)

Dennis L. Barbee Buckman Laboratories, Inc. 1256 McLean Blvd. Memphis, TN 38108

Dear Mr. Barbee:

Subject: Revised Labels

BUSAN 11-M1

EPA Registration No. 1448-17

**BUSAN 1009** 

EPA Registration No. 1448-81

BUSAN 1072

EPA Registration No. 1448-101

BUSAN 11-M3

EPA Registration No. 1448-105

BUSAN 1126

EPA Registration No. 1448-344

Your Submissions Dated April 22, 1994

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended is acceptable provided that you submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

Cynthia Giles-Parker Product Manger (22)

Fungicide Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

# **BUSAN 11-26**

BUSAN is a registered trademark.

ACTIVE INGRE
Methylene bis(thico
2-(Thiocyanomethy
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## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive, causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear goggles or face shield, a mask or pesticide respirator jointly approved by MSHA and OSHA, protective clothing and shoes, and rubber gloves. Wash throughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT (FIRST AID):

If in eyes: Hold eylids open and flush with a steady gentle stream of water for 15 minutes. Get medical

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: Call a physician or poison control center. Do not induce vomiting. First rinse mouth with large amounts of water or milk. Then slowly give one or two glasses of water or milk. Avoid alcohol. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Take individual to the nearest medical facility. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth—to—mouth. Get medical attention.

Note to physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into takes, streams, ponds, estuaries or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Do not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not stack more than five drums high. Drums should be opened in well ventilated areas. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide waste are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinssate is a violation of Federal Law. If these waste cannot be disposed of by use according to labeled instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at your EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or eqivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. SAPSTAIN AND MOLD CONTROL: Busan 1126 is used to control sapstain and mold on freshly cut hardwood and softwood lumber, logs, poles, posts and limbers. It is applied by dipping or spraying the wood until complete surface wetting is accomplished. Use 1.9 to 14.7 kg of Busan 1126/100 L water (4 to 3.2 lbs of Busan 1126/100 gai water) and agitate vigorously until Busan 1126 is thoroughly dispersed. Plates to be used will vary according to temperature, humidity, wood moisture, storage conditions, etc. Under conditions suitable for aggressive mold growth, the high rate mentioned above should be used.

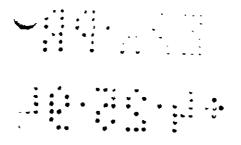
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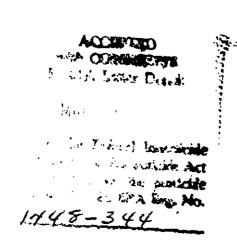
Treatgrent should be mode as dulctly as possible after lumber is out and FAPER MILLS: To control becturies and fungel growth on paper and paper water or \$150k at 0.13 to 0.07 libition of dry paper or paperboard produc papermaking additives (including alum solutions, animal glue solutions, pigr and solutions) Busan 1126 is added to these materials in concentrations of in storage for 8 hours to 1 week should be treated with 0.33 to 1.0 kg of B free pulp. Busan 1126 may be added to contaminated fresh water at the hours out of each 24 hours, COOLING TOWERS: Busan 1126 is used to rot and internal or dry rot. It is applied by spraying or painting a dispersio the clean wood surfaces. The amount applied should provide 0.8 to 1.1 it surface not can also be inhibited by periodic shock doses of Busan 1126 or cold well. The dosage should provide 1.7 lb of Busan 1126 per 1000 g to 6 hr after treatment. The shock treatment should be recested every to to control algae, bacteria and fungi in industrial recirculating cooling wat should be cleaned thoroughly to remove old algal growth, microbiological be drained, flushed, refilled with water, and treated with an initial dose of system. Subsequent additions of 0.3 to 1.6 ft oz per 1000 gal should be blackoff and severity of microbiological fouling, DRILLING FLUIDS: To in mude used in the drilling of wells, Busen 1126 is incorporated in the drilli the total wat weight of the fluid, PETROLUEUM SECONDARY RECOVE bacteria, slime-forming becteria and fungl in oil-field water, polymer, or oil-field water systems at dosage rates of 5.2 to 17.3 ft oz of Busan 1126 made continuously or intermittent by means of a metering pump at the fr and Injection well headers. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD: When sys 1126 per 1000 gal of water continuously until desired degree of control is a per 1000 gal of water continuously, or as needed to maintain control. #N is noticeably fouled, or to maintain control, add 5.2 to 17.3 fl oz Busan 11 to 4 times per week, or as needed to maintain control. CRUDE AND REFIF for the control of bacteria and fungi that cause the degradation of crude added to the oil as it is being transferred from the shipping container to ti gal of oil. Addition should be made batchwise where mixing occurs or o HIDES AND SKIN: Busan 1126 is used to prevent bacterial decomposition he used at a level of 0.4 to 2.7 lb/1000 lb of green fleshed hides of skins directly to the receway during the addition of hides and operation of pad added as a dispersion in water. A satisfactory dispersion of one part Bo adding the Busan 1126 to water (as opposed to adding water to Busan 112 on chrome-or vegetable-tanned hides and skins during tanning or post-ta at treatment rates of 0.7 to 3.3 lb/1000 to of white weight stock. A dispersion to the pickling solution or to the tanning liquor during the tanning operati COATINGS: Busan 1126 is used to formulate coating that are mold resi Use levels will vary from 0.67 to 12.0% based on the total weight of the fo severity of the contamination as well as the nature and amounts of other protect wood chips from fungal degradation during storage, Busan 1126 applied to the surfaces of the dewatered pulp by means of sprays or ap hours to 1 week should be treated with 0.33 to 1.0 kg of Busan 1126 per PARTICLE BOARD: Busan 1126 is employed as a preservative against m other wood-base fiber and particle panel materials. In this use, Busan 1 at 0.13 to 4.0% based on the dry weight of the wood.

