#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



## **SEPA** United States Environmental Protection Office of Pesticide Programs Agency

MAY 1 9 2010

FILE CORY

Carl F. Watson, Ph.D. Senior Regulatory Toxicologist Buckman Laboratories, Inc. 1256 North McLean Blvd. Memphis, TN 38108-1241

Subject:

**BUSAN 1125C** 

EPA Registration No. 1448-20001 Application Date: March 16, 2010 EPA Receipt Date: March 17, 2010

Dear Dr. Watson:

The following amendment, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable with the conditions below.

#### **Proposed Amendment:**

Label Amendment

#### **Conditions:**

Revise the label as follows:

- 1. Revise the Container Disposal section as follows:
  - a. You must either use the statement beginning "Offer for recycling, if available..." or the statement beginning "Then offer for recycling if available..." based on your product's container type.
  - b. Add the statement "Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying." preceding the 5 gallons or less section.
  - c. Revise the greater than 5 gallons section by changing the phrase "...later use of disposal." to read "...later use or disposal."
  - d. Revise the greater than 5 gallons section by adding the statement "Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times." preceding the statement "Empty the rinsate...".
  - e. Delete the paragraph beginning "Do not discharge rinsate..." as this information is located in the Environmental Hazards section and is therefore redundant.

2. On page 5, revise "EPA Reg. No. 1448-200001" to read "EPA Reg. No. 1448-20001."

#### **General Comments**

A stamped copy of the accepted labeling is enclosed. Submit 1 copy of your final printed label before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Should you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact me at <u>Henson.Wanda@epa.gov</u> or call (703) 308-6345.

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Wanda Henson

Acting Product Manager (32)
Regulatory Management Branch II
Antimicrobials Division (7510P)

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with COMMENTS ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S): in EPA Letter Dated: Sodium hypochlorite

MAY 1 9 2010 INERT INGREDIENTS:

12.5% <u>87.5%</u> 100.00%

Under the Federal Insecticide, TOTAL Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER PELIGRO

	FIRST AID
If in Eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If on Skin, Clothes	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If Swallowed	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
If Inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>

#### **HOT LINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 901-767-2722 for emergency medical treatment information.

#### **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN**

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive, may cause severe skin and eye irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Wear safety glasses or goggles and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until strong odors have dissipated.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: STRONG OZIDING AGENT: Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with chemicals (e.g. ammonia, acids, detergents, etc.) or organic matter (e.g. urine, feces, etc) will release chlorine gas which is irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless this product is specifically identified and addressed in a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES) permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or regional office of the EPA.

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### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store this product in a cool dry area away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid contamination. In case of spill, flood areas with large quantities of water. Product or rinsate that cannot be used should be diluted with water before disposal in a sanitary sewer. Do not reuse container but place in trash collection. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage or disposal.

#### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL**

(TEXT FOR ALL NONREFILLABLE CONTAINERS)

NONREFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or place in trash collection. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment

Liquid residue removal statement for nonrefillable containers with capacity of 5 gals or less: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container half full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for the later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Liquid residue removal statement for nonrefillable containers with capacity of >5 gals: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container half full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use of disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

#### (TEXT FOR ALL NONREFILLABLE CONTAINERS)

Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or, if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Do not discharge rinsate containing this product unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge rinsate containing this product to sewer systems without prior approval from the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Batch code:	

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

NOTE: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage as necessary to obtain the required level of chlorine.

#### PULP AND PAPER MILL PROCESS WATER SYSTEMS:

SLUG FEED METHOD – Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 ตัว ให้เร็ง product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain from 5 to 10 ppm available chiorine. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10, 000 gallons of water in the system daily or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at possible fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

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INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD – Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 oz. to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Apply half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the initial dose when half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the water has been lost be blowdown.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain a 1 ppm residual. Apply half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the initial dose when half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the water has been lost be blowdown. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

CONTINIOUS FEED METHOD – Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continious feed of 1 oz. of this product per 1000 gallons of water lost by blowdown to maintain a 1 ppm residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

BRIQUETTES OR TABLETS – Initially slug dose the system with 52 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and maintain the chlorine residual at 1 ppm.

#### COOLING TOWER/ EVAPORATIVE CONDENSOR WATER

SLUG FEED METHOD – Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain from 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10, 000 gallons of water in the system daily or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 ppm. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD – Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 oz. to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Apply half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the initial dose when half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the water has been lost be blowdown.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10, 000 gallons of water in the system to obtain a 1 ppm residual. Apply half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the initial dose when half (1/3, 1/4, 1/5) of the water has been lost be blowdown. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun

CONTINIOUS FEED METHOD – Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continious feed of 1 oz. of this product per 1000 gallons of water lost by blowdown to maintain a 1 ppm residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

BRIQUETTES OR TABLETS – Initially slug dose the system with 52 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before tr atment is beguin.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,080 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and maintain the chlorige residual at ppm.

