and higher rate on heavier soils. For best results on emerged weeds, treat at the seedling stage.

More than one treatment may be made but no more than 8 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre should be applied per year.

PARSNIPS

Preemergence Application:

A single application of 1 1/2 to 3 lbs. per acre should be made after planting but prior to crop emergence. Seed should be planted at least 1/2" deep.

POTATOES

Preemergence Application:

A single application of Linex 50 DF should be made as a broadcast spray after planting but prior to crop emergence. Seed should be planted at least 2" deep. Do not spray over top of emerged potatoes. If beds are to be "dragged" and/or "hilled", apply after the final "dragging" or "hilling" operation. Application should be made before grasses are 2" tall and before broadleaf weeds are 6" tall, preferably just before or when weed seedlings emerge. A pint of surfactant for each 25 gallons of spray mixture can be added if emerged weeds are present. to irrigated areas, best results are obtained when application is made to moist soil, followed within 2 weeks by 1" to 2" of sprinkler irrigation (or rainfall). If soil is dry and powdery, irrigate before application and follow with sprinkler irrigation to activate herbicide. Do not use West of Rocky Mountains.

East of Rocky Mountains only:

On sandy loams, silt loams, soils with 1 to 2% organic matter (coarser soils) apply 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 lbs. of Linex 50 DF per acre. On silts, clay loams and soils with 2 to 5% organic matter (fine soils) apply 2 1/2 to 4 lbs. per acre to emerged weeds (before potato emergence).

Wisconsin — Central Sands Area:

Linex 50 DF should be applied at the rate of 1 lb. per acre on sands and 2 lbs. per acre on loamy sands.

Northeast:

Use the following tank mix for improved control of annual grasses. Follow directions and precautions on the Duals label also.

| | Soil Texture | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Coarse Sandy Loam | Medium Silt, Loam, Silt Loam | | |
| Product Per Acre | 1 to 3 % | 1 to 3 % Organic Matter | | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 to 2 | | |
| Dual (pints) | 1 1/2 | 2 | | |
| | 3 to 5 % | Organic Matter | | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1 1/2 to 2 | 2 to 2 1/2 | | |
| Dual (pints) | 2 | 2 1/2 to 3 | | |
| OTE: See Aerial Application | on Instructions. | | | |

SORGHUM

Preemergence Application:

Select a registered herbicide treatment for application as a tank mixture. A single application should be made after planting but prior to crop emergence. In soil with 1 to 2% organic matter apply ½ to 1% lbs./acre on sandy loam add 1 to 1½ lbs./acre on loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay or sandy clay loam. In soil with 2 to 4% organic matter apply 1 to 1½ lbs./acre on sandy loam and 1 to 2 lbs./acre on loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay, or sandy clay loam. Plant seed at least 1" deep on flat or raised seedbeds only as injury to the crop may result. Do not array over ton of emergence scrothum. språy over top of emergence sorghum.

Directed Postemergence Application:

Make a single application of Linex 50 DF as a directed spray. Add 1 pint surfacmake a single application of Linex 50 DF as a directed spray. Add 1 pint surfactant for each 25 gallons spray mixture. If sprayer is equipped with skids, shoes or shields, apply 1 lb./acre when sorghum is 12" tall (free standing plants) and weeds are up to 2" in height. Use 1 to 2 lbs./acre when sorghum is 15" tall and weeds are 2" to 4" in height. If boom drops are used, aply 1 to 2 lbs./acre when sorghum is at least 18" tall and weeds are 2 to 4" in height. Apply only when there is sufficient differential between height of sorghum and weeds so that the directed spray thoroughly covers all weed foliage without contact or that the directed spray thoroughly covers all weed foliage without contact or upper leaves or whorf of sorghum by spray or drift as such contact may cause crop injury.

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Replanting: Do not follow treated sorghum with any fall crop, nor with sugarbeets, tobacco, vegetables or potatoes in rotation. Prior to replanting, thorough seedbed preparation including fall or spring plowing is recommended. Sorghum or field corn may be replanted within 4 months; after 4 months any crup may be planted. Note: Do not graze or feed sorghum forage or silage from treated fields to dairy animals. Follow label instructions on product to be tank mixed.

