

(R)
CLASS
CROP PROTECTION

P11123

1381-102

10712

(R)
CLASS
LV 4
PHENOXY HERBICIDE

ACCEPTED
MAR 15 1986
Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 1381-102

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid*	
isooctyl (2-ethylhexyl) ester	66.2%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	33.8%
Total	100.0%

*Isomer Specific by AOAC Method No. 6.275 13th Edition 1980
 *2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent ... 44.0%
 Contains 3.8 lbs. 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid per gallon

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

SEE SIDE PANELS FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

(R) CLASS is a registered trademark of Cenex/Land O'Lakes Agronomy Company

EPA Reg. No. 1381-102	B-95WPS
EPA Est. No. 407-IA-1 S, 2 H, 407-MN-1 A	
Superscript used corresponds to letter in lot number	

Distributed By
CENEX/LAND O'LAKES AGRONOMY CO.
St. Paul, MN 55164

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**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. In case of contact, wash with soap and water. Avoid inhaling spray or mist. In case of contact with eyes, wash with plenty of water.

Do not forage or graze treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment with 2,4-D. Do not feed treated straw to livestock. Do not graze pastures or rangeland to dairy animals within 7 days after treatment. Remove meat animals from treated pastures or rangeland 3 days before slaughter.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on a EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as neoprene or nitrile rubber or barrier laminate or viton.
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective eyewear.
- Mixer and loaders who do not use a mechanical system (pump and probe or spigot) to transfer contents of this container must wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning or maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. After each day of use, clothing or PPE must not be reused until it has been cleaned.

Engineering controls statement:

(STATEMENT TO BE ADDED WHEN CONTAINER SIZE IS 5 GALLON OR MORE)

Do not pour product from this container. A mechanical system (pump and probe or spigot) must be used in transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal. If the mechanical system is used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

(LESS THAN 5 GALLON STATEMENT)

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170 .240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect nontarget plants. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

Use care to avoid spray contact or drift to susceptible plants such as beans and other legumes, cotton, flowers, grapes, ornamentals, vegetables, and other plants. Do not permit spray mist containing this product to drift onto them, since even very small quantities of the spray, which may not be visible can cause severe injury during both growing and dormant

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box apply only to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls.
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as neoprene or nitrile rubber or barrier laminate or viton.
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective eyewear.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in a secure area, in original container only. Do not store near feed or foodstuffs.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Metal Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

When stored at temperatures below freezing, it may be necessary to warm contents to 45 degrees Fahrenheit and mix thoroughly before using.

WEED LIST

CLASS LV4 will control these plants and other 2,4-D susceptible species:

ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL WEEDS

Annual fanweed (field pennycress), annual yellow sweetclover, *beggarticks, bull thistle, burdock, carpetweed, chickweed, cocklebur, corfeeweed, common mullein, common evening primrose, cornflower, croton, galinsoga, goatsbeard, hemp, henbit, jewelweed, jimsonweed, *knotweed, *kochia, lambsquarters, mallow (Venice, dwarf, little), marshelder, morning-glory (common, ivy, wooly), musk thistle, mustards (except blue), pennycress, pepperweed (field), **pigweeds, poorjoe (wooly plantain), *prickly lettuce, puncturevine, purslane, ragweed (common and giant), rough fleabane, Russian thistle, salsify, shepherdspurse, stinkweed, *smartweeds (annual), sowthistle (annual or spiny), sunflower, tansymustard, tumbleweed, velvetleaf, vetches, water primrose, *wild carrot, wild lettuce, wild parsnips, wild radish, wild sweet potato.

PERENNIAL WEEDS

*Alfalfa, * bindweeds (hedge, field, and European), blue lettuce, *broom snakeweed, buckhorn plantain, buttercup, *Canada thistle, catnip, chamise, chicory, climbing milkweed, curly indigo, dandelion, *docks, *dogbanes, *goldenrod, * ground ivy, *hawkweed (orange), *hoary cress, *Jerusalem artichoke, locoweed, *many-flowered aster, milkvetch, *nettles, nutgrass, plantains, poison ivy, pokeweed, sheep sorrel, sicklepod, sneezeweed (bitter), sowthistle (perennial), *tansy ragwort, *vervains, *wild garlic, wild onion, witchweed, wormwood, yellow rocket, yellow starthistle.

***BRUSH**

Boxelder, buckbrush, coyotebrush, elderberry, manzanita, rabbitbrush, sagebrush (costal, big, sand), sand shinnery oak, sumac, willow.

* These species may require repeat treatments and/or the higher rate.
** Control of pigweeds in the Texas and Oklahoma High Plains may be difficult.

