`• [U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	EPA Reg.	1.4	
	STED STATE	Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (H7505C)	Number:	Date of Issuance:	
		401 "N" St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20460	1449-262	- 1 Sec. 7 1983	
		essington, U.C. 20400	1448-362 Term of Issuan		
	AL MOTO		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Conditional	
	<u>x</u> Registration				
	Reregistration		Name of Pestic	Name of Pesticide Product:	
	(under FIFRA, as amended)		BUSAN 11	BUSAN 1180	
	Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):				
	Buckman Laboratories, Inc. 1256 N. McLean Elvd. Memphis, TN 38108				
	be submitted to a	labeling differing in substance from that accepted and accepted by the Registration Division prior to a this product always refer to the above EPA regist	use of the label in c		
)	On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.				
	Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.				
	This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. $3(c)(7)(A)$ provided that you:				
	1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/ reregistration of your product under FIFRA sec. 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 4.				
	2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:				
	a. Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 1448-362".				
	b. Revise the Environmental Hazards section to "This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate."				
	c. Revise the last sentence under Agricultural Use Requirements to indicate that the PPE during restricted entry is				
	Signature of Approving Official: Date:				
		i B. Wylet	dank		

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page 2 EPA Rey. No. 1448-362

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listed in the Hazards to Humans and Domestic animals section of the Direction for Use booklet.

d. Under Chemigation, changes in the first sentence to indicate Busan 1180.

Make the following changes in the Directions for Use booklet:

e. It is suggested that the purpose of the product be indicated on the front page. The booklet contains various references which imply that the product may be used in greenhouses. These references are indicated below and must be deleted.

- Under Personal Protective Equipment paragraph (3), in the first sentence, delete "or in the entire greenhouse (or other enclosed structure) in which a treatment took place." Following the highlighted word "Plus", delete item (1) and "or in a treated greenhouse after ventilation criteria have been met" under item (2).

- Under "General Precautions for Irrigation Systems", in the first sentence, item 2) delete "or retail greenhouses."

- Under "Chemigation, General Precautions, paragraph 4., delete "(including greenhouse systems)."

f. Revise the Environmental Hazards statements as indicated for the label. Also, note that the Storage and Disposal Statement appears twice.

g. Under Chemigation Methods, assure that "Cracks" is a chemigation method. We are not familiar with this term when used in connection with chemigation. Delete term if it is not appropriate.

3. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

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BUSAN is a registered trademark.

CONT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alquien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER

Corrosive, causes skin damage. May be fatal if absorbed through skin. Do not get on skin or clothing.
Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

- Harmful It swallowed

- Harmful if inhaled Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist

- Irritating to eyes. Do not get in eyes.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product directly into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or public waters unless this product is specifically identified and addressed in a NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For nuidance, contact you State Water Board or EPA Regional Office.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

FIRST AID.Immediately start the procedures given below and contact a Poison Center, a physician or the nearest hospital. Report the type and extent of exposure, describe the victim's symptoms and follow the advise given IF ON SKIN:Immediately flush skin with large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. IF IN EYES Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of the eye and lids with water. Get medical attention immediately IF INHALED:Remove to fresh air. If not breathing clear the victim's airway and start mouth-to-mouth artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, preferably with a physician's advise. Get medical attention immediately IF SWALLOWED:Immediately give several glasses of water, but do not induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, give fluids again. Have a physician determine if condition of patient will permit induction of vomiting or evacuation of stomach.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE Do not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not stack more than 4 drums high. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at your EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL. Triple rinse or equivalent. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide

In EPA Letter Det APR 2 7 1995 Under the Federal Incodedicide, Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act to uncerded, for the posticide regulation.