SOYBEANS

Preemergence Application:

Select one of the following herbicide treatments and make a single application but prior to crop emergence. Seeds should be planted at least 3/4" deep on flat or raised seedbeds only or crop injury may result. If application is made to fields with standing water or fields too wet to cultivate, injury to soybeans may result. Do not spray over top of emerged soybeans. Do not use on sand or loamy sand or any soil containing less organic matter than listed below.

Preemergence Following Preplent Application of Trifluralin or Prowle: Where Trifluralin or Prowl have been used as a preplant incorporation treatment, apply Linex 50 DF as a separate operation using rates recommended below for Linex 50 DF alone. For rotation crops, follow instructions on Trifluralin or Prowl labels.

Linex 50 DF Alone:

Add 1 pint surfactant for each 25 gallons of spray mixture if weeds have emerged.

| Product | Soil Texture 1 1/2 to 2 % Organic Matter | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|--|
| Per Acre | Sandy Loam | Silt Loam | Clay Loam _ | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) | 1 to 1 2/3 | 1 1/4 to 2 1/3 | 1 1/3 to 2 2/3 | |
| | 2 to | 5 % Organic Ma | atter | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) | 1 2/3 to 3 | 2 1/3 to 4 | 2 2/3 to 5 | |
| | Over 5 % | Organic Matter, | Use 6 lbs. | |

Replant: Soybeans or field corn may be replanted within 4 months. After 4 months any crop may be planted.

Soil Texture

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF with Lexone® DF Herbicide and Lasso:

| | 1 to 3 % Organic Matter | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Product Per Acre | Coarse | Medium Loam, Silt Loam Silt, Sandy Clay Sandy Loam Clay Loam | Fine Silty Clay, Silty Clay Loam, Clay Sandy Clay Loam | |
| Linex 50 DF | | | | |
| (lbs.) PLUS | 1/3 to 1/2 | 1/2 to 3/4 | 3/4 to 1 1/2 | |
| Lexone DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1/6 to 1/4 | 1/4 to 1/3 | 1/3 to 1/2 | |
| Lasso (qts.) PLUS | 3/4 to 1 | 1 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/4 to 2 | |
| | 3 t | o 6 % Organic Ma | atter | |
| Linex 50 DF | - | | | |
| (lbs.) PLUS | 1/3 to 3/4 | 3/4 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 to 2 | |
| Lexone DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1/4 to 1/3 | 1/3 to 1/2 | 1/2 to 2/3 | |
| Lasso (qts.) | 1 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 to 2 | 2 to 3 | |

NOTE: Soybean varieties such as Altona, Coker 102 and 156, Govan, NKs, 1884, Semmes, Tracy, Vansoy, Terra Vig 505 and 606, and AP 71 are sensitive to Lexone DF. If Lexone DF is used on these varieties, injury may occur. Tolerance to Lexone DF should be determined before use on any other soybean variety. If Lexone DF is used on soils having a calcareous surface layer or pH of 7.5 or higher, or if used in conjunction with soil applied organo phosphate pesticides such as Dasanit, Disyston, Mocap, Nemacur, Thimet, Parathion, Lorsban 15G or Counter, injury to soybeans may occur.

Do not feed treated plant parts to livestock. If atrazine was applied on the soil the year before, injury may occur. Increased possibility of crop injury may occur when soybean seedlings are weakened because of seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting (more than 2"), excessive moisture, high soil pH of 7.5 or higher, higher salt concentration or drought.

Cultivation After Planting: Treated soil may be shallow-cultivated, rotary hoed or hand hoed without reducing the weed control activity of the tank mixture. Do not cultivate deeper than the treated layer of soil since this may bring untreated soil to the surface and poor weed control may result.

Replanting: Treated fields may be replanted to soybeans if initial seeding fails to produce a stand. Soil should not be reworked. Crop injury may result if second application is applied. Do not replant treated areas to any crop other than soybeans within four months after treatment as injury to subsequent crops may result.