USE DIRECTIONS

Unless noted otherwise under individual **DIRECTIONS** section, for aerial application, apply the recommended amount in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. For ground application, apply the recommended amount in a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. Use more water for both methods when adverse growing conditions are present. **DO NOT** apply with high spray pressures, hollow cone or other nozzle types that produce small spray droplets which may drift. Avoid spray drift by making applications when conditions such as wind, air stability and temperature inversions are not a factor. The use of a suitable drift control agent at the proper rate will aid in the reduction of spray drift.

Apply when weather is warm and plants are rapidly growing. Cold weather or dry conditions may cause poor results. **DO NOT** apply if rain is expected within an hour.

Consult your local agronomist or Extension specialist for specific use and crop tolerance situations.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

WATER-BASED SPRAY: Fill the equipment half full of water, agitate while adding this product, then add rest of water.

WATER AND SOYBEAN OIL OR PETROLEUM OIL-BASED SPRAY: First mix this product with the oil, then add to water. If vigorous agitation is possible, the oil can be added last. **DO NOT ADD OIL FIRST!**

SOYBEAN OIL OR PETROLEUM OIL-BASED SPRAY: Add this product to straight oil to form a solution. Do not allow water to get into this mixture, if it does an invert emulsion will occur.

NITROGEN FERTILIZER: Weed and feed applications for corn, small grains, grasses grown for seed or grass pastures according to label use rates. Add half the fertilizer to the tank, then add 1/2 to 3/4 pint of **CLASS (R) LV4** per acre. Agitate constantly and vigorously and finish filling spray tank with fertilizer. Apply as soon as possible, agitating constantly. Do not hold spray mixture overnight. If incompatibility is a problem, the use of **CLASS (R) COMPLETE COMPATIBILITY TM** agent at the recommended label rate may correct the problem. Fertilize according to recommendations of **Agri-Source TM** labs, your supplier, or your Extension specialist.

Herbicide foliage contact burning may occur as a result of fertilizer use. Lower use rates and concentrations will reduce this problem.

ADJUVANTS for Preemergence and Preplant Applications: A non-ionic surfactant such as **CLASS (R) Preference TM** or a crop oil concentrate may be added to the spray solution when this product is applied preemergence or preplant to increase control of large or difficult to control weeds. Crop oil concentrates must contain at least 17% emulsifier, and should be used at 1% volume/volume (1 gallon per 100 gallons of spray solution). Non-ionic surfactants should be used at 0.25% volume/volume (1 quart per 100 gallons of spray solution).

Wash spray equipment thoroughly with **CLASS (R) PROTANK TM** cleaner after using this product. When cleaning equipment, do not pour washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources.

Apply the recommended amount of 2,4-D per acre regardless of the amount of diluent used.

CORN

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Preplant Annual and biennial broadleaf seedlings	1 pint	Planting of corn must be delayed a minimum of 7 days after application at rates up to 1 pint per acre, and a minimum of 14 days at rates from 1 to 2
Perennial weed seedlings and existing cover crops	1 to 2 pints*	pints per acre. Planting sooner after application than specified on this label may result in unacceptable crop injury.

Do not perform tillage for at least 7 days after application. Do not use on sandy soils or unacceptable crop injury may result.

Preemergence and reduced tillage		Apply after corn is planted but before emergence for control of emerged broadleaf weeds. The seed furrow must be completely closed at application or severe crop injury may result.
Broadleaf weeds and annual grasses	2 to 3 pints*	

*Use higher rate on soils high in organic matter. Do not use on sandy soils or unacceptable crop injury may result.

Postemergence		Apply when corn is less than 8 inches tall, but to avoid crop injury do not apply just after leaves have unfolded. If corn is over 8 inches tall, use drop nozzles to keep spray off corn foliage as much as possible. See additional restrictions below.
Annual broadleaf weeds	1/2 pint	
Perennial broadleaf weeds	3/4 to 1 pint**	Apply when weeds are in bud to bloom stage. If corn is over 8 inches tall, use drop nozzles to keep spray off corn foliage as much as possible.

** DO NOT apply from 2 weeks before tasseling to dough stage. DO NOT apply to open whorls. To avoid injury, do not use with atrazine, oil or other adjuvants. Application during high moisture and temperature conditions may cause injury or brittleness. DO NOT cultivate for a week to 10 days after treatment or stalk breakage may occur.

Late season control	1 to 2 pints*	Apply after silks are completely brown (denting stage) to reduce weeds that interfere with harvest and to decrease weed seed production.
Preharvest		

* Use lower rate for small annual and biennial weeds. Use the higher rate for perennial and larger hard to kill annual and biennial weeds.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR CORN

Do not forage or feed fodder for 7 days following application.

SOYBEANS

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Preplant Emerged broadleaf weeds	1 to 2 pints*	After applying, plant soybean seed as deep as practical or at least 1-1/2 to 2 inches deep. Seed furrow must be completely closed or severe crop injury will result.