Manufactured By EPA LEEL NO BUCKMAN LABORATO

1256 N. McLEAN BLVD., MEI√PHI (901) 278–0330 or 1–8.0–8

Rev. 4/21/94





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## BUSAN 1126

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DANGER

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive, causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear goggles or face shield, a mask or pesticide respirator jointly approved by MSHA and OSHA, protective clothing and shoes, and rubber gloves. Wash throughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT (FIRST AID):

If in eyes: Hold eylids open and flush with a steady gentle stream of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: Call a physician or poison control center. Do not induce vomiting. First rinse mouth with large amounts of water or milk. Then slowly give one or two glasses of water or milk. Avoid alcohol. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Take individual to the nearest medical facility. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, oreferably mouth—to—mouth. Get medical attention.

Note to physician. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This posticide is toxic to fish. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Do not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not stack more than five drums high. Drums should be opened in well ventilated areas. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL. Pesticide waste are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinssate is a violation of Federal Law. If these waste cannot be disposed of by use according to labeled instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at your EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or eqivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SAPSTAIN AND MOLD CONTROL. Busan 1126 is used to control septain and mold on freshly cut hardwood and softwood under, logs, potes, posts and timbers. It is applied by dipping or spraying the wood until complete surface wetting is accomplished. Use 1.9 to 14.7 kg of Busan 1126/100 L water (4 to 32 lbs of Busan 1126/100 gail water) and agitate vigorously until Busan 1126 is thoroughly dispersed. Rates to be used will vary according to temperature, humidity, wood moisture, storage conditions, etc... Under conditions suitable for aggressive mold growth, the high rate mentioned above should be used.