PM-2: -:447-36

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIR

ACTIVE INGREE

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultur greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains r notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific in statements in this labeling about personal protective equipment, reworkers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this protection Standard (WPS). Use this product only in accordance Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170. Refer to supplemental labeling the Agriculture Use Requirements in the Directions for Use sectio ENTRY RESTRICTIONS:

Outdoors: Entry (including early entry that would otherwise be protected and equipped handler who is performabling—ris PROHIBITED from the start of application until 48 h are used for the application non-handler entry is prohibited while NOTIFICATION: Notify workers of the application by warring their signs. The signs must bear the skull and crossbones symbols an under lumigation, DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE, (3) the date and Fumigarit in use, and (5) name, address, and telephone number (signs instead of the WPS sign for this application, but follow all W legibility, size and timing of posting and removal.

Outdoors: Post the fumigant warning signs at entrances to treate PPE FOR ENTRY DURING THE RESERVICED PERIOD: PPE to listed in the Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals section o

CHEMIGATION: Refer to Busan 1236 supplemental labeling apply this product through any irrigation system unless the followed.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY AN Seller warrants that this product conforms to its chemical purpose referred to in the directions for use when used in acc conditions. Buyer assumes the risk of any use contrary to weather conditions

Seller makes no other warranty or representation of any I product, including NO IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHAN FOR ANY OTHER PARTICULAR PURPOSE. No such warrant of seller is authorized to alter this warranty in any way excep warranty. The exclusive remedy against seller shall be a claim price of the product, without regard to whether such a claim

HMIS/NPCA RATING Health 3 Flammability 1 Reactivity 1

Manufactured By EPA Est. No. BUCKMAN LABORATOF 1256 N. McLEAN BLVD , MEMPHIS (501) 278-0330 or 1-800-BU

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Manufactured by Buckman Laboratories, Inc. Memphis, Tenriessee 38108, U.S.A.

NET CONTENTS: AS MARKED ON CONTAINER EPA Reg. No. 1448-361 EPA Est. 1448-TN-1 EPA Est. 1448-MO-1

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER PELIGRO

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alquien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER

- Corrosive: causes skin damage. May be fatal if absorbed through skin. Do not get on skin or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skiri contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

- Harmful if swallowed
- Harmful if inhaled Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.
- Irritating to eyes. Do not get in eyes

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

(1) Handlers Performing Direct - Contact Task Direct contact task include:

- mixing, loading, or furnigant transfer with or without dry-disconnect fittings
- equipment calibration or adjustment
- equipment cleanup and repair
- product sampling
- application and oil sealing outside an enclosed cab
- any activity less than 6 feet from an unshielded pressurized hose containing this product
- Spill cleanup
- removal of tarp or plastic film
- rinsate disposal
- ~ cleanup of small spills
- preparing containers for aeration
- any other handling task not otherwise listed in (2), (3), or (4) below
- Applicators and other handlers performing direct-contact activities must wear:
- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Waterproof gloves,
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposures.
- Chemical resistant apron when cleaning equipment, or when mixing, loading, or transfering without dry-disconnect fittings,
- Face sealing goggles, unless full face respirator is worn
- A respirator with either an organic vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA NIOSH approval number
- prefix TC_23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA NIOSH approval number prefix TC_14G)
- (2) Handlers in Enclosed Cabs

Applicators and other handlers in enclosed cabs must wear:

- Coveralls

- Shoes and socks

Plus, if pungent, rotten-egg odor of this product can be detected inside the enclosed cab, the handlers in the cab must wear:

- Face sealing goggles, unless full face respirator is worn

- A respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH) approval number prefix TC- 23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G). In addition, the PPE specified in (1) for direct-contact activities must be immediately available in the enclosed cab and must be womif the handler leaves the enclosed cab to perform any direct-contact activity. The enclosed cab must meet the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides — 40 CFR 170.240(d)(5).

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(3) Handlers in Treated Areas While Entry Is Restricted

While entry is restricted (see "Entry Restrictions" in the Agricultural Use Requirements box elsewhere in this labeling), only the following handling task may be performed in a treated area outdoors or in the entire greenhouse (or other enclosed structure) in which a treatment took place:

- Assessing/adjusting the soil seal

- Operating ventilation squipment

- Assessing pest control, application technique, or application efficacy

- Sampling air or soil for this product

All other task are prohibited until the entry restriction is over.

