1448-377 02/22/2010



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

FEB 2 2 2010

Mr. Carl Watson Senior Toxicologist for, Buckman Laboratories, Inc. 1256 North McLean Blvd. Memphis, TN 38108-1241

Subject: Busan 1009WB EPA Registration Number 1448-377 Your Amendment Dated January 19<sup>th</sup>, 2010 EPA Received Date January 21<sup>st</sup>, 2010

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, FIFRA, as amended, to revise the Storage and Disposal section as per PR Notice 2007-4, is acceptable.

A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed.

If you have questions concerning this letter, please contact Karen M. Leavy at (703)-308-6237.

Sincerely,

Marshall Swindell Product Manager 33 Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobials Division(7510P)

# SAN 1009WB BUSAN is a registered trademark.

CTIVE INGREDIENT(S)
-(Thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole
lethylene bis(thiocyanate)
VERT INGREDIENTS
OTAL

The product contains methylene bis(thiocyanate) and 2-(thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole each at 0.90 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

### ACCEPTED with COMMENTS

v EPA Letter Dated

<b>•</b> - •	10.0%
FEB 22 2010	10.0%
Under the Federal Insecticide,	80.0%
"Fungicide, and hogenworde Act as	100.0%
amended for the pessoide,	
registered under EPA Reg. No. 1448-377	

Buckma

# **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

#### DANGER PELIGRO

	FIRST AID				
lf in Eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>				
lf on Skin, Clothes	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>				
lf Swallowed	<ul> <li>Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>				
lf Inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>				
HOT LINE NUMBER					
Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 901-767-2722 for emergency medical treatment information.					

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

#### **Precautionary Statements** HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage or skin burns. May be fatal if swallowed or absorbed through skin or inhaled. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Applicators and all other handlers must wear: Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants; Socks and chemical resistant footwear; Goggles or face shield; Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, or viton; and Respirator with an organic vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any R. P. or HE prefilter.

Handlers participating in hand-dip applications, including introduction of material to and removal from the dip and handling materials still wet from the dip must wear: chemical-resistant full-front aprons with attached full-sleeve gloves.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not mix with an exident. Combustible. No not use or store near heat or open flame.

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# with COMMENTS F EPA Level Dated

FEB 2 2 2010

Under the Paderse Insecticide, Fungicide at Adenticide Act as amended to the metticide

Storage and Disposal under EPA Reg. No. 1448-377

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not stack more than four drums high. Drums should be opened in well-ventilated areas. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at your EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

(Text for all nonrefillable containers)

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

{Liquid residue removal statement for nonrefillable containers with capacity of 5 gals or less}

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for the later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

{Liquid residue removal statement for nonrefillable containers with capacity of >5 gals}

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use of disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

(Text for all nonrefillable containers)

Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or, if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

{Text for refillable containers}

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. For containers larger than 55 gallons:

To clean the container prior to refilling or disposal, use a pressure wash as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Use a pressure wash system that rinses all interior sides with water and that is rated at >40 psi and >120F. Pressure wash the container for a length of time that ensures that a minimum 25% of the container volume of water is used. During the pressure wash, ensure that the container valve is left open for continuous draining. Collect the rinsate and empty into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Allow container to drain for 10 minutes after pressure wash is completed.

For containers 55 gallons and smaller:

To clean the container prior to refilling or disposal, use a triple rinse wash as follows: Empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Do not discharge rinsate containing this product unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge rinsate containing this product to sewer systems without prior approval from the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Batch code:

Manufactured by	anufactured by 1256 North McLean Blvd., Memphis, Tennessee 38108, USA (901) 278-0330 or 1-800-282-5626					
EPA Est. No.	1448-TN-1					
EPA Reg. No.	1448-377					
Product Weight	9.2 lbs/gal	1.1 kg/l	Net contents are marked on the container.			
	NPCA Ratings nability 1 React	ivity 1		Last Revision 1/15/2010		

