

EPA Reg.

Date of Number:

Issuate:3 0 2007

1381-180

Term of Issuance:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

ProSource One Magic Carpet™ Fertilizer With 0.67% Ronstar

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration

Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Agriliance, LLC

P.O. Box 64089

St. Paul MN 55164-0089

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is reregistered in accordance with FIFRA section 4(g)(2)(C) provided you agree in writing to:

1. Change the "Notice of Warranty" statement by adding the term "To the extent consistent with applicable law" to the beginning of each sentence in the statement.

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

Joanne Miller, Product Manager (23)

Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

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JUL 3 0 2007

EPA Form 8570-6

Submit one (1) copy of final printed labeling incorporating the above changes before you release the product for shipment. Amended labeling will supersede all previously accepted ones. A stamped copy of labeling is enclosed for your records.

For further assistance in this matter, please contact Phil Errico at 703-305-6663.

anne J. Miller

Sincerely,

Joanne Miller, PM-23

Herbicide Branch/RD 7505P

ProSource One

Magic Carpet[™] Fertilizer with 0.67% Ronstar®

For sale to and use by professional applicators only. Not for sale to or use by homeowners/consumers. For use on golf courses, nurseries, parks, sod farms, athletic fields, and other recreational and ornamental turfgrass

A pre-emergent weed control product plus a quality fertilizer for use on varieties of perennial bluegrass, bentgrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, perennial ryegrass, St. Augustine grass, seashore paspalum, tall fescue and zoysia. Also for use around ornamental shrubs, vines, trees and ground covers.

Controls crabgrass, goosegrass, poa annua, annual sedge and other weeds as listed on golf courses, commercial lawns, and other athletic and/or recreational ornamental turf.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

 Oxadiazon*
 0.67%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS:
 99.33%

 TOTAL
 100.00%

*CAS No. 19666-30-9

ACCEPTE

Ronstar[®] is a registered trademark of Bayer A.G. Magic CarpetTM is a trademark of Agriliance, L.C.

nder the Federal Insecticide

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

ungicide, and Rodenticide Acts amended, for the posticide egistered under 1381–180 PA Rog. No.

FIRST AID

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-424-7452 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Caution: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

See side/back panel for additional precautionary statements.

EPA Reg. No. 1381-180

EPA Est. No.

Distributed By:

EI A Est. No.

Agriliance, LLC

NET WEIGHT 50 LBS.

P.O. Box 64089

St. Paul, MN 55164-0089

0/G11/5

Personal Protective Equipment (Ppe)

Loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants and shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- •Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- •Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- •Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Apply only as specified on this label.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box apply only to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and shoes plus socks.

WHERE, HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO USE ON TURFGRASS

This product may be used at full rate or as a split application in established Perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass (see restrictions), Bermudagrass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustinegrass, Seashore Paspalum, Tall Fescue and Zoysiagrass turf, at apartment/condominium complexes, corporate and public parks, golf courses, sod farms, athletic fields, playgrounds, cemeteries and other ornamental and recreational turfgrass areas. Not for use on home lawns. The turf should be free of leaves and thatch and in condition to allow granules to reach the soil surface. Know the square footage of the area to be treated and uniformly apply using a granule spreader. Do not apply to turf when it is wet. When using at full rate, do not overlap

spreader applications, especially on St. Augustinegrass since discoloration "streaking" may temporarily occur from the "doubled rate."

See section on this label entitled "Precautions in Using on Turfgrass" for the maximum rate on St. Augustinegrass and Bentgrass of 3 lbs. a.i. per acre which is equivalent to 10.33 lbs. of this product per 1,000 sq. ft. For best results, water-in the product as soon as practical after application. This product is a preemergence herbicide and must be applied prior to weed seed germination (see map of U.S. on this label). It will not control growing weeds. See section on this label entitled "For Spring Application on Golf Courses" for instructions to apply the 3 lb. or 4 lb. a.i. per acre rate as a split application.

