

1381-189

09/23/2008

1/14



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SEP 23 2008

Dr. Alice Walker
Agent for Winfield Solutions, LLC
3094 Country Club Road
Senatobia, MS 38668

Subject: Label Notifications for Pesticide Registration Notice 2007-4

Dear Dr. Walker,

The Agency is in receipt of your Applications for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notices (PRN) 98-10 and 2007-4 dated June 3, 2008 and your resubmissions dated June 13, 2008 for the following products:

| | |
|---|---|
| Arctic[®] 3.2 EC Insecticide | EPA Registration Number 1381-187 |
| Battery[™] 2.5 EC Insecticide | EPA Registration Number 1381-188 |
| Compact[™] | EPA Registration Number 1381-189 |
| Charger Max[™] ATZ Lite | EPA Registration Number 1381-208 |
| Grizzly[™] Z Insecticide | EPA Registration Number 1381-211 |
| Daze[®] 4SC | EPA Registration Number 1381-212 |
| Dormant Oil 435 | EPA Registration Number 9779-251 |
| Asulam 3.3 Herbicide | EPA Registration Number 9779-342 |
| Boll'd | EPA Registration Number 9779-349 |

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted its review of these requests for their applicability under PRNs 98-10 and 2007-4 and finds that the label changes requested fall within the scope of PRNs 98-10 and 2007-4. The labels submitted with the application have been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on nonrefillable containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

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If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Steve Schaible of my staff at 703-308-9362.

Sincerely,



Linda Arrington
Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

☐ Registration
☐ Amendment
☒ Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Company/Product Number 1381-189 | 2. EPA Product Manager Tony Kish | 3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted |
| 4. Company/Product (Name) Compact | PM# 22 | |
| 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Winfield Solutions, LLC, c/o Alice Walker Consulting 3094 Country Club Road Senatobia, MS 38668 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address | | 6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. NOTIFICATION Product Name SEP 23 2008 |

Section - II

| | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below. | <input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application. |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below. | <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below. |

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Notification of new container disposal language per PRN 07-4 and repositioned the Chemtec no. below Storage and Disposal. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section - III

| | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In: | | | | 2. Type of Container | |
| Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No | Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No | Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Metal | |
| If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No. per container | | If "Yes" Package wgt. No. per container | | <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic | |
| | | | | <input type="checkbox"/> Glass | |
| | | | | <input type="checkbox"/> Paper | |
| | | | | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ | |
| 3. Location of Net Contents Information <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container | | 4. Size(s) Retail Container 1, 2 1/2, 5, 15 gals. | | 5. Location of Label Directions <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On label | |
| 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled | | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | | | |

Section - IV

| | | |
|--|--------------------|--|
| 1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.) | | |
| Name Alice Walker, Ph.D. | Title Agent | Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 662-562-5995 |
| Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law. | | 6. Date Application Received (Stamped) |
| 2. Signature <i>Alice Walker</i> | 3. Title Agent | |
| 4. Typed Name Alice Walker, Ph.D. | 5. Date 4-15-08 | |

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COMPACT™

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Mepiquat Chloride: N,N-dimethylpiperidinium Chloride4.2%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 95.8%

TOTAL 100.0%

Contains 0.35 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:

- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: No known antidote, treat symptomatically.

EMERGENCY CONTACT: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-424-7452 for emergency medical treatment information.

See Additional Precautionary Statements Inside Booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 1381-189

EPA Est. No. 51036-GA-001

Distributed By:
Winfield Solutions LLC
PO Box 64589
St. Paul, MN 55164-0589

Lot No. _____

0/0327/8

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

1. Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
2. Chemical-resistant gloves such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate
3. Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

1. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
2. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
3. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal area below the high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of rinsate or equipment washwater. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, is:

1. Coveralls
2. Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
3. Shoes plus socks

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not store below 32° F, nor above 100° F. Store in a dry place away from heat or open flame. Store in locked area in original container only, with lid tightly closed. Store separately from other pesticides and fertilizers, food and feed to prevent contamination. Use care to avoid puncturing container during storage or transit. In case of a spill or leaking container, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Use label language appropriate for container size and type.

