



# PEANUT DUST

**COPPER — SULPHUR**

**ACCEPTED**  
*Jan 10 1973*  
 1772  
 UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE  
 FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT  
 80% REGISTERED POISON REGISTERED  
 UNDER NO. 1312, 1314

THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

Copper as metallic (in Copper Oxide) -----

Sulphur -----

80.0%

**INERT INGREDIENTS** -----

16.6%

**Total** -----

100.0%

Sulphur Fineness: Not Less than 93% passing No. 325 USS Sieve

**RECOMMENDATIONS**

Peanut Dust is a fungicide dust for the control of Peanut Leaf Spot. Consult your State Extension Service for complete details on the best peanut dusting program for your local conditions.

These are general suggestions: Apply dust about sixty days after planting, or as soon as the spots appear on the leaf

First Dust—apply 15 to 20 pounds per acre.

Later Dusts—apply 20 to 30 pounds per acre. Sulfur may burn foliage when temperatures are excessively high.

A minimum of three to four applications should be made at two week intervals.

**CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**WARNING**

Avoid inhaling dust. Avoid skin contact. Use respirator and goggles. Wash with soap and water after exposure. Keep clothing free from residues. Avoid contamination of foodstuffs. Sulphur may burn foliage when temperature is high.—Do not make sulphur applications at such times.

ANTIDOTE. Induce vomiting by tickling the throat with a feather or the fingers and give an emetic of strong mustard water, or if available, use Syrup of Ipecac, one to two tablespoonsful, then give lime water, milk and honey, white of egg and mucilaginous drinks in copious draughts. Call physician or take patient to a hospital immediately.

CAUTION: Forage crops treated with this dust should not be fed to dairy animals or to animals to be slaughtered. Do not use on peanuts to be harvested within 30 days.

PARRAMORE & GRIFFIN

E.P.A. Reg. No. 181-184

VALDOSTA, GEORGIA