MAR 1 1 2004

Buckman Laboratories, Inc. 1256 N. McLean Blvd. Memphis, TN 38108

Attention: Kristin M. Miller

Regulatory Affairs Specialist

Subject: Busan 1069

EPA Registration No. 1448-100 Amendment Dated January 22, 2004

The labeling, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable.

- To amend the First Aid statement
- To move the product name to the front panel

General Comments

A stamped copy of the accepted labeling is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Martha Terry at (703) 308-6217.

Sincerely

Marshall Swindell

Product Manager (33)

Regulatory Management Branch 1 Antimerobials Division (7510C)

Enclosure

	1									
CONCURRENCES										
SYMBOL										
SURNAME)				**********	10 7 0 to 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000					
DATE				***************	***********	***********				
EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)		Printed on Recycled Paper					OFFICIAL FILE COPY			

Printed on Recycled Paper



ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S)	
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole	5.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	95.07
TOTAL	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

	FIRST AID
If in Eyes	- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
lf on Skin, Clothes	- Take off contaminated clothing Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
if Swallowed	- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice Have person sip a glass of water, if able to swallow Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If Inhaled	- Move person to fresh air If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
	oduct container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor or going for treatment to contact 901-278-0330 or 1-800-BUCKMAN for emergency medical treatment information.
	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Probable m	ucosal damage may contraindicate gastric lavage.

Precautionary Statements

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Causes skin damage. This product may cause allergic skin reactions. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Harmful or fatal if swallowed.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZAROS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not use in offshore or estuarine drilling operations. For terrestial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Technical assistance in applying BUSAN 1069 for microorganism control as described in the following upon request when a description of the problem is provided.

LEATHER: BUSAN 1069 is used at treatment rates of 1.5 to 12.0 lb/1000 lbs of white weight stock to prevent the bacterial or fungal degradations aft-cured hides and skins and to prevent mold growth on chrome-or vegetable-tanned hides and skins. For treating hides cured with dry sa BUSAN 1069 should be sprinkled on the hides or should be mixed with the salt before it is applied to the hides. For treating tanned hides, BUSA 1069 should be dispersed in water and added to the pickling solution or to the tanning liquor at the start of the tanning operation. For preservarix of leather-finishing pastes and fat fiquors, BUSAN 1069 is added to the pastes at 0.60 to 1.5% by weight of treated paste and mixed to ensur adequate dispersion.

PULP MILLS: To protect wood chips from fungal degradation during storage, BUSAN 1069 is used at 3.0 to 12.0 lb/ton of oven-dry wood. It call be applied through a water shower located in the pneumatic conveyor carrying chips from the chipper to the storage pile. For preservation of we lap or sheet pulp, BUSAN 1069 is used at 3.0 to 24 lb/ton of oven-dry fiber. It is applied to the surfaces of the dewatered pulp by means applicator rolls.

PAPER MILLS: To control bacterial and fungal growth on paper and paperboard machines, BUSAN 1069 is added to the white water or stock a 0.6 to 3.0 lb./ton of dry paper or paperboard produced. To make mold-resistant paper or paperboard, BUSAN 1069 is used at 0.3 to 0.6 lb/10 sq. ft of surface. For coated paper or board, BUSAN 1069 is incorporated in the coating mix prior to application of the coating. For uncoated paix or board, BUSAN 1069 is dispersed in water, surface-sizing solution, or other solvent and applied to the surface to be protected by means of a applicator roll. For the preservation of agricultural mulch paper, BUSAN 1069 is used at 9 to 30 lb./ton air-dry paper. It is applied to the surface of the mulch paper by tub-sizing methods or by means or applicator rolls before the paper is coated.

PARTICLE BOARD: BUSAN 1069 is employed as a preservative for particle board, insulation board, and other wood-base fiber and particle pane materials. In this use, BUSAN 1069 is mixed with the resin or binding agent at 0.6 to 6 0% based on the dry weight of the wood.