Handlers performing the above task must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirts and long pants,

Waterproof gloves

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- Chemical-resistant footwear and socks

Plus: Handlers must wear (1) in a treated greenhouse before ventilation criteria have been met OR (2) if pungent, rotten egg odor of this product can be detected outdoors or in a treated greenhouse <u>after</u> ventilation criteria have been met:

- Face-sealing goggles (unless full-face respirator is worn) and

- A respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G).

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

User Safety Requirements:

1. Respirator Requirements: When a respirator is required for use with this product, the following criteria must be met:

a. Cartridges or canisters must be replaced daily or when odor or irritation from this product becomes apparent, whichever is sooner.

b. Respirators must be fit-tested and fit-che-ked using a program that conforms to the OSHA requirements (described in 29 CFR Part 1910.134).

2. Dispose of Contaminated Clothing: Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with liquid from this product. Do not reuse them.

3. Clean and Maintain PPE: Follow manufacture's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Wash PPE after each days use.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

* Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

*Remove clothing immediately if pesticide get inside. Then wash throughly and put on clean clothing.

"Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible wash throughly and change into clean clothing. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product directly into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or public waters unless this product is specifically identified and addressed in a NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact you State Water Board or EPA Regional Office.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

FIRST AID: Immediately start the procedures given below and contact a Poison Center, a physician or the nearest hospital. Report the type and extent of exposure, describe the victim's symptoms and follow the advise given.

IF ON SKIN: Immediately flush skin with large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of the eye and lids with water. Get medical attention immediately.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing clear the victim's airway and start mouth-to-mouth artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, preferably with a physician's advise. Get medical attention immediately.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately give several glasses of water, but do not induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, give fluids again. Have a physician determine if condition of patient will permit induction of vomiting or evacuation of stomach. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

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STORAGE: Do not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not stack more than 4 drums high. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at your EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse or equivalent. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Keep children and pets out of treated area. Keep off desirable lawns and plants. Do not apply within 3 feet of the drip line of desirable plants, shrubs or trees. Do not use in confined areas or where fumes may enter nearby houses. Do not use in greenhouses. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Do not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not stack more than four drums high. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at your EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Busan 1180 is a water- soluble liquid. When applied to properly prepared soil, the liquid is converted into a gaseous furnigant. After a sufficient waiting period, the gas dissipates, leaving the soil ready for planting. Busan 1236 is recommended for the control of weeds, plant parasitic nematodes, and soilbome fungi that cause reductions in the yield and quality of ornamental, food, and fiber crops.

Busan 1180 will control only those pests in the fumigation zone at the time of treatment. Recontamination may occur subsequent to the fumigant's dissipation from the soil.

Weeds and germinating weed seeds that are controlled include grasses (annual bluegrass, Bermuda grass, water grass, Johnson

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grass), sedges (nutgrass), composites (dandelion, ragweed), pinks (chickweed), mints (henbit), goosefoots (lambsquarters), amaranths (pigweed, careless weed), convolvulus (wild morning glory), purslanes, and nightshades. The best weed control is obtained when Busan 11(80) is applied to weeds that are in an active vegetative growth phase.

The plant parasitic nematodes which Busan 1180 controls include root knot, lesion, dagger, tance, needle, pin, reniform, stunt, stubby root, sting, and spiral. Note: In Oregon and Washington, Busan 1180 will only suppress Meloidogyne chitwoodi.

The plant pathogenic fungi controlled include species of Verticillium, Rhizoctonia, Pythium, Phytophthora, Sclerotinia, as well as Sclerotium rolfsii, Armillaria mellea (Oak root fungus), and Plasmodiophora brassicae (Club root fungus).

Busan 1180 TREATMENT GUIDELINES

For optimum results from soil furnigation with Busan 1180, certain procedures should be observed at designated times in the treatment program. Described in this section are important guidelines for each of the four stages of the treatment process:

Planning a Busan 1180 application

Preparing a field for application applying Busan 1180

Applying Bucan 1180

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Preparing for planting after application of Busan 1180.