Nonrefillable containers. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Nonrefillable container equal to or less than 5 gallons. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable container greater than 5 gallons. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable container. Refill this container with this pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call

GENERAL INFORMATION

COMPACT is a foliar applied plant growth regulator. It allows the grower to manage the cotton plant for short-season production leading to reduced risk of yield and quality loss due to delayed and prolonged harvest. Benefits derived from the use of COMPACT include increased early boll retention and/or larger bolls, reduced plant height which provides a more open canopy, less boll rot, improved defoliation, less trash and lower ginning costs, better harvest efficiency and a darker leaf color. These benefits can provide for earlier maturity and often result in improved yields.

Early Application of COMPACT

Growers may use low-rate multiple applications, or higher, less frequent dosages which provide maximum flexibility under a wide range of growing conditions. COMPACT should not be applied to plants under stress. If stress is alleviated, plants should be evaluated for vegetative growth before additional applications are made. COMPACT may be tank mixed with insecticides/miticides when application timing coincide. (See RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS)

Fields should be carefully scouted. COMPACT should not be applied if plants are under any form of stress. In the absence of stress, a maximum of five low rate applications can be made each season. The first application can be applied at the matchhead square stage. The rate and timing of subsequent applications depend on growing conditions and desired benefits. Under good growing conditions, additional treatments of 2-4 fl.oz./acre can be made at 7-14 day intervals. Higher rates of COMPACT (1/4 - 3/4 pt./acre) should be used if vegetative growth becomes excessive or a greater degree of height control is desired. Do not use more than a total of 48 fl. oz. of COMPACT per acre in a growing season. If significant loss of squares and/or young bolls has occurred earlier due to insect pressure or other stresses, but now these stresses have been alleviated, the need for COMPACT is increased - excess vegetative growth is likely because of poor fruit load.

Late Season Application of COMPACT

Late application of COMPACT (approximately during the fourth to sixth week of blooming) can provide certain benefits to cotton. However, it should not and does not substitute for early season use, the time of the greatest benefit from the use of COMPACT. Late season application can lead to one or more of the following: reduction in late season vegetative growth or regrowth after cutout or defoliation, more complete and manageable cutout, better defoliation, earlier maturity and reduction in trash and lower ginning costs. Some of these effects may favorably influence the yield potential and fiber quality. A late season application of COMPACT should be applied only if fields are not drought or nutrient stressed; that is, those fields likely to experience additional vegetative growth or regrowth. However, fields that are very rank and extremely vigorous due to a combination of poor boll load and excellent growing conditions may not respond as much as desired to late season applications at the suggested rates.

Timing for Late Season Applications

- A. On fields where cotton cuts out and then starts regrowth: apply when regrowth begins, as evidenced by new leaves in the terminal and stem elongation. This would often, but not always, be in the period of 5-6 weeks after the first bloom.
- B. On fields where cotton never completely cuts out, apply COMPACT when there are 4-6 nodes above the white flower (NAWF). Measure NAWF by counting the number of mainstem nodes from the first position

white bloom (the one closest to the mainstem) to the terminal. Count the node with the first position white bloom as zero and the last node in the terminal, which is counted, should have a leaf at least the size of a quarter. Generally, the NAWF first reaches 4-6 during the fourth to sixth week of bloom. During this time period, the NAWF should be decreasing about one node every 5-6 days - if its rate of decrease is less, this means that the plant is not cutting out soon enough (the crop is too vigorous). If the fifth week of bloom arrives and NAWF is still above 5-6, apply COMPACT.