Pre-emergence Weed Control

General Precautions and Restrictions: Do not apply more than 900 pounds of product per acre per year (equivalent to 6 pounds ai/A/year), except in areas where there is heavy weed infestation. In areas of heavy weed infestation, the maximum application rate is 1200 pounds of product per acre per year (equivalent to 8 pounds ai/A/year). Do not apply more than 600 pounds of product per acre (equivalent to 4 pounds ai/A) in any single application.

application.	T	T = 1	T
Weeds Controlled	Lbs. a.i./Acre	Lbs. product per	Directions – Refer to Map of U.S.
•	Lbs. product/acre	1,000 sq. ft.	
Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) Field Sandbur (Canchus incertus) Annual Sedge (Cyperus compressus)	2 to 4 lbs. a.i./A 300 to 600 lbs. product/acre	6.8 to 13.77 lbs.	Apply in late winter or early spring prior to weed seed germination. See map. In areas 4 & 5 applications made after April or May may not be fully effective.
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i> spp.) (See note below)	2 to 4 lbs. a.i./A 300 to 600 lbs. product/acre	6.8 to 13.77 lbs.	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to weed seed germination.
Virginia Buttonweed (Diodia virginiana) Pigweed (Amaranthus spp.) Florida Pusley (Richardia scabra) Oxalis (Oxalis spp.) Stinging Nettle (Urtica dioica) Carpetgrass (Axonopus offinis)	4 lbs. a.i./A 600 lbs. product/acre	13.77 lbs.	Apply in early spring prior to weed seed germination.

Fall Application for Spring Weed Control in Cool Season Turf			
Crabgrass, Goosegrass and other annual weeds as listed.	3 to 4 lbs. a.i./A 450 to 600 lbs. product/acre	10.33 to 13.77 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.	For use in Bluegrass, Bentgrass, perennial Ryegrass and Tall Fescue. Make application in the fall after turf has become dormant. For late fall applications, seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after greenup.

Annual Bluegrass Control in Bermudagrass Fairways Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass Only				
Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua spp.)	2 lbs. a.i./A 300 lbs. product/acre	6.8 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to <i>Poa annua spp</i> . seed germination. Any <i>Poa annua spp</i> . established when this product is applied will not be controlled. It should not be applied closer than 60	

days to overseeding. Do not use
where <i>poa trivialis</i> is present in the
overseed mixture. Apply the full 2
lbs. a.i. rate in one application.

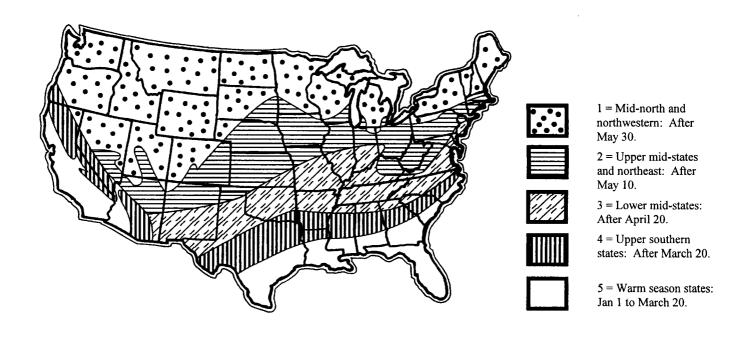
NOTE: In many areas annual bluegrass exists as at least two biotypes or subspecies of *Poa annua*. The true annual biotype, "*Poa annua spp. annua*" which germinates from seed every year is controlled while the biotype "*Poa annua spp. raptans*" which behaves like a perennial and survives through the summer, as an established plant cannot be controlled. Consult the extension service or University weed specialist in your area for more information concerning your locale.

Annual Weed Control During Establishment from "Sprigs" of Bermudagrass, Zoysiagrass, and Seashore Paspalum

Crabgrass, Goosegrass, Annual	2 to 3 lbs. a.i./A	6.8 to 10.33 lbs.	For Bermudagrass make application
Sedge and other annual weeds	300 to 450 lbs.	per 1,000 sq. ft.	immediately prior to, or, immediately
	per acre		after sprigging.

For Seashore Paspalum and Zoysiagrass make application 10 to 14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable Seashore Paspalum injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. For best results sprinkler irrigate the "sprigged" area with up to ¼ inch water after application.

CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES



Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas until dusts have settled and/or area is dry after watering-in.