Your Buckman Laboratories representative will help you select the best treatment program for your particular needs

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

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AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forest nurserles and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements in this labeling about personal protective equipment, restricted entry intervals, and notification to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

ENTRY RESTRICTIONS:

Outdoors: Entry (including early entry that would otherwise be permitted under the WPS) by any person-- other than a correctly trained and equipped handler who is performing a handling task permitted on this labeling-- is PROHIBITED from the start of application until 48 hours after application. In addition, if tarps are used for the application, non-handler entry is prohibited while tarps are being removed.

NOTIFICATION: Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting fumigant warning signs. The signs must bear the skull and crossbones symbols and state: (1) DANGER/PELIGRO, (2) Area under fumigation, DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE, (3) the date and time of fumigation, (4) BUSAN 1180 Fumigant in use, and (5) name, address, and telephone number of applicator. Post the fumigant warning signs instead of the WPS sign for this application, but follow all WPS requirements pertaining to location, legibility, size and timing of posting and removal.

Outdoors: Post the fumine in warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

PPE FOR ENTRY DURING THE RESRRICTED PERIOD: PPE for entry that is permitted by this labeling is listed in the Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals section of this labeling.

General Precautions for Irrigation Systems

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public area such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when chemigated area is open to public such as golf courses or retail green houses.

Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sestive area. The signs should be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deteriorition and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2 1/2 inches tail, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol of at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDE IN IRRIGATION WATER.

This sign is in addition to any sign posted to comply with the Worker Protection Standard

Planning a Busan 1180 Application

Time of Application

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Busan 1180 is applied after harvest and 21 days before a new crop is planted. In some area of North America, fall applications are preferred because the fumes dissipate over the winter, allowing planting to begin as soon as favorable springtime conditions arrive.

Application Over Cover Crops

Busan 1180 can be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems over covor crops such as alfalfa, dover, and such grasses as rye, oats, wheat, and sudan grass. When the product is applied over cover crops, no cultivation of the soil is required before the application of Busan 1180.

Application Rate

Apply 12 to 60 gallons of Busan 1180 per treated acre depending on crop, target pest, and soil properties. Soil properties to consider when determining the application rate include the depth of soil to be treated, soil texture, and percent organic matter.

Target Pest and Depth of Treatment

For control of weeds and fungi caucing seed or seedling diseases, treatment of only the top 2 to 4 inches of soil may be required. For control of nemiatodes and fungi which occur throughout the rhizosphere, treatment to depths greater than 4 inches may be required. For a given soil type, the required application rate will increase proportionately with the depth of treatment required. For example, if 25 gallons of Busan 1180 per acre is required to treat 4 inches, then 50 gallons of Busan 1180 will be required to treat to a depth of 8 inches. Choose the appropriate application method to distribute Busan 1180 evenly throughout the soil to the required depth.

Organic Matter in the Soil

Except in the case of cover crops, plant material under the soil surface should be thoroughly decomposed before Busan 1180 is applied. Because of the absorbing effect of humus, soils with high levels of organic matter under the surface require higher than usual doses of Busan 1180. For example, muck soils require twice the amount of fumigant that would be used in mineral soils.

Soil Texture

Application rates will vary with the soil texture. For instance, heavy clay soils require more Busan 1180 than light sandy soils.

Preparing a Field for Application

Soil Cultivation

Cultivate the soil thoroughly before treatment, breaking up all large clods. If the soil crusts following pretreatment irrigation, lightly cultivate it again before treatment with Busan 1180.

Soil Temperature During Treatment

At the time of fumigation, the soil temperature should be in the range of 90°F (32°C) at a depth of 3 inches.

To prevent rapid evaporation of the product from the soil, avoid treating soil during times of the day when soil temperatures exceed 90°F (32°C). Instead, make the application during the early morning hours when the soil temperature is coolest.

