

AUG 29 1988

MOMAR, Incorporated
1830 Ellsworth Industrial Drive
Atlanta, GA 30318

Attention: Jerry Grossblatt

Gentlemen:

Subject: **ARREST**
EPA Registration No. 1553-95
Your Submission Dated January 9, 1987

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with the Label Improvement Program Notice for Antimicrobial Products Used as Food Contact Surface Sanitizers, is acceptable provided that you:

1. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended labeling.
 - a. Remove the DIRECTIONS FOR USE heading and the misuse statement from the left panel and place them at the top of the right panel.
 - b. Remove the A.O.A.C. USE DILUTION 1:64 information and the entire paragraph starting with the sentence "Cross infection is a major concern . . ." from the front panel. This information should be placed on the right panel.
2. Submit five (5) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

54580-I-Young-L-5-KENCO-6/15/88-7/27/88-Am-VO-EK-Am
CONCURRENCES

SYMBOL	ORIGINATOR							
SURNAME								
DATE								

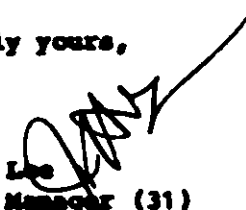
OFFICIAL FILE COPY

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A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please call
Mr. Robert Young at (703) 557-3966.

Sincerely yours,



John H. Lee
Product Manager (31)
Disinfectants Branch
Registration Division (TS-767C)

Enclosure

ARREST

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:

AUG 29 1988

CLEANER—DISINFECTANT—FUNGICIDE—DEODORANT

A.O.A.C. USE DILUTION 1:64

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 1553-95

Laboratory tested and proven effective against:
Pseudomonas Aeruginosa FRD 10, ATCC 15442
Salmonella Choleraesuis ATCC 10708
Inchophyton Interdigitale X-32
Staphylococcus Aureus ATCC S538

Cross infection is a major concern not only in hospitals but in schools, institutions and industry. Momar Arrest has been formulated especially for these problem areas. When used as directed, Momar Arrest effectively cleans, disinfects, and deodorizes to reduce the hazard of cross infection on environmental surfaces.

Use in the following areas: operating rooms, sick rooms, contagious disease areas, wash rooms, locker rooms, cafeterias, kitchens and dining facilities as well as fixtures, furniture and communication areas of hospitals, schools, factories, nursing homes, kennels, institutions and food processing plants.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

n-Alkyl (50%C14, 40%C12, 10%C16) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

5.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS

Total

100.0%

EPA Reg No 1553-95
EPA Est No 1553-GA-1

DANGER

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

See side panel for additional precautionary handling instructions.

Manufactured by

MOMAR
INCORPORATED

1830 Ellsworth Industrial Dr
Atlanta, Georgia 30318

Providing Products of Momar Research
The U.S., Canada, Europe, Africa and the Far East

Net Contents: _____

DEC 22 1987

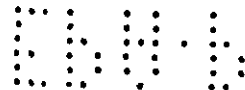
GENERAL PURPOSE DISINFECTION — To disinfect and other hard surfaces, mop or sponge on Momar Arrest per gallon of water. Heavily soiled surfaces should be pre-cleaned with a solution of 2 ounces of Momar Arrest per gallon of water. Surfaces which may later come in contact with potable water should be disinfected with a solution of 2 ounces of Momar Arrest per gallon of water.

To disinfect locker rooms, shower stalls, walkways, etc. where fungicidal action is required, mop area with a solution of Momar Arrest in 3 gallons of water. This is a disinfectant, a causative agent of Athlete's foot.

FOR GENERAL CLEANING — Mop or sponge with a solution of Momar Arrest per gallon of water to the surface. Heavily soiled areas should be cleaned with a solution of 2 ounces of Momar Arrest per gallon of water.

HOSPITAL DISINFECTION — Walls, floors, furniture, etc. should be mopped or sponged with a solution of Momar Arrest per gallon of water. Heavily soiled areas should be pre-cleaned with a solution of 2 ounces of Momar Arrest per gallon of water. Surfaces which may later come in contact with a fresh solution of 2 ounces of Momar Arrest per gallon of water should be disinfected.

DEODORIZATION — To deodorize surfaces during institutional cleaning, use a solution of Momar Arrest as directed. Momar Arrest is an effective antibacterial cleaner and should be relied upon to deodorize bathroom areas, garbage cans, and other areas where undesirable odors are present.



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazard to Human and Domestic Animals

DANGER

Keep Out of Reach of Children. Causes severe eye and skin damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Harmful or Fatal if swallowed. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Avoid contamination of food.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For eyes, call a physician. Remove and wash all contaminated clothing before reuse. If Swallowed: Drink promptly large quantities of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or if these are Not available, drink large quantities of water. Call a physician immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probably mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD, OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL.

STORAGE: If contents are spilled or leaked due to container damage, collect liquid with absorbant material and dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal pesticide disposal regulations.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Metal Containers — Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Plastic containers — Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.