FOR SPRING APPLICATION ON GOLF COURSES

The 3 lb. and 4 lb. a.i. per acre rates may be applied as a split application. Weed control and better turf management can be programmed by splitting the a.i. per acre rate of active ingredient into "two" separate applications. For example to accomplish this in region #5 (see map of U. S. on this label), first apply 1.5 lbs. a.i. (for required 3 lbs. a.i./acre rate) or first apply 2 lbs. a.i. (for 4 lb. a.i./acre rate) as the first application 1 to 2 weeks before estimated weed seed germination or in late December or early January; then follow with the second "1/2 rate" of a.i. in 60 days or the first of March. The timing for these applications should be closely programmed to the geographic region (see map of U. S. on this label) and adjusted to an "early" or "late" spring.

Do not split the 2 lb. a.i./acre rate. The 3 lb. a.i./acre rate should not be split if applied to new turf areas first under turf management where weed pressure is expected to be heavy.

Bermuda & Paspalum Directions – Refer to the U. S. Map on this label. For Bermudagrass make application immediately prior to or after sprigging. For Seashore Paspalum apply 10 to 14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable Paspalum injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. For best results sprinkler irrigate the "sprigged" area with up to ¼ inch water after application.

PRECAUTIONS IN USING ON TURFGRASS AND PRECAUTIONS WHEN SEEDING

For St. Augustinegrass and Bentgrass turf, DO NOT exceed the rate of 3 lbs. of active ingredient per acre which is equal to 10.33 lbs. of this product per 1,000 sq. ft. DO NOT apply to Bentgrass turf mowed less than 3/8 inch. This product may cause discoloration of Bentgrass, Bermudagrass and St. Augustinegrass but this discoloration is temporary and normally outgrown within 2 to 3 weeks. Avoid contact with flowers and shrubs except as recommended elsewhere for ornamental plants on this label. DO NOT apply to newly seeded areas. Seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after treatment. DO NOT apply to Dichondra or Centipedegrass. DO NOT use on golf course putting greens or tees because of the varying cultural practices used.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Annual Bluegrass
Annual Sedge
*Barnyardgrass
Bittercress
Carpetgrass
Carpetweed
Common Groundsel
Common Purslane
Crabgrass
*Evening Primrose
Fall Panicum

Field Sandbur

r toriua i usicy
Foxtail (Green, Bristly)
*Galinsoga
Golden Ragwort
*Goosegrass
**Jungle Ricegrass
Lambsquarter
** Liverwort
Oxalis
** Panama Paspalum
Pennsylvania Smartweed

Fireweed

Florida Pusley

Redroot Pigweed
Sensitive Plant
Shepherdspurse
Sow thistle
Speedwell, Veronica
Spotted Catsear
Spurge (Garden, Petty,
** Prostrate)
Stinging Nettle
*Swinecress
Virginia Buttonweed
Yellow Woodsorrel

* Use 3 to 4 lbs. a.i. per acre (equal to 450 lbs. to 600 lbs. of this product per acre or 10.33 to 13.77 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.).

** For difficult-to-control weeds, use the 4 lbs. a.i. per acre (equal to 600 lbs. of this product per acre or 13.77 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.). NOTE: For newly seeded lawns do not apply this product until after the second cutting. For best turf management, place new grass seed in the fall of the year. Spring pre-emergence weed control can then be applied.

SPREADER SETTINGS

Spreader settings are calculated to apply the recommended rates of active ingredient per acre based on this product's bulk density of 50 to 60 lbs. per cubic foot. Setting will vary if your turfgrass requires this EPA registered herbicide/fertilizer combination product with a lighter bulk density. To check your spreader settings refer to the spreader manual or manufacturer. Test apply enough product to cover 500 sq. ft. based on the amount of product a.i. you wish to apply per acre. Select a suitable rate from the Pre-Emergence Weed Control chart on this label. Adjust and record the setting if required. Apply as directed on this label.

Spreader Settings	For 2 lbs. a.i./Acre	For 3 lbs. a.i./Acre	For 4 lbs. a.i./Acre
Cyclone B3-Pro	#2.75	#3.25	#3.9
Scotts Pro R-8A	#H	#1+	#J+

Plan on approximately 3 mph spreader speed to obtain best coverage. Know the exact square footage before application. Incorrect application will result in poor weed control.

*For use on a Wide Variety of Listed Woody Ornamental Shrubs, Vines, Trees, and Ground Covers in Landscape Plantings and for Container and Field Grown Nursery Plants.