Measuring the Soil Moisture

Application should be made under "good seed bed moisture conditions"; that is, the soil moisture should be about 80 percent of field capacity. As a simple field test, squeeze a handful of soil into a ball and then gently try to break it apart with your fingers. If it breaks easily, the soil moisture content is sufficient. If it will not break apart or if water can be squeezed out, it is too wet. When necessary, 1-2 weeks prior to treatment sprinkle or flood, irrigate the soil to increase the moisture content. The soil must be moistened to at least the desired treatment depth.

Area To Be Treated

Busan 1180 can be applied either broadcast or in bands, depending on the crop to be planted. For example, in the production of row crops, band applications are most economical.

Phytotoxicity

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Busan 1180 is phytotoxic. Protect valuable, non-target plants by stopping soil applications of Busan 1180 at least 3 feet short of the drip line of trees, shrubs, and other desirable plants. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

Applying Busan 1180

Busan 1180 may be applied by chemigation, soil injection, disc, rotary tiller, power mulcher, and soil covering methods.

Use of Diluted Busan 1180

DO NOT STORE THE DILUTED PRODUCT. Use Busan 1180 promptly after it has been mixed with water. In dilute solutions in water, Busan 1180 decomposes over a period of weeks. Although Busan 1180 is stable in its concentrated form, it is unstable in acid dilutions

Odors During Treatment

Strong odors during or after treatment are a signal that the lumigant is escaping and needs to be sealed in the soil.

Sealing Busan 1180 in Soil

To be most effective, Busan 1180 should be sealed in the soil. Sealing methods include applying irrigation water or plastic tarpaulins and packing soil with a roller or drag. Tarpaulins should be spread loosely over the treated area and secured to prevent removal by wind. They should remain in place for at least 48 hours. Seven days after treatment, the sealed area should be cultivated to a depth of 2 inches to aerate the soil. When tarpaulins are used to seal the soil, wait at least 21 days before planting.

Chemigation---General Precautions

When applying by chemigation methods the following precautions must be observed

1 Apply this productionly through the following types of systems: sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roil, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move, flood (basin), furrow; border, or drip (trickle) irrigation system(s). Do not

apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

2 Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water

3. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

4. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

5. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems

A "public water system" is one that provides piped water for human consumption to the public, and the system also either has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days a year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventor (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There should be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank measuring at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pumo and connected to the system interlock. This valve prevents fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to shut off the pesticide injection pump automatically when the water pump motor stops. In cases where there is no water pump, controls on the pesticide injection pump are also needed when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Field Application---Whore Entire Area Is Being Treated

CALIFORNIA ONLY

Application Must Be In Compliance With Technical Information Bulletin-California "Application Guidelines For California When Applying Metam Sodium Through Sprinkler Irrigation." This Information Bulletin May Be Obtained From Your Local Pesticide or Metam Sodium Registrant.

Chemigation Methods

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Sprinkler Chemigation. Use 24 to 45 gallons Busan 1180 per acre for control of nematodes and fungi at a depth of 24 inches. For control of weeds and fungi at a depth of 6 inches or less, use 12 to 60 gallons per acre. Inject the Busan 1180 in enough water to reach the desired treatment depth. The product should be continuously metered into the irrigation system throughout the entire application period. Flush the system with only enough water to clear lines. If the soil surface dried quickly, reseal it with 15 minutes of water once a day for the next day or two.

Use sprinkler systems that give uniform coverage. Apply only through central pivot or solid set sprinkler irrigation systems containing antisiphon and check valves which will prevent water source contamination and overflow of the slurry tank. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

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The system must also contain interlocking controls between the metering device and the water pump to ensure simultaneous shut--off. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a methying pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Drift Prevention

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Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Effect of Air Temperature and Winds on Sprinkler Application

When using a sprinkler application method, apply Busan 1180 only when the air temperature is below 90°F (32°C). This precaution is recommended to guard against evaporation of the product. Either low humidity or high winds can also cause the evaporation of Busan 1180 before it can be drenched into the soil. To prevent wind drift of the furnigant, apply only when wind conditions are suitable.