DISINFECTION OF DRINKING WATER (EMERGENCY/PUBLIC/INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS) PUBLIC SYSTEMS: Mix a ratio of 1 oz. of this product to 100 gallons of water. Begin feeding this solution with hypochlorinator until a free available chlorine residual of at least 0.2 ppm and no more than of the attained throughout the distribution system. Check water frequently with a chlorine test kit. Bacteriological

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sampling must be conducted at a frequency no less than that prescribed by the National Interim Primary Drinking Water Regulations. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS: DUG WELLS: Upon Completion of the casing (lining) wash the interior of the casing (lining) with 100 ppm available chlorine solution using a stiff brush. This solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 1 oz. of this product in to 10 gallons of water. After covering the well, pour the sanitizing solution into the well through both the pipesleeve opening and the pipeline. Wash the exterior of the pump cylinder also with the sanitizing solution. Start pump and pump water until strong odor of chlorine in water in noted. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from water. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

INDIVIUAL SYSTEMS: DRILLED, DRIVEN & BORED WELLS: Run pump until water is as free from turbidity as possible. Pour a 100 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution into the well. This solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 1 oz. of this product into 10 gallons of water. Add 5 to 10 gallons of clean, chlorinated water to the well in order to force the sanitizer into the rock formation. Wash the exterior of pump cylinder with the sanitizer. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine is have been removed from water. Deep wells with high water levels may necessitate the use of special methods for introduction of the sanitizer into the well. Consult your local health department for further details.

INDIVIDUAL WATER SYSTEMS: FLOWING ARTESIAN WELLS: Artesian wells generally do not require disinfection. If analyses indicate persistant contamination, the well should be disinfected. Consult your local health department for further details.

EMERGENCY DISINFECTION: When boiling water for 1 minute is not practical, water can be made potable by using this product. Prior to addition of the sanitizer, remove all suspended material by filtration or by allowing it to settle to the bottom. Decant the clarified, contaminated water to a clean container and add 1 drop of this product to 20 gallons of water. Allow the treated water to stand for 30 minutes. Properly treated water should have a slight chlorine odor, if not, repeat dosage and allow the water to stand an additional 15 minutes. The treated water can then be made palatable by pouring between clean containers several times.

**PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS RESERVOIRS-ALGAE CONTROL:** Hypochlorinate streams feeding the revervoir. Suitable feeding points should be selected on each stream at least 50 yards upstream from the points of entry into the reservoir.

MAINS: Thoroughly flush section to be sanitized by disharging from hydrants. Permit a water flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of a hypochlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 ppm is obtained at the low pressure end of the new main section after 24 hour retention time. When chlorination is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

NEW TANKS, BASINS, ETC.: Remove all physical soil from surfaces. Place 20 oz. of this product for ach cubic feet of working capacity (500 ppm available chlorine). Fill to capacity and allow to stand for at least 4 hours. Drain and flush with potable water and return to surface.

NEW FILTER SAND: Apply 80 oz. of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. The action of the product dissolving as the water passes through the bed will aid in sanitizing เกษาระพ sand.

NEW WELLS: Flush the casing with 50 ppm available chlorine solution of water containing 5 oz. of this product for each 100 gallons of water. The solution should be pumped by gravity into the well after thorough mixing with agitation. The well should stand for several hours or overnight under chief prination.

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It may then be pumped until representative raw water sample is obtained. Bacterial examination of the water will indicate whether further treatment is necessary.

**EXISTING EQUIPMENT** – Remove equipment from service, thoroughly clean surfaces of all physical soil. Sanitize by placing 21 oz. of this product for each 5 cubic feet capacity (approximately 500 ppm available chlorine). Fill to working capacity and let stand at least 4 hours. Drain and place in service. If the previous treatment is not practical, surfaces may be sprayed with a solution containing 5 oz. of this product for each 5 gallons of water (approximately 1000 ppm available chlorine). After drying, flush with water and return to service.

#### HMIS/NPCA RATING

Health 3 Flammability 0 Reactivity 2

Product Weight 10.4 lbs/gal 1.25 kg/l NET CONTENTS MARKED ON CONTAINER

EPA Reg. No. 1448-200001

EPA Est. No. 1448-TN-01

Manufactured by:

### Buckman Laboratories, Inc.

(901) 278-0330 or 1-800-282-5626

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