Established Ornamentals and Ground Covers

	Established Of Hameltans a	na Ground Covers	
Common name	Scientific Name	Common name	Scientific Name
Abutilon	Abutilon pictum	Lilac	Syringa spp.
Acacia	Acacia spp.	Littleleaf Linden	Tilia cordate
Agapanthus	Agapanthus africanus	Loquat*	Eriobotrya japonica*
Allamanda, Common	Allamanda cathartica	Magnolia	Magnolia spp.
Andromeda	Pieris spp.	Mahonia, Grape Holly	Mahonia aquifollum
Aralia	Aralia spinosa	Maple*	Acer spp*.
Arborvitae	Thuja spp.	Metallic Plant	Hemigraphis colorata
Ash, Green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Mexican Orange*	Choisya temata*
Azalea	Rhododendron	Mock Orange	Philadelphus virginalis
Baby's Breath	Gypsophila paniculata	Money Tree	Pleomele marginata
Bald Cypress	Taxodium distichum	Murraea	Murraea exotica
Bamboo, Feathery	Bambusa vulgaris	Murraea	Murraea paniculata
Banyan, Weeping	Ficus benghalensis	Myoporum	Myoporum laetum
Barberry	Berberis spp.	Myrtle	Myrtus communis
Beefsteak Plant	Acalypha wilkesiana	Nandina	Nandina domestica
Bearberry	Arctostaphylos uva-ursi	Oak	Quercus spp.
Beech, European	Fagus sylvatica	Ochana	Ochna serrulata
Birch, Paper	Betula papyrifera	Ohai	Samanea saman
Blanket Flower	Gaillardia aristata	Oleander	Nerium oleander
Blazing Star	Liatris spicata	Orthosiphon	Orthosiphon stamineus
Boxwood, Japanese	Buxus microphylla	Osmanthus	Osmanthus heterophyllus
Boxwood, Common	Buxus sempervirens	Pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea spectabilis	Palm, Bamboo	Rhapi exceisa
Brassaia, Dwarf	Brassaia actinophylla	Palm, Fishtail	Caryota spp.
Buddleia	Buddleia davidii	Palm, Licuala	Licuala Thumb spp.
Bugleflower	Ajuga reptans	Palm, Macarthur	Ptychosperma macarthuri

For use only on plants, as listed, that will not bear

of this product.