SAP STAIN CONTROL: BUSAN 1069 is used to control sap stain and mold on freshly cut softwood and hardwood lumber, logs, poles, posts, an timbers. It is applied by dipping or pressure impregnation of the wood with a dispersion containing 3 to 48 gat of BUSAN 1069 per 100 gal ware. Treatment should be made within 24 hr of cutting or sawing, particularly in warm weather, and treated wood should not be exposed to heavy ran soon after treatment.

COOLING TOWERS: BUSAN 1069 is used to protect cooling tower wood against soft or surface rot and internal or dry rot. It is applied by paint not dispersion containing 3.0 to 4.2% BUSAN 1069 in water onto the clean wood surfaces. The amount applied should provide 3.6 to 4.8 lb. BUSAN 1069 per 1000 sq. ft of wood surface. Soft or surface rot can also be inhibited by periodic shock doses of BUSAN 1069 to the recirculating cool newster at the tower basin or cold well. The dosage should provide 7.5 lb. of BUSAN 1069 per 1000 gat of water and the bleedoff should be stopped for 4 to 6 hr after treatment. The shock treatment should be repeated every four months.

COOLING WATER: BUSAN 1069 is used to control algae, bacteria, and fungi in industrial recirculating cooling water systems. Before treatmen, is begun, the system should be cleaned thoroughly to remove old algae growth, microbiological slime, and other deposits. The system should the be drained, flushed, refilled with water, an treated with an initial dise of 3 6 to 22.2 flioz BUSAN 1069 per 1000 gal water in the system Subsequent additions of 1.2 to 7.2 flioz per 1000 gal should be made every 1 to 5 days, depending on amount of bleedoff and severity or microbiological fouring. COATINGS: BUSAN 1069 is used to protect coatings against disfigurement and deterioration by fungi. BUSAN 1065 is added at 3 to 30% based on the total weight of coatings. For solvent-based coatings the BUSAN 1069 can be dissolved in aromatic solvents or combinations of aromatic and aliphatic solvents and added in the let down or added directly to the finished paints. For water-thinned later emulsion coatings, the BUSAN 1069 can be premixed with the wetting agent and added to the pigment slumy or simply added to the let down of finished paint.

DRILLING FLUIDS: To inhibit bacterial and fungal degradation of the fluids or muds used in the drilling of wells, BUSAN 1069 is incorporated in the drilling fluid at concentrations of 0.3 to 1,5% based on the total weight of the fluid.

PETROLEUM SECONDARY RECOVERY: BUSAN 1069 is used to control sulfate-reducing bacteria, slime-forming bacteria, and fungi in oil-field water, polymer, or micellar floods, water-disposal systems, and other oil-field water systems at dosage rates of 1.2 to 22.2 fl oz of BUSAN 1069 per 1000 gal of water treated. Additions should be made continuously or intermittently by means of a metering pump at the free water knockouts before or after injection pumps and injection well headers. Continuous Feed Method: When system is noticeably fouled, add 3.6 to 22.2 fl oz BUSAN 1069 per 1000 gal of water continuously until desired degree of control is achieved. Then treat with 1.2 to 7.2 fl oz BUSAN 1069 per 1000 gal of water continuously, or as needed to maintain control.

CUTTING FLUIDS: BUSAN 1069 is used to inhibit bacterial and fungal degradation of water-based and water-soluble or emulsifiable cutting fluids and coolants used in metalworking operations. It should be added to the cutting fluid at a rate that will provide 600 to 1500 parts per million BUSAN 1069 (weight/weight) after final dilution of water. BUSAN 1069 can be added after dilution or to the concentrate before dilution. To preven fungal growth on the inside walls of the diluted metalworking fluid storage tanks, higher concentrations of BUSAN 1069 are needed. For this application, it is recommended that BUSAN 1069 be added to the diluted fluid as it is prepared to provide a concentration of 3000 to 7500 parts per million.

REFINED OILS: BUSAN 1069 is an oil-soluble preservative for the control of bacteria and fungi that cause the degradation of refined fuel cits during storage. It should be added to the oil as it is being transferred from the shipping container to the storage tank at the rate of 16 to 32 fl or BUSAN 1069 per 1000 gal of oil. Addition should be made batchwise where mixing occurs or continuously to the suction side of the transfer pump.