USE RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR SOYBEANS

*Planting of soybeans must be delayed a minimum of 7 days after application at rates up to 1 pint per acre, and a minimum of 30 days at rates from 1 to 2 pints per acre. Do not perform tillage for at least 7 days after application. Do not use on sandy soils or unacceptable crop injury may result. Do not replant treated fields in the same growing season with crops that are not labeled for 2,4-D pre plant use. Only one application per growing season, regardless of the application rate used, is allowed.

Do not feed hay, forage, or fodder. Restrict livestock from grazing treated fields. Livestock should be restricted from feeding/grazing of treated cover crops. Do not graze or cut soybeans for feed from fields that have had 2,4-D applied as a preplant treatment.

SMALL GRAINS

Not underseeded with legumes

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Postemergence Spring wheat, barley and rye	1/2 to 2 pints*	Apply when grain is in full tiller stage (4 to 8 inches high) but before boot stage (Zadoks 25 to 40) when weeds are small and actively growing. Up to 2 pints per acre may be used to control difficult weed problems, but do not use unless some crop damage is acceptable.
Annual and biennial weeds	1/2 to 2 pints*	
Perennial broadleaf weeds	1 to 2 pints**	Apply only in spring when crop is fully tillered but before grain is in boot stage (Before Zadoks 40). For improved control of difficult weeds apply up to 2 pints per acre.

** DO NOT USE HIGHER RATE IF POSSIBLE CROP INJURY IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

Spring and winter wheat and barley Resistant weeds CLASS (R) LV4 may be used in combination with "Ally" TM, "Harmony Extra" TM, "Express" TM, "Finesse" TM at their earlier application intervals to control resistant weeds such as kochia and Russian thistle. Follow application directions on each product label.

Winter wheat and rye Annual weeds	1/2 to 1 pint**	Apply only in spring when crop is fully tillered but before grain is in boot stage (Before Zadoks 40). For improved control of difficult weeds apply up to 2 pints per acre.
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** DO NOT USE HIGHER RATE IF POSSIBLE CROP INJURY IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

Wild garlic or onions	1/2 to 2 pints*	Apply 1-1/2 pints when grain is at full tiller and wild garlic and onion plants are small. Apply 2 pints after harvest to the crop stubble. For control of new fall growth of these plants, refer to the fallow land use directions.
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Spring seeded Oats	1/2 to 2/3 pints*	Apply at full tiller but before early boot stage (Zadoks 25 to 40).
Fall seeded oats grown for grain (Southern)	2/3 to 1-1/2 pints*	Apply at full tiller, but before early boot stage (Zadoks 25 to 40).

* Difficult to control weeds may require higher rate, but some injury may occur since oats are less tolerant to 2,4-D than wheat or barley. DO NOT spray during or just after cold weather.

Preharvest Cereal Grains	1 to 2 pints*	Apply when grain is in hard dough stage (Zadoks 87) to control weeds that will interfere with harvest. Apply when soil moisture is adequate for weed growth for best results.
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* Use the lower rate for small annual and biennial weeds. Use the higher rate for perennial weeds or hard-to-kill annual or biennial weeds. The higher rate should be used only where heavy weed infestation is a problem and increased risk of crop damage is acceptable.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR SMALL GRAINS

Do not feed treated straw to livestock. Do not let dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter forage or graze treated fields within 2 weeks of treatment.

GRAIN SORGHUM

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1/2 pint	Apply to plants that are 5 to 15 inches tall. DO NOT treat plants less than 5 inches tall or from boot to early dough stage. Use drop nozzles when crop is 8 inches or taller. The higher rate may be needed for some weeds, but chances of crop injury may increase.
Perennial broadleaf weeds	2/3 to 1 pint	

DO NOT use oil. Some varieties and hybrids are 2,4-D sensitive. Crop injury may also be increased by high moisture and temperature conditions. Check with your seed company and Extension Service for advice.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR GRAIN SORGHUM

Do not forage or feed fodder for 7 days following applications.

**GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED
(DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA)**

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1 to 1-1/2 pints*	Apply to established stands before the seed head comes into the boot stage. Do not spray in the boot stage of growth. In seedling grasses, apply in the spring after grass has tillered or has at least 5 leaves, but before the boot stage.
Perennial and biennial weeds	2 to 3 pints*	

* Use only the low rate on seedling grasses.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR SEED GRASSES

Do not graze dairy animals or cut forage for hay within 7 days of applying.