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF with Lasso:

| Product | Soll Texture 1/2 to 3 % Organic Matter | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------|------------|--|
| Per Acre | Sandy Loam | Sift Loam | Clay Loam | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 2/3 to 1 1/4 | 1 to 1 2/3 | 1 1/4 to 2 | |
| Lasso (qts.) | 3/4 to 1 | 1 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 to 2 | |

3 to 6 % Organic Matter

Linex 50 DF (lbs.) 1 1/4 to 2 1 2/3 to 2 1/2 2 to 3 PLUS Lasso (qts.) 1 to 1 1/2 1 1/2 to 2 2 to 2 1/2

For Control of Black Nightshade Apply:

| Product Per Acre | Sandy Loam | Silt Loam | Clay Loam |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 3/4 to 1 1/2 | 1 to 1 2/3 | 1 1/4 to 2 |
| Lasso (qts.) | 2 | 2 1/2 to 3 | 3 |

Replanting: Soybeans or field corn may be replanted within 4 months. After 4 months, any crop may be planted.

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF with Lexono DF and Dual 8E:

Controls common ragweed, prickly side, sicklepod, hemp sesbania, lambsquarter, pigweed, and partially controls cocklebur, and jimsonweed.

| | Soil Texture 1/2 to 3 % Organic Matter | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| P -4 . | Coarse | Medium Loam, Silt Loam Silt, Sandy Clay | Fine Silty Clay, Silty Clay Loam, |
| Product Per Acre | Sandy Loam | Sandy Clay Loam | Clay Clay Loam |
| Linex 50 DF | | | |
| (lbs.) PLUS | 1/3 to 1/2 | 1/2 to 3/4 | 3/4 to 1 1/2 |
| Lexone DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1/6 to 1/4 | 1/4 to 1/3 | 1/3 to 1/2 |
| Dual 8E (pts.) | 1 to 1 1/4 | 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 to 2 |
| | 3 to | 6 % Organic Ma | itter _ |
| Linex 50 DF | | | |
| (lbs.) PLUS | 1/3 to 3/4 | 3/4 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 to 2 |
| Lexone DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1/4 to 1/3 | 1/3 to 1/2 | 1/2 to 2/3 |
| Dual 8E (pts.) | 1 1/2 to 2 | 1/2 to 2/3 | 2 to 2 1/2 |

NOTE: Soybean varieties such as Altona, Coker 102 and 156, Govan, NKs 1884, Semmes, Tracy, Vansoy, Terra Vig 505 and 606, and AP 71 are sensitive to Lexone DF. If Lexone DF is used on these varieties, injury may occur. Tolerance to Lexone DF should be determined before use or any other soybean variety. If Lexone DF is used on soils having a calcareous surface layer or pH of 7.5 or higher, or if used in conjunction with soil applied organo phosphate pesticides such as Dasanit, Disyston, Mocap, Nemacur, Thimet, Parathion, Lorsoan 15G or Counter, injury to soyheans may occur.

Do not feed treated plant parts to livestock. If atrazine was applied on the soil the year before, injury may occur. Increased possibility of crop injury may occur when soybean seedlings are weakened because of seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting (more than 2"), excessive moisture, high soil pH of 7.5 or higher, high salt concentration or drought.

Cultivation After Planting: Treated soil may be shallow-cultivated, rotary hoed or hand hoed without reducing the weed control activity of the tank mixture. Do not cultivate deeper than the treated layer of soil since this may bring untreated soil to the surface and poor weed control may result.

Replanting: Treated fields may be replanted to soybeans if initial seeding fails to produce a stand. Soil should not be reworked. Crop injury may result if second application is applied. Do not replant treated areas to any crop other than soybeans within four months after treatment as injury to subsequent crops may result.

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF with Dual 8E:

| Product | Soil Texture 1/2 to 3 % Organic Matter | | |
|-------------------------------|---|----------------|------------|
| Per Acre | Sandy Loam | Silt Loam | Clay Lorm |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 2/3 to 1 1/4 | 1 to 1 2/3 | 1 1/4 to 2 |
| Dual 8E (pts.) | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 | 2 |
| ., - | 3 to | 6 % Organic Ma | atter |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | | 7 2/6 to 2 1/2 | 2 to 3 |
| Dual 8E (pts.) | 1 1/2 | 2 | 2 to 2 1/2 |

Do not feed treated plant parts to liveัรใช้ว่ะไ.้ ค่า not ซู้เจาสา treated areas.
Replanting: Soybeans or field corn may be replanted within 4 months. For rotation crops follow instructions on the Dual 8E label.

