PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER - PELIGRO

DANGER: Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive, causes irreversible eye damage. May be harmful or fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes, or on skin. Do not breathe dust, vapor, or spray mist. When handling either products containing TPTH or spray-diluted mixtures, wear protective clothing (long pants, long sleeve shirt, impermeable gloves, hat, boots, and a pesticide respirator jointly approved by the Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health). When handling the concentrated products, wear a face shield. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not enter treated areas for at least 24 hours after treatment.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency has determined that triphenyltin hydroxide causes birth defects in laboratory animals. Exposure to triphenylten hydroxide during pregnancy should be avoided.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water or retlands. Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Cover or incorporate spills. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

t is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its abeling.

RE-ENTRY & TATEMENT

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Because certain states may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product.

JGER: Do not enter treated areas without appropriate protective clothing for 24 hours after application. In case of accidental exposure, contact your nearest Poison Control Center.

DU-TER is non-flammable

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide wastes fare acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling r reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke

DU-TER Fungicide can be applied as a ground or aerial spray to control fungal infestations on listed crops. Application rates are for general use. The state agricultural extension or agricultural experiment station specialists should be consulted for specific applications and timing recommendations. With any spray application thorough coverage is essential for good control.

Apply this product only as specified on this label.

PRECAUTIONS

DU-TER Fungicide can be applied in combination with SUPER SIX[®] for additional fungicidal control. Do not add surfactants, spreaders, stickers. Do not graze dairy or mest animals in treated areas.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

MIXING

Before adding DU-TER to the spray tank, partially fill with water. Add the desired amount of DU-TER according to the rates listed elsewhere. After mixing thoroughly, add remaining water to spray tank. Continuous agitation within the spray tank is essential. If used in combination with a we ble powder product place the wettable powder in partially filled tank first, if a liquid, add DU-TER to tank first.

APPLICATION METHODS

GROUND - Mix with water for a total solution of 10-190 galions per acre.

AERIAL - Mix with water for a total solution of 3-20 gallons per acre

[•] PRINKLER IRRIGATION — In non-mobile systems, application may be made as a part of the usual irrigation or as a separate treatment to prevent backsiphoning of pesticide into water source. Any irrigation water treated with this product should be held on the treated area until it is absorbed by the soil. It should not be turned into the tail water or fed back into the irrigation system.

IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT — Tank connected to the suction side of irrigation pump. field sprayer or other pressurized equipment connected to the main irrigation line may be used for injection. Good agitation must be provided in injection tank.

CALIBRATION AND USE IN SET SYSTEMS AND OTHER NON-MOBILE SYSTEMS:

- 1. Measure acreage covered by sprinklers.
- 2. Operate solid-set irrigation system and injection equipment at normal pressures.
- 3. Fill tank of injection equipment.
- 4. Adjust flow from injection equipment to use contents over a period of 10 to 30 minutes.
- 5. For application of DU-TER, mix desired amount of product for acreage to be covered (see chart for rates per acre, timing, stages of prowth and other information) into quantity of water used during prior calibration and operate entire system for amount of time established during calibration, DU-TER should be injected at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application.
- 6. Stop injection equipment after treat pent is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DU-TER has been cleared from the last sprinkler head. Refer to dye method of timing discussed below.

CALIBRATION AND USE IN CENTER-PIVOT AND OTHER MOBILE SYSTEMS:

- 1. Operate center-nivot system and injection equipment at normal pressures.
- 2. Fill tank of injuicon equipment
- 3. a) For systems other than center-pivot, operate entire system for one complete trip, measure time required, amount of water used from injection tank and acreage covered.

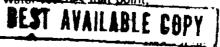
b) For center-pivot systems, the water flow, speeds acreage and other capabilities of the system are given in the manual or should be determined.

- 4. For application of DU-TER mix desired amount of product for acreage to be covered (see chart for rates), into quantity of water used during prior calibration and inject into system continuously for one complete revolution of the field.
- If irrigation is to be stopped after DU-TER has been applied, shut off the injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until DU-TER has been cleared from the last sprinkler head. Refer to dye method discussed below.
- 6. With mobile systems, irrigation may be continued after injection has been stopped.

DYE CALIBRATION

A recommended procedure for establishing the time which will elapse from stopping, the injection of DU-TER to its clearance from the last sprinkler is as follows:

- During calibration of injection equipment as described above, insert a water soluble Food, Drug and Cosmetic approved dye into the irrigation line at the injection point and record the time it takes for the dye to be released from the last sprinkler head.
- Collection of water from the last sprinklar in a glass jer will assist in observing when dyep-water-reaches that point.



RESTRICTEL USE PESTICIDE Because of the __ph_acute toxicity of triphenyltin hydr_xide and its potential for creating terate genic effects, this product may be applied only by certified applicators or persons directly under their supervision

Wettable Powder in Water Soluble Bag

Contains 30 oz. triphenyltin hydroxide per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER -- PELIGRO

IF ON SKIN. Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to mouth. Get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician

IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution, or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Call a physician or Poison Control Center.

"PRECAUCION AL USUARIO. SI usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que le etiqueta hava sido explicado ampliamente."

See Side Pariel for Additional Precautionary Statements



GRIFFIN CORPORATION VALDOSTA, GEORGIA 31601

EPA Reg. No. 1812-275 EPA Est. No. 1812-GA-3

) Gallon = 1	2	
Du-ter W.P.	Du-ter Flowable 30		
3.9 pounds	1 galion		
1.9 pounds	½ gallon		
1.0 pounds	1 quart		
24 dry ounces	48 fluid ounces		
12 dry ounces	24 fluid punces		
10 dry ounces	20 fluid ounces		

1 gallon treats approximately the following number of acres:Pecans6-18 acres per gallonPotatoes6-12 acres per gallonSugar Beets6-16 acres per gallonCarrots8-16 acres per gallon

USE CHA

CROP/DISEASE	I RATE/A	REMARKS
SUGARBEETS Leafspot (Cercospora beticola)	8-20 fl. oz.	Application should begin whe conditions appear or when th the area and repeat at 10-14
POTATOES Early and Late Blight Botrytis gray mold	10-20 fl. oz. (12-20 fl. oz irrigation) ground-min. 15 gpa Aerial 3-10 gpa	Application should begin whe conditions favor disease deve continue on a 7-day schedule sprinkler irrigation method of Botrytis gray mold.)
PECAN Scab Brown Leafspot Downy Spot Powdery Mildew Liver Spot Sooty Mold Leaf Blotch	24-48 fl. oz. or 7-19 fl. oz ground in 100 gallons water (1-3 quarts per 500 gallon tank)	Applications should be at pre stages when the young leave folding and a second applicat when the small nuts are form at 2-4 week intervals as need tain control, use lower rate for applications, or until disease severe, or during dry weather rate during wet weather or do disease infections.
CARROTS Cercospora Leafspot Alternaria blight	8-13 fl. oz.	Applications should begin 6 v planting or as soon as first si appear. Continue at 7-day int needed for control.
PEANUTS Cercospora Leatspot (& Spider Mite Suppression)	10-16 fl. oz. Irrigation system application ONLY. Do not use through ground or aerial application.	Application should begin app weeks after planting, or as so signs of leafspot appear. Spr tions should continue on a 1 schedule.

NOTICE OF WA

GRIFFII warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description such latel only when used in accordance with directions under normal use of with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintender conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application shall G (FRIN be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages result be assured by the Buyer, GRIFFIN MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MER NOR AIY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS S

Manufactured or sold under one or more

3,113,069; 3,140,977; 3,268,395; 3,395,288; 3,

CONVERSION C) Gallon = 128 (