## ACCIPT with COM • EPA Letter Dated: FEB 2 2 2010

#### **Directions for Use**

USAN 1009WB

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It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. SAPSTAIN AND MOLD CONTROL: BUSAN 1009 WB is used to control sapstain and mold on freshvicus fartword and solitive and solition of the Federal Impediated for the Federal Impediated Impediat aggressive mold growth, the high rate mentioned above should be used. Treatment should be made as quickly as possible after lumber is cut and always within 24 hours after cutting. PAPER MILLS: To control bacterial and fungal growth on paper and paperboard machines, BUSAN 1009 WB is added to the white water or

stock at 0.1 to 0.5 lb/ton of dry paper or paperboard produced. To inhibit the growth of bacteria and fungi in papermaking additives (including alum solutions, animal glue solutions, pigment sturries, coating formulations, and starch sturries and solutions) BUSAN 1009 WB is added to these materials in concentrations of 50-400 ppm (weight/weight). Pulp that may be held in storage for 8 hours to 1 week should be treated with 0.25 to 0.75 kg of BUSAN 1009 WB per tonne (0.5 to 1.5 lb per ton) of moisture free pulp. BUSAN 1009 WB may be added to contaminated fresh water at the rate of 0.25-1 ppm for treatment periods of 6-12 hours out of each 24 hours.

PARTICLE BOARD: BUSAN 1009WB is employed as a preservative against mold and fungi for particle board, insulation board, and other wood-base fiber and particle panel materials. In this use, BUSAN 1009WB is mixed with the furnish, resin, or binding agent at 0.1 to 0.3% based on the dry weight of the wood.

BACTERIOSTATIC PAPER: BUSAN 1009WB may be used in the production of bacteriostatic paper and paperboard when included in the coating formulation at a dosage of 0.5 - 9.0% (weight/weight) of product and added at the size press or similar application. The bacteriostatic paper and paperboard applications are not to be used in the manufacture of food contact paper, paper coatings, or paperboard.

COOLING TOWERS: BUSAN 1009WB is used to protect cooling tower wood against soft or surface rot and internal or dry rot. It is applied by painting a dispersion containing 0.5 to 0.7% BUSAN 1009WB in water onto the clean wood surfaces. The amount applied should provide 0.6 to 0.8 lb BUSAN 1009WB per 1000 sq. ft of wood surface. Soft or surface rot can also be inhibited by periodic shock doses of BUSAN 1009WB to the recirculating cooling water at the tower basin or cold well. The dosage should provide 1.25 lb. of BUSAN 1009WB per 1000 gal of water and the bleedoff should be stopped for 4 to 6 hr after treatment. The shock treatment should be repeated every four months.

COOLING WATER: BUSAN 1009WB is used to control algae, bacteria and fungi in industrial recirculating cooling water systems. Before treatment is begun, the system should be cleaned thoroughly to remove old algal growth, microbiological slime, and other deposits. The system should then be drained, flushed, refilled with water, and treated with an initial dose of 0.6 to 3.7 fl oz BUSAN 1009WB per 1000 gal water in the system. Subsequent additions of 0.2 to 1.2 fl oz per 1000 gal should be made every 1 to 5 days, depending on amount of bleedoff and severity of microbiological fouling. In systems greater than or equal to 4000 gallons, do not apply BUSAN 1009WB by open pouring of liquid to cooling water systems; a metering pump delivery system is required for this use and application method.

DRILLING FLUIDS: To inhibit bacterial and fungal degradation of the fluids or muds used in the drilling of wells. BUSAN 1009WB is incorporated in the drilling fluid at concentrations of 0.05 to 0.25% based on the total wet weight of the fluid.

