

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Dichloride
Carbon Tetrachloride

(Seed Treatment) 100%

For the control of red flour beetle, confused flour beetle, sawtooth grain beetle, granary weevil, rice weevil, lesser grain borer, cadelle beetle, Mediterranean flour moth, Angoumois grain moth, flat grain beetle, pea weevil, and bean weevil.

DIRECTIONS

Make certain grain surface is level and not higher than 6 inches below sides of bin. Temperature of grain should be above 60°F. for the best effectiveness. Distribute fumigant evenly over surface of the grain, using a pipe without a nozzle. Apply from outside of building if possible. When necessary to enter building or apply inside, use a suitable gas mask.

WARNING: Always have a helper to assist in fumigation. Have the helper stand outside where he can see the inside operator. After applying fumigant, seal the bin as tightly as possible and leave it undisturbed for 3 to 7 days.

ELEVATOR STORAGE: Grain should be treated when first put into storage or when being transferred to another bin. Apply fumigant according to type of bin, pouring into bin between drafts. Drafts should be given a double dose each at top and bottom. Drafts should not exceed 10 feet of each bin depth.

RETREATMENT: Need for retreatment is shown by the presence of insects and by overheating of grain due to insect activity. Heavy infestation may result in a moldy layer on the surface extending several inches below the surface. This layer should be thoroughly broken up before fumigating so that it may be penetrated. Should the layer be sprouting, or solid, scrape off and remove, then stir surface of grain before fumigating.

DOSAGE: The minimum dosages for average conditions are (per 1000 bushels of grain).

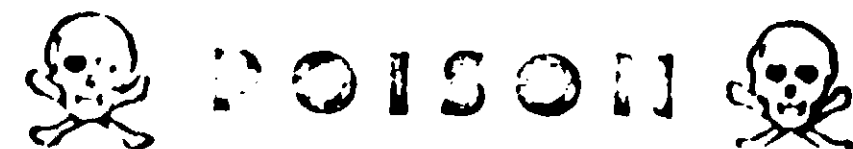
Small Grains (except sorghums) 6 gallons in wooden bins and flat storage.

3 gallons in steel and concrete bins.

Grain Sorghums: 10 gallons in wooden bins and flat storage.

8 gallons in steel and concrete bins.

DANGER



POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

See Other Precautions on Back Panel

Red

Corn: 6 gallons in wooden bins and flat storage.
5 gallons in steel and concrete bins.

Bins holding grain should be sealed. Grain should receive full dose. Small bins should be sealed. Tightness of bins, grain temperature, and volume of grain should all be considered in determining proper dosage to administer.

PRECAUTIONS

Do not use more often or at higher concentrations than recommended. If grain is covered after treatment, remove cover at end of week.

Do not use containers or equipment made of magnesium, aluminum, or their alloys. Partial evaporation leaves a flammable liquid. Keep container tightly closed except when using. Store in tight containers in a cool location away from dwellings.

DANGER



POISON



Red

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Hazardous vapor and liquid. May be fatal if inhaled or swallowed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapor. Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, clothing. Avoid contamination of food. Do not reenter treated areas without an airline respirator or a full-face gas mask with a canister for protection against organic vapors.

Provide adequate ventilation in all treating areas, workrooms or other places where fumigant is measured out or where vapors may be present. Do not enter treated bins until vapors have been removed by thorough aeration. Do not use fumigated material or feed it to livestock until all odors have been removed.

Do not use or store in or around the home.

Avoid contact with flame or hot surface.

Do not reuse empty drum. Return to drum reconitioner or destroy by perforating or crushing and burying in a safe place away from water supplies.

NET CONTENTS ... GALS.

EPA REG. NO. 1421-97

SOLD BY

Dettelbach Chemical Corp.

1421-97
ACCEPTED
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THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR FEDERAL POISON REGISTER
ED UNDER NO. ... SUBJECT
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS