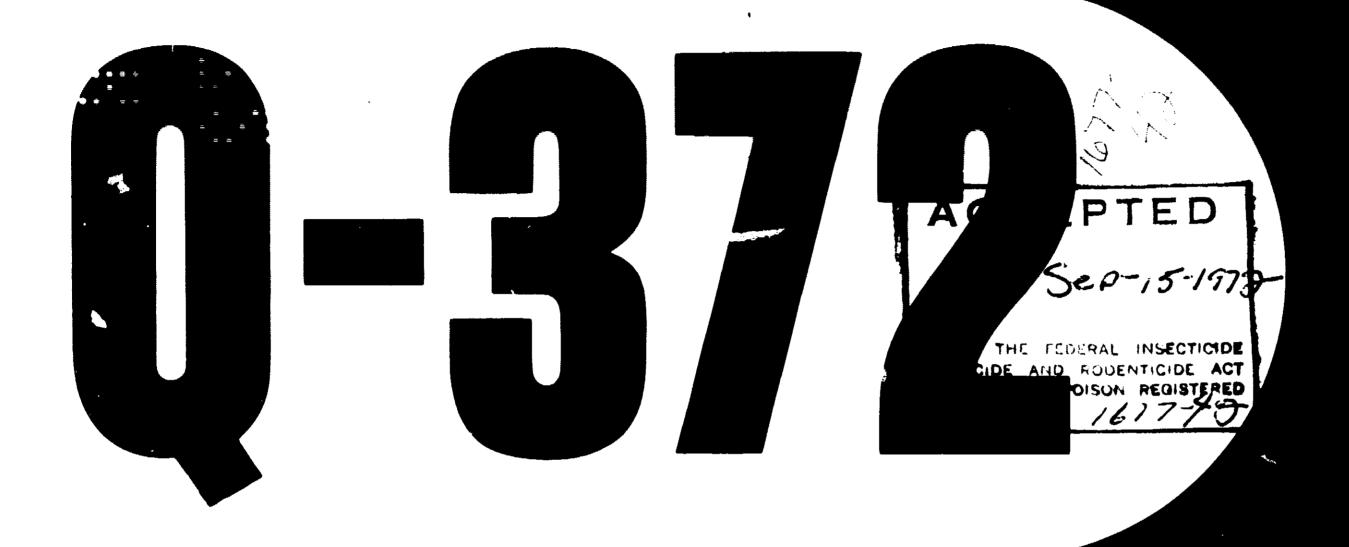


R. M. = 07615



QUATERNARY AMMONIUM CONCENTRATE

FOR FORMULATION ONLY EPA Reg. No. 1677-42AA FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

Active Ingredients:	53.0%
Alkyl (50% C ₁₄ , 40% C ₁₂ , 10% C ₁₆) dimethyl	
benzyl ammonium chlorides50.0%)
Isopropyl alcohol 3.0%	
Inert Ingredients:	

for Directions.



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6754/0400/0772

Isopropyl alcoholert Ingredients:	
See Technical Information	

DANGER:

Keep out of reach of children. Corrosive. Causes eye damage and skin irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food.

FIRST AID:

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For eyes, call a physician. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsion may be needed.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Rinse empty container thoroughly with water before discarding.

DATE			
CODE		 	



R. M. #07615



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FOR FORMULATION ONLY
EPA Reg. No. 1677-42AA
FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

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Alkyl (50% C ₁₄ 40% C ₁₅ 10% C ₁		
benzyl ammonium chlorides	50 0	
Isopropy! alcohol	3 ()	
Inert Ingredients:		47.0%

See Technical Information Sheet for Directions.



A product of

ECONOMICS LABORATORY, INC.

General Offices: St. Paul, Minn. 55101 • Sales Offices: 4 Corporate Park Drive, White Plains, N.Y. 10604

PRINT Y U.S.A.

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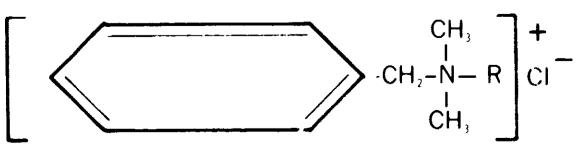
TECHNICAL BULLETIN



Q-372 is a 50% concentrate of a special mixture of alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides in water and isopropyl alcohol. This special mixture consists of 40% of $C_{12}H_{35}$ (lauryl or dodecyl), 50% of $C_{14}H_{29}$ (myristyl or tetradecyl) and 10% of $C_{16}H_{33}$ (cetyl or hexadecyl) homologs which are the most effective germicidal components of alkyl (C_8 - C_{18}) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides. This blend was also chosen for its effectiveness in hard waters.

Chemical and Physical Properties:

Structure:



R represents alkyl radicals of straight chain hydrocarbon chains from $C_{12}H_{25}$ to $C_{16}H_{33}$.

Molecular Weight (average): 359.6

Appearance: Water-white to pale yellow liquid; slight odor of amine. Congeals at low temperatures; becomes homogeneous when heated to room temperature.

most nonionic surface active agents in the formulation of detergent-sanitizers.

Q-372 is a cationic compound and therefore will react with anions. However, the reaction is quantitative, so that traces of anionic substances may reduce but not necessarily completely nullify the bacterial activity. Soap or anionic wetting agents should not be admixed with Q-372.

Bacteriological Properties: Q-372 is a powerful germicide, particularly against a broad spectrum of pathogenic microorganisms. The action of Q-372 is relatively non-selective inasmuch as it acts effectively against most microorganisms.

Since phenol coefficients are not applicable to evaluate the bacterial killing index of quaternary ammonium compounds, only AOAC Use-Dilution Test data is presented to demonstrate the effectiveness of Q-372 as a hard surface disinfectant.

AOAC Use-Dilution Test: The official AOAC Use-Dilution Test is applicable to testings disinfectants miscible with water to determine maximum dilutions effective for practical disinfection. The effective use dilution for Q-372 against Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella choleraesuis and Pseudomonas aeruginosa has been found to be 0.045% (450 ppm — 100% active basis).

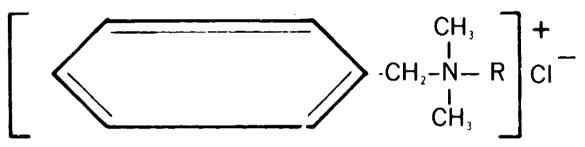
Antibacterial Activity in Hard Water: The official AOAC Germicidal and Detergent-Sanitizers method for determining the

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Chemical and Physical Properties:

Structure:



R represents alkyl radicals of straight chain hydrocarbon chains from $C_{12}H_{25}$ to $C_{16}H_{33}$.

Molecular Weight (average): 359.6

Appearance: Water-white to pale yellow liquid; slight odor of amine. Congeals at low temperatures; becomes homogeneous when heated to room temperature.

Solubility: Freely soluble in water, alcohol, and acetone; insoluble in ether and only slightly soluble in benzene.

Specific Gravity: 0.972 @ 23.9°C (75°F)

pH: 10% solution - 6.0 - 8.0 Weight per gallon: 8.1 pounds

Stability: Stable over wide range of temperatures and long periods of time.

Compatibility: Compatible with most inorganic salts commonly employed in the formulation of alkaline detergents and with

most nonionic surface active agents in the formulation of detergent-sanitizers.

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Antibacterial Activity in Hard Water: The official AOAC Germicidal and Detergent-Sanitizers method for determining the maximum water hardness tolerances for recommended concentrations of germicides. A 200 ppm solution of Q-372 will kill 99.999% of the test microorganisms in 30 seconds in water containing up to 600 ppm hardness.

Typical Formulation Using Q-372:

Detergent Disinfectant:

Q-372		20%
Nonionic	 	 10%
EDTA (40% active)		 1%
Water \		 69%

Recommended Use Concentration: 1/2 oz. per gallon

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EPA Reg. No. 1677-42AA



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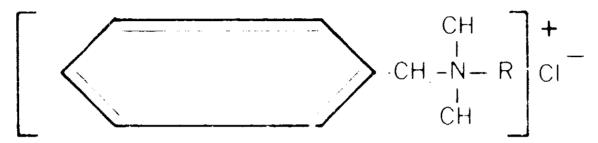
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Chemical and Physical Properties:

Structure:



R represents alkyl radicals of straight chain hydrocarbon chains from C_1H_{21} to C_2H_{32} .

Molecular Aeight (average), 359.6

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