FALLOW GROUND AND CROP STUBBLE

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1 to 2 pints	Use the lower rate on small actively growing weeds. Use the higher rate on larger or weather stressed weeds.
Biennial weeds	2 to 4 pints	Use the lower rate in the spring on biennial weeds such as the musk thistle during the rosette stage before stalks have formed. Use the higher rate after stalks formation or in the Fall.
Perennial weeds	2 to 6 pints	Apply during bud to bloom stage while weeds are actively growing. Do not till for 2 weeks after treatment or until the weeds start to die.
Wild onions and garlic	4 to 6 pints	Apply to regrowth in fall after harvest

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR FALLOW GROUND AND CROP STUBBLE

Do not graze treated areas for 7 days after treatment. Remove meat animals from treated areas 3 days before slaughter. Do not replant treated areas for 3 months after application or until chemical has disappeared from the ground.

PASTURES AND RANGE LAND
CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAMS AND SET-ASIDE ACRES

WEEDS AND BRUSH	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds and *perennial weeds	1-1/2 quarts	Do not apply after heads form or when grass is in boot to milk stage when a seed crop is desired. DO NOT use on alfalfa, clover, other legumes, or newly seeded pastures. For aerial application apply the recommended amount in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. For ground application use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre.
** Buckbrush, coyotebrush, rabbitbrush, sagebrush, and other chaparral species**	2-1/4 to 3 quarts	Apply in 5 to 10 gallons of water plus 1 gallon of oil or 1-2 quarts of a crop oil concentrate with at least 1% emulsifiers per acre or a non-ionic surfactant at .25% V/V surfactant to water -- (1 qt. per 100 gallons of water) per acre.

** Sand shinnery oak	2-1/4 to 3 quarts	Apply in 5 gallons of oil or 4 gallons of water plus 1 gallon of oil or 1-2 quarts of a crop oil concentrate with at least 17% emulsifiers per acre or a non-ionic surfactant at .25% V/V surfactant to water -- (1 qt. per 100 gallons of water) per acre.
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* Deep-rooted perennial weeds may require the higher rate or repeated treatments. ** Woody plants and any regrowth may require repeat treatment.

RE TRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR PASTURES, RANGELAND AND PROGRAM AREAS
 Do not allow dairy animals to graze treated areas within 7 days of application. Do not harvest grass for hay within 30 days of application. Remove meat animals from treated pastures or rangeland 3 days before slaughter.

NON-CROP AREAS

Drainage Ditchbanks, Fencerows, Roadsides, Rights-of-way, Airfields, Railroad Highway and Utility Rights-Of-Way, and Other Non-Crop Areas.

WEEDS AND BRUSH	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	2 to 4 pints	Apply when the weeds are young and growing vigorously.
Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds	1 to 1-1/2 quarts	Spray perennial weeds when near the bud stage, but not flowering. Do not use on St. Augustine grass. Bentgrass, clover, legumes, and dichondria may be injured. Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass is well established. Deep-rooted perennials may require repeated treatments.
Tansy ragwort and musk thistle		Apply in rosette stage before bolting.
Wild onion and wild garlic		Treat in the early spring and fall when young and actively growing.
Woody plants Ground application	3 quarts	Apply in 20 to 100 gallons of water. For increased effectiveness, add a crop oil concentrate with at least 17% emulsifiers at 1-2 qts. per acre or a non-ionic surfactant at .25% V/V surfactant to water -- 1 qt. per 100 gallons of water. Spray volumes of up to 500 gallons per acre may be needed for control if brush is dense.
Woody plants Aerial application	2 to 4 quarts	For solid stands of susceptible brush apply in 3 to 12 gallons volume per acre. 2 to 4 quarts of fuel oil may be included in this mixture.

Spot treatment	4 ounces	Apply in 3 gallons of water, mixing thoroughly, and spray to run-off. This high dosage rate may only be used where injury can be tolerated.
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RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR NON-CROP AREAS

Do not graze dairy animals or cut forage for hay within 7 days of application.

GOLF COURSES, PARKS, CEMETERIES, TURF GRASS, AND OTHER LAWN AND GRASS AREAS

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF CLASS (R) LV4 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	2 pints	The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year. Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass is well established. Where bentgrass predominates, make two applications of 1 pint per acre at 3-week intervals. Do not use on susceptible southern grasses such as St. Augustine, bentgrass, dichondria.
Biennial and perennal weeds	2 to 4 pints*	

* Deep-rooted perennials may require repeat applications. Clovers and legumes may be injured by this treatment.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR

GOLF COURSES, PARKS, CEMETERIES, TURF GRASS, AND OTHER LAWN AND GRASS AREAS
Do not graze dairy animals or cut forage for hay within 7 days of application.

LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

This Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein. Buyer and all users shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT OF THE LIABILITY OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, OR, IF NOT ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE, REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY. IN NO EVENT SHALL THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY which may not be varied by any verbal or written agreement.

In case of emergency involving this product or for user safety information on this product, contact Cenex/Land O'Lakes via CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

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