PETROLEUM SECONDARY RECOVERY: BUSAN 1009WB is used to control sulfate-reducing bacteria, slime-forming bacteria and fungi in oilfield water, polymer, or micellar floods, water-disposal systems, and other oil-field water systems at dosage rates of 3.9 to 13.0 fl oz of BUSAN 1009WB per 1000 gal of water treated. Additions should be made continuously or intermittently by means of a metering pump at the free water knockouts, before or after injection pumps and injection well headers. Continuous Feed Method: When system is noticeably fouled, add 3.9 to 13.0 fl oz BUSAN 1009WB per 1000 gal of water continuously until desired degree of control is achieved. Then treat with 3.9 to 13.0 fl oz BUSAN 1009WB per 1000 gal of water continuously, or as needed to maintain control. Intermittent or Slug Method: When system is noticeably fouled, or to maintain control, add 3.9 to 13.0 fl oz BUSAN 1009WB per 1000 gal of water for 4 to 8 hr per day and 1 to 4 times per week, or as needed to maintain control.

CRUDE AND REFINED OILS: BUSAN 1009WB is an oil-soluble preservative for the control of bacteria and fungi that cause the degradation of crude oil and refined fuel oils during storage. Crude and refined oils include, but are not limited to, olefinic, aromatic, paraffinic, and naphthenic oils. It should be added to the oil as it is being transferred from the shipping container to the storage tank at the rate of 0.6 to 6.0 fl. oz. per 1000 gal of oil. Addition should be made batchwise where mixing occurs or continuously to the suction side of the transfer pump.

HIDES AND SKINS: BUSAN 1009WB is used to prevent bacterial decomposition of brine cured hides and skins. BUSAN 1009WB should be used at a level of 0.003 - 0.02% (30-200 ppm) based upon the weight of green fleshed hides or skins and saturated brine solution. In raceway operations, BUSAN 1009WB can be added directly to the raceway during the addition of hides and operation of paddles. In processor/mixer applications, BUSAN 1009WB should be added as dispersion in water. A satisfactory dispersion of 1 part BUSAN 1009WB plus 4 parts water can be prepared by adding the BUSAN 1009WB to the water (as opposed to adding water to BUSAN 1009WB) with agitation .

LEATHER: BUSAN 1009WB can be used to prevent bacterial decomposition of brine cured, wet salted, air-dried or green fleshed hides/skins in the soaking process. For this purpose, treatment levels of 0.02-0.05% (200-500ppm) based on the total weight of hides/skins and process water (float). BUSAN 1009WB is recommended for the prevention of mold in the storage, transport and processing of wet leather stock suck as pickled, vegetable-, chrome-, alternative metal or metal free tanned hides/skins. For this purpose, BUSAN 1009WB is used at treatment rates of 0.05-0.25% (500-2500ppm) of white lime stock weight. A dispersion as described above should be prepared and added to the pickling solution or tanning liquor during the tanning operation or to the rinse water in a post tanning refloat. The product can also be applied during the fatliguoring process to prevent fungal growth at (0.025-0.075% (250-750)ppm) based on the split and shaved weight of leather being processed. PIGMENT SLURRIES, COATINGS, ADHESIVES, CAULKS AND SEALANTS: For the preservation of pigment slurries, coatings, adhesives, caulks and sealants, BUSAN 1009WB should be added at a point in the processing system where there is sufficient time and exitation for good mixing and dispersion. The actual amount of material to be added for the preservation of any given formulation will depend on the components and storage time and conditions. Dosage rates should be determined by actual testing. For pigment slurries, coalings, adhesives, caulks and sealants which are subject to bacterial and fungal attack in their containers, BUSAN 1009WB should be addee at use levels of 0.5 to 0.75% by weight to inhibit this attack. To inhibit fungal growth on the dried coating, adhesive, caulk, or sealant, BUSAN 1009 VB should be incorporated at a use level of 0.75 to 2.5% by weight. To formulate coatings that are mold resistant and that prevent sapstain and decay by fungi, BUSAN 1009WB should be added at use levels of 0.5 to 9.0% based on the total weight of the formulation. The exact level to use will depend on the severity of the contamination as well as the nature and amounts of other components of the formulation.