Runoff of Treatment Solution

To prevent runoff of treatment solution during sprinkler application, do not exceed the infiltration rate of the solution into the soil. Should runoff occur, isolate it from growing crops and water sources. Once collected, reapply it to the treated area.

Cracks, Flood (Basin), Furrow and Border Chemigation: Meter Busan 1180 at a steady rate into water during irrigation. Depending upon the kind of pest and the treatment depth desired, use 9 to 45 gallons of Busan 1180 per acre in 3 to 18 inches of water per acre.

Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity, such as a drop structure or weir box, to decrease the potential for contaminating the water source from backflow should the water flow stop.

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:

1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump

3 The pesticide injection μ is must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops

5. The imigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interloc

Other Field Application Methods

Soil Injection. Use chisel or shank, type injectors to apply 9 to 45 gallons of Busan 1180 per acre into well prepared soil. Seal immediately after treatment

Disc Applied Method Spray dilute Busan 1180 immediately in front of disc. Use 9 to 45 gallons per acre. Follow immediately with a roller to smooth and compact the soil surface.

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Application on Beds or Rows Chemigation Methods

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Drench Method: Busan 1180 may be applied to finished beds in enough water to soak at least 2 inches deep for control of shallow seeded weeds. To avoid contamination by untreated soil, do not disturb the treated area. Apply 9 to 45 gallons of Busan 1180 per treated acre.

"Drip Chemigation": During pre-irrigation, check drip tape for uniform distribution and repair if necessary. Apply 9 to 45 galloris per treated acre. Inject Busan 1130 continuously into drip line as close as possible to treatment area. Use enough water to thoroughly wet entire desired treatment zone. Two or more lines per bed may be needed to ensure full coverage.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Other Bed or Row Application Methods

Rotary Tiller or Power Mulcher: Spray dilute Busan 1180 immediately in front of tiller or mulcher. Use 9 to 45 gallons per treated acre. Follow immediately with roller or bed shaper to seal soil surface.

Soil Injection: Busan 1180 can be injected into pre-formed plant beds using chisel or shank-type injectors. If a wider treated band is desired, space 2 or more shanks to cover the desired treating width. Seal after treatment. Use 9 to 45 gallons per treated acre.

Soil Covering Methods (Bed-over methods): Busan 1180 may be sprayed or dripped onto the soil immediately ahead of bed-shaping equipment. Cover the Busan 1180 with soil to a depth of 3 to 6 inches. The recommended rate of Busan 1180 is 9 to 45 gallons per treated acre.

Preparing for Planting After Application of Busan 1180

Effect of Rain

If a Busan (180 application is rained on less than 24 hours after treatment, lack of control at and near the soil surface may result

Recontamination

Precautions must be taken to prevent recontamination of treated soil with plant pathogenic fungi and plant parasitic nematodes. Use clean seeds and plants. Before farm equipment is driven into the treated area, it should be rinsed free of the untreated soil from other fields.

Interval Between Treatment and Planting

Because Busan (180 is harmful to living plants, an appropriate interval must be observed between soil furnigation and planting. On well drained soils which have a light to medium texture and which are not excessively wet or cold following application, planting can begin 14 – 21 days after treatment. If soils are heavy or especially high in organic matter, or if they remain wet and/or cold (below w). F or 15 C) following application, a minimum interval of 30 days should be observed. Where the dosage is greater than 45 gallons per acre, wait at least 60 days.

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Soils, including soils high in clay or organic matter, should be allowed to aerate and dry thoroughly after treatment with Busan 1180. During cold and/or wet weather, frequent shallow cultivation can aid the escape of Busan 1180 from the soil.

Testing for Dissipation of Busan 1180

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After the waiting period has passed, if there is any question about the complete escape of Busan 1180 from the soil, transplant a seedling into the treated soil. If the plant develops normally without any signs of chemical injury, crop planting can begin.

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