For control of black nightshade in Keffücky, illinois, Indiana and Ohio:

| Product Per Acre Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1 to 3 % Organia Matter | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|------------|--|
| | Sandy Loam | Silt Loam | Glay Loam | |
| | 3/4 to 1 1/2 | 1 to 1 2/3, | • • | |
| Oual 8E (pts.) | 1 1/2 | 2 | 2 to 2 1/2 | |

Do not use on sand or loamy sands.

Replanting: Soybeans or field corn may be replanted within four months. Any crop may be planted after 4 months.

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF with Prowl:

| Product | SON PEXTURE 1 to 3 % Organic Matter | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| Per Acre | Sandy Loam | Silt Loam | Clay Loam | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 2/3 to 1 1/4 | 1 to 1 2/3 | 1 1/4 to 2 | |
| Prowl (pts.) | 1 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 to 2 | 1 1/2 to 2 | |
| - (, | 3 to 6 % Organic Matter | | | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 1 1/4 to 2, | 1 2/3 to 2 1/2 | 2 to 3 | |
| Prowl (pts.) | 1 1/2 | 1 1/2 to 2 | 2 to 2 1/2 | |

Replanting: Soybeans or field corn may be replanted within 4 months. Other crops may be planted the following year.

Minimum or No-Tillage:

Linex 50 DF on soybeans may be used with paraquat, Bronco or Glyphosate in tank mix combinations for preemergence and postemergence control of many broadleaf weeds and grasses and for top kill or suppression of some perennials where soybeans will be planted directly into a preformed bed (stale seed Ped), cover crop or in previous crop residues such as corn or small grain stubble. Use rates as described for Preemergence Application for conventional seed bed preparation in reduced tillage systems. Adding Lasso or Dual BE to the tank mixture improves control of grasses and volunteer small grains. Apply with ground equipment immediately before, during or after planting but before crop emerges. Maintain continuous ágitation or spray mixture.

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF with Lasso and Paraquat or Glyphosate;

Linex 50 DF and Lasso should be thoroughly mixed first according to directions Add paraguat or Roundup as directed under Paraguat combinations or Roundup combinations below.

| Product Per Acre | 1/2 to 3 % Organic Matter | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|----------------|--|
| | Sandy Loam | Silt Loam | Clay Loam | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 3/4 to 1 1/2 | 1 1/8 to 2 | 1 1/4 to 2 1/4 | |
| Lasso (qts.) | 2 | 2 1/2 | 2 1/2 | |
| | 3 to 6 % Organic Matter | | | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs) PLUS | 1 1/2 to 2 2/5 | 2 to 3 | 2 1/4 to 3 1/2 | |
| Lasso (qts.) | 2 1/2 | 3 | 3 | |

For control of black nightshade apply:

| Product Per Acre | Soil Texture 1 to 3 % Organic Matter | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|----------------|--|
| | Sandy Loam | Silt Loam | Clay Loam | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | 3/4 to 1 1/2 | 1 to 2 | 1 1/4 to 2 1/4 | |
| Lasso (qts.) | 2 | 2 1/2 to 3 | 3 | |

Replanting: Soybeans or field corn may be replanted within 4 months. Any crop may be planted after 4 months.

Paraguat Combinations -- Choose and tank mix one of the above treatments in water. Then add 1 to 2 pints Paraquat (2 bs. active per gal.) per acre for control of emerged weeds. The higher rate should be used for weeds 4" to 6" tall. Add 1/2 pint of surfactant or spreader per 100 gallons of spray mixture as the last ingredient. Maintain continuous agitation. Use 20 to 60 gallons of water acre. Use the higher gallonage for dense stubble or vegetation.

Glyphosate Combinations - Choose and tank mix one of the above treatments. Add 1 1/2 quarts of Glyphosate per acre for control of emerged annual weeds or 2 to 4 quarts per acre for control of emerged perennial annual weeds. Use 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

Tank Mixture Linex 50 DF with Bronco®:

Do not add Paraquet or Roundup to this combination.

