

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Buckman Laboratories, Inc. 1256 North McLean Blvd. Memphis, TN 38108-1241 USA

JUN 1 0 2011

Attention: Jeffery M. Thorne Director, Compliance

Subject:

Busan 1215

EPA Reg. No.: 1448-433

Amendment Application Dated May 12, 2011

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. The Agency approves the changes made to the label per the Agency letter dated January 7, 2011.

The label must be revised so the routes of exposure are listed in the same order in both the First Aid and Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals Sections, organized so that the routes of exposure of most concern (severe routes of exposure) as supported by the toxicity category classification are listed first.

A stamped copy of the accepted labeling is enclosed. Submit three copies of your final printed labeling to the Agency before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Abigail Downs at (703) 305-5259.

Sincerely,

Marshall Swindell Product Manager (33)

Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobials Division (7510P)

Parshall Svinstell

BUSAN 1215

BUSAN is a registered trademark.

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ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S)
Ammonia (total)
INERT INGREDIENTS
TOTAL

MIN 10 000

Buckman

Inder the Federal Insecticine. Fungicide, and Redemicide Act at amended, for the perficule, registered under EFA Reg. No 1448-433

7.59% 92.41% 100.00%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

1	FIRST AID
If in Eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on Skin, Clothes	- Take off contaminated clothing Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If Swallowed	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If Inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
Have the	product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor or going for treatment.

You may also contact 901-767-2722 for emergency medical treatment information. Precautionary Statements

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash the roughly with soan and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or

thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: The pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.



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Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PULP AND PAPER MILLS: BUSAN 1215 is used as a microbiocide in the manufacture of paper and paperboard that contacts food.

This product is applied in conjunction with sodium hypochlorite to form monochloramine, a slower acting less aggressive oxidizing microbiocide. The products are added to dilution water to achieve a minimum molar ratio of 1.0 to 1.0, BUSAN 1215 to sodium hypochlorite. This ratio may be obtained by combining 0.5 fluid ounces of BUSAN 1215 to 1.0 fluid ounces of sodium hypochlorite (less than or equal to 15.0% wt/wt). To insure both handling safety and effectiveness, the monochloramine solution must be generated and fed into the treatment water systems through a proper chemical feed skid only by a trained Buckman representative. Use of this product for any other purposes or contrary to the use directions specified below is prohibited.

Dosage Rates: When noticeably fouled, apply sufficient product and sodium hypochlorite to achieve a total chlorine residual of at least 1 ppm in excess of the system oxidant demand. Once control is achieved, treatment rates can be reduced to sub-demand rates room 50% to 80% of system demand. The product may be added to the system continuously or intermittently as needed to any area of the system where uniform mixing can be obtained.

or intermittent treatment, mix 0.5 fluid ounces of BUSAN 1215 to 1.0 fluid ounce of sodium hypochlorite (less than or equal to 15.0% wt/wt). Apply the solution at a rate to obtain 1 to 2 ppm in excess of the system oxidant demand (maximum of 5 ppm measured) as total chlorine in the water being treated for 5 to 60 minutes every 1 to 6 hours. The frequency of feeding and the duration of treatment will depend on the severity of the problem. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before initial treatment.

For continuous treatment, mix 0.5 fluid ounces of BUSAN 1215 to 1.0 fluid ounce of sodium hypochlorite (less than or equal to 15.0% wt/wt). Apply the solution at a rate to obtain 0.5 to 1 ppm in excess of system oxidant demand (maximum of 5 ppm measured) as total chlorine in the water being treated on a continuous basis. The frequency of feeding and the duration of treatment will depend on the severity of the problem. Badly fouled systems should be cleaned before initial treatment.

If chloramine is detected in the effluent, it can be neutralized by the addition of sodium metabisulfite until the chloramine is no longer detected.

INDUSTRIAL WATER SYSTEMS: BUSAN 1215 is used for the control of algal, bacterial and fungal deposits in industrial cooling towers, recirculating cooling water systems, evaporative condensers, influent water systems, brewery and food pasteurizers, industrial fresh water systems, airwashers, seawater desalination and reverse osmosis systems, paint spray booth sumps, non-fish containing decorative fountains and ponds used for cooling purposes, sewage and wastewater systems. This product is also used for the control of algae, bacteria, fungi and mollusks in both seawater and freshwater influent systems.

