DANGER **Precautionary Statements**

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

FIRST AID		
If in Eyes	- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
If on Skin, Clothes	- Take off contaminated clothing Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes Call a poison control center for treatment advice.	
If Ingested	- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. - Have person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow. - Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. - Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
If Inhaled	- Move person to fresh air If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificall respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
	HOT LINE NUMBER	

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poision Control Center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact: 901-278-0330, or: 1-800-BLICKMAN for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

DANGER KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Corrosive. Causes severe eye damage and skin irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on ciothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food. May cause skin sensitization.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not dishcarge effluent containing this product into lakes streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewage systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:			
Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-2H-1,3,524.0%			
thiadiazine-2-thione			
INERT INGREDIENTS:	76.0%		
TOTAL	100.0%		

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Protect from freezing and temperatures in excess of 140gF Keep container closed when not in use. If contents are spilled or leaked due to container damage, collect liquid with absorbent material and dispose of in accordance with local state, and federal esticide disposal regulations

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Impropor disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these waste cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Metal Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or punture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or by actual tests. equivalent). Then off for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning, if burned, stay out of smoke.

ACCEPTED

JAN 2 3 2003

Under the Federal Insecticide, Funcicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 1448-395

Manufactured by Buckman Laboratories, Inc. 1256 North McLean Bivd., Memphis, Tennessee 38108, USA (901) 278-0330 or 1-800-BUCKMAN EPA Est. No. 1448-TN-1 EPA Reg. No. 1448-395 Net contents are marked on the container **Product Weight** 8.5 lbs/gal 1.02 kg/l HMIS / NPCA Ratings Last Revision Reactivity 9/2002 Flammability 1

Directions for Use

it is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PAPER MILL SLIME CONTROL: FOR THE CONTROL OF SLIME-FORMING AND/OR SPOILAGE BACTERIA: BUSAN 1370 is added at a point in the system (raw stok chest, beater and/or refiner chest, or machine chest-wirepit) where it will be uniformly mixed. Application may be continuous or intermittent for a certain number of hours/day or per shift, depending upon system characteristics. Add 5 to 20 fluid ounces of BUSAN 1370 per ton of paper produced.

INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD: Apply 12 to 20 fluid ounces of BUSAN 1370 per ton (dry basis) of pulp or paper for 2 hours every 8 hours. Badly fouled process systems must be cleaned before initial treatment.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD: Apply 5 to 15 fluid ounces of BUSAN 1370 per ton (dry basis) of pulp or paper produced on a continuous basis Badly fouled process systems must be cleaned before initial treatment.

OILFIELD DRILLING MUDS AND WORKOVER OR COMPLETION FLUIDS: FOR CONTROL OF SLIME-FOAMING AND/OR SPOILAGE BACTERIA: Determine the total volume of the circulating system. Calculate the number of gallons of BUSAN 1370 needed to produce a concentration of 2,080 ppm (0.73 lb/bbl) of BUSAN 1370 in the drilling mud circulating system. For example, 75 gallons of BUSAN 1370 per 1000 barrels of drilling fluid is circulating. As the total volume increases, due to greater well depth, add additional BUSAN 1370 to maintain the proper concentration. Because of the wide variation in drilling mud composition and bacterial contamination, greater or lesser amounts of the BUSAN

OILFIELD WATER TREATMENT AND WATER FLOODS: FOR CONTROL OF SLIME-FORMING AND/OR SPOILAGE BACTERIA: Calculate the total volume of water to be treated. Using this yourne, calculate the number of gallons of BUSAN 1370 needed to produce concentration of approximately 2500 ppm BUSAN 1370. For example 2.1 gallons of BUSAN 1370 per each 1000 gallons of total volume will produce this dilution. 350 ppm BUSAN 1370, adde each week is recommended to maintain bacterial control. This may be accomplished by adding 0.30 gallons of BUSAN 1370 to each 1000 gallons of total volume. Because of the wide variation in waters found in the oil field, greater or lesser amounts of BUSAN 1370 may be required in a particular location.

FOR THE PRESERVATION OF CLAY SLURRIES, ADHESIVES, COATINGS, AND HIGH VISCOSITY SUSPENSIONS: For preservation of slumes and high viscosity suspensions. BUSAN 1370 should be added at a point in the processing system where there will be sufficient time and agitation for good mixing and dispersion. Add BUSAN 1370 at use processing system where there will be sufficient time and agitation for good mixing and dispersion. Add BUSAN 1370 at use levels of 0.04% - 0.11%, by weight, based on the total formulation in slurries of starch, clay. calcium carbonate, or titanium dioxide: paper coatings; high viscosity suspensions (e.g., polymers, silica-polymer combinatioons); polyvinyl alcohol/polyvinyl acetate-based adhesives, starch-based adhesives; dextrin-based adhesives. The exact amount of material to be added for the preservation of any given formulation will depend on the components and local storage time and conditions. Dosage rates should be determined

RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER SYSTEMS: FOR CONTROL OF ALGAE, FUNGLAND SLIME FORMING BACTERIA: Dosages for recirculating cooling water systems will depend on the condition of the system prior to treatment initition. Systems which are heavily contaminated should be cleaned first. Apply BUSAN 1370 to the cleaned system when growth is first noticed according to the following schedule. INITIAL DOSE: Apply 3.25 - 6.5 fluid ounces (30 - 60 ppm) of BUSAN 1370 per each 1000 gallons of water in the system. This dose ay be a continuous treatment or applied once, twice or three times weekly or as required to control the growth of slime forming organisms. SUBSEQUENT DOSAGE. When microbial control is evident, add 0.5 - 3.25 fluid ounces (5 - 30 ppm) of BUSAN 1370 per 1000 gallons of water in the system as a continuous treatment daily or every three days or as required to maintain control.