	U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTEC	<b>FION</b> EPA Reg. Numb	er: Date of Issuance:
UNITED STATED	AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Posistention Division (7505P)	1381-101	
HOM HE HALL PROTECTION	Registration Division (7505P) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW		<b>12</b> MAY 2008
	Washington, D.C. 20460 NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:	Term of Issuanc	e:
	Registration	Name of Pestici	de Product:
Jame and Address of	(under FIFRA, as amended) f Registrant (include ZIP Code):	2,4-D LV6	l
Vinfield Solutions L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
O Box 64589 it. Paul, MN 55164	-0089		
lote: Changes in labeling egistration Division prior	differing in substance from that accepted in connection to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence	with this registration must be submi on this product always refer to the	tted to and accepted by the above EPA registration number.
ungicide and Rodenticide protect health and the er with the Act. The accepta	n furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide e Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an end nvironment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any nee of any name in connection with the registration of a p	orsement or recommendation of this time suspend or cancel the registra	s product by the Agency. In order tion of a pesticide in accordance
ight to exclusive use of an	e name or to its use if it has been covered by others.		
	registered in accordance with FIFRA	provided that you:	
This product is re 1. Submi when the		stration/reregistration re	• •
This product is re 1. Submi when the 2. Make a) Add a	registered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label	data.
This product is re 1. Submi when the 2. Make a) Add a b) Add th section: I	registered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information the following statement to the IF SWA Do not give anything by mouth to an u	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label LLOWED statements in inconscious person"	data. h the FIRST AID
This product is re 1. Submi when the 2. Make a) Add a b) Add th section: I c) Revise	registered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information he following statement to the IF SWA	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label LLOWED statements in inconscious person" ble to swallow" to "Do	data. h the FIRST AID
<ol> <li>This product is realised in the section: In the section: In the section: In the section is the sec</li></ol>	eregistered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information the following statement to the IF SWA Do not give anything by mouth to an u e "Have person sip glass of water if all	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label LLOWED statements in unconscious person" ble to swallow" to "Do SWALLOWED	data. h the FIRST AID not give ANY liquid
This product is re 1. Submi when the 2. Make a) Add a b) Add th section: I c) Revise to the d) Add " STAT e) Please	registered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information the following statement to the IF SWA Do not give anything by mouth to an u e "Have person sip glass of water if al person" in the section FIRST AID, IF *Contains petroleum distillates*" imm	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label LLOWED statements in inconscious person" ble to swallow" to "Do SWALLOWED mediately following the	data. In the FIRST AID not give ANY liquid INGREDIENT I in the PPE section or
<ol> <li>This product is realized in the section: If the section: If the section: If the section is the sec</li></ol>	eregistered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information the following statement to the IF SWA Do not give anything by mouth to an u e "Have person sip glass of water if al person" in the section FIRST AID, IF *Contains petroleum distillates*" imp EMENTS e note that "protective eyewear" is not arly Entry PPE in the Agricultural Use the statements "Mixers and loaders robe or spigot) to transfer contents of cal-resistant apron in addition to the	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label LLOWED statements in inconscious person" ble to swallow" to "Do F SWALLOWED mediately following the t required to be included e Requirements Box, bu who do not use a mecha this container must wea other required PPE" and	data. In the FIRST AID not give ANY liquid INGREDIENT I in the PPE section or t may be retained. mical system (pump or coveralls or a I "After each day or
<ol> <li>This product is realized in the section in the section: In the section: In the section: In the section in the sec</li></ol>	registered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information the following statement to the IF SWA Do not give anything by mouth to an use "Have person sip glass of water if al person" in the section FIRST AID, IF *Contains petroleum distillates*" imp EMENTS the note that "protective eyewear" is not arly Entry PPE in the Agricultural Use the statements "Mixers and loaders trobe or spigot) to transfer contents of	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label LLOWED statements in unconscious person" ble to swallow" to "Do SWALLOWED mediately following the t required to be included e Requirements Box, but who do not use a mecha this container must weat other required PPE" and til it has been cleaned"	data. In the FIRST AID not give ANY liquid INGREDIENT I in the PPE section or t may be retained. mical system (pump or coveralls or a I "After each day or from page 2.
<ol> <li>This product is realized in the section in the section: In the section: In the section: In the section in the sec</li></ol>	eregistered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information the following statement to the IF SWA Do not give anything by mouth to an u e "Have person sip glass of water if al person" in the section FIRST AID, IF *Contains petroleum distillates*" imp 'EMENTS e note that "protective eyewear" is not arly Entry PPE in the Agricultural Use the statements "Mixers and loaders tobe or spigot) to transfer contents of cal-resistant apron in addition to the lothing or PPE must not be reused un exist" after "washables" in the statement etergent and hot water" on page 2.	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label LLOWED statements in unconscious person" ble to swallow" to "Do SWALLOWED mediately following the t required to be included e Requirements Box, but who do not use a mecha this container must weat other required PPE" and til it has been cleaned"	data. In the FIRST AID not give ANY liquid INGREDIENT I in the PPE section or t may be retained. mical system (pump or coveralls or a I "After each day or from page 2.
<ol> <li>This product is refined as the section is product is refined as the section is product in the section in the section is product in the section in the section in the section is product in the section in the secti</li></ol>	eregistered in accordance with FIFRA t and/or cite all data required for regis Agency requires all registrants of sim the following label changes: ppropriate Net Contents information the following statement to the IF SWA Do not give anything by mouth to an use "Have person sip glass of water if al person" in the section FIRST AID, IF *Contains petroleum distillates*" imp EMENTS e note that "protective eyewear" is not arly Entry PPE in the Agricultural Use the statements "Mixers and loaders robe or spigot) to transfer contents of cal-resistant apron in addition to the lothing or PPE must not be reused un exist" after "washables" in the statem etergent and hot water" on page 2. fficial:	stration/reregistration re ilar products to submit to the label LLOWED statements in inconscious person" ble to swallow" to "Do SWALLOWED mediately following the t required to be included e Requirements Box, but who do not use a mecha this container must weat other required PPE" and til it has been cleaned" ment "If no such instruct	data. In the FIRST AID not give ANY liquid INGREDIENT I in the PPE section or t may be retained. mical system (pump or coveralls or a I "After each day or from page 2.

