PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION:

HARMFUL IF SHALLOHED, CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION.

Do not get in eges, on skin or on clothing. Hash thoroughly after handling.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not discharge effluent containing this active ingredient into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public waters unless this product is specifically identified and addressed in an MPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sever systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS REDUCING AGENT Do not hix this pesticide with acids or other exidizing chemicals. Mixing with acids or exidizing chemicals may cause evolution of hydrogen browide gas which is poisonous and corresive.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
STORAGE: Store in a cool dry place away from
direct sendight. Do not contaminate water, food
or feed by storage or disposal. Open domping is
prohibited.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

METAL CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dipose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

PLASTIC CONTAINE'S: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Them offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smake.



FEB 1 2 1991

Under the Federal Insecticide, Functicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the posicide registery under EPA Reg. No. / 706-168



NALCO®

ACTI-BROM®

CHLORINE ENHANCER & BIODISPERSANT

Hypobronous Acid Generating Source For Use in Utility and Industrial once Through and Recirculating Cooling Water Systems Utilizing Chlorination

ACTIVE INCREDIENT:													
Sodium Bromide		· · ·	 	 	 		 	 • •	•	• •	 • • • •	12.1 57.7	2
Total	• • •		 	 	 		 	 			 10	10	0

EPA Reg. No. 1706-168

EPA Est. No. 1706-IL-1

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION:

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SHALLOHED: Induce voniting immediately by giving two glasses of water and sticking finger down throat. Hever give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cally a physicien.

IF ON SKIN: Plusk skin with water. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

SEE SIDE PAWEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

NALCO CHEMICAL COMPANY 6216 WEST & STH PLACE CHICAGO, IL 60638

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER (708) 920-1510

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
ACTI-BRON 1338 is a source of hypobronous acid when applied to cooling water systems already being treated by chlorination.

RECIRCULATING COOLING MATER SYSTEMS Then used as directed, ACTI-BROM 1338 helps to effectively control algae, bacterial and fungal sline, asiatic clans, barmacles and other nolluscs, in connectial and industrial cooling toners; influent water systems such as flow through filters; heat exchange water systems; and industrial water scrubbing systems.

DOSAGE RATES: Add ACTI-BROM 1338 to the system at a 0.5 to 2.0 sodium bromide/exidant mole ratio. For example:

1) 2 to 8 pounds of chlorine gas(99.9%) per gallon of sedion browide solution;

2) 1.6 to 6.5 gallons sodium hypochlorite (12.5% available chlorine) solution per gallon of sodium bromide solution.
INITIAL DOSE: Wen the system is noticeably fouled, add 0.001 to 0.020 gallons of RCTI-BROM 1338 per 1000 gallons of water contained in the system and exidize with either gas chlorine (0.008 to 0.042 lbs. gas chlorine per 1000 gallons of contained water), or sodium hypochlorite solution(0.007 to 0.034 gallons of 12.5% sodium hypochlorite solution per 1000 gallons of contained water).

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add 0.0005 to 0.020 gallons of ACTI-BROM 1338 per 1000 gallons of water contained in the system, and oxidize with either gas chlorine (0.004 to 0.042 lbs gas chlorine/1000 gallons of contained water or sodium hypochlorite solution(0.003 to 0.034 gallons of 12.5% sodium hypochlorite solution/1000 gallons of contained water).

ONCE-THROUGH COOLING HATER
AND HASTEHATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS
When used as directed, ACTI-BROH 1338 helps to effectively control algae, bacterial and fungal sline, asiatic claus, barmacles and other molluscs in a once-through fresh and sea water cooling systems and helps to disinfect secondary and tertiary wastewater treatment systems currently being chlorizated.

DOSAGE RATES: Add ACTI-BROM 1338 to the system at a 0.5 to 2.0 sodium bromide/exidant mole ratio. For example:

1) 2 to 8 pounds of chlorine gas(99.9%) per gallon of sodion browide solution;

2) 1.6 to 6.5 gallons sodium hypochlorite (12.5% available chlorine) solution per gallon of sodium bronide solution.

INITIAL DASE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 0.003 to 0.04 gallons of ACTI-BROM 1338/1000 gallons of mater contained in the system, and oxidize with either gas chlorine (0.02 to 0.08 lbs. gas chlorine per 1000 gallons of contained volume), or sodium hypochlorite solution (0.02 to 0.07 gallons 12.5% sodium hypochlorite solution per 1000 gallons of contained volume).

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add 0.001 to 0.04 gallons ACTI-BROM 1338 per 1000 gallons of sater contained in the system, and exidize with either gas chlorine (0.008 to 0.08 lbs. gas chlorine per 1000 gallons contained volume), or sodium hypochlorite solution(0.007 to 0.07 gallons 12 5% sodium hypochlorite solution per 1000 gallons of contained volume).

Specific dosage of ACTI-BROM 1338 will vary depending upon the operating characteristics of the system, the water chemistry and the severity of contamination. Consult your Malco Representative for optimon dosage in your system.