## BUSAN 1009 WB

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HAMMINS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive, causes increasible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes, or skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor oragical mist. Wear goggles or face shield, a mask or pesticide respirator jointly appended by MSHA and OSHA, protective clothing and shoes, and rubber gloves. Wasiathoughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or using thecco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL THEATMENT (FIRST AID);

If in eyes: Hold eylids open and these with a steady gentle stream of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of sup and water. Get medical attention,

If swallowed: Call a physician ar poison control center. Do not induce vomiting. First rinse mouth with large amounts of water or milk. Then slowly give one or two glasses of water or milk. Avoid alcohol. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Take individual to the nearest medical facility.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Getsmedical attention.

Note to physician: Probable mucanal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mass high water mark. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into takes, shearns, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the sequirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without praviously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food ar leed by storage or disposal. STORAGE: Do not expose to antierne temperatures. Do not stack more than five drums high. Drums should be opened in well-ventilated areas. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overgand drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed

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when not in use. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticitimustes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtage, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at your EPA Regiunal Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple wase (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or

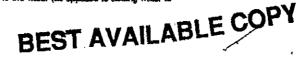
reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent '96 UCT 24 All :27

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with its labeling.

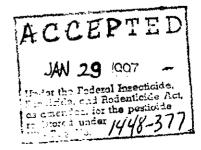
SAPSTAIN AND MOLD CONTROL-Busan 1009 WB is used to control sapstain and mold on freshly cut hardwood and softwood lumber, logs, poles, posts and timbers. It is applied by dipping or spraying the wood until complete surface wetting is accomplished. Use 0.5 to 2.0 gallons of Busan 1009 WB/100 galions water (5 to 18 lbs of Busan 1009/100 galions water) and agitate vigorously until Busan 1009 WB is thoroughly dispersed. Rates to be used will vary according to temperature, humidity, wood moisture, storage conditions, etc. Under conditions suitable for appressive mold prowith the high rate mentioned above should be used. Treatment should be made as quickly as possible after lumber is cut and always within 24 hours after cutting PAPER MILLS; To control bacterial and lungal growth on paper and paperboard machines, Busan 1009 WB is added to the white water or stock at 0.1 to 0.5 librion of dry paper or paperboard produced. To inhibit the growth of bacteria and lungi in papermaking additives (including alum solutions, animal glue solutions, pigment slumies, coating formulations, and starch slurries and solutions) Busan 1009 WB is added to these materials in concentrations of 50-400 ppm (weight/weight). Pulp that may be held in storage for 8 hours to 1 week should be treated with 0.25 to 0.75 kg of Busan 1009 WB per tonne (0.5 to 1.5 to per ton) of moisture-free pulp, Busan 1009 WB may be added to contaminated tresh water at the rate of 0.25-1 ppm for treatment periods of 6-12 hours out of each 24 hours.COOLING TOWERS:Busan 1009 WB is used to protect cooling tower wood against soft or surface rot and internal or dry rot. It is applied by spraying or painting a dispersion containing 0.5 to 0.7% Busan 1009 WB in water onto the clean wood surfaces. The amount applied should provide 0.6 to 0.8 to Busan 1009 WB per 1000 so it of wood surface. Soft of surface roll can also be inhibited by periodic shock doses of Busan 1009 WB to the recirculating cooling water at the tower basin or cold well, The dosage should provide 1.25 ib of Busan 1009 WB per 1000 gal of water and the bleedoff should be stopped for 4 to 5 hr after treatment. The shock treatment should be repeated every four months.COOLING WATER: Busan 1009 WB is used to control algae, bacteria and lungi in Industrial recirculating cooling water systems. Before treatment is begun, the system should be cleaned thoroughly to remove old algal growth, micro- biological slime, and other deposits. The system should then be drained, flushed, refilled with water, and treated with an initial dose of 0.6 to 3.7 fl oz Busan 1009 WB per 1000 gal water in the system. Subsequent additions of 0.2 to 1.2 fl oz per 1000 gal should be made every 1 to 5 days, depending on amount of bleedoff and severity of microbiological fouling, DRILLING FLUIDS: To inhibit bacterial and fungal degradation of the fluids or muds used in the drifting of welts, Busan 1009 WB is incorporated in the drilling fluid at concentrations of 0.05 to 0.25% based on the total wet weight of the fluid. PETROLEUM SECONDARY RECOVERY: Busan 1009 WB is used to control sultate-reducing bacteria, slime-forming bacteria and fungi in oil-field water, polymer, or micellar floods, water-disposal systems, and other oil-field water sytems at dosage rates of /3.9 to 13.0 fl oz of Busan 1009 WB per 1000 gal of water treated. Additions should be made continuously or intermittently by means of a metering pump at the free water knockouts before or after injection pumps and injection wall headers. Continuous Feed Method: When system is noticeably fouled, add 3.9 to 13.0 fl oz Busan 1009 WB per 1000 gal of water continuously until desired degree of control is achieved. Then treat with 3.9 to 13.0 fl oz Busan 1009 WB per 1000 gal of water continuously, or as needed to maintain control. Intermittent or Slug Method: When system is noticeably fouled, or to maintain control, add 3.9 to 13.0 # oz Busan 1009 WB per 1000 gal of water for 4 to 8 hr per day and 1 to 4 times per week, or as needed to maintain control, CRUDE AND REFINED OILS: Busan 1009 WB is an oil-soluable oreservative for the control of bacteria and fungi that cause the degradation of crude oil and refined fuel oils during storage. Crude and relined fuel oils include, but are not limited to, olefinic, aromatic, paraffinic, and naphthenic oils. It should be added to the oil as it is being transferred from the shipping container to the storage tank at the rate of 0.6 to 6.0 fl oz per 1000 gal of oil Addition should be made batchwise where mixing occursor continuously to the suction side of the transfer pump, HIDES AND SKINS; Busan 1009 WB is used to prevent bacterial decomposition of brine-cured hides and skins, Busari 1009 WB should be used at a level of 0.3 to 2.0 b/1000 to of green seshed hides or skins. In raceway operations Busan 1009 WB can be added directly to the raceway during the addition of hides and operation of paddles. In processor operations Busan 1009 WB should be added as a dispersion in water, A satisfactory dispersion of one part Busan 1009 WB plus four parts water can be prepared by adding the Busan 1009 WB to the water (as opposed to adding water to



ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: 2-(Thiocyanomethylphio)benzothiazole ..... 10.0% RECD LEAVUPP/DPD1 Methylene bis(thiocyanate) . 10.0% INERT INGREDIENTS: 80.0%

Busan 1009 WB) with agitation, LEATHER: To prevent mold growth on chrome- or vegetable-tanned hides and skins during tanning or post-tanning operations prior to linishing, Busan 1009 WB is used at treatment rates of 0.5 to 2.5 lb/1000lb of white weight stock. A dispersion as described above should be prepared and added to the picking solution or to the tanning liquor during the tanning operation or to the rinse water in a post-tanning refloat, COATINGS: Busan 1009 WB is used to formulate coatings that are mold registern and that prevent sapstain and decay by jungi Lise levels will vary from 0.5 to 9.0% based on the total weight of the formulation. The exact level to use will depend on the severity of the contamination as well as the nature and amounts of other components of the formulation, BACTERIOSTATIC PAPER: Busan 1009 WB may be used in the production of bacteriostatic paper and paperboard when included in the coating formulation at a dosage of 0.5-9.0% weight/weight of product and added at the size press or similar application. The backeriostatic paper and papertoard applications are not to be used in the manufacture of food contact paper or paperboard. PULP MILLS: To protect wood chips from jungal degradation during storage, Busan 1009 WB is used at 0.5 to 2 lb/lon of oven-dry wood, it can be applied through a water shower or spray located in the pneumatic conveyor carrying chips from the chipper to the storage pile. For preservation of wet lap or sheet pulp, Busan 1009 WB is used at 0.5 to 4 lb/ton of oven-dry fiber. It is applied to the surface of dewatered pulp by means of sprays or applicator rolls. Pulp that may be held in storage for 8 hours to 1 week should be treated with 0.25 to 0.75 kp of Busan 1009 WB per tonne (0.5 to 1.5 lb per ton) of moisture-free pulp. REVERSE OSMOSIS SYSTEMS: Busan 1009 WB may be used to control microbiological fouling in reverse osmosis systems used for process, wastewater, and other non-potable applications. Busan 1009 WB should be fed to the membrane feedwater at a rate of 0.25-5 ppm (0.03-0.6 fl oz/1000 gai), The product should be added continuously for a time period of 1-3 hours, 3-7 days each week depending on the seventy of the problem. For off line cleaning, Busan 1009 WB should be added to provide a level of 5-50 ppm (0.6-6 fl oz/1000 gal) in the soak solution, PARTICLE BOARD; Busan 1009 WB is employed as a preservative against mold and fungi for particle board, insulation board, and other woodbase fiber and particle panel materials. In this use, Busan 1009 WB is mixed with the furnish resin, or binding agent at 0.1 to 0.3% based on the dry weight of the wood.

> Manufactured By BUCKMAN LABORATORIES, INC. 1256 N. MCLEAN BLVD., MEMPHIS, TN 38108, USA (901) 278-0330 or 1-800-BUCKMAN EPA Reg. No. 1448-377 EPA Est. No. 1448-377 EPA Est. No. 1448-377 IPO A State Strain Strain



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