Treatment should be made as quickly as possible after lumber is cut and always within 24 hr ure aft\_r cutting. PAPER MILLS: To control bacterial and fungal growth on pape, and paperboard machines, Busen 1126 is added to the white water or stock at 0.13 to 0.67 (byton of dry paper or paperboard groduced. To it hit it the growth of bucterial and fungilin papermaking additives (including alum solutions, animal glue solutions, pigment slumes, coating formulations, and starch slumes and solutions) Busan 1126 is added to these materials in concentrations of 67-530 ppm (weight/weight). Pulp that may be held In storage for 8 hours to 1 week should be treated with 0.33 to 1.0 kg of Busan 1126 per tonne 0.67 to 2 lb per ton) of moisture free pulp. Busan 1126 may be added to contaminated fresh water at the rate of 0.33-0.75 ppm for treatment periods of 6-12 hours out of each 24 hours. COOLING TOWERS: Busan 1126 is used to protect cooling tower wood apainst soft or surface rot and internet or dry rot. It is applied by spraying or painting a dispersion containing 0.67 to 0.95% Bus an 1126 in water onto the clean wood surfaces. The amount applied should provide 0.8 to 1.1 to Busan 1126 per 1000 sq ft of wood surface. Soft or surface rot can also be inhibited by periodic shock doses of Busan 1126 to the recirculating cooling water at the tower basin or cold well. The dosage should provide 1.7 to of Busan 1126 per 1000 gall or water and the bleedoff should be stopped for 4 to 6 hr after treatment. The shock treatment should be repeated every four months, COOLING WATER. Busan 1126 is used to control algae, bacteria and fungi in industrial recirculating cooling water systems. Before treatment is begun, the system should be cleaned thoroughly to remove old algal growth, microbiological slime, and other deposits. The system should then be drained, flushed, refilled with water, and treated with an initial dose of 0.8 to 4.9 fl oz Busan 1126 per 1000 gall water in the system. Subsequent additions of 0,3 to 1.6 ft oz per 1000 gal should be made every 1 to 5 days, depending on amount of bleedoff and severity of microbiological fouling, DRILLING FLUIDS: To inhibit bacterial and fungal degradation of the fluids ( muds used in the drilling of wells, Busan 1126 is incorporated in the drilling fluid at concentrations of 0.07 to 0.33% based on the total wet weight of the fluid, PETROLUEUM SECONDARY RECOVERY; Busan 1126 is used to control suitate ireducing bacteria, slime-forming bacteria and fungi in oil-field water, polymer, or micellar floods, water disposal systems, and other oil field water systems at docage rates of 5.2 to 17.3 fl oz of Busan 1126 per 1000 gal of water treated. Anothors should be made continuously or intermittent by means of a metering pump at the free water knockouts, before or after injection pumps and injection well headers. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD: When system is noticeably fouled, add 5.2 to 17.3 fl oz Busan. 1126 per 1000 gall of water continuously until desired dogine of control is achieved. Then treat with 5.2 to 17.3 fi oz Busan 1126 per 1000 gal of water continuously, or as needed to maintain control. INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD: When system is noticeably fouled, or to maintain control, add 5.2 to 17.3 fl oz Busan 1126 per 1000 gal of water for 4 to 8 hr per day and 1 to 4 times per week, or as needed to maintain control, CRUDE AND REFINED Oil S: Busan 1126 is an oil soluble preservative for the control of bacteria and funglithat cause the degradation of crude oil and refined fuel oils duting storage. It should be added to the cit as it is being transferred from the shipping container to the storage tank at the rate of 0.8 to \$.0 ft oz per \$1000 gal of all. Addition should be made batchwise where mixing occurs or continously to the suction side of the transfer pump, HIDES AND SKIN: Busan 1126 is used to prevent bacterial decomposition of brine-cured hides and skins. Busan 1126 should be used at a level of 0.4 to 2.7 lb/1000 ib of green fleshed hides of skins. In raceway operations Busan 1126 can be added directly to the raceway during the addition of hides and operation of paddles. In processor operation Busan 1126 should be added as a dispersion in water. A satisfactory dispersion of one part Busan 1126 plus four parts water can be prepared by adding the Busan 1125 to water (as opposed to adding water to Busan 1126) with agitation, LEATHER: To prevent mold growth on chrome or vegetable-tanned hides and skins during tanning or post-tanning operations prior to finishing. Busan 1126 is used at treatment rates of 0.7 to 3.3 lb/1000 lb of white weight stock. A dispersion as described above should be prepared and added to the pickling solution or to the tanning liquor during the tanning operation or to the rinse water in post-tanning refloat. COATINGS: Busan 1126 is used to formulate coating that are mold resistent and that prevent sapstain and decay by fung-Use levels will vary from 0.67 to 12.0% based on the total weight of the formulation. The exact level to use will depend on the severity of the contamination as well as the nature and amounts of other components of the formulation PULP MILLS: Turns protect wood chips from fungal degradation during storage, Busan 1126 is used at 0.7 to 17 fbron of oven dry fiber. It is applied to the surfaces of the dewatered pulp by means of sprays or applicator rolls. Pulp , at may be held in storage for 8 hours to 1 week should be treated with 0.33 to 1.0 kg of Busan 1126 per tonne (0.67 to 2 lb per ton) of moisture free pulp. PARTICLE BOARD: Busan 1126 is employed as a preservative against mold and fungi for particle board, insulation board, and other wood-base fiber and particle panel materials. In this use, Busan 1126 is mixed with the furnish, resin, or binding agent at 0.13 to 4.0% based on the dry weight of the wood.

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Product Weight: 9 lbs:/gal. \_1.08 kg/i NET CONTENTS MARKED ON CONTAINER

EPA Reg. No. 1448-344

Manufactured By EPA Est. No. 1448-TN-1 BUCKMAN LABORATORIES, INC. 1256 N. McLEAN BLVD., MEMPHIS, TN 38108 USA (901) 278-0330 or 1-800-BUCKMAN

Rev. 5/19/94

Part Provided A