edible fruit or seeds within one year of the application

Callistemon	Callistemon lanceolata	Palm, Mabnee	Łuterpe spp.
Camellia, Common, Jap	Camellia japonica	Palm, Manila	Veitchia merrillii
Camellia, Sasanque	Camellia sasanqua	Palm, Parlor	Collinia elegans
Candytuft	Iberis sempervirens	Palm, Rattan	Daemonorops spp.
Carissa	Carissa macrocarpa	Palm, Scaling Wax	Cyrtostachys lakka
Carnation	Dianthus caryophyllus	Palm, Sugar	Arenga saccharifera
Ceanothus	Ceanothus americanus	Paperbark Tree	Melaleuca leucadendra
Cedar, Red	Juniperus virginiana	Peony	Peonia spp.
Cedar, Atlas	Cedrus atlantica	Periwinkle, Common	Vinca minor
Cistus	Cistus purpureus	Periwinkle, Large	Vinca major
Citrus Ornamental*	• •	Photinia Frasiers	Photinia frasieri
Grapefruit*	Citrus paradise*	Poinciana	Delonix regia
Lemon*	Citrus limon*	Pine*	Pinus spp. *
Lime*	Citrus aurantifolia Bears*	Pittosporum, Japanese	Pittosporum tobira
Mandarin*	Citrus reticulate*	Plum, Natal	Carissa macrocarpa
Tangelo*	Citrus X tangelo minneola*	Podocarpus, Yew	Podocarpus macrophyllus
Tangerine*	Citrus reticulate var. tangerine*	Pomegranate	Punica granatum
Temple*	Citrus X noblis temple*	Poplar	Populus spp.
Cuban Shaddock*	Citrus maxima*	Polentilla	Potentilla fruticosa
Valencia*	Citrus sinensis*	Polentilla	Potentilla fragiformis
	Citrus sinensis*	Privet	Ligustrum spp.
Washington Navel*		Protea species	Banksis menresil
Cleyera	Cleyera japonica	Frotea species	Leucodendron discolor
Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata		
Coromandel	Asystasia gangetica		Leucospermum cordifolium
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster spp.	D 4	Protea eximia
Crabapple*	Malus spp.	Pyracantha	Pyracantha coccinea
Crape myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica	Raphiolepis	Raphiolepis umbellata
Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum spp.	Redwood, Dawn	Metasequoia
			glyptostroboides
Cypress	Cupressus spp.	Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.
Cypress, Leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandi	Rose spp.*	Rose spp. *
Dahlia	Dahlia spp.	Russian Olive	Eleagnus angustifolia
Daphne, Fragrant	Daphne odora	Sargent Cherry*	Prunus sargentii*
Deutzia, Slender	Deutzia gracilis	Scotch Broom	Cytisus scoparius
Dieffenbachia	Dieffenbachia spp.	Sedum	Sedum album
Dogwood, Common	Cornus florida	Serviceberry,	Amelanchier alnifolia
		Saskatoon*	
Dogwood, Redosier	Cornus stolonifera	Spruce	Picea spp.
Dogwood, Kousa	Cornus kousa	Statice	Limonium spp.
Douglas fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	St. Johnswort,* Golden	Hypericum frondosum
Elm	Ulmus spp.	St. Johnswort,* Goldencup	Hypericum patulum*
Escallonia	Escallonia spp.	Strawberry Tree	Arbutus unedo
Eucalyptus	Eucalyptus spp	Sumac, Staghorn	Rhus typhina
Euryops, Gray Leaved	Euryops pectinatus	Sweet William	Dianthus barbatus
Euonymus, Spreading	Euonymus kiautschovicus	Syzyglum	Syzyglum paniculatum
Euonymus, Wintercreeper	· ·	Trailing African Daisy	
-	Euonymus fortunei	-	Osteospermum fruticosum
Falsecypress, Hinoki	Chamaecyparis obtusa	Viburnum	Viburnum spp.
Falsecypress, Japanese	Chamaecyparis pisifera	Wedelia	Wedelia trilobata
Flowering Quince*	Chaenomeles speciosa*	Wisteria, Chinese	Wisteria sinensis
Forsythia	Forsythia intermedia	Witchhazel, Common	Hamamelis virginiana
Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	Woadwaxen, Common	Genista tinctoria
Gazania Trailing	Gazania uniflora leucolaena	Wooly Thyme	Thymus pseudolanuginosus
Ginko*	Ginko biloba*	Xylosma	Xylosma congestum
Gladiolas	Gladiolus spp.	Yew	Taxus spp.
Golden Raintree	Koalrautaria nanioulata	*For use only on plants	as listed* that will not hear

Golden Raintree

Heath, Spring

Heather, Scotch

Koelreuteria paniculata

Erica cornea

Calluna vulgaris

Heliotropium Heliotropium arborescens

Hemlock, Canada

Tsuga Canadensis

Hibiscus

Hibiscus spp.

Honeysuckle

Lonicera spp.

Holly

Ilex spp.

Ice Plant Carpobrotus edulis

Ilima Sida fallax
Ivy, Algerian Hedera canariensis
Ivy, English Hedera helix

Ivy, EnglishHedera helixJasmine, OrangeMurraya paniculataJasmine, PrimroseJasminum mesnyi

Jasmine, Star Trachelospermum jasminoides

Jasmine, Showy Jasminum floridum Juniperis spp. * Juniper* Justica brandegeana Justica Prunus serrulata Kwanzan Cherry Stachys byzantina Lamb's Ear Lantana, Trailing Lantana montevidensis Cheirodendron spp. Lapalapa Larch, European Larix deciduas Laurel, English Prunus laurocerasus Leopard's Bane Doronicum cordatum Leucuthoe, Coast Leucothoe axillaris

Leucothoe, Drooping Leucothoe fontanesia (catesbaei)