Soil Texture 1/2 to 5 % Organic Matter

| Acre | Sandy Loam | Silt Loam | Clay Loam |
|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|------------|
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) PLUS | • 3/4 to 2 | 1 1/8 to 2 1/2 | 1 1/4 to 3 |
| Bronco (lbs.) | 3 1/4 to \$ | 4 to 5 | 4 to 5 |

Do not use on soils with less than \$/2 organic matter or on sand, loamy sand

or muck soils as crop injury may result.
Use the high rate of 2 once for dense stubble, heavy crop residue or heavy weed population.

Replanting Soybeora: Tcasted fields may be replanted to soybeans if initial seeding fails to produce a stand. Soif shalk in not be reworked. Crop injury may result if second application is applied. Do not replant treated areas to any crop other than soybeans within four months afts, treatment as injury to subsequent crops may result.

Bronco Combinations - Mix Linex 50 DF with water in spray tank as directed on the package label and then add Bronco to the dilute mix. Maintain continuous agitation. Use 20 to 37 gallons of water per acre.

Tank Mix Linex 50 DF with Paragust or Glyphosate:

Linex 50 DF should be troroughly mixed with paraquat in spray tank following directions under Paraquat Combinations or Roundup Combinations below.

| Product Per Acre | 1/2 to 3 % Organic Matter | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| | | Silt Loam | Clay Loam |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) | 1 to 1 2/3 | 1 1/4 to 2 1/3 5 % Organic Ma | |
| Linex 50 DF (lbs.) | 1 2/3 to 3 | 2 1/3 to 4 Organic Matter. | 2 2/3 to 5 |

Replanting: Soybeans or field corn may be replanted within 4 months. Any crop may be planted after 4 months.

Directed Postemergence Application:

Linex 50 DF and 2,4-DB can be tank mixed with Premerge 3 as a directed spray to cover weed foliage with minimum contact of the soybean plant. Do not spray higher than 3" or the soybean stem or crop injury may result. Do not spray over top of soytean plants. For broadcast application, use a single flood type spray nozzle. ("K" series of equivalent) per middle mounted on an oiling shoe or guage wheel. For band treatment use two nozzles per row mounted on an oiling shoe or guage wheels, one on each side of row. Spray drift may cause crop injury. Do not exceed nozzle pressure of 25 psi nor use nozzle tips smaller than 8002 T-jet (or equivalent) and do not spray under windy conditions. A pint of surfactant may be added for each 25 gallons of spray mixture. Use a preemergence treatment or cultivation to control early weed growth and to increase tile differential between height of soybeans and weeds for best results.

Linex 50 DF with 2,4-DB:

Apply 1 lb, Linex 50 DF plus 1/5 lb, 2,4-DB per acre when soybeans are at least 8" high and when weeds do not exceed 4" in height. Make a second application if needed, but not more than 2 applications per season.

Do not use on soils with less than 1/2% organic matter. Do not apply more than 2 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre per season for posternergence treatments. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest. Do not feed soybean forage or hay to livestock from fields treated postemergence. Harvested soybeans may be used for food, feed or oil purposes.

Linex 50 DF Alone:

Apply 1/2 to 1 lb. Linex 50 DF per acre for soybeans at least 8" high and when weeds do not exceed 2" in height. A second application should be made at the same rate if new flush of weeds occurs.

A single application of 1 to 2 lbs. of Linex 50 DF per acre should be made for soybeans at least 12" high and when weeds do not exceed 4" high. A split application can be made of 1 lb. per acre followed by a second application at the same rate after 1 week or later.

NONCROP WEED CONTROL

Apply 2 to 6 lbs. Linex 50 DF per acre in 40 to 100 gallon of water for short term control of annual weeds on noncropland areas such as roadsides and fence rows. Apply shortly before weed growth begins or at early seedling stage of growth for best result: 1.6.2.2 qts. of surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mixture for control of established annual weeds. Apply as a thorough coverage spray during periods when daily temperatures exceed 70°F and before weed growth excoeds 8" in height.

WARRANTY STATEMENT

GRIFFIN CORPORATION warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of GRIFFIN. In no case shall GRIFFIN be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer, GRIFFIN MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PAR-TICULAR PUBPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRAN-TY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE

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