

DIRECTIONS **Non-Crop Areas**

Use on lawns, golf courses, tennis courts, parking lots, industrial plants, residential areas, and other areas where weeds are a problem. Apply to most weeds, including annual and perennial grasses and broadleaved weeds. The effectiveness and length of time that control will last will depend on type of soil, amount of rain and other conditions.

RATE: Under ordinary conditions, use at the rate of 1 to 4 gallons per 1000 square feet (1 to 31 pints per 100 square feet). Under conditions where the weeds are difficult to control, use at the rate of 5 gallons per 1000 square feet (41 pints per 100 square feet).

HOW TO APPLY: Use a sprayer which will distribute the required amount evenly over the area to be treated. Use a coarse spray to reduce drift. Application may be made when top growth is dense, but better control will be obtained when weeds are short or when excess growth is mowed and removed before applying.

WHEN TO APPLY: Best results will be obtained if applied shortly before or at the time plant growth begins. Rain or thorough watering after application will cause the material to move to the root zone and thus speed up control.

NOTE: Do Not apply, allow to drift or drain or flush equipment onto or near croplands, lawns, trees or other desirable plants or to areas where their roots may extend. Do Not contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes. Do Not allow contact with fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides or

CHURCHILL **ACCEPTED** **New NO-GRO** **WEED KILLER**

Contains 1/4 pound of Urox™ per gallon.
For general weed control on non-crop lands and paved areas.
U. S. Patents No. 2,782,112 and 2,801,911

Active Ingredients:

Monuron Trichloroacetate	
(3-(p-chlorophenyl)-1, 1-dimethylurea trichloroacetate)	3.19%
Aromatic Petroleum Derivative	91.67%
Inert Ingredients	5.14%

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

For additional caution information see right panel

DO NOT USE OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

UROX™ is a registered trademark of Allied Chemical Corporation.

NET CONTENTS

EPA Reg. No. 1416-41

EPA Est. 1416 IL-1

Manufactured By



CHURCHILL CHEMICAL COMPANY

A DIVISION OF THE ALLIED CHEMICAL CORPORATION

GALESBURG, ILLINOIS 61401

seeds. Application equipment should be thoroughly cleaned with a detergent and water to prevent corrosion. Equipment which has been used to apply this product should not be used for applying insecticides, fungicides, fertilizers or other agricultural chemicals as plant injury may result.

Destroy Container When Empty —

Flush out thoroughly with water and drain where flush water can be run off without harm. Destroy container so that it may not be used again for any purpose and dispose of it at some location where no attempt to salvage will be made.

Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on label.

— CAUTION —

Harmful If Swallowed. Irritating to Skin, Nose, Throat, and Eyes. Do Not Get On Skin, In Eyes or On Clothing.

In case of contact, immediately wash skin with plenty of water. For eyes, wash with water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

In case of ingestion, do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

Quality Control No.

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

UNICO DINITRO "T"

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

[illegible]

CAUTION: METHYL ALCOHOL IS POISONOUS

UNICO DINITRA 3333a, be applied either as a pre-plant or post-plant application over the row. Overall coverage is recommended for the control of weeds and grasses. A minimum of 1000 g/ha is necessary for a period of several weeks.

Timing of Application: Application of the herbicide should be made early, the more economical. Best results are obtained when the weeds are in the early stages of growth, before a germination of weed seed. Light to moderate rainfall is desired. The application is best made when a heavy rain may produce excessive leaching thus poorer weed control. Heavy rain may also cause the herbicide to be washed off the foliage if a broadcast application is used.

Spayed and banded rats at their burrows were used as control breaks. When cultivating the middles, avoid the wind-tail on treated areas.

1. 100% 2. 100% 3. 100% 4. 100% 5. 100% 6. 100% 7. 100% 8. 100% 9. 100% 10. 100% 11. 100% 12. 100% 13. 100% 14. 100% 15. 100% 16. 100% 17. 100% 18. 100% 19. 100% 20. 100% 21. 100% 22. 100% 23. 100% 24. 100% 25. 100% 26. 100% 27. 100% 28. 100% 29. 100% 30. 100% 31. 100% 32. 100% 33. 100% 34. 100% 35. 100% 36. 100% 37. 100% 38. 100% 39. 100% 40. 100% 41. 100% 42. 100% 43. 100% 44. 100% 45. 100% 46. 100% 47. 100% 48. 100% 49. 100% 50. 100% 51. 100% 52. 100% 53. 100% 54. 100% 55. 100% 56. 100% 57. 100% 58. 100% 59. 100% 60. 100% 61. 100% 62. 100% 63. 100% 64. 100% 65. 100% 66. 100% 67. 100% 68. 100% 69. 100% 70. 100% 71. 100% 72. 100% 73. 100% 74. 100% 75. 100% 76. 100% 77. 100% 78. 100% 79. 100% 80. 100% 81. 100% 82. 100% 83. 100% 84. 100% 85. 100% 86. 100% 87. 100% 88. 100% 89. 100% 90. 100% 91. 100% 92. 100% 93. 100% 94. 100% 95. 100% 96. 100% 97. 100% 98. 100% 99. 100% 100. 100%

ALFALFA, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, RED CLOVER, LADINO CLOVER - 4 to 4 1/2 lbs. of UNICO DINITRO "T" per acre on warm, dry days after legume has become dormant. Do not spray when crop is wet or temperature is below 40 degrees F. Same rates can be used on established stands and seedlings when seedlings have two or more true leaves. When chickweed has matted, spray at 4 to 6 lbs. per acre. Do not spray alfalfa or clover in bloom. Do not spray alfalfa or clover in bloom on treated fields or feed forage.

BEANS, DRY FIELD, LIMA, SNAP AND SOY. Apply as recommended treatment, use 1½ to 2 gallons per acre, either as band or blanket treatment. Do not combine with other herbicides. For band treatment reduce the amount applied per acre proportionally.

[illegible]

PEANUTS • The peanuts are the most popular nut in the world. They are also the most common. They are used in many ways, from eating them whole to making peanut butter. They are also used in many recipes, from peanut sauce to peanut brittle. They are a great source of protein and healthy fats. They are also a great snack for kids. They are easy to eat and they are delicious. They are also a great way to get your daily dose of protein and healthy fats. They are a great snack for kids. They are easy to eat and they are delicious. They are also a great way to get your daily dose of protein and healthy fats.

CORN - FIELD POP SWEET

PEAS - The PEAS (Polyethylene Adsorption and Extraction System) was used to determine the adsorption and desorption of the herbicide, and the effect of the herbicide on the growth of the algae. The PEAS was used to determine the adsorption and desorption of the herbicide, and the effect of the herbicide on the growth of the algae. The PEAS was used to determine the adsorption and desorption of the herbicide, and the effect of the herbicide on the growth of the algae.

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