	•	*	<del></del>	333	
ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	• •			,	
Giutaraidehyde			35.0%		
MEDT INCREDIENTS.			75.00	•	
INERT INGREDIENTS:			75.024	• •	
TOTAL			100.00%	•	

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

FIRST AID		
If swallowed	Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Do not give anything to drink.	
If in eyes	Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at least 30 minutes.     Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consultation, preferably from an opthalmologist.     Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.	
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15–20 minutes. Call a poison control center for treatment advice.	
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air.     If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambutance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.     Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	

#### **HOT LINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 901-278-0330 or 1 800 BUCKMAN for emergency medical treatment information.

#### **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN**

Aspiration may cause lung damage. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Corrosive, Causes irreversible eye damage. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed, Harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause alleroic reactions in some innividuals. Causes asthmatic signs and symptoms in hyper-reactive individuals. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not swallow. Wear googles, protective ciothing, and buryl or nitrile gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, nonds, estuaries oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

#### STORAGE AND HANDLING

DIALD 25 is incompatible with many commonly used materials of construction such as steel, galvanized iron, aluminum, tin, and zinc. DIALD 25 can be stored and handled in baked phenolic-lined steel, polyethylene, stainless steel, or reinforced epoxy-plastic equipment. This product freezes at about 14°F (-10°C). Therefore, unless the storage tank is inside or underground, heating and insulation may be required. If heating is needed, exposure to high temperatures should be avoided. For short storage times (up to about 1 month), temperatures of up to 100°F (37.8°C) can be tolerated but the preferred maximum storage temperature is about 80°F (26.7°C).

A stainless steel centrifugal pump is suggested for transfer service. Spiral-wound stainless steel with TEFLON® Polymer is suitable for gaskets and packing.

Handle in a well-ventilated area. If vapors are imitating to the nose or eyes, special ventilation or respiratory protection (MSHA/NIOSH approved air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor cartridge of the required.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labelling.

AIR WASHERS AND INDUSTRIAL SCRUBBING SYSTEMS/RECIRCULATING COOLING AND PROCESS WATER SYSTEMS: This product may be used only in industrial air washer systems which have mist-eliminating components. DIALD 25 should be added at the application rates described below, to a water treatment system at a convenient point of uniform mixing such as the basin area. Addition may be made intermittently (SLUG DOSE) or continuously, Badly fouled systems can be shock treated with DIALD 25. Under these conditions, blowdown should be discounted for up to 24 hours.

DIALD 25 can be used in industrial process water systems that contain uttra fittration units and non-medical reverse osmosis membranes (where approved for compatibility by the membrane manufacturer) and associated distribution

INTERMITTENT (SLUG DOSE) METHOD: Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, apply 24-48 fluid ounces of DIALD 25 per 1,000 gallons of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 9.6-24 fluid ounces of DIALD 25 per 1,000 gallons of water in the system weekly, or as needed to maintain control. Badly-foured systems must be cleaned before treatment is

CONTINUOUS FEED SYSTEM: Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled apply 24-48 fluid ounces of DIALD 25 per 1,000 gallons of water in the system.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continuous feed of 4.8-24 fluid ounces of DIALD 25 per 1,000 gallons of water in the system per day. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

SERVICE WATER AND AUXILIARY SYSTEMS: DIALD 25 should be used at the same application rates, and in the same manner as described above. It should be added to the system at a point that will allow for uniform mixing throughout the system.

HEAT TRANSFER SYSTEMS: (Evaporative Condensers, Dairy Sweetwater Systems, Hydrostatic Sterilizers and Retorts, and Pasteurizers and Warmers and Once-Through Cooling Water Systems). DIALD 25 should be used at the same application rates, and in the same manner as described above. It should be added to the system at a point of uniform mixing such as a basin area, sump area, or other reservoir or collecting area from which the treated water will be circulated uniformly throughout the system.

INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER SYSTEMS: (Wastewater Systems, Wastewater Sludge and Wastewater Holding Tanks). DIALD 25 should be added to a wastewater system or studge at a convenient point of uniform mixing such as the digester. Add 10.8 to 54 fluid ounces (0.63 pints to 3.4 quarts) (900 to 4,500 ppm) DIALD 25 per 1,000 gallons of

MACROFOULING CONTROL: ("Not for use in the state of California). DIALD 25 should be added continuously to maintain a level of 20 ppm active ingredient in the system for a period of at least 96 hours. Initial Dose: When macrofouling is present in the system, apply 9.6 full ounces of DIALD 25 per 1,000 gallons of water in the system. Continue to add as needed to maintain the 20 poin active incredient level for a period of at least 96 hours.

PAPER MILLS AND PAPER MILL PROCESS WATER SYSTEMS: DIALD 25 should be added to paper making system at a point of uniform mixing such as the beaters, broke chest pump, save-all tank, or white-water tank, Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably contaminated, add 1.0-6.0 lbs of DIALD 25 per ton of pulp or paper (dry basis) as a stug dose. Repeat until control is achieved. Heavily-fouled systems should be boiled out prior to initial treatment. Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident add 0.6-4.0 lbs of DIALD 25 per ton of pulp or paper (dry basis) as a slug dose as necessary to maintain control.

PIGMENTS AND FILLER SLURRIES FOR PAPER AND PAPERBOARD: (For use in food and non-food contact pigments and filler slurries). Use from 0.2 to 1.2 lbs of DIALD 25 per 1,000 lbs dry powder to produce a concentration of 200 to 1,200 ppm as product (based on sturry solids) in the mixed sturry.

WATER-BASED COATINGS FOR PAPER AND PAPERBOARD: (For use in non-food contact coatings only). Use from 0.2 to 1.2 lbs of DIALD 25 per 1,000 lbs dry powder to produce a concentration from 200 to 1,200 ppm as product (based on sturry solids) in the mixed sturry.

AQUEOUS METALWORKING FLUIDS: DIALD 25 should be added to a metalworking fluid system at a point of uniform mixing such as the fluid collection tank. Additions may be made intermittently (SLUG DOSÉ) at intervals of one week or less. Initial Dose: When the system in noticeable fouled apply 4.8 to 14.4 fluid ounces (100 to 300 ppm active) of DIALD 25 per 100 gallons of metalworking fluid to the system. Repeat until control is achieved. Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 1.9 to 9.6 fluid ounces (40 to 200 ppm active) of DIALD 25 per 100 gallons of metalworking fluid to the system weekly, or as needed to maintain control. Badly fouled systems should be cleaned before treatment is begins.

WATER BASED CONVEYOR LUBRICANTS: (Brewery, Juice, Dairy, Beverage, and Food Processing Systems). Avoid contamination of tood in application of product. Thoroughly clean all tracks and conveyors to remove gross soil. Rinse well. Use an automatic feed system to provide 2.4 to 14.4 fluid ounces (50 to 300 ppm active) of DIALD 25 ner 100 nations of diluted lubricant

GENERAL PRESERVATIVE USE: DIALD 25 is recommended for use in aqueous or water containing products and systems, including industrial, institutional and consumer in-can processes and products, to control the growth of bacteria and fungi. For effective preservation, add DIALD 25 to the product formulation at a rate of 0.04% to 0.4% based on the water content of the product (0.4 to 4.0 ibs DIALD 25 per 1,000 lbs water content). Mix uniformly.

PRESERVATIVE FOR CONCENTRATES; For use in concentrates where effective preservation is needed after dilution. add DIALD 25 to the product formulation at a rate such that the diluted end-use product will contain 0.04% to 0.40% DIALD 25. At no time during the preservation process should the level of DIALD 25 exceed 4.0%.

REVERSE OSMOSIS MEMBRANES: For effective preservation of reverse osmosis elements (where approved for compatibility by membrane manufacturer), immerse elements in a tank containing 0.4% to 4.0% DIALD 25, DIALD 25 can also be added to in-line recirculating systems for preservation of installed out-of-service reverse osmosis equipment (where approved for compatibility by membrane manufacturer). Add 0.4% to 4.0% DIALD 25 to the tank in the circutating system. Maintain the concentration of DIALT; Thy periodic addition to counteract any system leakage.

