

Directions for Use

Use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

the growth of algae in swimming pools, exterior spas, whirlpools, hot tubs, and decorative fountains containing heavy growth of algae should be cleaned

For visible algae growth, add an initial dose of 11 - 17 fl oz of W-60-5 per 10,000 gal of water. For treatment of a freshly cleaned and treated pool, add 11 fl oz of W-60-5 per 10,000 gal of water. Subsequent additions of 2 - 4 fl oz of W-60-5 should be made every 5 - 7 days after initial treatment for

and decorative fountains having just visible algae growth require an initial dose of 0.5 - 1.1 fl oz of W-60-5 per 1000 gal of water. For treatment of a freshly cleaned spa, whirlpool, hot tub, or fountain, add initially 0.6 - 1.1 fl oz of W-60-5 per 1000 gal of water. Subsequent additions of 0.2 - 0.4 fl oz of W-60-5 should be made every 5 - 7 days after initial

For most algae during the off-season winter months when pools are not in use, add 11 - 17 fl oz of W-60-5 per 10,000 gal of water. If, at the end of swimming season, pools have visible algae growth, add 12 - 17 fl oz of W-60-5 per 10,000 gal. It is necessary that a uniform coating of W-60-5 be made throughout the water and the pool be made for maximum effectiveness. If necessary, repeat the treatment one or more times during the season.

W-60-5 is normally used to treat pools and spas and is effective at 10 ppm. W-60-5 can be used in pools and spas treated with chlorine chemicals and is effective at 10 ppm. However, do not mix W-60-5 with chlorine products.

For algae, bacteria, and fungi in recirculating commercial and industrial water systems, systems must be cleaned to remove algal growth, microbiological growth, and debris. An initial slug addition of 0.9 to 2.2 fluid ounces of W-60-5 per 1000 gal of water should be employed. Repeat initial dosage until control is evident. Subsequent slug additions of 0.9 to 2.2 fluid ounces of W-60-5 per 1000 gal of water (2 - 20 ppm W-60-5) should be employed. The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of the microbiological problem. Slug additions should be made in the sump or to the water collection system. W-60-5 is used to control bacteria in industrial air-washing systems that have mineral deposits. Prior to its use, systems should be cleaned to remove mineral deposits. An initial slug dose of 3.33 - 5.55 fluid ounces of W-60-5 per 1000 gal of water should be employed. Repeat initial dosage until control is evident. Subsequent slug additions of 3.33 - 5.55 fluid ounces of W-60-5 per 1000 gal of water should be employed each 10 days. The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of bleedoff and mineral deposits. Slug additions may be made to the sump or to the water collection

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not stack more than four drums high. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Manufactured by

Buckman Laboratories, Inc.

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(901) 278-0330 or 1-800-BUCKMAN

EPA Est. No. 1448-TN-1

EPA Reg. No. 1448-110

Product Weight 9.6 lbs./gal. 1.15 kg/L

Net contents are marked on the container.

HMIS / NPCA Ratings

Health 1 Flammability 1 Reactivity 0

Last Revision 10/5/2000

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12/21/2005

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