#### Page 2

#### EPA Reg. No. 1381-101

- h) Add the statement "Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal" directly following the Storage and Disposal heading.
- i) Revise the subheading "Storage" to read "Pesticide Storage."
- j) On page 3, add "specified" before "higher rate" in the statement "\*These species may require repeat treatments and/or the higher rate." Add "Do not exceed maximum application rates specified" to the end of the statement.
- k) On page 3, in the section USE DIRECTIONS, revise the two occurrences of "recommended" to "specified"
- 1) On page 4, remove "chemigation" from the first statement of the SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENTS section
- m) On page 4 add the following text to the spray drift management section:"2,4-D esters may volatilize during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures. Do not apply during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures."
- n) On page 5, revise the 2 occurrences of "recommended" to "specified"
- o) On pages 5 and 6, revise the rate "1.43 pints" to "1.42 pints" in the sections RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIOSN FOR FIELD CORN AND POPCORN, SWEET CORN, and SOYBEANS, as 1.43 pints is above the maximum allowable application rate of 1 lb ae.
- p) On page 8, revise the section title "PASTURES, RANGELAND, CONSERVAITON RESERVE PROGRAMS AND SET ASIDE ACRES (not in agricultural production)" to "CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM AREA PASTURES AND RANGELAND NOT IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION"
- q) On page 8, add an additional section after CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM AREA PASTURES AND RANGELAND NOT IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION entitled "PASTURES AND RANGELAND (established grass pastures, rangeland, and perennial grasslands not in agricultural production, excluding Conservation Reserve Program areas) with the following restrictions
  - a. Do not cut forage for hay within 7 days of application.
  - b. For susceptible annual and biennial broadleaf weeds: Do not apply more than 1.0 lbs ae/acre per application.
  - c. For moderately susceptible biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds and difficult to control weeds and woody plants: Do not apply more than 2.0 lbs ae/acre per application.
  - d. For Spot treatment: Do not apply more than 2.0 lbs ae/acre.
  - e. Maximum of two applications per year.
  - f. Do not apply more than 4.0 lbs ae/acre per year.
  - g. The minimum retreatment interval is 30 days."
- r) On page 10, revise the rate "2 2/3 pints" in the section TURF, ORNAMENTAL, to "2 1/8 pints" as 2 2/3 pints exceeds the maximum allowable application rate of 1.5 lbs ae per acre.

3) Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

# 2/13

Agrisolutions
2.4-D LV6

1445/1430-cl 3/13

## 

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals

#### FIRST AID

**IF SWALLOWED:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.

**IF IN EYES:** Hold eyelids open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. **IF ON SKIN:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration hazard.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For additional information in case of emergency call toll free 1-877-424-7452.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment:**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are neoprene initrile rubber, barrier laminate, or viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

All mixers loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.

- Chemical-resistant gloves when applying with any handheld nozzle or equipment; mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate

- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposes to the concentrate. - Shoes plus socks.

- Protective eyewear.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

EPA Reg. No. 1381-101

Distributed By Winfield Solutions, LLC P.O. Box 64589, St. Paul, MN 55164-0089 ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated: 1 2 MAY 2008

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

381-101

EPA Est. No. 70989-IA-001

NET CONTENTS \_\_\_\_\_GALLONS 0/J10/7

2 of 11

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning or maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. After each day of use, clothing or PPE must not be reused until it has been cleaned.

#### Engineering controls statement:

(STATEMENT TO BE ADDED WHEN CONTAINER SIZE IS 5 GALLON OR MORE)

Do not pour product from this container. A mechanical system (pump and probe or spigot) must be used in transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal. If the mechanical system is used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots/must use/an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR/170 240 (d) (6)]. When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170 240 (d) (6)]. When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170 240 (d) (d) (d) (d)]. When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170 240 (d) (d) (d)].

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product may be toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic invertebrates in water adjacent to treated areas. Drift or runoff may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

Use care to avoid spray contact or drift to susceptible plants such as beans and other legumes, cotton, flowers, grapes, ornamentals, vegetables, and other plants. Do not permit spray mist containing this product to drift onto them, since even very small quantities of the spray, which may not be visible can cause severe injury during both growing and dormant periods.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box apply only to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls.

Chemical resistant gloves made c. \_\_iv waterproof material.
 Shoes plus socks.

Protective eye wear.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow people or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in a secure area, in original container only. Do not store near feed or foodstuffs.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Plastic containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Metal containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

When stored at temperatures below freezing, it may be necessary to warm contents to 70<sup>°</sup> F and mix thoroughly before using. WEED LIST

2,4-D LV6 will control these plants and other 2,4-D susceptible species:

#### ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL WEEDS

Annual fanweed (field pennycress), annual yellow sweet clover, \* beggerticks, bull thistle, burdock, carpetweed, chickweed, cocklebur, coffeeweed, common mullein, common evening primrose, cornflower, croton, galinsoga, goatsbeard, hemp, henbit, horseweed (marestail), jewelweed, jimsonweed \* knotweed, \* kochia, lambsquarters, mallow (Venice, dwarf, little), marshelder, morning-glory (common, ivy, wooly), musk thistle, mustards (except blue), pennycress, pepperweed (field), \*\* pigweeds, poorjoe (wooly plantain), \* prickly lettuce, puncturevine, purslane, ragweed (common and giant), rough fleabane, Russian thistle, salsify, shepardspurse, stinkweed, \* smartweeds (annual), sowthistle (annual or spiny), sunflower, tansymustard, tumbleweed, velvetleaf, vetches, water primrose, \* wild carrot, wild lettuce, wild parsnips, wild radish, wild sweet potato.

#### PERENNIAL WEEDS

\* Alfalfa, \* bindweeds (hedge, field and European), blue lettuce, \* broom snakeweed, buckhorn plantain, buttercup,\* Canada thistle, catnip, chamise, chicory, climbing milkweed, curly indigo, dandelion, \* docks, \* dogbanes, \* goldenrod, \* ground ivy, \* hawkweed (orange), \* hoary cress, \* Jerusalem artichoke, locoweed, \* many-flowered aster, milkvetch, \* nettles, nutgrass, plantains, poison ivy, pokeweed, sheep sorrel, sicklepod, sneezeweed (bitter), sowthistle (perennial), \* tansy ragwort, \* vervains, \* wild garlic, \* wild onion, witchweed, wormwood, yellow rocket, yellow starthistle.

#### \* BRUSH

Boxelder, buckbrush, coyotebrush, elderberry, manzanita, rabbitbrush, sagebrush (coastal, big, sand), sand shinnery oak, sumac, willow.

\* These species may require repeat treatments and/or the higher rate. \*\* Control of pigweeds in the Texas and Oklahoma High Plains may be difficult.

#### **USE DIRECTIONS**

Unless noted otherwise under individual **DIRECTIONS** section, for aerial application, apply the recommended amount in a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. For ground application, apply the recommended amount in a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. Use more water for both methods when adverse growing conditions are present. **DO NOT** apply with high spray pressures, hollow cone or other nozzle types that produce small spray droplets which may drift. Avoid spray drift by making applications when conditions such as wind, air stability and temperature inversions are not a factor. The use of a suitable drift control agent at the proper rate will aid in the reduction of spray drift. Apply when weather is warm and plants are rapidly growing. Cold weather or dry conditions may cause poor results. **DO NOT** apply if rain is expected within an hour. Consult your local agronomist or Extension specialist for specific use and crop tolerance situations.

3 of 11

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

4 of 11

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, and relative humidity) and method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

#### **Droplet Size**

When applying sprays that contain 2.4-D as the sole active ingredient- or when applying sprays that contain 2.4-D mixed with active ingredients that require a Coarse or coarser spray, apply only as a Coarse or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 385 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

When applying sprays that contain 2.4-D mixed with other active ingredients that require a Medium or more fine spray, apply only as a Medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

#### Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to: residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for non-target species, non-target crops) within 250 feet downwind. If applying a Medium spray, leave one swath unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

#### Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph the applicator must determine if.

١

a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or

b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

#### Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to; cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage); ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

#### Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-Diherbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed

#### Equipment

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional requirements for aerial applications:

The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. This requirement does not apply to forestry or rights of way applications. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Additional requirements for ground boom application:

Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

#### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

WATER BASED SPRAY -- Fill the equipment half full of water, agitate while adding this product; then add the rest of water. WATER AND SOYBEAN OIL OR PETROLEUM OIL-BASED SPRAY-- First mix this product with the oil; then add to water. If vigorous agitation is possible, the oil can be added last. DO NOT ADD OIL FIRST!

SOYBEAN OIL OR PETROLEUM OIL-BASED SPRAY: Add this product to straight oil to form a solution. Do not allow water to get into this mixture, if it does, an invert emulsion will occur.

NITROGEN FERTILIZER: Weed and feed applications for corn, small grains, grasses grown for seed or grass pastures

according to label use rates. - Add haw the fertilizer to the tank, then add recommended label amount of 2,4-D LV6 per acre. Agitate constantly and vigorously and finish filling spray tank with fertilizer. Apply as soon as possible, agitating constantly. Do not hold spray mixture overnight. If incompatibility is a problem, the use of **COMPLETE COMPATIBILITY®** agent at the recommended label rate may correct the problem. Fertilize according to the recommendations of **Agri-Source<sup>TM</sup>** labs, your supplier, or your Extension specialist. Herbicide foliage contact burning may occur as a result of fertilizer use. Lower use rates and concentrations will reduce this problem.

5 of 11

Adjuvants for Preemergence and Preplant Applications: A non-ionic surfactant such as PREFERENCE® or a crop oil concentrate may be added to the spray solution when this product is applied preemergence or preplant to increase control of large or difficult to control weeds. Crop oil concentrates must contain at least 17% emulsifier, and should be used at 1% volume/volume (1 gallon per 100 gallons of spray solution). Non-ionic surfactants should be used at 0.25% volume/volume (1 quart per 100 gallons of spray solution).

Wash spray equipment thoroughly with **PROTANK**<sup>TM</sup> cleaner after using this product. When cleaning equipment, do not pour washwater on the ground: spray or drain over a large area away from wells or other water sources. Apply the recommended amount of 2,4-D per acre regardless of the amount of diluent used.

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D	DIRECTIONS
	LV 6	
Developed	PER ACRE	Die View for an interview of 7 days offer
Preplant Annual and biennial broadleaf seedlings	3/4 pint	Planting of corn must be delayed a minimum of 7 days after application at rates up to 1 pint per acre, and a minimum of 14 days at rates from 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Planting sooner after application
Perennial weed seedlings and existing cover crops	3/4 to 1-1/3 pints	than specified on this label may result in unacceptable crop injury.
* Do not perform tillage for at lea	ast 7 days after appli	cation. Do not use on sandy soils or unacceptable crop injury may result.
Preemergence and reduced tillageBroadleaf weeds and annual grasses.	1-1/3 pints	Apply after corn is planted but before emergence for control of emerged broadleaf weeds. The seed furrow must be completely closed at application or severe crop injury may result.
* Use higher rate on soils high	in organic matter. De	o not use on sandy soils or unacceptable crop injury may result.
Postemergence - Annual broadleaf weeds Perennial broadleaf weeds	1/3 pint 2/3 pint **	Apply when corn is less than 8 inches tall, but to avoid crop injury do not apply just after leaves have unfolded. If corn is over 8 inches tall, use drop nozzles to keep spray off of corn foliage as much as possible. See additional restrictions below. Apply when weeds are in bud to bloom stage. If corn is over 8 inches tall, use drop nozzles to keep spray off corn foliage as much as possible.
		Sweet Corn: To minimize potential for crop injury, use only lowest rate in rate range.
with atrazine, oil or other adju	vants. Application d	dough stage. <b>DO NOT</b> apply to open whorls. To avoid injury, do not use uring high moisture and temperature conditions may cause injury or s after treatment or stalk breakage may occur.
Late season weed control Preharvest (Field corn and popcorn only)	2/3 to 1-1/3 pints *	Apply after silks are completely brown to reduce weeds that interfere with harvest and reduce weed seed production. Do not apply to sweet corn.
* Use lower rate for small annu biennial weeds.	al and biennial week	ds. Use the higher rate for perennial and larger hard-to-kill annual and
RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITA	TIONS FOR FIELD	CORN AND POPCORN
<ul> <li>Do not use treated crop as</li> </ul>	fodder for 7 days fo	
Maximum of 4.28 pts: (3/lb	s ae) per acre per o	stop cycle.
Replant or preemergence     Limited to one preplant or	preemergence appli	
Maximum of 1:43 pts. (1) b • Postemergence:		
Limited to one postemerge Maximum of 0.7 pt (1/2 lb		
Richarvest	·····	

#### CORN - all corn including FIELD, SWEET AND POP

		8/12
$\sim 10^{-10}$	\6 of 1	111/
Limited to one preharvest appli-ulion percrop cycle:		
Maximum of 2,14 pts. (1,1/2-lbs, ae) per acre per application		
RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR SWEET CORN:		
<ul> <li>Do not use treated crop as fodder for 7 days following application:</li> </ul>		
The preharvest interval (PHI) is 45 days.		
Minimum of 21 days between applications		1
<ul> <li>Maximum of 2:14 pts: (1-1/2:1bs: ae) per acre per crop cycle.</li> </ul>		
Preplant or preemergence		· I
Limited to one preplant or preemergence application per crop cycle		
Maximum of 1 43 pts: (1 lb: ae) per acre per application		
Rostemergence:		
Limited to:one postemergence application per cropicycle		
Maximum of 0.7 pt ((1/2 lb. ae) per acre per application.		

#### SOYBEANS

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV 6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Preplant - Emerged broadleaf weeds.	2/3 to 1-1/3 pints	After applying, plant soybean seed as deep as practical or at least 1-1/2 to 2 inches deep. Seed furrow must be completely closed or severe crop injury will result.
not use on sandy soils of crops that are not labe The maximum rate Preplant: Limited to 2 preplat Maximum of 0.7 p	or unacceptable crop in led for 2,4-D preplant per crop cycle is 1:4.	3/pints/(1)lbs.(ae) per, acre prcycle sperspreplant application.
Maximum of 1:43	ation perscrop cycle pints <sup>2</sup> (1 <sup>-</sup> lb; ae) per pre n <b>15</b> days prior to plan	

#### **GRAIN SORGHUM**

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds Perennial broadleaf weeds	1/2 pint 2/3 pint	Apply to plants that are 5 to 15 inches tall. <b>DO NOT</b> treat plants less than 5 inches tall or from boot to early dough stage. Use drop nozzles when crop is 8 inches or taller. The higher rate may be needed for some weeds, but chances of crop injury may increase.
		rids are 2,4-D sensitive. Crop injury may also be increased by high moisture and seed company and Extension Service for advice.
		DR GRAIN SORGHUM:
	st interval (PHI) is 30 d	
State		

Do not permit meat or dairy animals to consume treated crop as fodder or forage for 30 days following application:
 Postemergence: Limited to 1 application per crop cycle. Maximum of 0.7 pt. (1/2 lb. ae) per acre per application.

### SMALL GRAINS -Not underseeded with legumes

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV 6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Postemergence - Spring wheat, barley, and rye Annual and biennial weeds		Apply when grain is in full tiller stage (4 to 8 inches high) but before boot stage (Zadoks $2_5$ to $4_0$ ) when weeds are small and actively growing. Up to 1-1/3 pints per acre may be used to control difficult weed problems, but do not use unless some crop damage is

			C
	)	,	7 of 11
Perennial broadleaf weeds	2/3 to 1-1/3 pints **	in boot stage (before Zadoks weeds, apply up to 2 pints pe	
		E IF POSSIBLE CROP INJU	
Spring and winter wheat and barley Resistant weeds	["Finesse", at their ea	arlier application intervals to c blow application directions on	
Winter wheat and rye Annual weeds	1/3 to 2/3 pint**	in boot stage (before Zadok weeds, apply up to 2 pints pe	
** DO NOT USE THE HIGHE	R RATE IF POSSIBLE	CROP DAMAGE IS NOT AC	CEPTABLE
Wild garlic or onions	1 to 1-1/3 pints *	plants are small. Apply 1-1, stubble. For control of new f fallow land use directions.	is at full tiller and wild garlic and onior /3 pints after the harvest to the crop fall growth of these plants, refer to the
Spring-seeded oats Fall seeded oats grown for grain (Southern)	1/3 to 1/2 pint* 1/2 to 1 pint*		early boot stage (Zadoks $2_5$ to $4_0$ ). early boot stage (Zadoks $2_5$ to $4_0$ ).
* Difficult to control weeds may wheat or barley. DO NOT spr			ce oats are less tolerant to 2,4-D than
Preharvest - Cereal grains	2/3 to 1-1/3 pints *		I dough stage (Zadoks 87) to contro h harvest. Apply when soil moisture is or best results.
* Use the lower rate for small biennial weeds. The higher ra damage is acceptable.	annual and biennial we ate should be used only w	eds. Use the higher rate for pe where heavy weed infestation	erennial weeds or hard-to-kill annual o is a problem and increased risk of cro
RESTRICTIONS AND LIMIT. • The preharvest interval ( • Postemergence	PHI) is 14 days		
Maximum of 1 78 pts. (1			
Limited to one preharves Maximum of 0.7 pt (1/2) Limited to 2.5 pts (1.3/4)	lbs. ae) per acre per ap	plication	· ·
RESTRICTIONS AND LIMIT. The preharvest interval ( Postemergence Limited to one postemer Maximum of 1.78 pts (1) Preharvest: Limited to one preharves Maximum of 0.7 pt (4/2)	PHI) is 14 days gence application per cr 1/4 lbs. ae) per acre pe t application per crop cy lbs. ae) per acre per ap lbs. ae) per acre per cro	op.cycle: r application ycle: plication	

#### FALLOW GROUND (crop stubble on idle land, or postharvest to crops, or between crops)

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	P	Use the lower rate on small actively growing weeds. Use the higher rate on larger or weather stressed weeds.
Biennial weeds	1-2/3 to 2-2/3 pints	Use the lower rate in the Spring on biennial weeds such as the musk thistle during the rosette stage before stalks have formed. Use the higher rate after stalk formation or in the Fall.
Perennial weeds	1-2/3 to 2-2/3 pints	Apply during the bud to bloom stage while weeds are actively growing. Do not till for 2 weeks after treatment or until the weeds start to die.
Wild onions and garlic	2-2/3 pints	Apply to regrowth in fall after harvest.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR FALLOW GROUND (crop stubble on adde land, or postharvest to crops, or between crops:

Plant only labeled crops within 29 days following application.

. Limited to 2 applications per year.

Maximulm of 2.8 pts (2.1bs (ae) per acre per application
 Minimum of 30 days between applications

PLANTING IN TREATED AREAS:

Labeled Crops: Within 29 days after an application of this product, plant only those crops listed on this or other registered

2,4-D labels. Follow more specific initations, if any, provided in directions for specific crops. Labeled crops may be at risk of crop injury or loss if planted soon after application, especially during the first 14 days. Degradation factors described below should be considered in weighing this risk.

**Other Crops:** All other crops may be planted 30 or more days after application without concern for illegal residues in the planted crop. However, under certain conditions, there may be a risk of injury to susceptible crops. Degradation factors described below should be considered in weighing this risk. Under normal conditions, any crop may be planted without risk of injury if at least 90 days of soil temperatures above freezing have elapsed since application.

**Degradation Factors:** When planting into treated areas, the risk of crop injury is less if lower rates of product were applied and conditions following application have included warm, moist soil conditions that favor rapid breakdown of 2,4-D. Risk is greater if higher rates of product were applied and soil temperatures have been cold and/or soils have been excessively wet or dry in the days following application. Consult your local agricultural extension service or information about susceptible crops and typical conditions in your area.

## PASTURES, RANGELAND, CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAMS AND SET-ASIDE ACRES (not in agricultural production)

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV 6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds and * perennial weeds	1-1/2 to 2-3/4 pints	Do not apply after heads form or when grass is in boot to milk stage when a seed crop is desired. <b>DO NOT</b> use on alfalfa, clover, other legumes, or newly seeded pastures. For aerial application, apply the recommended amount in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. For ground application, use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre.
** Buckbrush, coyotebrush, rabbitbrush, sagebrush, and other chaparral species	2-3/4 pints	Apply in 5 to 10 gallons of water plus 1 gallon of oil or 1-2 quarts of a crop oil concentrate with at least 17 % emulsifiers, per acre or a non-ionic surfactant at .25% v/v surfactant to water – (1 quart per 100 gallons of water) per acre.
** Sand shinnery oak	2-3/4 pints	Apply in 5 gallons of oil or 4 gallons of water plus 1 gallon of oil or 1-2 quarts of a crop oil concentrate with at least 17 % emulsifiers, per acre or a non-ionic surfactant at .25% v/v surfactant to water (1 quart per 100 gallons of water) per acre.

\* Deep-rooted perennial weeds may require the higher rate or repeated treatments. \*\* Woody plants and any regrowth may require repeat treatments.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR PASTURES, RANGELAND, AND PROGRAM AREAS: The preharvest interval (PHI) is 7 days (cut forage for hay)

Postemergence:

Limited to 2 applications per year

Maximum of 2.8 pts (2 lbs) ae) per acre per application.

Minimum of 30 days between applications.

If grass is to be cut for hay. Agricultural Use Requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable. For program lands, such as Conservation/Reserve Program, consult program, rules to determine, whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or this label must be followed.

#### **USES IN FOREST MANAGEMENT**

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV 6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Alder	1-1/3 to 4 pints	Conifer Release: Apply as a foliage spray in 8 to 25 gallons of water. Treat when ¾ of the brush foliage has attained full size leaves and before new conifer growth reaches 2" in length. This is usually between early May and mid-June. Adjust treatment date depending on stage of growth and brush species. This may cause leader deformation on exposed firs, but they should overcome this during the second year after spraying.
Ceanothus spp., chinquapin, madrone, manzanita, oak, tanoak and other susceptible brush species	4 to 5-1/3 pints	Conifer Release: To control susceptible brush species and to release Douglas fir, hemlock, sitka spruce or grand fir, apply up to 2 qts. per acre before new growth on Douglas fir is 2" long. To control manzanita and ceanothus in ponderosa pine, apply 2 to 2-2/3 qts. per acre before pine growth begins in spring. To increase performance, add 2 to 4 qts. of diesel, fuel oil, kerosene, or a suitable approved agricultural surfactant at recommended label rate.

Alder oppor birgh	2 to ints	Apply as a foliage spray in 8 tc gallons water after northern conifers
Alder, aspen, birch, nazel, willow and other competing hardwood species	2 to ີ∩ts	jack pine, red pine, black spruce, and white spruce cease growth and "harden off" (usually in mid-July). Since this treatment may cause occasional conifer injury, do not use if such injury cannot be tolerated. Consult your regional or extension forester or state herbicide specialist for recommendations to fit local conditions.
Oaks, hickory, maple, pecan, elm, sumac, sweetgum, hawthorn, and other hardwoods	0.7 ml per injection	Tree Injections (pine release): Apply undiluted product in a concentrate tree injector calibrated to apply 0.7 ml per injection. Space injections 2" apart, edge to edge, completely around the tree and close to the base. The injector bit must penetrate the inner bark. On hard-to-kill species such as hickory, dogwood, red maple, blue beech and ash, make injections 1-1/2" apart, edge to edge. Treatment may be made at any time of the year. For best results, injections should be made during growing season, May 15-October 15. For dilute injections, mix 2/3 gal. of product in 19 gals. of water.
Alder, cascara, cherry, poplar, serviceberry and other susceptible deciduous brush species	4 pints	Dormant Application (other than pine): Apply up to 2 qts. per acre in sufficient diesel, fuel oil or kerosene for good coverage. Application may be made by ground or air and should be made before conifer bud break.
	2-2/3 pints	Dormant Application (pine only): Make application while pine buds are still dormant. Apply in sufficient water for good coverage by air or ground equipment. Do not use this application unless some pine injury is acceptable. Use of diesel, kerosene, or other oil, or addition of surfactants to spray mix may cause unacceptable pine injury.
False dandelion, klamath weed, plantain, tansy ragwort, and other over-wintering susceptible weeds	1-1/3 to 4 pints	Herbaceous Weed Control: Apply in sufficient water for good coverage. Make application at rates and timing indicated above if pines are present. For control of hazel brush and similar species in the Lake States area, apply 1-1/3 quarts per acre in 8 to 25 gals. of water, when new shoot growth of hazel is complete (usually mid-July).
Alder	2-1/3 to 5-1/3 pints	Site Preparation (as dormant spray): Prior to planting seedlings, apply in diesel, fuel oil, or similar oil before foliage is ¼ full size. Application may be made by air or ground.
	2-1/3 to 5-1/3 pints	Site Preparation (as foliage spray): Prior to planting seedlings, apply in 8 to 25 gals. of water after most alder leaves are full size. To increase penetration, 2 to 4 qts. per acre of diesel, fuel oil, kerosene or a suitable approved agricultural surfactant at recommended label rates may be added to the spray mixture.
Broadleaf weeds (See "Weed List")	2/3 to 1-1/3 pints	Christmas Tree Plantations: In Douglas fir Christmas trees, apply over the top by ground or aerial application equipment only when the trees are dormant, prior to bud break. Do not spray over the top of pine or true firs ( <i>Abies spp.</i> ). Directed sprays may be made to weeds in Christmas tree plantations of all conifer species, but the spray must not contact tree foliage as injury may occur. Do not apply to weakened, diseased, or stressed seedlings since unacceptable injury may occur. This product may be mixed with atrazine for Christmas tree application. Read and follow the atrazine label used for precautionary statements, directions for use,

