1448-20002

02/03/2011 UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

FEB - 3 2011

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Jeffrey M. Thorne Regulatory Specialist Buckman Laboratories, Inc. 1256 North McLean Blvd. Memphis, TN 38108

Subject: Busan 1125 EPA Reg. No. 1448-20002 Application Dated: December 3, 2010 Receipt Date: December 7, 2010

Dear Mr. Thorne:

The amendment for the product referred to above submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended is accepted with conditions.

Proposed Amendment:

To revise the submitted label to reflect additional container sizes that includes (1, 3.5, 5, 15, 20, 30, 35, 55, 125, 275, 330 and 400) gallons and bulk for this product. The label which accompanied the original submission dated 12/03/10, was superseded by a revised label received on 12/09/10.

General Comments:

Based on a review of the submitted materials, this amendment is accepted with comments for the "Storage and Disposal" section of the proposed label. The proposed label must be updated per PR-Notice 2007-4 for container disposal as

tollows:		CONCURRENCES						
SYMBOL		7510P	(
SURNAME		W. Henson					******	
DATE		2-3-11					*******	

EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)

OFFICIAL FILE COPY

"STORAGE AND DISPOSAL"

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

A. [Subheading] Pesticide Storage: Store this product in a cool dry area, away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid deterioration. In case of spill, isolate container (if possible) and flood area with large amounts of water to dissolve all material before discarding this container. **Emergency Handling:** In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. Isolate in open, well-ventilated area. Flood with large volume of water. Cool unopened drums in vicinity by water spray.

B. [Subheading] **Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the EPA Regional Office for guidance.

C. [Subheading] Container Handling and Disposal

[For Commercial/Industrial/Institutional Products]

a. [For Commercial/Industrial/Institutional Products]

[For rigid nonrefillable container less than 5 gallons]

<u>Container Handling</u>: Nonrefillable rigid container. Do not re-use or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¹/₄ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for the later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay of smoke

b. [For Commercial/Industrial/Institutional Products]

[For rigid nonrefillable container greater than 5 gallons]

<u>Container Handling</u>: Nonrefillable rigid container. Do not re-use or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¹/₄ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip containers on its end and tip it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for the later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay of smoke. A stamped copy of the labeling accepted with conditions is enclosed. Submit one copy of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact David Liem at (703) 305-1284 or by email at <u>Liem.David@epa.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Wanda Y. Henson Acting Product Manager (32) Regulatory Management Branch II Antimicrobials Division (7510P)

BUSA ACTIVE INGR Sodium hypo INERT INGRE	ISAN 1125 No is a registered trademark. EDIENT(S) Chlorite	
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN	
lf in Eyes	FIRST AID FIRST AID First AID First AID Generation of the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 1444 First 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	-200
lf on Skin, Clothes	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
lf Swallowed	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
lf	- Move person to fresh air. - If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.	

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 901-767-2722 for emergency medical treatment information.

Precautionary Statements

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Danger.Corrosive, may cause severe skin and eye irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Wear safety glasses or goggles and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until strong odors have dissipated.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless this product is specifically identified and addressed in a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES) permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or regional office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT - Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with chemicals (e.g. ammonia, acids, detergents, etc) or organic matter (e.g. urine, feces, etc) will release chlorine gas which is irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

BUSAN 1125

BUSAN is a reg	AN 1125	Buckman
		and Disposal area, away from direct Sunlight and heat to avoid area product or rinsate that cannot be
	Storage	and Disposal
used should be	diluted with water before disposa	area, away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid ge quantities of water. Product or rinsate that cannot be al in a sanitary sewer. Do not reuse container but place ed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.
CONTAINER DI		ole containers} Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or
Triple rinse as f for 10 seconds seconds. Pour	ollows: Empty the remaining cont after the flow begins to drip. Fill t rinsate into application equipm	e containers with capacity of 5 gals or less} tents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 tent or a mix tank or store rinsate for the later use or ins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.
Triple rinse as f container ¼ full forth, ensuring a back and forth s	ollows: Empty the rentaining con with water. Replace and tighten at least one complete revolution, f	e containers with capacity of >5 gals} ntents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate wo more times.
Then offer for I	refillable containers) ecycling if available or recondition or, if allowed by state and local au	oning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a uthorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
Manufactured by	Buckman Laboratories, Inc 1256 North McLean Blvd., Mer (901) 278-0330 or 1-800-282-50	nphis, Tennessee 38108, USA
EPA Est. No.	1448-TN-1	
EPA Reg. No.	1448-20002	
Product Weight	10 lbs./gal. 1.2 kg/L	Net contents are marked on the container.
	/ NPCA Ratings	

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BUSAN 1125 BUSAN is a registered trademark.

Buckman

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

NOTE: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage as necessary to obtain the required level of chlorine. PULP AND PAPER MILL PROCESS WATER SYSTEMS: SLUG FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain from 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Repeat until control is achieved. Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 ppm. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: when the system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Apply half (1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of the water in the system has been lost by blowdown.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain a 1 ppm residual. Apply half (1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of this initial dose when half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of the water in the system has been lost by blowdown. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is beaun

CONTINIOUS FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continuous feed of 1 oz. of this product per 1000 gallons of water lost by blowdown to maintain a 1 ppm residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before the treatment is begun.

BRIQUETTES OR TABLETS: Initially slug dose the system with 52 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and maintain the chlorine residual at 1 ppm. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun. COOLING TOWER/ EVAPORATIVE CONDENSOR WATER: SLUG FEED METHOD – Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 of this product per

10, 000 gallons of water in the system to obtain from 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10, 000 gallons of water in the system daily or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 ppm. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD – Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 oz. to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Apply half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the initial dose when half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the water has been lost be blowdown. Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain a 1 ppm residual. Apply half (1/3, 1/4, 1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the water has been lost be blowdown.

1/5) of the initial dose when half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the water has been lost be blowdown. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun CONTINIOUS FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5

to 10 ppm available chlorine.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continuous feed of 1 oz. of this product per 1000 gallons of water lost by blowdown to maintain a 1 ppm residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun

BRIQUETTES OR TABLETS - Initially slug dose the system with 52 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and maintain the chlorine residual at 1 ppm. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

DISINFECTION OF DRINKING WATER (EMERGENCY/PUBLIC/INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS) PUBLIC SYSTEMS: Mix a ratio of 1 oz. of this product to 100 gallons of water. Begin feeding this solution with hypochlorinator until a free available chlorine residual of at least 0.2 ppm and no more than 0.6 ppm is attained throughout the distribution system. Check water frequently with a chlorine test kit. Bacteriological sampling must be conducted at a frequency no less than that prescribed by the National Interim Primary Drinking Water Regulations. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS: DUG WELLS: Upon completion of the casing (lining) wash the interior of the casing (lining) with 100 ppm available chlorine solution using a stiff brush. This solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 1 oz. of this product into 10 gallons of water. After covering the well, pour the sanitizing solution into the well through both the pipesleeve opening and the pipeline. Wash the exterior of the pump cylinder also with the sanitizing solution. Start pump and pump water until strong odor of chlorine in water in noted. Drop pipeline into well, start pump and pump water until a strong odor of chlorine is noted. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from water. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

INDIVIUAL SYSTEMS: DRILLED, DRIVEN & BORED WELLS: Run pump until water is as free from turbidity as possible. Pour a 100 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution into the well. This solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 1 oz. of this product into 10 gallons of water. Add 5 to 10 gallons of clean, chlorinated water to the well in order to force the sanitizer into the rock formation. Wash the exterior of pump cylinder with the sanitizer. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine is have been removed from water. Deep wells with high water levels may necessitate the use of special methods for introduction of the sanitizer into the well. Consult your local health department for further details.

INDIVIDUAL WATER SYSTEMS: FLOWING ARTESIAN WELLS: Artesian wells generally do not require disinfection. If analyses indicate persistent contamination, the well should be disinfected. Consult your local health department for further details.

EMERGENCY DISINFECTION: When boiling water for 1 minute is not practical, water can be made potable by using this product. Prior to addition of the sanitizer, remove all suspended material by filtration or by allowing it to settle to the bottom. Decant the clarified, contaminated water to a clean container and add 1 drop of this product to 20 gallons of water. Allow the treated water to stand for 30 minutes. Properly treated water should have a slight chlorine odor, if not, repeat dosage and allow the water to stand an additional 15 minutes. The treated water can then be made palatable by pouring between clean containers several times.

PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS RESERVOIRS-ALGAE CONTROL: Hypochlorinate streams feeding the reservoir. Suitable feeding points should be selected on each stream at least 50 yards upstream from the points of entry into the reservoir.

MAINS: - Thoroughly flush section to be sanitized by discharging from hydrants. Permit a water flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of a hypochlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 ppm is obtained at the low pressure end of the new main section after 24 hour retention time. When chlorination is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

NEW TANKS, BASINS, ETC .: - Remove all physical soil from surfaces. Place 20 oz. of this product for each cubic feet of working capacity (500 ppm available) chlorine). Fill to working capacity and allow to stand for at least 4 hours. Drain and flush with potable water and return to surface.

NEW FILTER SAND: - Apply 80 oz of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. The action of the product dissolving as the water passes through the bed will aid in sanitizing the new sand.

NEW WELLS: - Flush the casing with 50 ppm available chlorine solution of water containing 5 oz. of this product for each 100 gallons of water. The solution should be pumped or fed by gravity into the well after thorough mixing with agitation. The well should stand for several hours or overnight under chlorination. It may then be pumped until representative raw water sample is obtained. Bacterial examination of the water will indicate whether further treatment is necessary.

EXISTING EQUIPMENT - Remove equipment from service, thoroughly clean surfaces of all physical soil. Sanitize by placing 21 oz. of this product for each 5 cubic feet capacity (approximately 500 ppm available chlorine). Fill to working capacity and let stand at least 4 hours. Drain and place in service. If the previous treatment is not practical, surfaces may be sprayed with a solution containing 5 oz. of this product for each 5 gallons of water (approximately 1000 ppm available chlorine). After drying, flush with water and return to service.