Use Rate for Late Season Application

COMPACT should be applied at a rate between 1/2 pint to 1 1/2 pints per acre. Use the lower rate range on cotton with only moderate additional growth potential, and the higher rate range on fields likely to continue vigorous growth. Total seasonal use per season (early plus late application) must not exceed 3 pints per acre.

SPRAY VOLUMES

Thorough coverage is required

IN WATER:

Areas other than California:

Ground Application - Use a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre.

Aerial Application - Use a minimum of 2 gallons/acre.

California Only:

Ground Application - Use a minimum of 5 gallons/acre.

Aerial Application - Use a minimum of 5 gallons/acre.

IN OIL:

Use a minimum total oil volume of 2 pints/acre for ultra low volume (ULV) aerial application. Application in oil is permitted only in AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MO, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN and TX. Use a nonphytotoxic oil concentrate which contains either a petroleum or vegetable oil base, contains only EPA-exempt ingredients, provides good mixing quality in the jar test (see "Compatibility" section), and has been used successfully in your locality. The oil diluent should contain emulsifiers which provide good mixing quality. If the oil does not contain an emulsifier, one must be added during mixing at a volume equal to 3% of the final volume of the mixing tank. Do not apply COMPACT as ULV without using emulsifiers. If using a vegetable oil based product, only highly refined concentrates should be used.

Mix under constant agitation. Pour one-half of the required volume of oil into the spray tank, followed by the emulsifier (if the oil does not already contain one) at approximately 3% of the final spray tank volume, and then pour in the COMPACT while the remainder of the oil is added. Constant, moderate agitation is required during and after mixing and during application.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.

- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

- **Volume** - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure** - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- **Number of Nozzles** - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle Orientation** - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- **Nozzle Type** - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

WIND: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to

produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS: The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas). Do not apply Compact by air if sensitive species are within 200 feet downwind.

RAIN WASH-OFF PRECAUTION

The use of a high quality, EPA exempt surfactant will enhance the uptake of COMPACT into the plant. Therefore, the use of a surfactant allows applications made as little as 4 hours prior to rainfall to be effective. Without a surfactant, the product should be used at least 8 hours prior to expected rainfall.

COMPATIBILITY

COMPACT is water based, and is compatible with most insecticides and miticides. If compatibility is in doubt, perform a jar test to check for compatibility. COMPACT can be used with foliar fertilizers if your prior experience shows the combination is compatible and will not injure cotton under your conditions. Caution should be used when applying with foliar fertilizers under conditions of extreme heat.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Insect or mite damage to COMPACT treated crops can lead to yield decreases or other undesirable effects.
- Do not apply COMPACT to cotton that is under stress. If using low rate multiple applications, discontinue use until your crop has overcome any stress.
- Do not apply more than 48 fl. oz. of COMPACT per acre per season. The sum of all products and formulations containing mepiquat chloride must not exceed 0.132 pounds (60 grams) of mepiquat chloride per acre per season.
- Do not apply COMPACT within 30 days of harvest.
- Do not graze or feed cotton forage to livestock.
- COMPACT contains a dye and effectiveness is not related to the color of the spray solution.
- Do not tank mix with other products other than those mentioned under "COMPATIBILITY".
- Do not plant another crop within 75 days after last treatment.

TIME AND RATE OF APPLICATION SHORT-STAPLE AND LONG-STAPLE (PIMA) COTTON

Directions for use should be observed as specified below:

I. HIGH RATE SINGLE OR MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS:

Use these instructions when you are not able to start growth regulation treatments early, or when you want to make the fewest number of applications.

| LOCATION | TIME OF APPLICATION | RATE PER ACRE |
|--|---|-----------------|
| AL, AR, AZ, CA FL, GA, LA, MO, MS, NM, NC, SC, TN, VA, | First Application Apply when cotton is actively growing and is between 20" and 30" tall, but not more than 7 days beyond early bloom (5-6 blooms per 25 row feet). Also apply if cotton is 24" tall, and has no blooms. Use the 8 oz. rate on the cotton where excessive vegetative growth is not expected. Use 16 oz. where excessive growth has historically occurred. See RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS | 8 to 16 fl.oz. |
| | Second Application: Make another application in 2 to 3 weeks if additional growth control is desired. | 8 to 16 fl.oz. |
| | Third Application for Control of Excessive Vegetative Growth: If the cotton field has a history of vigorous growth or if conditions continue to favor vigorous growth, apply a third application 1 to 2 weeks after the second application. | 8 to 16 fl. oz. |
| | Late Season Application: See section titled "Late Season Application of COMPACT". | 8 to 24 fl. oz. |
| Areas without a history of excessive vegetative growth: OK, TX, (except Rio Grande Valley) | First Application: Apply when cotton is in the early bloom stage (5-6 blooms per 25 row feet) and actively growing. Also apply if no blooms are present and the cotton is 20" tall and actively growing. See RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS. | 8 fl.oz. |
| | Second Application: Make a second application in 2 to 3 weeks if additional growth control is desired. | 8 fl.oz. |
| | Third Application: | 8 fl.oz. |

| | | |
|--|---|----------------|
| | If conditions after the second application of COMPACT continue to favor vigorous growth, apply a third application 1 to 2 weeks after the second application. | |
| | Late Season Application: See section titled "Late Season Application of COMPACT". | 8 to 24 fl.oz. |
| Areas <i>with</i> a history of excessive vegetative growth: OK, TX | First Application: For best results, apply when plants are in early bloom stage (5-6 blooms per 25 row feet) and an average of 24" tall. Treatments can also be made when cotton height averages a minimum of 20" and a maximum of 30", provided cotton is not more than 7 days beyond early bloom. If cotton is 24" tall and has no blooms, apply COMPACT. See RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS | 16 fl.oz. |
| | Second Application: For fields with a history of excessive growth, or if conditions after the first application favor excessive growth, make a second application in 2 to 3 weeks. | 8 to 16 fl.oz. |
| | Third Application: If conditions after the second application of COMPACT continue to favor vigorous growth, apply a third application 1 to 2 weeks after the second application. | 8 to 16 fl.oz. |
| | Late Season Application: See section titled "Late Season Application of COMPACT". | 8 to 24 fl.oz. |

II. LOW-RATE MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS:

Use these instructions when you want to maintain maximum flexibility in plant regulation treatments.

| LOCATION | TIME OF APPLICATION | EXCESSIVE GROWTH NOT EXPECTED OR LOWER RATES HAVE WORKED IN THE PAST. | EXCESSIVE GROWTH EXPECTED OR HIGHER RATES HAVE BEEN NECESSARY IN THE PAST |
|---|--|---|---|
| AL, AR, AZ, CA, FL, GA, LA, MO, MS, NC, NM, | First Application: Apply at the matchhead | 2 fl.oz. | 4 fl.oz. |

| | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------------|---------------|
| OK, SC, TN, TX, VA, | square ¹ stage of growth. | | |
| | Second Application: 7-14 days later, or when regrowth occurs. | 2 fl.oz. | 4 fl.oz. |
| | Third Application: 7-14 days later, or when regrowth occurs. | 2-4 fl.oz.* | 4-8 fl.oz.* |
| | Fourth Application: 7-14 days later, or when regrowth occurs. | 2-8 fl.oz.* | 4-12 fl.oz.* |
| | Fifth Application: (If needed): 7-14 days later, or when regrowth occurs. | 4-8 fl.oz.* | 4-12 fl.oz.* |
| | Late Season Application: See section titled "Late Season Application of COMPACT". | 8-16 fl.oz.* | 12-24 fl.oz.* |

*Use the higher rate if previous application was not made or if growing conditions favor excessive growth.

¹Matchhead square is when the first square of a typical cotton plant is about the size of a match head (about 1/8" in diameter). Make the first application when 50% of the plants have one or more matchhead squares.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

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