Maximum of 1-1/3 ml of 6 lbs ac formulation per injection site:

NON-CROP AREAS - Fence Rows, Hedgerows, Roadsides, Ditches, Rights-of-Way, Airfields, Railroad, Highway and Utility Rights-of-Way, Industrial Sites, and Other Non-Crop Areas.

Spot Treatment: To control broze if weeds or brush in non-cropland areas, iy 4 fl. oz. in 3 gallons of water, mixing thoroughly, and spray to run-off. This high dosage rate may only be used where injury can be tolerated.

10 of 11

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS	
Annual broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 to 2-2/3 pints	Apply when weeds are young and growing vigorously.	
Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds	2 to 2-2/3 pints	Spray perennial weeds when near the bud stage, but not flowering. Do not use on St. Augustine grass. Bentgrass, clover, legumes and dichondra may be injured. Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass is well established. Deep-rooted perennials may require repeated treatments.	
Tansy ragwort and musk thistle		Apply in rosette stage before bolting.	
Wild onion and wild garlic		Treat in the early spring and fall when young and actively growing.	
Woody plants - Ground application	5-1/3 pints	Apply in 20 to 100 gallons of water. For increased effectiveness, add a crop oil concentrate with at least 17 % emulsifiers at 1-2 quarts per acre or a non-ionic surfactant at .25% v/v surfactant to water 1 quart per 100 gallons of water. Spray volumes of up to 500 gallons per acre may be needed for control if brush is dense.	
Woody plants - Aerial application	2-2/3 to 5-1/3 pints	For solid stands of susceptible brush, apply in 3 to 12 gallons volume per acre. 2 to 4 quarts of fuel oil may be included in this mixture.	
RESTRICTIONS AND LIN	ITATIONS FOR NON	I-CROP AREAS:	
Postemergence (annu Eimited to 2 applicatio Maximum of 2,85 pts     Minimum of 30 days b	ns per year. (2 lbs: ae) per acre pe		
Postemergence (wood Limited to 4 applicatio	ly plants) n per year		
<ul> <li>Maximum of 517 pts. (4 lbs. ae) per acre per year.</li> <li>Application to non-cropland areas are not applicable to treatment of commercial timber or other plants being grown to sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.</li> </ul>			

#### TURF GROWN FOR SEED OR SOD (DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA)

AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
2/3 to 1 pint * 1-1/3 to 2 pints *	Apply to established stands before the seed head comes into the boot stage. <b>Do not spray in boot stage of growth</b> . For seedling grasses, apply in the spring after grass has tillered or has at least 5 leaves, but before the boot stage.
eedling grasses.	
siper year.	ROWN FOR SEED OR SOD
	PER ACRE 2/3 to 1 pint * 1-1/3 to 2 pints * eedling grasses. TATIONS FOR TURE G

Minimum of 21 days between applications.

## TURF, ORNAMENTAL (golf courses, parks, cemeteries, sports fields, turf grass, and other lawn and grass areas)

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF 2,4-D LV 6 PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 pints	The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2
Biennial and perennial weeds	1-1/3 to 2-2/3 pints *	per year. Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass is well established. Where bentgrass predominates, make 2 applications of a 2/3 pint per acre at 3 week intervals. Do not use on susceptible southern grasses such as St. Augustine, bentgrass and dichondra.
* Deep-rooted perennials	may require repeat ap	olications. Clovers and legumes may be injured by this treatment.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR TURF, ORNAMENTAL (golf courses, parks cemeteries, sports fields, turf grass, and other lawn and grass areas):

11 of 11

Postemergence

Limited to 2 applications per year.

Maximum of 2:14 pts (1-5, lbs; ae) per acre per application.

The maximum seasonal rate is 4.28 pints (3 lbs, ae) per acre-excluding spot treatments.

#### WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

#### LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THEIR NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY, CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR RISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS' CUSTOMERS, BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

In case of emergency involving this product or for user safety information on this product, contact Winfield Solutions, LLC via CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

Ally®, Harmony Extra®, Express®, and Finesse® are registered trademarks of E.I. duPont de Nemours and Company.