



PROPOSED LABELING
(side panel)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Shake well before using. I-1961 is to be diluted with water to form a creamy emulsion which is applied as a foliar spray. The emulsion is effective only when it comes in direct contact with the suckers; therefore, it is applied so that maximum contact is made with the suckers.

Top the tobacco plants at the early to mid-flower stage and remove any suckers which have grown over 1 inch. Straighten any plants which are leaning so that the emulsion flows down the stalk evenly and contacts each sucker.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Be sure your spray equipment has been rinsed out prior to using. In your sprayer equipment I-1961 should be diluted at a rate of 7 parts I-1961 with 93 parts water for use with Burley, Cigar or Maryland tobacco types. For Flue-cured or Dark Tobacco types, I-1961 should be diluted at a rate of 8 parts I-1961 with 92 parts water. Mix thoroughly immediately prior to use. Do not mix I-1961 with other chemicals or apply to plants which have been recently treated with other chemicals.

Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes.

APPLICATION

Approximately 35 to 45 gallons should be sufficient

PROPOSED LABELING

(Front Panel)

Atlantic Richfield Tobacco Sucker
Control - I - 1961

For the Control of Suckers on
Tobacco Plants

Active Ingredients: 62.5%
Fatty alcohols:
(C₆-0.63%, C₈-26.80%, C₁₀-34.44%, C₁₂-0.63%)

Inert Ingredients: 37.5%
Polyoxy Ethylene (20) Sorbitan Monooleate

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH
OF CHILDREN

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR OTHER
CAUTIONS

USDA Registration No. 1566-25

Net Contents _____

Atlantic Richfield Company
New York, New York

REVISION OF JUNE 23, 1969

for an acre of crop. One gallon should be sufficient to treat approximately 190 plants. For most effective use the spray should be directed downward onto the plant in order to achieve even distribution. Apply 22 cc. per stalk.

Do not apply immediately before rain as some L-1961 may be washed away.

Avoid excessive application and avoid treatment of the leaves. Do not treat weak or diseased plants.

NUMBER OF TREATMENTS

A single treatment should be sufficient. If, however, secondary suckers appear to be vigorous, a second application approximately 10 days after the initial treatment may be advantageous.

L-1961 contains 4.69 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon.