Lily of the Nile Agapanthus umbrella

WHERE, HOW MUCH, AND WHEN TO USE AROUND ORNAMENTALS

Can be applied anytime of the year prior to weed seed germination to both newly transplanted and established actively growing or dormant ornamental plants where both weed control and fertilization is desired. Rainfall or overhead irrigation will improve weed control activity. Do not mix into soil. Disturbing or cultivating the soil after treatment may reduce weed control. Do not apply granules to wet foliage or under conditions in which granules will collect on leaves. If so, sprinkler-irrigate the plants to move granules off foliage and down to soil level. Use the higher application rates for areas that have a history of heavy weed pressure. For best weed control around ornamentals first remove any existing weed growth and if possible rake, cultivate and smooth the soil surface by breaking-up clumps. Broadcast the granules evenly over the prepared soil by applying 2 lbs. to 4 lbs. active ingredient per acre, equal to 300 to 600 lbs. product per acre, or 6.8 to 13.77 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft. Not recommended for weed control in greenhouses.

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

Common Name

Scientific Name

Blanket Flower Gaillardia aristata Brassaia, Dwarf Brassaia actinophylla Camellia Camellia japonica Carnation Dianthus caryophyllus Cedar. Red Juniperus atlantica Coromandel Asystasia gangetica Dogweed, Flowering Cornus florida Elm Ulmus spp. Forsythia Forsythia intermedia Gazania, Trailing Ganzania uniflora leucolaena Hackberry Celtis occidentalis

Hackberry Celtis occidentalis
Ivy, Algerian Hedera canariensis

Ivy, English Hedera helix

Hemlock, Canada Tsuga canadensis

Holly *Ilex spp.*

Ice PlantCarpobrotus edulisJuniper*Juniperus spp. *Leopards BaneDoronicum cordatumMetallic PlantHemigraphis colorata

Oak
Periwinkle, Common
Periwinkle, Large
Vinca major
Pine*

Vinca major
Pinus spp. *

Poplar Populus spp.
Privet Ligustrum spp.
Protea Species Banksia menziesii

Leucodendron discolor Leucospermum cordifolium

Rhododendron Protea eximia Rhododendron spp.

Russian Olive Eleagunus angustifolia

Spruce *Picea spp.*

Trailing African Daisy Osteospermum fruticosum

Wedelia Wedelia trilobata
Wisteria, Chinese Wisteria sinesis
Yew Taxus spp.

FOREST NURSERY APPLICATION

Common Name

Scientific Name

Pine, Loblolly
Pine, Eastern White
Pine, Slash
Pinus, strobes
Pinus, canbaea

SENSITIVE PLANTS

Under certain growing conditions, the plant varieties listed below may be sensitive to this product. Growers should evaluate usage on a small scale prior to large scale applications.

PLANT SPECIES

VARIETIES

Andromeda (*Pieris japonica*) Snowdrift, Temple Bell

Azalea Pink Champagne, Hershey, (*Rhododendron spp.*)

Leuchtenfuer, Memoire, John Hearrens, Hino Crimson,

Everest, Girard

Cotoneaster Eichholz, Himalayan, Shangri-La (Cotoneaster spp.)

Crape myrtle (*Lagerstroemis indica*) Petite Red Imperial and Seminole Bush

Heath, Spring (*Erica cameo*) Mediterranean Pink

Hemlock, Canada (Tsuga canadensis)

Pendula

Hibiscus (Hibiscus syriacus) Red Heart

Rhododendron Daphnoides, Nova Zembia (Rhododendron spp.), Catawba

Album

Spruce, Norway (Picea ables)

Spruce, White (Picea giauca)

Viburnum (Viburnum spp.)

Pumila

Densata

Davidii

GUARANTEED	EKTILIZER ANALYSIS		
X-X-X			
Total Nitrogen (N)	variable %		
Nitrate Nitrogen			
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	variable %		
Water Soluble Nitrogen			
and/or Urea Nitrogen	variable %		
Water Insoluble Nitrogen	variable %		
Available Phosphoric Acid (P ₂ O ₅)	variable %		

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Soluble Potash (K₂ O)......variable %

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

Derived from xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

STORAGE: Store product in its original bag, in a cool, dry, locked place out of reach of children. In case of spill, sweep up and use according to directions or dispose of as follows.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Notice of Warranty

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR IS ANY REPRESENTATIVE OF SELLER AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY SUCH WARRANTY OR MODIFY THESE TERMS. This warranty does not extend to the storage, handling or use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such storage, handling or use. Seller shall not be responsible for incidental or consequential damages, if any, resulting from a breach of warranty.