CONCRETE ADMIXTURES: For effective preservation of concrete admixtures, add DIALD 25 to the product formulation at a rate of 4,000 to 16,000 pom based on the weight of the admixture (4.0 to 16,0 lbs DIALD 25 per 1,000 lbs concrete admixture). Mix uniformly,

WATER FLOODS: DIALD 25 should be added to a water flood system at a point of uniform mixing, initial Treatment: When the system is noticeably contaminated, add 200 to 10,000 ppm DIALD 25 to the system (0.2 to 9.4 gatters DIALD 25 per 1,000 gallons flood water). Repeat until control is achieved. Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 40 to 10,000 ppm DIALD 25 (0.04 to 9.4 gations DIALD 25 per 1,000 gations flood water) to the system weekly, or as needed to maintain control.

DRILLING, COMPLETION, AND WORKOVER FLUTDS: DIALD 25 should be added to a drilling fluid system at a point of uniform mixing. Initial Treatment: Add 100 to 2,000 ppm DIALD 25 (0.4 to 7.9 gallons DIALD 25 per 100 barrels of fluid) to a treshly prepared fluid depending on the severity of contamination. Maintenance Dosage: Maintain a concentration of 100 to 2,000 ppm DIALD 25 by adding 0.4 to 7.9 gallons of DIALD 25 per 100 barrels of additional fluid. or as needed, depending on the severity of contamination.

PACKER FLUIDS: DIALD 25 should be added to a packer fluid at a point of uniform mixing such as a circulating holding tank. Add 100 to 1,200 ppm DIALD 25 (0.4 to 4.7 gallons DIALD 25 per 100 barrels of fluid) to a freshly prepared fluid depending on the severity of contamination. Seal the treated packer fluid in the wall between the casing and production

GAS PRODUCTION AND TRANSMISSION PIPELINES AND SYSTEMS: DIALD 25 should be added to a gas production or transmission pipeline via direct injection. The application should be conducted to ensure maximum distribution of the DIALD 25 through the entire internal surface of the pipeline. To facilitate application, it may be desirable to dilute the DIALD 25 with an appropriate solvent immediately before use. Injections to the system should be weekly, or as needed to maintain control.

GAS STORAGE WELLS AND SYSTEMS: Individual injection wells should be treated with a sufficient quantity of DIALD 25 to produce a concentration of 1,000 to 10,000 ppm DIALD 25 when diluted by the water present in the formulation, Injection should take place before gas is injected (during the summer). Injections should be repeated yearly, or as needed to maintain control, individual drips should be treated with a sufficient quantity of DIALD 25 to produce a concentration of 400 to 4,000 ppm DIALD 25 when diluted by the water present in the drip, injections should be repeated yearly, or as needed to maintain control.

HYDROTESTING: Water used to hydrotest pipelines or vessels should contain 200 to 8,000 ppm DIALD 25 (0.2 to 7.5 gallions DIALD 25 per 1,000 gallions water), depending on water quality and length of time the equipment will remain idle.

PIPELINE PIGGING AND SCRAPING OPERATIONS: Add DIALD 25 to a stug of water immediately following the scraper (ideally this water volume can be kept to a minimum and contained between the scraper and a trailing pig). Sufficient DIALD 25 should be added to produce a concentration of 0.2 to 2.0% (0.2 to 1,9 gallons DIALD 25 per 100 gallons water), depending on the length of the pipeline and the severity of biofouling.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited Pesticide wastes are toxic, improper disposal of excess pesticide, soray mixture or misate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to tabel instructions, contact your State Pesticide or your Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Metal Containers or Plastic Containers: Triple (inset for equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Plastic Containers: May be incherated, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Metal Containers: Must not be incinerated. Do not cut or weld on or near metal containers.

Manufactured By:

## Buckman Laboratories, Inc.

1256 N. McLean Blvd., Memphis, Tennessee 38108, U.S.A. (901) 278-0330 or 1-800-BUCKMAN

EPA Est. No. 10352-WV-2<sup>(A)</sup>; 464-WV-1<sup>(B)</sup>

(A) 5-gallon pails in pallets; all drums; bulk, (B) Single 5-ballon bails on

Product Weight: 8.8 lbs/gal 1.06 kg/L NET CONTENTS MARKED ON CONTAINER

HMIS/NPCA RATING
Health 3 Flammability 1 Reactivity Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, and the federal insecticide, and Rodenticide, Act as an encoding the federal insecticide, and the federal insecticide, and the federal insecticide, and the federal insecticide, and the federal insection in the federal pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 1448-422

HMIS/NPCA RATING