When this product is used to treat sewage and wastewater systems, seawater, and freshwater influent systems for once-through industrial water systems, and seawater desalination and reverse osmosis systems, and the system water is not sent to a POTW; residual levels of information in the effluent must be monitored and neutralized using on-line monitoring and control equipment.

When this product is used to treat recirculating cooling water systems, evaporative condensers, influent water systems (not part of once-through industrial water systems), brewery and food pasteurizers, airwashers, paint spray booth sumps, and non-fish containing decorative fountains and ponds used for cooling purposes; effluent detection of chloramine should be conducted at least once per shift. If chloramine is detected in the effluent, it can be neutralized by the addition of sodium metabisulfite until the chloramine is no longer detected.

This product is applied in conjunction with sodium hypochlorite to form monochloramine, a slower acting less aggressive oxidizing microbiocide. The products are added to dilution water to achieve a minimum molar ratio of 1.0 to 1.0, BUSAN 1215 to sodium hypochlorite. This ratio may be obtained by combining 0.5 fluid ounces of BUSAN 1215 to 1.0 fluid ounces of sodium hypochlorite (less than or equal to 15.0% wt/wt). To insure both handling safety and effectiveness, the monochloramine solution must be generated and fed into the treatment water process through a closed metered chemical feed system. The system operator must be trained by a Buckman representative in the use of the chemical feed system. Use of this product for any other purposes or contrary to the use directions specified below is prohibited.

Dosage Rates: When noticeably fouled, apply sufficient product and sodium hypochlorite to achieve a total chlorine residual of at least 1 ppm in excess of the system oxidant demand. Once control is achieved, treatment rates can be reduced to sub-demand rates from 50% to 80% of system demand. The product may be added to the system continuously or intermittently as needed to any area of the system where uniform mixing can be obtained.

For intermittent treatment, mix 0.5 fluid ounces of BUSAN 1215 to 1.0 fluid ounce of sodium hypochlorite (less than or equal to 15.0% wt/wt). Apply the solution at a rate to obtain 1 to 2 ppm in excess of the system oxidant demand (maximum of 5 ppm measured) as total chlorine in the water being treated for 5 to 60 minutes every 1 to 6 hours. The frequency of feeding and the duration of treatment will depend on the severity of the problem. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before initial treatment.

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BUSAN 1215

BUSAN is a registered trademark.

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A microbiocide for controlling algal, bacterial and fungal deposits in influent water systems, and all process water systems used for the manufacture of paper and paperboard products and in industrial cooling towers, recirculating cooling water systems, evaporative condensers. influent water systems, brewery and food pasteurizers, industrial fresh water systems, airwashers, seawater desalination and severse osmosis systems, paint spray booth sumps, non-fish containing decorative fountains and ponds used for cooling purposes, sewage and wastewater systems. This product is also used for the control of algae, bacteria, fungi and mollusks in both seawater and freshwater influent systems.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep container tightly closed. Store in a dry place. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional office for guidance. Clean equipment and/or dispose of equipment wash water in a manner to avoid contamination of water resources.

Nonrefillable

5 gals or less

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for the later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or, if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If metal container, do not puncture or burn.

Capacity of >5 gals

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use of disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or, if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If metal container, do not puncture or burn.

Refillable

Larger than 55 gallons

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

To clean the container prior to refilling or disposal, use a pressure wash as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Use a ressure wash system that rinses all interior sides with water and that is rated at >40 psi and >120F. Pressure wash the container for a length of time that ensures that a ninimum 25% of the container volume of water is used. During the pressure wash, ensure that the container valve is left open for continuous draining. Collect the rinsate and empty into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Allow container to drain for 10 minutes after pressure wash is completed.

55 gallons and smaller

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

To clean the container prior to refilling or disposal, use a triple rinse wash as follows: Empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Manufactured by

Buckman Laboratories, Inc.

1256 North McLean Blvd., Memphis, Tennessee 38108, USA

(901) 278-0330 or 1-800-282-5626

EPA Est. No.

1448-TN-1

EPA Reg. No.

1448-433

Product Weight 9.59 lbs/gal 1.15kg/l

Net contents are marked on the container.

HMIS/NPCA Ratings

Health 1 Flammability 1 Reactivity 0

Last Revision

1448-433

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3/10/2011